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HISTORY

OF

HENDRICKS COUNTY,

INDIANA,

Volume II

TOGETHER WITH SKETCHES OF ITS CITIES, VILLAGES AND TOWNS, EDUCATIONAL, RELIGIOUS, CIVIL, MILITARY, AND POLITICAL HISTORY, PORTRAITS OF PROMINENT PERSONS, AND BIOGRAPHIES OF REPRESENTATIVE CITIZENS.

ALSO A CONDENSED

HISTORY OF INDIANA,

EMBODYING ACCOUNTS OF PREHISTORIC RACES, ABORIGINES, WINNEBAGO AND BLACK HAWK WARS, AND A BRIEF REVIEW OF ITS CIVIL AND POLITICAL HISTORY.

ILLUSTRATED.

CHICAGO:
INTER-STATE PUBLISHING CO.
1885.

HISTORY

OF

HENDRICKS COUNTY,

INDIANA,

CONTAINING A HISTORY OF ITS TOWNS, VILLAGES AND TOWNS,
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES, CIVIL SOLDIERS, AND PERSONAL
HISTORY, PORTRAITS OF PROMINENT PERSONS, AND
BIOGRAPHIES OF MISCELLANEOUS CITIZENS.

ALSO A CHAPTER ON

HISTORY OF INDIANA,

EMBRACING ACCOUNTS OF PREHISTORIC RACES, ABORIGINES, MOUND
BUILDERS AND BLACK HAWK WARS, AND A BRIEF REVIEW OF ITS
CIVIL AND POLITICAL HISTORY.

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CHAPTER VI.

THE PATRIOTIC ROLL.

Statistical Record of Hendricks County Volunteers in the Late War.

The following record, taken mostly from the Adjutant-General's reports, aims to give not only the name of every volunteer, but his rank, date of muster in, promotions, what became of him, and if mustered out, when. It is a valuable list for reference, and a chapter of history to which our posterity may point with ever increasing pride.

SEVENTH INDIANA INFANTRY (THREE MONTHS).

COMPANY A.

Officers.

James Burgess, commissioned Captain April 20, 1861; mustered out at expiration of term; re-entered service as Lieutenant-Colonel Seventieth Infantry.

P. S. Kennedy, commissioned First Lieutenant April 20, 1861; mustered out at expiration of term.

J. S. Miller, commissioned Second Lieutenant April 20, 1861; mustered out at expiration of term.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

C. F. Hogate, mustered in as First Sergeant April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

O. A. Bartholomew, mustered in as Sergeant April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

W. C. Banta, mustered in as Sergeant April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

W. L. Vestal, mustered in as Sergeant April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

J. B. Homan, mustered in as Corporal April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861

W. M. Walker, mustered in as Corporal April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

V. H. Lyon, mustered in as Corporal April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

Hubbard Lingenfelter, mustered in as Corporal April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

Miltiades Cash, mustered in as musician April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

James Landon, mustered in as musician April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

Privates.

Allison, Joseph, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Armstrong, Samuel, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Beard, Al., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Bartley, William, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Bell, J. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Bland, A. V., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Balt, J. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Buchanan, Simeon, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Burcham, Franklin, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Burhop, Jesse, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Burgin, A. S., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Brewer, Dennis, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Brown, Harrison, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Cord, B. H., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Crane, J. M., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Crane, T. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Curtis, J. P., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Curtis, R. M., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Emmons, John, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Evans, A. C., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Fawkner, J. C., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Filer, G. W., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Franklin, R. V., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Freeman, B. D., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Gilliland, J. P., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Givens, Jeremiah, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Gregg, George, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Gregg, W. P., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Hackley, James, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Hackley, Joseph, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

Holtsclaw, J. N., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Holtsclaw, Marshall, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Homan, W. G., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Hunt, E. F., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Hurin, F. H., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Irons, W. W., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Jenkins, W. M., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Kebner, Moses, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Kertley, T. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Latshar, E. D., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Matlock, J. T., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
McCormick, A. S., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Miller, W. T., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Moore, J. S., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Ohaver, John, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Parker, W. F., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Pearson, William, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Perkins, J. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Perkins, S. R., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Richards, George, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Robbins, M. D. L., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Rose, M. H., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Scearce, J. W., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Scearce, J. T., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Scearce, N. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Smith, J. W., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Smith, W. D., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Stevens, Charles, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Thompson, J. C., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Todd, O. J., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Vestal, J. N., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Wadley, Jonathan, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Walker, J. C., mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.
Welshans, Alfred, mustered in April 24, 1861; out Aug. 2, 1861.

SEVENTH INDIANA INFANTRY (THREE YEARS).

Officer.

W. C. Banta, commissioned Captain Company B Sept. 1, 1861; promoted Major March 12, 1863; Lieutenant-Colonel April 23, 1863; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

COMPANY B.

Officers.

W. C. Banta, commissioned Captain Sept. 1, 1861; promoted.

A. M. Luke, commissioned Second Lieutenant Sept. 1, 1861; promoted First Lieutenant Oct. 1, 1862; Captain March 12, 1863; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

V. H. Lyon, commissioned First Lieutenant Sept. 1, 1861; resigned Oct. 1, 1862; re-entered service as Major Ninth Indiana Volunteer Cavalry.

J. V. Hadley, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; Second Lieutenant Oct. 1, 1862; First Lieutenant March 12, 1863; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864. (Captured in Wilderness.)

J. W. Adams, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; promoted First Sergeant; Second Lieutenant March 12, 1863; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

L. H. Davis, mustered in as First Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; died of disease Oct. 6, 1862.

James Bartholomew, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; discharged for disability Oct. 5, 1862.

T. J. Lockhart, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 31, 1862, for disability.

R. P. Parkes, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant Fourth U. S. Colored Troops.

Aaron Acton, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; Sergeant; captured at Weldon Road; mustered out March 16, 1865.

W. S. Odell, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

H. M. Straughan, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; First Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

William Hussey, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant June 15, 1862; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

J. H. Helton, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Washington West, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; discharged for disability July 28, 1862.

G. W. McClintick, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; discharged for disability Jan. 14, 1863.

R. C. Harris, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

L. N. West, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; captured in the Wilderness; died in Andersonville Prison, Aug. 17, 1864.

E. B. Hamlet, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; died April 1, 1862, of wounds received at Winchester.

J. H. Hall, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

J. W. Morgan, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; captured in the Wilderness.

J. M. White, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

J. E. Clements, recruit, mustered in as private July 21, 1862; promoted Corporal; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Wesley Lockwood, recruit, mustered in as private July 19, 1862; promoted Corporal; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

M. C. West, mustered in as musician Sept. 13, 1861; died Feb. 14, 1862, of disease.

J. D. Walker, mustered in as musician Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864.

J. H. Kendall, mustered in as wagoner Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Privates.

Acton, A. J., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged April 9, 1862, for disability.

Adams, A. J., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged June 27, 1862, for disability.

Adams, James, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Feb. 21, 1862, for disability.

Adams, Sidney, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Alford, W. H., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Ashby, Henry, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; killed in the Wilderness, May 5, 1864.

Bartholomew, Benjamin, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; died June 7, 1864, of wounds received in action.

Black, Joseph, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Bray, E. C., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged May 3, 1864, for disability.

Burns, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died March 12, 1864.

Cassidy, Patrick, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Clements, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged July 22, 1862, for disability.

Cochron, Jabez, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out July 19, 1865.

Coffin, W. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Sept. 2, 1862, for disability.

Cross, Charles, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; killed in battle May 9, 1864.

Cummings, G. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Dec. 14, 1862, for disability.

Davis, David, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Davidson, Silas, musteredi n Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Oct. 3, 1862, for disability.

Davidson, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at the Wilderness; mustered out Feb. 3, 1865.

Davidson, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; deserted May 1, 1863.

Douglass, Abraham, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Dooley, Henry, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Downey, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 17, 1863, for disability.

Eaton, Grundison, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Faulkner, Squire, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Dec. 14, 1861, for disability.

Franklin, W. T., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Feb. 10, 1863, for disability.

Franklin, Columbus, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 22, 1863, for disability.

Galliger, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry; died at Andersonville, July 31, 1864.

Gowins, R. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at Cumberland, Md., Dec. 18, 1861.

Harshborger, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged May 30, 1862, for disability.

Harshborger, A. J., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Hadley, Ira, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Hammond, S. E., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps.

Harper, C. R., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Hackley, G. E., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 25, 1863, for disability.

Hampton, J. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Higgins, W. T. mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died March 1, 1862.

Higgins, G. P., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Hutchinson, Isaac, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died April 24, 1862.

Hyatt, Rufus, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861 ; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Jobe, N. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at the Wilderness; mustered out Feb. 1, 1865.

Jones, J. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Jones, Joseph, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; killed in battle, May 25, 1864.

Lawton, I. G., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged July 25, 1862, for disability.

Leak, David, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Lockwood, Matthew, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Marsh, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Martin, Henry, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Montgomery, Alvah, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Moody, G. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at the Wilderness; died at Andersonville, Oct. 2, 1864.

McPheters, W. G., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Myrick, R. H., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 29, 1863, for disability.

Nash, I. N., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at City Point, Va., June 18, 1864, of wounds.

Niswanger, Samuel, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Oct. 3, 1862, for disability.

Odell, H. C., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured on Weldon Road; mustered out May 30, 1865.

Odell, J. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Pearson, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 25, 1862, for promotion.

Ridgeway, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Round, Franklin, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged April 9, 1863, for disability.

Robins, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Dec. 26, 1862, for disability.

Smith, Howard, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps July 29, 1863.

Swindler, C. T., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Wilderness; mustered out Feb. 21, 1865.

Thompson, T. J., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died Jan. 4, 1864, of disease.

Toney, Hiram, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Turner, W. J., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Dec. 19, 1862, for disability.

Watts, L. S., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Walker, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Sept. 18, 1862, for disability.

Walton, Amos, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

West, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died Feb. 12, 1862, of disease.

Weaver, Ellis, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Fifth United States Artillery.

White, David, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps July 18, 1863.

Worrick, Calvin, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Recruits.

Bray, J. M., mustered in March 11, 1862; discharged Feb. 9, 1863, for disability.

Bray, Wesley, mustered in March 11, 1862; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Bray, William, mustered in July 19, 1862; died July 6, 1864, of wounds.

Batchel, Robert, mustered in May 29, 1862; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Cassidy, Michael, mustered in July 21, 1862; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Doyle, J. M. L., mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; killed at the Wilderness, May 5, 1864.

Gregory, Eli, mustered in March 11, 1862; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Mills, Eleazer, mustered in April 1, 1862; killed at North Anna River, May 23, 1864.

Smith, David, mustered in; transferred to Invalid Corps Aug. 18, 1863.

COMPANY H.

Officers.

S. J. Banta, commissioned Captain Sept. 1, 1861; resigned June 11, 1862.

E. D. Bryant, commissioned First Lieutenant Sept. 1, 1861; promoted Captain June 12, 1862; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

M. D. L. Robbins, commissioned Second Lieutenant Sept. 1, 1861; promoted First Lieutenant June 12, 1862.

Wadley, Jonathan, mustered in as First Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant June 12, 1862; resigned Feb. 5, 1863.

R. M. Curtis, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; promoted First Sergeant; Second Lieutenant March 1, 1863; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Brook B. Freeman, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1861; discharged as private Sept. 11, 1862, for disability.

Silas Strange, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 13, 1862; discharged Oct. 6, 1862, for wounds.

J. N. Holtzclaw, mustered in as Sergeant Sept. 14, 1861; discharged Sept. 27, 1862, for wounds.

W. R. Pierson, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; First Sergeant; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 21, 1865.

Samuel Holmes, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; wounded at Petersburg; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

James Howell, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Erastus Hunt, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; discharged Oct. 20, 1862, for wounds.

John Ohaver, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

E. T. Robins, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 20, 1863.

B. H. Cord, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; discharged as private Oct. 3, 1862, for disability.

J. S. Ogden, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 13, 1861; discharged July 8, 1862, for wounds.

Allen Ball, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; deserted near Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.

T. J. McMullen, mustered in as musician Sept. 13, 1861; appointed principal musician Nov. 1, 1863.

J. S. Armstrong, mustered in as musician Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Allen Powers, mustered in as wagoner Sept. 13, 1861; discharged June 14, 1862, for disability.

C. F. Hall, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

John Hornaday, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; killed at the Wilderness, May 5, 1864.

J. M. Leak, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

R. S. Powers, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Elisha Straughn, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

William Stricklin, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

J. C. Turner, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Thomas Grant, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Privates.

Arbuckle, Samuel, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; sent to Government fortifications by sentence of General Court Martial Dec. 23, 1862.

Baxter, Thomas, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged April 9, 1863, for disability.

Bartholomew, L. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Oct. 20, 1861, for disability.

Ballenger, Valentine, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Nov. 29, 1861, for disability.

Boyd, Ira, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Boyd, Aaron, mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; discharged Nov. 15, 1862, for wounds.

Bryant, S. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Burks, J. S., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Cassidy, J. D., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 21, 1865.

Carter, G. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged May 13, 1864, for disability.

Clemmons, Thomas, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out May 23, 1865.

Conquest, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged March 4, 1863, for disability.

Cummings, R. L., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Sept. 5, 1862, for disability.

Cummingoer, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at Alexandria, Va., Dec. 28, 1863, of disease.

Day, George, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 21, 1865.

Donaldson, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; wounded June 1, 1864.

Dodson, Martin, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged April 9, 1863, for disability.

Downs, William, mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Faulkner, G. S., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged for promotion Aug. 6, 1862.

Franklin, John, mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; discharged Nov. 20, 1862, for disability.

Gully, Berry, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged May 22, 1862, for disability.

Hampton, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Havens, Rufus, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at Cumberland, Md., Feb. 12, 1862, of disease.

Hess, W. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861, out Sept. 20, 1864.

Helton, T. J., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Invalid Corps Aug. 18, 1863.

Helton, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged May 10 1862, for disability.

Helton, James, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal.

Hough, James, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Hultz, A. D., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Hyton, T. N., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 10, 1863, for disability.

Irvin, G. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at the Wilderness; mustered out May 29, 1865.

Kesler, Willis, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Nov. 3, 1862, for wounds.

Kesler, B. F., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 19, 1864, for wounds.

Kesler, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Nov. 24, 1862, for disability.

Kendall, George, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died June 20, 1864, of wounds.

Law, Stephen, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Feb. 20, 1863, for disability.

Lewis, James, mustered in Sept. 3, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 2, 1865.

Lewis, J. H., mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; discharged Dec. 26, 1862, for disability.

Lockhart, Thomas, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; wounded June 2, 1864; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Lovell, Washington, mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 21, 1865.

Marvel, Josiah, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; dropped from rolls as deserter.

Martin, James, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at the Wilderness; mustered out July 17, 1865

McCoy, J. H., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at Green Spring Run, Va., Dec. 31, 1861, of disease.

McCoy, Alfred, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 21, 1863.

McPheters, W. H., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at Cumberland, Md., Jan. 1, 1862, of disease.

Ohaver, Joseph, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged May 10, 1862, for disability.

Osborn, John, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; wounded at North Anna River.

Pierson, Hiram, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Invalid Corps Aug. 18, 1863.

Pierson, James, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 6, 1862, for disability.

Pierson, W. H., mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; died at Cumberland, Md., Aug. 8, 1862, of disease.

Pierson, Joseph, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 13, 1862, for disability.

Poe, S. S., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Dec. 3, 1863, for disability.

Printiboll, Maurice, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at the Wilderness May 5, 1865.

Rhiner, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Robins, C. G., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 14, 1862, for wounds.

Siples, W. H., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Simmons, Nelson, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; appointed musican; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Small, Hughey, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; captured at Yellow House; mustered out March 21, 1865.

Snider, Joseph, mustered in Sept. 14, 1861; deserted at Washington, Sept. 7, 1862.

Stutsman, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; transferred to Invalid Corps Sept. 30, 1863.

Steele, Josephus, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Stewart, W. T., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Surber, G. W., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; discharged Jan. 17, 1863, for disability.

Swain, Wesley, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Tout, Homer, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Tout, George, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Tout, Columbus, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; wounded at the Wilderness; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Turner, J. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

West, H. M., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; killed at North Anna River, May 25, 1864.

Wilkinson, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; appointed wagoner; mustered out Sept. 20, 1864.

Wilson, Isaac, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; died at Elkwater, Va., Dec. 17, 1861.

Worley, William, mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; out Sept. 20, 1864.

Recruits.

Bartley, W. L., mustered in March 11, 1862; deserted at Philadelphia Hospital Oct. 30, 1864.

Bryant, A. P., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; discharged Oct. 13, 1863, for disability.

Gregg, W. P., mustered in July 21, 1862; discharged Aug. 5, 1863, for disability.

Morris, J. W., mustered in March 11, 1862; discharged Dec. 18, 1862, for disability.

Niemeyer, William, mustered in April 1, 1862; captured at Yellow House; mustered out Aug. 1, 1865.

Powers, Edward, mustered in July 19, 1862; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Swain, Nathan, mustered in July 19, 1862; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Swain, Thomas N., mustered in July 19, 1862.

COMPANY I.

Privates.

Caywood, J. E., mustered in Sept. 13, 1861; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Hadley, A. C., mustered in Sept. 13, 1862; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Shives, J. Q. A., mustered in Sept. 13, 1862; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

Smith, McKendree, mustered in as private Sept. 13, 1861; promoted Corporal; veteran; transferred to Twentieth Infantry.

EIGHTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY B.

Officer.

Nicholas Miller, mustered in as private Aug. 25, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; Second Lieutenant July 19, 1865; mustered out as Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

Non-Commissioned Officer.

Jacob Martin, mustered in as private Aug. 25, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 28, 1865.

ELEVENTH INFANTRY.

Officers.

J. A. Comingore, commissioned Assistant Surgeon April 9, 1862; Surgeon Dec. 26, 1862; resigned Sept. 13, 1864.

J. C. Scearce, commissioned Assistant Surgeon Jan. 2, 1863; Surgeon Sept. 14, 1864; mustered out July 26, 1865.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Frank Lawhead, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 31, 1861; out April 26, 1865.

C. F. Hall, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 31, 1861.

Privates.

Duley, H. C., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; out Aug. 30, 1864.

Ellis, J. S., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; died June 1, 1863, of wounds received at Champion Hills.

Jackson, Jehu, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861.

Pernell, George, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; discharged Oct. 23, 1862, for disability.

Roberts, B. W., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; died at Keokuk, Iowa, Oct. 5, 1862.

Wills, J. W., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; discharged Aug. 1, 1862, for disability.

Wills, W. F., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; out Aug. 30, 1864.

Winstead, Daniel, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; discharged May 24, 1862.

Winstead, Oliver, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; out Aug. 30, 1864.

COMPANY B.

Privates.

Duddy, Richard, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; discharged Sept. 17, 1862, for disability.

Dubois, J. T., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861.

Godfrey, J. D., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; veteran; mustered out July 26, 1865.

Hobbs, Anselm, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; discharged Aug. 15, 1863, for promotion in U. S. Colored Troops.

Johnson, J. H., mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; Sergeant; mustered out July 26, 1865.

Richter, Andrew, mustered in Aug. 31, 1861; veteran; mustered out July 26, 1865.

THIRTEENTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY E.

Privat

Drumm, J. A., mustered in Sept. 20, 1863; out Sept. 5, 1865.

SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY.

Officer.

Cox, Henry, commissioned Assistant Surgeon April 25, 1862.

UNASSIGNED.

Pratt, Andrew, substitute, mustered in Sept. 1, 1864.

EIGHTEENTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY H.

Bennett, John, mustered in Aug. 26, 1864; out July 6, 1865.

TWENTIETH INFANTRY.

COMPANY F.

Officer.

John Kistler, commissioned Captain July 22, 1861; discharged Nov. 14, 1862.

Private.

Yount, Lewis, mustered in Jan. 4, 1864; veteran; wounded at the Wilderness; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps; mustered out July 14, 1865.

COMPANY G.

Privates.

Caywood, J. E., mustered in Jan. 4, 1864; from Seventh Infantry; veteran; captured at the Wilderness; mustered out July 12, 1865.

Hadley, A. C., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; from Seventh Infantry; died in rebel prison in December, 1864.

Swain, Nathan, mustered in Aug. 7, 1862; from Seventh Infantry; mustered out May 31, 1865.

Swain, T. N., mustered in July 19, 1862; from Seventh Infantry; mustered out May 31, 1865.

COMPANY H.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

D. R. Cottrell, mustered in Feb. 20, 1864, as Corporal; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out July 12, 1865.

John Dickey, mustered in as Sergeant Feb. 20, 1864; veteran; promoted First Sergeant; mustered out July 12, 1865.

TWENTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

COMPANY E.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

M. L. Rietzel, mustered in as private July 24, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Jan. 13, 1866.

W. H. Richardson, mustered in as private July 24, 1861; promoted Corporal; discharged Oct. 20, 1863, for disability; mustered

in again March 30, 1864; was finally mustered out Jan. 13, 1866.

S. M. Tinder, mustered in as private July 24, 1861; veteran; promoted First Sergeant; mustered out Jan. 13, 1866.

A. C. Evans, mustered in as private March 4, 1864; promoted Corporal; mustered out Jan. 13, 1866.

Privates.

Hadley, G. W., mustered in July 24, 1861; died at New Orleans, Sept. 7, 1862.

Hartweg, John, mustered in July 24, 1861; veteran; mustered out Jan. 13, 1866.

Scherer, L. E., mustered in July 24, 1861; out July 31, 1864.

Taylor, J. M., mustered in July 24, 1861; veteran; discharged June 1, 1865, for disability.

Taylor, L. O., mustered in July 24, 1861; killed by provost guard May 24, 1865.

Winstead, James, mustered in July 24, 1861; out July 21, 1864.

Recruits.

Barton, Wm., mustered in Aug. 30, 1864; deserted Sept. 18, 1864.

Bradshaw, Alexander, mustered in March 24, 1864; died at Baton Rouge, La., Aug. 15, 1864.

Crawford, Taylor, mustered in March 24, 1864; died at Memphis, Oct. 25, 1864.

Evans, J. M., mustered in April 14, 1864; out Jan. 13, 1866.

Gwin, Seth, mustered in March 28, 1864; discharged May 10, 1865, for disability

Keller, John, mustered in April 1, 1864; out Jan. 13, 1866.

O'Neal, Bailey, mustered in Sept. 26, 1864; out July 22, 1865.

Pearcy, James, mustered in March 24, 1864; out Jan. 13, 1866.

Richardson, J. R., mustered in March 28, 1864; out Jan. 13, 1866.

Roupe, J. T., mustered in April 15, 1864; out Jan. 13, 1866.

Todd, Wesley, mustered in Sept. 26, 1864; died at Baton Rouge, La., Dec. 16, 1864.

Tindall, A. C., mustered in Nov. 10, 1863; deserted July 1, 1865.

Tinder, J. W., mustered in March 17, 1864; died at Baton Rouge, La., June 25, 1865.

Zenor, Squire, mustered in Sept. 26, 1864; out July 22, 1865.

UNASSIGNED.

Recruits.

Burly, Hiram, mustered in April 1, 1864.

Barton, William, substitute, mustered in Aug. 30, 1864.
Burdy, Eli, mustered in Oct. 3, 1864.
Dudley, Preston, mustered in Sept. 30, 1864.
Green, Charles, mustered in Sept. 29, 1864.
Lee, W. H., mustered in Feb. 8, 1864.
Shelter, Christian, mustered in Sept. 26, 1864.
Wilcox, Lovet, mustered in Oct. 3, 1864.

TWENTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY E.

Privates.

Kean, J. C., mustered in Aug. 30, 1861; discharged May 1, 1862, for disability.
Love, William, mustered in Aug. 30, 1861; out Sept. 21, 1864.
Raridan, Silas, mustered in Aug. 30, 1861; out Sept. 21, 1864.

TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY A.

Officers.

Samuel Porter, mustered in as Corporal Sept. 12, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant Sept. 18, 1862; First Lieutenant May 4, 1863.
J. F. Parsons, commissioned Second Lieutenant Aug. 30, 1861; resigned in December, 1861.

FORTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY H.

Private.

Hall, F. H., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 12, 1864.

FIFTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

Officers.

W. W. Scearce, commissioned Captain Company K March 25, 1862; Major May 1, 1865; Lieutenant-Colonel June 1, 1865; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.
J. W. Sheets, commissioned Captain Company C Oct. 11, 1861; Lieutenant-Colonel April 25, 1863; died as Captain, of wounds received in action, June 21, 1863.

COMPANY A.

Officers.

J. H. Fleece, commissioned Captain Oct. 11, 1861; resigned Aug. 9, 1862.

Milton Russell, commissioned First Lieutenant Oct. 11, 1861; Captain Aug. 10, 1862; honorably discharged Dec. 30, 1864.

J. A. Givens, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; promoted Captain May 1, 1865; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. A. Adair, mustered in as First Sergeant Dec. 13, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant April 24, 1862; First Lieutenant Aug. 10, 1862; honorably discharged March 12, 1865.

John Emmons, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; promoted First Lieutenant May 1, 1865.

Harvey Slavens, commissioned Second Lieutenant Oct. 11, 1861; died March 27, 1862, at Nashville, Tenn.

W. H. Harvey, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant Sept. 1, 1862; mustered out Dec. 14, 1864.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

John Harlan, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 13, 1861; discharged May 2, 1862, for disability.

G. A. Proctor, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 13, 1861; died May 30, 1863.

Amos Weaver, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 13, 1861; discharged March 11, 1865, of wounds received at Dalton.

W. N. McLevad, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Oct. 25, 1863, for disability.

S. G. Cook, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

J. B. Proctor, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Silas Gardner, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; deserted May 1, 1862.

W. T. Linn, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

M. A. Dyer, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Willis Slovens, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; discharged June 29, 1862, for disability.

G. W. Shackleford, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. B. Gibson, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

F. M. Barber, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. T. Jourdan, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

John Roberts, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

J. M. White, mustered in as private Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. A. Phillips, mustered in as private Oct. 15, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. A. Jones, mustered in as musician Dec. 13, 1861; discharged June 19, 1862, for disability.

George Allison, mustered in as musician Dec. 13, 1861; discharged July 5, 1863, for disability.

Privates.

Adams, G. W., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; killed May 28, 1863.

Alley, David, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Allen, John, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; deserted Aug. 1, 1862.

Bryan, A. A., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died May 11, 1862.

Budd, David, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; killed at Murfreesboro Jan. 2, 1862.

Brown, O. F., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged July 5, 1863, for disability.

Buchanan, Joseph, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died Feb. 10, 1864.

Cochrane, William, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged June 19, 1862, for disability.

Condiff, R. A., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; killed at Columbia, Jan. 19, 1865.

Cole, W. L., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Feb. 14, 1865.

Duckworth, William, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; killed at Murfreesboro, Jan. 2, 1862.

Davis, William, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Oct. 27, 1862, for disability.

Ellington, J. J., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged June 23, 1862, for disability.

Fleece, J. B., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; killed at Nashville, Dec. 16, 1864.

Frengear, G. J., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died Aug. 1, 1863.

Frazier, Richard, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; deserted Nov. 1, 1862.

Givens, J. R., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged June 29, 1863, for disability.

Gardner, Thomas, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; deserted June 17, 1865.

Gwinn, Samuel, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged July 5, 1862, for disability.

Gardner, Anthony, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died Dec. 7, 1863.

Houston, William, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Harrison, W. H., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Hunt, J. W., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged March 1, 1863, for disability.

House, W. P., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged July 10, 1862, for disability.

Davis, F. M., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Jones, Jesse, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged July 5, 1862, for disability.

Johnson, S. A., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Lookabaugh, John, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; deserted June 17, 1865.

Lovell, William, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out June 4, 1865.

Moore, G. W., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out May 2, 1862.

Moore, H. C., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Morris, Mason, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; deserted June 17, 1865.

Morris, John, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged May 1, 1862, for disability.

McCormick, G. W., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died April 5, 1865.

McCormick, Berryman, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; deserted June 17, 1865.

Page, Williamson, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Feb. 1, 1863, for disability.

Russell, Logan, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Sept. 18, 1862, for disability.

Rose, Thomas, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Sept. 10, 1862, for disability.

Rose, J. I., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died Sept. 18, 1862.

Sears, Joseph, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; killed at Stone River, Jan. 2, 1862.

Slavens, Milton, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged June 25, 1862, for disability.

Southerlan, James, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died July 1, 1862.

Shepherd, Edward, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died at Camp Chase, Ohio, June 1, 1863.

Sheckles, James, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 1, 1862, for disability.

Smith, J. P., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Schrayer, Daniel, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Trotter, J. C., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Aug. 10, 1862, for disability.

Tout, William, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; deserted June 17, 1865.

Warren, J. M., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; died Jan. 30, 1862.

Walker, J. E., mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; transferred to marine service Sept. 20, 1862.

Warrick, Amos, mustered in Dec. 13, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Recruits.

Adams, D. S., mustered in Sept. 11, 1862; died Jan. 25, 1863.

Brown, Marcellus, mustered in July 29, 1863; killed by accident at Athens, Tenn., April 20, 1864.

Brooks, J. W., mustered in Aug. 10, 1863; deserted June 17, 1865.

Concliff, L. A., mustered in Aug. 1, 1863; died Oct. 29, 1864.

Crabb, J. H., mustered in Oct. 5, 1863; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 6, 1864; died Feb. 15, 1865, of wounds received at Nashville.

Danner, Allen, mustered in June 15, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Dayton, W. S., mustered in Sept. 21, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Douglas, John, mustered in March 28, 1864; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Ellis, W. A., mustered in July 29, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Ellis, J. F., mustered in March 28, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Fitch, Marion, mustered in Oct. 22, 1862; out Oct. 22, 1865, as Hospital Steward.

Green, F. M., mustered in Oct. 8, 1863; out June 9, 1865.

Givens, G. S., mustered in Nov. 11, 1864; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Job, A. P., mustered in March 11, 1865; out Dec. 13, 1865.

McCormick, J. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; died at Indianapolis March 13, 1865.

McCormick, W. S., mustered in Aug. 21, 1863; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 1, 1865.

McCormick, S. L., mustered in March 29, 1864; deserted June 17, 1865.

Moore, W. P., mustered in Aug. 12, 1863; deserted June 15, 1865.

Parkhurst, W. T., mustered in Sept. 8, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Dec. 12, 1863.

Parker, D. H., mustered in June 24, 1863; out June 13, 1865.

Rice, Warren, mustered in Nov. 25, 1863; deserted June 15, 1865.

Round, J. P., mustered in Nov. 11, 1864; out Nov. 15, 1865.

Shiner, G. E., mustered in June 29, 1863; deserted July 10, 1865.

Tout, W. T., mustered in June 6, 1863; died April 10, 1865.

White, W. T., mustered in Sept. 11, 1862; died Dec. 28, 1862.

Ward, J. A., mustered in July 29, 1863; died Jan. 15, 1865, of wounds.

Ward, H. N., mustered in July 29, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

COMPANY C.

Officers.

J. W. Sheets, commissioned Captain Oct. 11, 1861; promoted Lieutenant-Colonel.

Samuel Lingerman, commissioned First Lieutenant Oct. 11, 1861; Captain June 30, 1863; died May 1, 1864.

D. W. Hamilton, mustered in as private Oct. 6, 1864; promoted Captain Oct. 29, 1864; resigned May 23, 1865.

George Gregg, mustered in as private Jan. 2, 1862; veteran; promoted Second Lieutenant March 1, 1865; First Lieutenant May 1, 1865. Captain June 1, 1865; dropped from rolls as a deserter.

G. H. Adams, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Second Lieutenant May 1, 1865; First Lieutenant June 1, 1865; Captain Oct. 1, 1865; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

A. T. Dooley, commissioned Second Lieutenant Oct. 11, 1861; First Lieutenant June 30, 1863; honorably discharged March 12, 1865.

C. E. Stephens, mustered in as First Sergeant Dec. 14, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant June 30, 1863; mustered out Feb. 15, 1865.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

W. F. Hadden, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 14, 1861; discharged Oct. 20, 1862, for disability.

J. T. Dinwiddie, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

D. C. Lane, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

William Kelly, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

J. M. Munday, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; mustered out Dec. 14, 1864.

J. A. Munday, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; killed at Stone River Dec. 31, 1862.

Calvin Dickinson, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Floyd Dickinson, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

J. C. Call, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

J. V. Parker, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

W. V. Brown, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

J. G. Adams, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. C. Clemens, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. H. Jelf, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

C. S. Kurtz, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. B. Osborn, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

William Shackley, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

J. W. Tout, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

S. W. Watts, mustered in as private Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

W. C. Welshaus, mustered in as musician Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

W. M. Crawford, mustered in as wagoner Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Privates.

Arbuckle, F. M., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Jan. 9, 1865.

Bates, J. N., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Bryant, James, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Curtis, Huey, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; discharged Aug. 30, 1862, for disability.

Cox, C. P., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Champion, J. N., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Dooley, Arthur, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Dixon, N. L., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Eaton, Reuben, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Ellis, R. H., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; died July 4, 1862.

Flinn, Mason, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; deserted Nov. 16, 1862.

Gasper, John, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; discharged June 19, 1865, for disability.

Greenlee, William, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Godfrey, J. A., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Hancock, William, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; transferred to Corps d'Afrique June 20, 1864.

Hilton, Stephen, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; died July 2, 1862

Hall, R. C., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Hodson, J. B., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Iddings, J. O., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; died April 12, 1862.

Jones, A. W., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; deserted May 14, 1862.

McDaniels, T. A., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; killed while prisoner, May 12, 1863.

McWilliams, C. A., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; killed at Bluntsville, Ala., May 2, 1863.

Newman, Charles, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; discharged Nov. 9, 1864, for disability.

Osborn, Silas, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; killed at Day's Gap, April 30, 1863.

Pike, O. H., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Phillips, Eli, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; killed at Stone River, Jan. 1, 1863.

Rumney, H. C., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Rounds, H. S., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; died Feb. 19, 1862.

Shirley, T. J., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; discharged May 18, 1863, for disability.

Sturman, Silas, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; deserted Sept. 10, 1862.

Scherer, J. B., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; discharged Nov. 14, 1862, for disability.

Sharpe, William, mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

South, J. M., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; out Dec. 14, 1864.

Templin, R. T., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; veteran; out Dec. 13, 1864.

Vennice, M. V., mustered in Dec. 14, 1861; discharged June 28, 1862, for disability.

Recruits.

Craig, H. J., mustered in Sept. 25, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Carter, R. L., mustered in Nov. 6, 1863; out May 18, 1865.

Davis, J. S., mustered in Nov. 3, 1862; died Dec. 15, 1862.

Gilbert, W. T., mustered in Jan. 21, 1862; veteran; mustered out Dec. 13, 1865.

Hollett, A. W., mustered in July 14, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Hodson, E. B., mustered in Oct 5, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Hardwick, William, mustered in Oct. 6, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Hyton, John, mustered in Oct. 13, 1864; out Oct. 19, 1865.

Lewis, S. W., mustered in Nov. 2, 1862; died March 3, 1863.

Mendenhall, C. B., mustered in June 2, 1862; died.

Owens, Harrison, mustered in Oct. 2, 1862; discharged April 20, 1864, for wounds.

Rumley, Josephus, mustered in Oct. 6, 1864.

Robbins, Michael, mustered in July 24, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Seilhymet, J. T., mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Strange, Silas, mustered in Oct. 24, 1864; out Sept. 13, 1865.

COMPANY K.

Officers.

William W. Scearce, commissioned Captain March 25, 1862; promoted Major and Lieutenant-Colonel (see above).

George W. Scearce, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 16, 1861; commissioned Second Lieutenant March 21, 1863; mustered out Jan. 25, 1865.

Privates.

Cash, Miltiades, mustered in Dec. 16, 1861; deserted March 26, 1862.

Perkins, S. R., mustered in Dec. 16, 1861; deserted March 26, 1862.

Southerlan, William, mustered in Feb. 22, 1862; discharged March 13, 1863.

Recruits.

Astley, S. C., mustered in April 26, 1864; out Dec. 13, 1865.

Parker, A. C., mustered in Sept. 13, 1862; out June 14, 1865.

White, S. T., mustered in April 26, 1864; out Dec. 13, 1865.

FIFTY-THIRD INFANTRY.

Officers.

W. L. Vestal, mustered in as Corporal Company A, Feb. 24, 1862; promoted Captain June 14, 1862; Major Oct. 5, 1863; Lieutenant-Colonel Oct. 31, 1863; Colonel Jan. 31, 1865; mustered out July 21, 1865.

H. C. Perkins, mustered in as First Sergeant Company A, Feb. 24, 1862; promoted Adjutant April 3, 1863; mustered out Jan. 10, 1865.

J. W. Scearce, mustered in as Corporal Company A, Feb. 24, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant July 28, 1864; Adjutant May 1, 1865; mustered out July 3, 1865.

M. H. Rose, commissioned Assistant Surgeon May 25, 1862; Surgeon March 15, 1863; mustered out April 3, 1865.

H. G. Todd, commissioned Assistant Surgeon April 25, 1865.

COMPANY A.

Officers.

Robert Curry, commissioned Captain Jan. 12, 1862; resigned June 13, 1862.

W. D. Smith, mustered in as Sergeant Feb. 24, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant Sept. 19, 1863; killed in action at Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1864.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Aaron Hutten, mustered in as Sergeant Feb. 24, 1862.

J. M. Green, mustered in as Sergeant Feb. 24, 1862.

B. F. Prather, mustered in as Corporal Feb. 24, 1862.

J. O. Todd, mustered in as Corporal Feb. 24, 1862.

W. M. Jenkins, mustered in as Corporal Feb. 24, 1862.

A. A. Sleeth, mustered in as Corporal Feb. 24, 1862.

L. H. D. Pinckney, mustered in as Corporal Feb. 24, 1862.

A. J. Bridges, mustered in as musician Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865, as First Sergeant.

Charles Ruth, mustered in as musician Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Henry Anderson, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Harrison Black, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out July 21, 1865.

T. M. Edwards, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 21, 1865.

J. H. Knight, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Edward Lacy, mustered in as private Feb. 26, 1862; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Anderson McDaniel, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 21, 1865.

W. A. Ohaver, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out July 21, 1865.

S. L. Stowder, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 21, 1865.

W. R. Spurgin, mustered in as private Feb. 24, 1862 eran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Privates.

Berry, W. R., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out May 19, 1865.

Berry, H. S., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out May 29, 1865.

Belveale, Seth, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Cross, Jackson, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Carnes, W. H., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Chamberlin, J. R., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out June 10, 1865.

Curtis, J. D., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Curtis, H. S., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Carmer, J. C., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Cannon, I. N., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Grey, T. C., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Hooten, D. W., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Hule, C. J., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out in May, 1865.

Hartwell, W. H., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; died June 28, 1864, of wounds received at Kenesaw.

Lacy, J. D., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Long, Benton, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Mann, W. S., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Maloney, Patrick, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Mathias, J. W., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Mitchell, John, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out June 24, 1865.

Meek, N. C., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Newsome, Jose, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Osborn, Benjamin, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Prather, T. L., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Poe, W. H., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Park, William, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Rose, Montgomery, mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Richardson, L. D., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out June 20, 1865.

Ross, A. E., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; died in hands of the enemy July 3, 1864, of wounds.

Ragan, J. K. P., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out June 20, 1865.

Stiles, J. W., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Smith, J. W., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Smith, G. S. P., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 13, 1865.

Smith, W. T., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Thompson, B. F., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 21, 1865.

Wood, G. W., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustered ou July 21, 1865.

Wingfield, J. N., mustered in Feb. 24, 1862; veteran; mustere out July 21, 1865.

FIFTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.—(THREE MONTHS.)

COMPANY H.

Officers.

J. H. Gray, commissioned Captain June 3, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

J. W. Lakin, commissioned First Lieutenant June 3, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

T. J. Kirtley, commissioned Second Lieutenant June 3, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officer.

A. C. Evans, mustered in as First Sergeant, June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

W. H. Calvert, mustered in as Sergeant June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

E. T. Lotshear, mustered in as Sergeant June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

J. C. Hart, mustered in as Sergeant June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

E. N. Holdson, mustered in as Sergeant June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

A. S. McCormick, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

J. N. Crayton, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Harden Pope, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

William Smith, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

W. N. Laken, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

W. F. Steele, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

J. W. Sparks, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

W. C. Richardson, mustered in as Corporal June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

G. B. Cutshall, mustered in as musician June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

J. W. Cutshall, mustered in as musician June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Privates.

Appleby, Wesley, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Almond, J. K., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Allen, Samuel, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Andrew, W. H., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Bohannon, J. S., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Brewer, Tennis, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Bryant, Zachariah, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Coleman, H. T., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Childs, B. F., mustered in June 18; 1862; out with regiment.

Conaly, T. G., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment,

Crayton, J. H. A., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Clark, James, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Colman, G. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Doan, J. E., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Dickey, Alfred, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Dunnovin, Benj., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Dixon, Jesse, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Duease, Leander, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Dugan, Frank, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Dennis, C. A., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Dobson, J. N., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Edwards, John, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Ellis, W. A., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Ferguson, H. C., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Graves, A. S., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Guelky, Charles, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Garrison, David, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Hammond, H. C., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Hall, E. H., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Harvey, E. M., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Hamblin, G. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Jackson, Z. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Little, L. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Miles, T. J., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Murphy, Harden, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Mattox, R. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Mitchell, W. M., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Merritt, M. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Milhon, G. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
McCormick, J. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
McDaniels, Josiah, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Morgan, William, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Moore, John, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Manning, Thomas, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Moore, Isaac, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
McDaniel, William, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Osborn, F. N., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Owen, N. R., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Osborn, Henry, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Pearcy, James, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Parsloe, Louis, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Potts, George, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Ridgeway, Charles, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Ransom, Perry, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Stone, W. N., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Shipley, J. B., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Turner, William, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Tisdale, William, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

Watts, J. S., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Wills, E. C., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Williams, Joseph, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Worril, W. W., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Wood, J. R., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Walker, J. C., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
White, W. H., mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.
Welshaus, William, mustered in June 18, 1862; out with regiment.

FIFTY-FOURTH INFANTRY (ONE YEAR).

COMPANY F.

Officers.

W. H. Neff, commissioned Captain Oct. 25, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

D. D. Jones, commissioned First Lieutenant Oct. 25, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

B. F. Davis, commissioned Second Lieutenant Oct. 25, 1862; resigned Feb. 21, 1863.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

James Manners, mustered in as First Sergeant Oct. 30, 1862.

J. R. Covey, mustered in as Sergeant Oct. 30, 1862; out as private Dec. 8, 1863.

W. A. Jones, mustered in as Sergeant Oct. 30, 1862.

J. A. Chapman, mustered in as Sergeant Oct. 30, 1862.

J. F. Woodard, mustered in as Sergeant Oct. 30, 1862.

T. H. Jacks, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.

T. J. Nelson, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.

James Cox, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862.

Fayette Trotter, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862; out as private Dec. 8, 1863.

J. W. Reed, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862.

W. S. Clark, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.

J. F. Andrews, mustered in as Corporal Oct. 30, 1862.

B. C. Howe, mustered in as musician Oct. 30, 1862.

G. F. Givens, mustered in as musician Oct. 30, 1862.

Lyman Herrington, mustered in as wagoner Oct. 30, 1862.

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Privates.

Aairheart, Peter, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Bly, Isaac, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Beckleheimer, John, mustered in Oct. 30,1862.
Bollard, J. R., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Birch, J. M., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Bails, Andrew J., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Clark, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Cooper, Chesley, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Cunningham, William, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Clark, Reuben T., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Claypool, Thomas B., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Chenemeth, John W., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Davis, Hiram N., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Davis, Levi, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Davis, James, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Dewry, Levi, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
English, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Ferrin, Isaac, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Forbs, John W., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Foss, Nathaniel H., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Foss, Albah A., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Francis, John R., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Floar, James H., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Farrell, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Givens, John R., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Gibson, Madison, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Granstaff, Gustavus, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Huffman, Elisha, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Heath, Abraham, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862, out Dec. 8, 1863.
Hert, Meekin A., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Hutchison, Joseph, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Isley, Anderson H., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Jacks, Francis G., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Kindred, Addison P., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Kelso, Garrison, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Kelly, Erasmus S., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Leak, Henry B., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Logan, James P., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Mallett, Jeremiah, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
McCrary, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.

Morris, James M., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
McEntrye, Thomas J., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Mallet, Thomas, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Neff, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Neal, Charles J., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Osborn, James C., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Piper, James P. H., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Piper, Benjamin F., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8,
Powley, James E., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Richardson, Francis, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Rush, James J., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Stoker, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Smith, John C., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Smith, John H., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Smith, William, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Sulten, Elbert, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Sweeden, Davis, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Stutesman, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Trotter, T. H., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Trimble, John C., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Walker, George M., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Wyatt, Samuel, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Wall, Mark V., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Wright, F. A., mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Whitely, Francis, mustered in Oct. 30, 1863.
Whited, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.
Zimmerman, John, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862.

Recruits.

Logan, F. M., mustered in Nov. 22, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.
Sharp, Robert, mustered in Oct. 30, 1862; out Dec. 8, 1863.

FIFTY-FIFTH INFANTRY (THREE MONTHS).

COMPANY G.

Officer.

Frank A. Coons, commissioned Second Lieutenant July 18, 1862; mustered out with regiment; re-entered service as Captain in One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Infantry.

Private.

Whinyates, T. W., mustered in June 10, 1862; out with regiment.

FIFTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

COMPANY B.

Officers.

W. A. Rogers, commissioned Second Lieutenant Dec. 26, 1861; resigned Sept. 3, 1862.

S. W. Minter, mustered in as private Jan. 1, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant June 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Enoch Alexander, mustered in as Sergeant Oct. 18, 1861; veteran.

J. N. Dunnington, mustered in as Corporal Nov. 1, 1861; out April 4, 1865.

O. P. Boyd, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 1, 1861; promoted Second Lieutenant.

A. H. Moddrel, mustered in as Corporal Nov. 1, 1861; veteran; promoted Sergeant; mustered out July 17, 1865.

T. B. Alexander, mustered in as private Nov. 1, 1861; veteran; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 17, 1865.

J. B. Myrick, mustered in as private March 14, 1864; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 17, 1865.

D. W. Osburn, mustered in as private March 14, 1864; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 17, 1865.

J. F. Snodgrass, mustered in as private March 2, 1864; promoted Corporal; mustered out July 17, 1865.

Privates.

Bowman, William, mustered in Oct. 18, 1861; discharged; minor.

Masters, J. S., mustered in Jan. 1, 1862; veteran; mustered out July 17, 1865.

McGraw, Thomas, mustered in Dec. 1, 1861; veteran; mustered out July 17, 1865.

Roark, Thomas, mustered in Nov. 1, 1861; died at Vicksburg, Miss., Sept. 30, 1863.

Recruits.

Alexander, Hugh, mustered in March 2, 1864; out July 17, 1865.

Appleby, W. H., mustered in March 16, 1864; out July 17, 1865.

Garrison, J. P., mustered in March 2, 1864; out July 17, 1865.

Hubble, J. A., mustered in March 2, 1864; out July 17, 1865.

Masters, L. R., mustered in March 2, 1864; out July 17, 1865.

McAninch, J. W., mustered in March 2, 1864; out July 17, 1865.

Wallace, J. W., mustered in March 14, 1864; out July 17, 1865.
Ward, W. A., mustered in March 2, 1864; out June 9, 1865.

SEVENTIETH INFANTRY.

Officers.

James Burgess, commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel Aug. 9, 1862; promoted Colonel One Hundred Twenty-fourth Infantry.

Z. S. Ragan, commissioned Captain Company C, Aug. 5, 1862; Major March 1, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

Leroy H. Kennedy, commissioned Assistant Surgeon April 4, 1863; resigned Sept. 4, 1863; cause, disability.

COMPANY A.

Z. S. Ragan, commissioned Captain Aug. 5, 1862; promoted Major.

W. C. Mitchell, commissioned First Lieutenant Aug. 5, 1862; Captain March 1, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

J. M. Rogers, mustered in as First Sergeant July 24, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant May 14, 1863; First Lieutenant March 1, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

J. F. Banta, commissioned Second Lieutenant Aug. 5, 1862; died of disease May 14, 1863.

J. J. Wills, mustered in as Sergeant July 24, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant Nov. 14, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Franklin J. Butcham, mustered in as Sergeant July 14, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

D. N. Hopewood, mustered in as Sergeant July 17, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

John Hammond, mustered in as private July 25, 1862; promoted Sergeant; mustered out June 8, 1865.

M. J. Duffey, mustered in as Corporal July 17, 1862; killed near Atlanta, July 24, 1864.

J. M. Cook, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 4, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

C. F. Ferguson, mustered in as Corporal July 14, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

B. F. Bolen, mustered in as Corporal July 17, 1862; discharged Nov. 12, 1864, for disability.

S. R. Richardson, mustered in as Corporal July 26, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

S. S. Wills, mustered in as Corporal July 25, 1862, out June 8, 1865.

J. D. Compton, mustered in as Corporal July 16, 1862, out June 8, 1865.

Privates.

Archer, Alexander, mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; discharged Oct. 8, 1863, for disability.

Asher, J. F., mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Jan. 10, 1865.

Barker, J. C., mustered in Aug. 1, 1862; discharged March 22, 1863, for disability.

Bedford, C. H., mustered in July 21, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Blunk, Adam, mustered in July 14, 1862; discharged Jan. 20, 1863, for disability.

Brewer, George, mustered in July 30, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Bray, L. F., mustered in July 25, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Bringle, J. J., mustered in July 23, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Brown, M. L., mustered in July 21, 1862; died at Gallatin, Tenn., April 11, 1863.

Burcham, S. G., mustered in July 28, 1862; died at Scottsville, Ky., Nov. 19, 1862.

Buchanan, James, mustered in July 25, 1862; discharged Dec. 8, 1862, for disability.

Carter, A. W., mustered in July 21, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 8, 1865.

Carter, J. B., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; died at Sandersville, Tenn., Feb. 6, 1863.

Carey, S. W., mustered in Aug. 11, 1862; discharged Dec. 3, 1862, for disability.

Crawford, M. L., mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Crawford H. H., mustered in July 24, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Daun, Clarkson, mustered in Aug. 7, 1862; discharged Jan. 27, 1863, for wounds.

Denwiddie, R. C., mustered in July 21, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Duncan, Henry, mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; discharged Dec. 9, 1862, for disability.

Duffey, Hezekiah, mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; discharged March 17, 1863, for disability.

Ellis, R. G., mustered in Aug. 11, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 30, 1864.

Falkner, William, mustered in July 25, 1862; discharged Dec. 4, 1862, for disability.

Glover, A. R., mustered in July 25, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Gwinn, W. P., mustered in July 14, 1862; killed at Resaca, Ga., May 15, 1864.

Harper, R. F., mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; discharged Oct. 31, 1862, for disability.

Hadley, Lot, mustered in July 21, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Harlin, T. S., mustered in July 24, 1862; died July 23, 1864, of wounds received at Peach Tree Creek.

Hannah, Thomas, mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Hiatt, Spencer, mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Jackson, William, mustered in Aug. 11, 1862; died at Scottsville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1862.

Jackson, Hardin, mustered in Aug. 11, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Kendall, Silas, mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; discharged Jan. 22, 1863, for disability.

Knighten, J. W., mustered in July 22, 1862; killed at Resaca, Ga., May 15, 1864.

Lookebill, P. O., mustered in July 15, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Martin, J. R., mustered in July 15, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Martin, W. H., mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Matthews, J. H., mustered in July 22, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Matthews, J. N., mustered in July 22, 1862; discharged Jan. 27, 1863, for disability.

Osborn, J. H., mustered in July 19, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Osborn, Nicholas, mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Pitts, A. H., mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; died at Gallatin, Tenn., Dec. 29, 1862.

Potts, G. W., mustered in Aug. 6, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Pratt, James, mustered in July 21, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Reitzel, J. H., mustered in July 25, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Reitzel, Adam, mustered in July 28, 1862; discharged May 13, 1863, for wounds.

Richardson, J. D., mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; discharged Nov. 28, 1862, for disability.

Roberts, J. A., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Ragan, R. E., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Sharpe, William, mustered in July 22, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Sport, Y. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Scott, Stephen, mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Shackleford, J. H. G., mustered in July 17, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Thompson, J. A., mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Turney, J. A., mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Viquesney, J. A., mustered in Aug. 7, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Waddle, Samuel, mustered in July 21, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Wills, J. M., mustered in Aug. 27, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Williams, N. C., mustered in July 25, 1862; out June 8, 1865.
Wood, J. C., mustered in July 26, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

COMPANY F.

Transferred to Thirty-third Infantry June 8, 1865.

Bales, William, mustered in Jan. 24, 1864.
Bryant, Woodson, mustered in Jan. 24, 1864,
Bourne, James N., mustered in March 26, 1864.
Elliott, William, mustered in Jan. 24, 1864.
Gambold, Eri A., mustered in Jan. 24, 1864.
Hardin, James T., mustered in Feb. 24, 1864.
Lewis, John, mustered in Jan. 24, 1864.
Lamb, Lindsey, mustered in Jan. 24, 1864.
Stewart, William, mustered in Jan 24, 1864.

COMPANY H.

Stone, L. P., mustered in Jan. 24, 1864; transferred to Thirty-third Indiana Volunteer Infantry June 8, 1865.

COMPANY K.

Officers.

J. T. Matlock, commissioned First Lieutenant April 11, 1863; promoted Captain April 11, 1863; honorably discharged Oct. 25, 1864.

J. C. Hadley, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant Jan. 24, 1865; Captain April 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

O. A. Bartholomew, commissioned Second Lieutenant Aug. 1, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant April 11, 1863; resigned Sept. 18, 1864.

Privates.

Carnes, Richard, mustered in July 16, 1862; died at Bowling Green, Ky., Dec. 21, 1862.

Carter, S. R., mustered in Aug. 7, 1862; discharged Nov. 20, 1862.

Claypool, J. W., mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; promoted Sergeant; mustered out June 8, 1865.

Constable, Noah, mustered in July 22, 1862; died at Bowling Green, Ky., Nov. 9, 1862.

Crawford, Elisha, mustered in July 24, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Cunningham, John, mustered in July 25, 1862; transferred to Engineer Corps Aug. 13, 1865.

Carter. J. B., mustered in Aug. 11, 1862; died at Gallatin, Tenn., April 5, 1863.

Englehart, Martin, mustered in July 19, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Gordon, Jonathan, mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; died at Chattanooga, Tenn., July 8, 1864.

Gulley, Wm., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862, discharged Jan. 22, 1863.

Hayden, J. B., mustered in July 21, 1862; died at Bowling Green, Ky., Nov. 10, 1862.

Howland, W. E., mustered in July 19, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Jelf, L. A., mustered in Aug. 9, 1862; discharged Oct. 18, 1863.

Jones, H. C., mustered in Aug. 7, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

King, Curtis, mustered in July 29, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 8, 1865.

Lawson, M. M., mustered in July 30, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Lockridge, J. G., mustered in Aug. 4, 1862; discharged Jan. 22, 1863.

Maloney. John, mustered in July 25, 1862; discharged March 9, 1863.

Monroe, Jacob, mustered in July 29, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Nash, R. T., mustered in July 29, 1862; died at Bridgeport, Ala., March 13, 1864.

Rogers, J. F., mustered in July 30, 1861; out June 8, 1865.

Rodgers, John, mustered in Aug. 11, 1862; promoted Corporal; discharged June 3, 1865.

Russell, J. C., mustered in Aug. 9, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 8, 1865.

South, B. F., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Spaulding, J. C., mustered in July 19, 1862; killed at Peach Tree Creek July 20, 1864.

Stephens, J. S., mustered in Aug. 9, 1862; died at Sandersville, Tenn., Feb. 23, 1863.

Talbott, J. T., mustered in July 19, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 8, 1865.

Taylor, W. F., mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; died at Sandersville, Tenn., Jan. 8, 1863.

Templin, Simeon, mustered in Aug. 9, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Watts, B. F., mustered in July 26, 1862; out June 8, 1865.

Wilson, G. M., mustered in July 19, 1862; killed at Resaca, May 15, 1864.

Woodruff, Stephen, mustered in July 19, 1862; discharged Jan. 28, 1865, for wounds.

FOURTH CAVALRY (SEVENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT).

Officers.

L. S. Shuler, commissioned Captain Company A Aug. 1, 1862; promoted Lieutenant-Colonel Sept. 4, 1862; Colonel Feb. 12, 1863; resigned May 16, 1863; cause, disability.

T. R. Lawhead, mustered in as Corporal July 24, 1862; promoted Adjutant May 11, 1863; resigned June 9, 1863.

Henry Cox, commissioned Assistant Surgeon April 25, 1863; declined.

J. W. Smith, mustered in as Sergeant July 24, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant Jan. 10, 1863; Captain Dec. 6, 1864; mustered out as First Lieutenant with regiment.

William Irvin, mustered in as First Sergeant July 24, 1862; commissioned Second Lieutenant Jan. 10, 1863; resigned Aug. 4, 1863.

J. W. Tinder, mustered in as private July 29, 1862; promoted Sergeant; Second Lieutenant June 1, 1865; mustered out as Sergeant with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

J. N. Vestal, mustered in as Sergeant July 23, 1862; out June 29, 1865;

Alfred Welshaus, mustered in as Sergeant July 24, 1862; appointed Quartermaster Sergeant; mustered out June 29, 1865.

G. B. Ballard, mustered in as Corporal July 29, 1862; promoted Commissary Sergeant; mustered out June 29, 1865.

P. G. Fry, mustered in as Corporal July 29, 1862; discharged Feb. 17, 1863.

D. O. Adams, mustered in as bugler July 24, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 29, 1865.

Miltiades Cash, mustered in as bugler July 24, 1862; died of wounds received at New Market, Tenn., Dec. 3, 1863.

J. J. Bell, mustered in as saddler July 29, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Newton Halloway, mustered in as wagoner Aug. 9, 1862; deserted Dec. 8, 1862, with horse and equipments.

Privates.

Armstrong, J. W., mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Baugh, W. W., mustered in July 28, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps May 8, 1864.

Courtney, Thomas, mustered in July 24, 1862; promoted Corporal; out June 29, 1865.

Dibble, H. R., mustered in July 30, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 29, 1865.

Hall, S. A., mustered in July 29, 1862; promoted Regimental Commissary.

Haynes, C. F., mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Hewlett, T. H., mustered in July 24, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Hill, J. Q., mustered in July 30, 1862; discharged March 1, 1863.

McConn, P. G., mustered in July 27, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Osborn, John, mustered in July 29, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Osborn, J. P., mustered in July 28, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Stapp, J. W., mustered in July 28, 1862; discharged Nov. 4, 1862.

Stutzman, David, mustered in July 29, 1862; out June 29, 1865.

Todd, J. M., mustered in July 29, 1862; discharged Dec. 20, 1862.

Turner, G. P., mustered in Aug. 9, 1862; died at Camp Nelson, Ky., Feb. 17, 1864.

Rodgers, S. R., mustered in Dec. 24, 1863; out June 29, 1865.

Reave, Jonathan, mustered in Dec. 27, 1863, out June 29, 1865.

SEVENTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY (SIXTY DAYS).

COMPANY E.

Officers.

A. J. Lee, commissioned Captain Aug. 4, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

Anderson, Snoddy, mustered in as First Lieutenant Aug. 4, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

John Harrison, mustered in as Second Lieutenant Aug. 4, 1862; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

A. D. Kelley, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

E. R. Smith, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Michael Sells, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Harvey Gibbon, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Richard Wilcox, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

J. E. Garrison, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

William Boswell, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

J. E. Worth, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Daniel Scannell, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

J. H. Hulse, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

John Richardson, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

L. R. Masters, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Elijah Clark, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

M. L. Hadley, mustered in as musician Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Privates.

Appleby, J. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Arnold, G. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Allen, T. J., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Alexander, J. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Appleby, W. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Brown, Edward, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Bowman, William, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Brown, J. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Burton, J. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Ballinger, John, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Baldwin, W. A., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Bryant, D. P., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Benbow, Harvey, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Crawford, A. N., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Crews, H. L., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Cosner, Mahlon, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Clark, L. L., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Dunbar, James, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Dunlarey, J. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Dixson, Calvin, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Ellis, James, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Estes, J. T., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Fry, Obadiah, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Gamson, C. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Gibbins, D. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Gum, Anderson, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Horner, T. J., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Hallan, T. J., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Herdel, Lewis, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment
Harney, Wilson, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Johnson, W. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment
Johnson, L. J., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Johnson, Sanford, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Kersey, Ezra, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Kelley, J. R., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Kelley, W. E., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Kiplinger, Absalom, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Long, I. N., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Long, J. T., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Littell, M. T., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Madison, Anson, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Mann, W. R., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
McAninch, M. C., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
McAninch, J. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
McHaffie, O. F., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
McCollum, John, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
McCollum, Smith, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Nelson, C. A., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Omsler, Charles, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Osborn, Daniel, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Pruett, B. A., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

Pruett, Eli, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Phillips, T. E., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Phillips, Josiah, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Phillips, Israel, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Phillips, J. F., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Page, W. J., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Page, W. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Page, P. L., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Pierson, B. T., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Ruth, W. A., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Rushton, Elam, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Robards, Casper, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Reese, J. L., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Shields, David, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Snoddy, J. A., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Snodgrass, J. W., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Swope, Samuel, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Stringer, W. T., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Tincher, J. T., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Tincher, T. J., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Tincher, W. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Vaughn, James, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Wallace, Pharo, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Walters, Thomas, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Wall, W. H., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Wilcoxson, J. S., mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Whillow, Eli, mustered in Aug 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Walls, John, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
Young, Christian, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.
York, Francis, mustered in Aug. 5, 1862; out with regiment.

SEVENTY-NINTH INFANTR

COMPANY C.

Officer.

Eli F. Ritter, commissioned Captain May 9, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

COMPANY F.

Officer.

Benjamin T. Poynter, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 7, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant Nov. 17, 1862; killed at battle of Stone River, Jan. 2, 1863.

Non-Commissioned Officer.

J. W. McKee, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 7, 1862; out as private June 7, 1865.

Private.

Boats, Bartus; mustered in Aug. 12, 1862; missing in action at Chickamauga, Sept. 19, 1863.

COMPANY K.

Officers.

J. W. Jordan, commissioned Captain Aug. 25, 1862; honorably discharged July 16, 1864.

D. W. Hoadley, mustered in as private Aug. 22, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant Feb. 28, 1864; Captain Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

Tyra Montgomery, commissioned First Lieutenant Aug. 25, 1862, resigned Nov. 12, 1862.

A. T. Stone, commissioned Second Lieutenant Aug. 25, 1862.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

W. H. Tout, mustered in as First Sergeant Aug. 14, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 10, 1864.

Reuben Patterson, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 15, 1862; out as private June 7, 1865.

L. W. Jenkins, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 26, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

H. N. Osborn, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 18, 1862; died at Chattanooga, Tenn., Dec. 1, 1863, of wounds.

N. R. Wood, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 22, 1862; out as principal musician June 7, 1865.

William Hulzizer, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps; mustered out June 29, 1865.

W. F. Dunwiddie, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 14, 1862; discharged March 28, 1863.

G. D. McLain, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 22, 1862; promoted First Sergeant; mustered out June 7, 1865.

William Logan, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; out as private June 7, 1865.

Daniel Sanders, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 22, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps; mustered out June 17, 1863.

U. T. Stone, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 22, 1862; discharged Feb. 10, 1863.

G. R. Simms, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 22, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps July 20, 1864.

P. H. Crofton, mustered in as private Aug. 28, 1862; promoted Sergeant, mustered out June 7, 1865.

W. T. Endaly, mustered in as private Aug. 19, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 7, 1865.

R. V. Franklin, mustered in as private Aug. 22, 1862; promoted Sergeant; mustered out June 7, 1865.

I. W. Gray, mustered in as private Aug. 31, 1862; promoted Sergeant; mustered out June 7, 1865.

A. S. Hollingsworth, mustered in as private Aug. 22, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 7, 1865.

J. W. Ray, mustered in as private Aug. 22, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 7, 1865.

H. C. Ratliff, mustered in as private Aug. 26, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 7, 1865.

J. A. Snyder, mustered in as private Aug. 12, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 7, 1865.

James White, mustered in as private Aug. 20, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 7, 1865.

G. W. Brown, mustered in as musician Aug. 14, 1862; discharged April 8, 1863.

O. M. Dennis, mustered in as musician Aug. 22, 1862; discharged April 22, 1863.

J. H. Manley, mustered in as wagoner Aug. 14, 1862; discharged Feb. 10, 1863.

Privates

Ayers, H. W., mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps; mustered out June 30, 1865.

Annich, Isaac, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Annich, W. C., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Bursott, D. O., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; died Dec. 27, 1862.

Bursott, T. F., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; discharged March 7, 1863.

Brown, J. W., mustered in Aug. 28, 1862; died Jan. 6, 1863.

Bly, W. G., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; discharged March 8, 1863.

Bly, J. F., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; discharged April 29, 1863.

Bennett, J. T., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; transferred to Engineer Corps July 20, 1864.

Bray, T. E., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; died in Andersonville Prison, Sept. 23, 1864.

Caywood, H. V., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Courtney, Wallace, mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Oct. 29, 1863.

Crofton, A. R., mustered in Aug. 31, 1862; discharged May 20, 1865.

Davis, Lewis, mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Dobson, J. A. C., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Jan. 15, 1864.

Douglas, David, mustered in Aug. 18, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Eaton, Harrison, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; discharged March 30, 1863,

Ellingwood, Hiram, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died Sept. 21, 1864, of wounds.

Evans, G. I., mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; discharged Feb. 4, 1863.

Fitch, D. B., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; discharged Jan. 5, 1863.

Fitch, J. W., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; discharged Feb. 21, 1863.

Garrel, James, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Graham, E. W., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died Feb. 12, 1863.

Hethcoat, W. A., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; discharged April 19, 1863.

Hendricks, Milton, mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; discharged Feb. 28, 1863, for wounds.

Hartley, G. B., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Hollett, Mark, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died April 1, 1863.

Herring, E. E., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died March 30, 1863.

Hultz, John, mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; died March 30, 1863.

Hollett, J. A., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; killed at Kenesaw, June 18, 1864.

Jones, W. M., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Kite, Isaiah, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug 19, 1863.

Leach, E. S., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; died at Murfreesboro, Tenn., March 2, 1863.

Loy, Tobias, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Leonard, Frederick, mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; discharged March 8, 1863.

Lacy, W. H., mustered in Aug. 14, 1862; died at Chattanooga, Tenn., March 18, 1863.

Manker, H. E., mustered in Aug. 30, 1862; transferred to Company B Sept. 20, 1862.

Myers, J. S., mustered in Aug. 12, 1862; died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 24, 1864.

McNeely, Samuel, mustered in Aug. 21, 1862; died at Murfreesboro, Tenn., Feb. 14, 1863.

Marvel, D. I., mustered in Aug. 21, 1862; discharged Aug. 31, 1864.

McDaniel, Mahlon, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; discharged April 28, 1863.

Mann, N. R., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; discharged May 13, 1865.

McKee, Allen, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1863.

McLain, R. S., mustered in Aug. 28, 1862; discharged May 17, 1865.

McLain, J. S., mustered in Aug. 30, 1862; discharged March 6, 1863, for wounds.

Morgan, J. R., mustered in Aug. 31, 1862; died at Knoxville, Tenn., March 13, 1864.

Obney, William, mustered in Aug. 13, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Pearcy, Isaac, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Patterson, William, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; discharged April 6, 1863.

Parnell, George, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; transferred to Engineer Corps July 20, 1864.

Pulliam, J. F., mustered in Aug. 26, 1862; discharged Jan. 31, 1863.

Perkins, S. H., mustered in Aug. 30, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Rice, G. E., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; discharged March 7, 1865.

Ramsey, F. M., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

South, Archibald, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died June 28, 1864, of wounds.

Smith, Levi, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Shirrel, Leonard, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Nov. 25, 1864.

Sears, W. R., mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Tyler, C. W., mustered in Aug. 12, 1862; discharged Feb. 28, 1863, for wounds.

Wirt, F. M., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Wells, S. R., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 29, 1862.

Wells, G. W., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Worrel, Legrand, mustered in Aug. 22, 1862; died at Chattanooga, Tenn., March 20, 1864.

Recruits.

Moore, W. P., mustered in Aug. 12, 1863; transferred to Fifty-first Indiana Volunteer Infantry June 7, 1865.

Patterson, Eli, mustered in Sept. 10, 1862; out June 7, 1865.

Rice, Warren, mustered in Nov. 23, 1863; transferred to Fifty-first Indiana Volunteer Infantry June 7, 1865.

NINETY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

Officers.

J. B. Homan, commissioned Captain Sept. 18, 1862; promoted Major March 2, 1864; resigned as Captain Dec. 26, 1864, for disability.

L. D. Robinson, mustered in as First Sergeant Aug. 15, 1862; commissioned Assistant Surgeon Nov. 5, 1862; resigned Aug. 11, 1863.

COMPANY G.

Officers.

Tilberry Reid, commissioned Captain Aug. 21, 1862; resigned Dec. 29, 1862.

John Worrel, commissioned First Lieutenant Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Captain Jan. 1, 1863; resigned Sept. 26, 1864.

B. F. Thomas, commissioned Second Lieutenant Aug. 21, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1863; Captain Sept. 27, 1864.

J. C. Hussey, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant May 10, 1863; First Lieutenant Sept. 27, 1864.

B. A. Reid, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1863; died April 26, 1863, of disease.

Johnson Smith, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; promoted First Sergeant; Second Lieutenant May 1, 1865; mustered out as First Sergeant with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

B. F. Beckwith, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

I. N. Vance, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

J. D. Hazlewood, mustered in as Sergeant Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Amalphus Bray, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Sergeant; mustered out June 5, 1865.

I. O. Beckwith, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Jan. 15, 1864.

Thomas Rogers, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; out as private June 15, 1865.

H. F. Kurtz, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; out June 2, 1865.

D. W. Davis, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; out as musician June 5, 1865.

H. C. Harper, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; discharged March 27, 1863.

J. B. Lang, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; died at La Grange, Tenn., April 14, 1863.

Allison Graham, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; died at Oxford, Miss., Dec. 18, 1862.

H. B. Johnson, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 5, 1865.

Rodney Jeger, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 5, 1865.

R. S. McHaffie, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 5, 1865.

Aaron Overstreet, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 5, 1865.

W. S. Hall, mustered in as musician Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

O. W. Avery, mustered in as musician Aug. 15, 1862; discharged Jan. 15, 1863.

W. B. Richardson, mustered in as wagoner Aug. 20, 1862; discharged March 27, 1863.

S. G. York, mustered in as private Aug. 15, 1862; out as wagoner June 5, 1865.

Privates.

Brown, J. T., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Fort Fowler, Tenn., Feb. 4, 1863.

Brown, Elcanah, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Sept. 1, 1863.

Bray, James, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out July 21, 1865.

Barker, Jasper, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at home Dec. 13, 1864, of wounds.

Brewer, G. W., mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., March 4, 1864.

Cabel, E. W., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; discharged Nov. 29, 1864, for wounds.

Clark, Absalom, mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; out June 10, 1865.

Day, John, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 22, 1863.

Evans, J. E., mustered in Sept. 13, 1862; discharged Dec. 8, 1862.

Elliott, Abraham, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; deserted April 7, 1863.

Hayden, Allen, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Halfhill, John, mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Johnson, W. S., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Marietta, Ga., Aug. 9, 1864, of wounds.

Johnson, Atkins, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Kendall, J. P., mustered in Aug. 18, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Linville, Solomon, mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; discharged Feb. 16, 1863.

Lewis, T. M., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Leak, F. M., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Millinam, J. S., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Marley, Orran, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Mathews, H. B., mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; discharged March 31, 1863.

Osborn, T. J., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Fort Fowler, Tenn., Jan. 22, 1863.

Robbins, Stewart, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Camp Sherman, Miss., Sept. 4, 1863.

Rose, L. M., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at Fort Fowler, Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.

Rushton, Henry, mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; discharged.

Schotten, Enoch, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Schotten, David, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Slaughter, William, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Shannon, J. R., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Staley, William, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Stipe, Pleasant, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; killed at Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 13, 1864.

Saunders, Larkin, mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Sawyers, W. W., mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; out June 18, 1865.

Sawyers, D. C., mustered in August, 1862; died at Scottsboro, Ala., April 6, 1864.

Turner, J. W., mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; died at Memphis, Tenn., May 17, 1863.

Thompson, Robert, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out as Corporal June 5, 1865.

Vannice, H. N., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Veeley, Jesse, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; discharged.

York, A. J., mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; out June 15, 1865.

York, John, mustered in Aug. 20, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Recruits.

Holley, J. D., mustered in Sept. 18, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

York, F. M., mustered in March 16, 1864; transferred to Forty-eighth Infantry June 5, 1865.

COMPANY H.

Officers.

J. B. Homan, commissioned Captain Sept. 18, 1862; promoted Major (see above).

J. F. Parsons, commissioned First Lieutenant Sept. 18, 1862; died March 26, 1863, of disease.

Nehemiah Rawlings, mustered in as First Sergeant Aug 10, 1862; promoted Second Lieutenant April 16, 1863; resigned Sept. 17, 1864.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

J. M. Hensley, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 12, 1862; promoted First Lieutenant U. S. Colored Troops.

D. T. Elvertts, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 12, 1862; promoted Sergeant; mustered out June 5, 1865.

William Williams, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 15, 1862; died Dec. 7, 1863, of wounds.

Robert Hackley, mustered in as Corporal Aug. 9, 1862; discharged Jan. 1, 1863.

J. A. Jordan, mustered in as private Aug. 18, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 5, 1865.

J. H. Pebworth, mustered in as private Aug. 8, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out June 5, 1865.

E. F. McCollum, mustered in as musician Aug. 12, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Privates.

Budd, Elliot, mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; discharged Feb. 1, 1863.

Baker, J. W., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Coffin, H. C., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Cundiff, J. A., mustered in Aug. 18, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Clark, Joseph, mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; discharged Jan. 1, 1863.

Chapman, H. R., mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; died July 4, 1864, of wounds.

Dickerson, Darius, mustered in Aug. 12, 1862; died.

Darman, R. T., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Doughty, Adoniram, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

English, Matthew, mustered in Aug. 12, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Oct. 26, 1863.

Gully, Perry, mustered in Aug. 18, 1862; discharged Sept. 5, 1863.

Holly, J. D., mustered in Aug. 12, 1862; transferred to Company G.

Johnson, F. B., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Lamb, H. T., mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; discharged May 5, 1863.

Lamb, Anderson, mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; died at Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 7, 1862.

McDaniel, Lewis, mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; discharged March 13, 1865.

Pebworth, R. H., mustered in Aug. 8, 1862; died at Indianapolis, Oct. 21, 1862.

Parsons, G. M., mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; mustered out June 5, 1865.

Pennington, David, mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; out June 5, 1865.

Rolston, J. B., mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; died at Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 26, 1862.

Robins, John, mustered in Aug. 10, 1862; transferred to Marine Brigade April 13, 1863.

Shepherd, I. M., mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; died at East Point, Ga., Sept. 6, 1864, of wounds.

Smith, B. W., mustered in Aug. 19, 1862; discharged March 14, 1863.

Treecy, J. A., mustered in Aug. 18, 1862; died in Richmond Prison April 7, 1864.

Walters, Harrison, mustered in Aug. 15, 1862; out May 29, 1865.

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY (SIX MONTHS).

COMPANY A.

Officers.

Isaac Wantland, commissioned Captain July 1, 1863; mustered out with regiment.

T. J. Kirtley, commissioned First Lieutenant July 1, 1863; mustered out with regiment.

J. H. Harris, commissioned Second Lieutenant July 8, 1863; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

B. F. Childs, mustered in as First Sergeant July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

J. W. Wills, mustered in as Sergeant July 22, 1863; out as First Sergeant Feb. 24, 1864.

E. H. Hall, mustered in as Sergeant July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

William Gregory, mustered in as Sergeant July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

W. N. Stone, mustered in as Sergeant July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1865.

F. M. Osborn, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

W. H. Rouch, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Monroe Boggs, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

William M. Lakin, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out as private Feb. 24, 1864.

Young, Murry, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out as private Feb. 24, 1864.

Charles Mc Farland, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out as private Feb. 24, 1864.

C. W. Morrow, mustered in as Corporal July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Joseph Williams, mustered in as Corporal Feb. 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

W. T. Blackwell, mustered in as private July 22, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 24, 1864.

S. J. Bohannon, mustered in as private July 22, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 24, 1864.

J. F. Case, mustered in as private July 22, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 24, 1864.

C. A. White, mustered in as private July 22, 1862; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 24, 1864.

J. L. Wright, mustered in as musician July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Louis Green, mustered in as musician July 22, 1863; out as principal musician Feb. 24, 1864.

Privates.

Appleby, Wesley, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Allen, B. F., mustered in July 22, 1863; discharged.

Burkshire, Rinald, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Bray, T. J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Bartholomew, R. J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Burcham, Levi, mustered in July 22, 1863; died at Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 7, 1863.

Broughton, Elias, mustered in July 22, 1863; transferred to Seventh Indiana Volunteer Cavalry.

Beale, L. G., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Cutts, Absalom, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Clark, Isaac, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Celia, Trueman, mustered in July 22, 1863; transferred to Seventh Indiana Volunteer Infantry.

Cheasman, W. H., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Crews, Josiah, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Dean, William, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Dixon, Jesse, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Davis, Nathan, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Estis, A. J., mustered in Aug. 15, 1863; died at Knoxville, Tenn., in December, 1864.

Ellis, S. J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Evans, A. C., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Falls, T. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Fisher, James, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Griffith, W. H., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Gunn, J. B., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Gibbs, Henry, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Housh, W. P., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hamblen, G. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hinson, Newton, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hiday, Jacob, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hains, E. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Haskett, Caswell, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hiatt, Eli, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hamble, Alvin, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Harris, J. R., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Hayworth, Sylvanus, mustered in July 22, 1863; died at Camp Nelson, Ky., Jan. 2, 1864.

Kirkendoll, G. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Lindley, C. Z., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Lyle, James, mustered in July 22, 1863; transferred to Seventh Infantry.

McCalmet, Thomas, mustered in July 22, 1863; died at Indianapolis, Aug. 28, 1863.

Morgan, Elisha, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Moon, Warner J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Miles, J. A., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Mann, Henry, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Moon, Jesse, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Mendenhall, J. C., mustered in July 25, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

McCoure, Jesse, mustered in July 22, 1863; died at Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 28, 1863.

McPherson, J. B., mustered in July 22, 1863; died at Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 6, 1863.

Moore, A. J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Norton, William, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Odell, T. S., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Owens, N. R., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Pierson, Thomas, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Poe, John, mustered in July 22, 1863; transferred to Seventh Cavalry.

Powers, Greenberry, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Pittinger, H. M., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Roach, G. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Rushton, Joshua, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Stephenson, E. F., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Stephenson, W. L., mustered in July 22, 1863; deserted Aug. 15, 1863.

Stephenson, W. T., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

Sturdevant, H. A., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Snodgrass, T. T., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Stout, S. B., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Stewart, Hugh, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Sterner, Henry, mustered in Aug. 18, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Stewart, C. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Smith, A. J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Scott, William, mustered in July 22, 1863; transferred to Seventh Cavalry.
Tisdale, W. J., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Thompson, William, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Teter, Eber, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Thomas, G. W., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Town, Isaac, mustered in July 22, 1863; deserted Aug. 8, 1863.
White, C. B., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Walker, J. C., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Winston, Joseph, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Walton, Henry, mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
Watts, A. H., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.
York, F. M., mustered in July 22, 1863; out Feb. 24, 1864.

COMPANY B.

Officers.

W. S. King, commissioned Captain July 15, 1863; mustered out with regiment; re-entered service as Captain in One Hundred and Thirty-second Infantry.

T. S. Marshall, commissioned First Lieutenant July 15, 1863; mustered out with regiment.

C. F. Hogate, commissioned Second Lieutenant July 15, 1863; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Warren Ohaver, mustered in as First Sergeant July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Enoch Harlan, mustered in as Sergeant July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

James Harlan, mustered in as Sergeant July 23, 1863; out Feb 23, 1864.

Willis Kesler, mustered in as Sergeant July 23, 1863; out as Commissary Sergeant Feb. 23, 1864.

O. F. Brown, mustered in as Sergeant July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

J. O. Todd, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Feb. 23, 1864.

John Ballinger, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Erasmus N. Jeffers, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Himelius Kendall, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

E. D. Nichols, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

M. D. Hudley, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; died at Wild Cat Mountain, Ky., Sept. 28, 1863.

J. A. Gross, mustered in as private July 23, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 23, 1864.

Wilson Harvey, mustered in as private July 23, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 23, 1864.

G. W. Nave, mustered in as private July 23, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 23, 1864.

Addison Soots, mustered in as private July 23, 1863; promoted Corporal; mustered out Feb. 23, 1864.

G. W. Cummings, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; out as private Feb. 23, 1864.

Enoch Robbins, mustered in as Corporal July 23, 1863; out as private Feb. 23, 1864.

Levi Bartholomew, mustered in as private July 23, 1863; out as Hospital Steward Feb. 23, 1864.

Thomas Welshans, mustered in as musician July 23, 1863; mustered out Feb. 23, 1864.

Privates.

Anderson, W. P., mustered in July 24, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Beard, J. M., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Beeson, William, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Crawford, W. H., mustered in July 23, 1863; died at Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 21, 1863.

Carter, J. M., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Curtis, William, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Demoss, W. A., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Depew, J. E., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Dixon, Addison, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

Easter, John, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Enfield, Jacob, mustered in July 23, 1863; deserted Nov. 10, 1863.
Ensminger, H. B., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Field, Andrew, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Fiscus, A. N., mustered in July 25, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Gregg, William, mustered in July 30, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Groves, Robert, mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Gasper, James, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Gregg, J. M., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Hadley, C. R., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Hayworth, S. D., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Hayworth, Lindley, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Houk, N. J., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Hodge, L. D., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Hunt, William, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Hyten, John, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Irvin, Joseph, mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Jeffers, J. M., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Jones, Ezekiel, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Job, A. P., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Kesler, Oliver, mustered in July 23, 1863; discharged Aug. 30, 1863.
Keleher, D. B., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Kintt, A. A., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
King, W. J., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Kunn, O. F., mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Lawton, I. G., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Lacy, Henry, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Lasley, Howard, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Long, W. H., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Maden, Alfred, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Mastin, Reuben, mustered in July 23, 1863; drowned July 23, 1863.
Mastin, Matthias, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Mastin, Nathan, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
McAninch, J. F., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Matlock, Leander, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Matlock, A. R., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Mattison, S. F., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Morical, Thomas, mustered in July 23, 1863; died at Camp Nelson, Ky., Oct. 6, 1863.

Newman, Edward, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Nichols, W. H., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Ohaver, James, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Osborn, J. U., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Osborn, W. H., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Osborn, David, mustered in July 23, 1863; died at Danville, Ind., Jan. 20, 1864.
Patterson, Frederick, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Phillips, J. F, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Phillips, Cyrus, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Potts, Stephen, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Poures, J. F., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Prindibill, John, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Richardson, George, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Rudd, Jehu, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Rudd, H. M., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Rose, Dwight, mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; died at Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 23, 1863.
Stoops, C. W., mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Scherer, William, mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Stewart, Albert, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Stanley, Logan, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Swain, W. B., mustered in July 25, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Taylor, W. H., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Tincher, W. H., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Tincher, T. J., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Tout, J. O., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Tout, H. C., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Tomlinson, Q. C., mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Voiles, John, mustered in July 23, 1863; discharged Sept. 12, 1864.
White, William, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Williamson, Jacob, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Wood, Joseph, mustered in July 23, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.
Wilson, J. C., mustered in Aug. 3, 1863; out Feb. 23, 1864.

NINTH CAVALRY (ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIRST REGIMENT).

Officer.

V. H. Lyon, commissioned Captain Company I Jan. 9, 1864; promoted Major March 8, 1864; Lieutenant-Colonel June 4, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

COMPANY I.

Officers.

V. H. Lyon, commissioned Captain Jan. 9, 1864.

William Robbins, commissioned Second Lieutenant Jan. 9, 1864; promoted Captain March 11, 1864; resigned March 4, 1865.

T. F. Cofer, commissioned First Lieutenant Jan. 9, 1864; promoted Captain March 5, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

W. H. Calvert, mustered in as private Jan. 1, 1864; promoted Second Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1865; First Lieutenant March 5, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

J. S. Watts, mustered in as private Jan. 1, 1864; promoted Second Lieutenant March 11, 1864; killed in action at Franklin, Tenn., Dec. 17, 1864.

T. J. Conaty, mustered in as private Jan. 15, 1864; promoted Second Lieutenant March 5, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

T. J. Adams, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out as Hospital Steward Aug. 28, 1865.

J. F. Franklin, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out as Quartermaster Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

S. L. Hawkins, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged May 14, 1865, as Quartermaster Sergeant.

Enoch Haynes, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged July 28, 1865, as Veterinary Surgeon,

Willis Slavens, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out as First Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

G. W. Cummings, mustered in March 9, 1864; out as Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

William Ellington, mustered in March 9, 1864; out as Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

Conley Highland, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out as Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

Thomas Hyten, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out as Sergeant Aug. 28, 1865.

Jefferson Balt, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; discharged as Sergeant May 22, 1865.

G. H. Clements, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out as Corporal Aug. 28, 1865.

William T. Franklin, mustered in March 9, 1864; out as Corporal Aug. 28, 1865.

W. H. Scearce, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out as Sergeant July 24, 1865.

James Hollett, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged as bugler July 14, 1865.

Jesse Cummins, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out as saddler Aug. 28, 1865.

James Pierson, mustered in April 30, 1864; out as farrier July 26, 1865.

K. H. Reaves, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out as wagoner Aug. 28, 1865.

Privates.

Almond, J. K., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Ashby, Leander, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Adams, H. F., mustered in Feb. 3, 1864; missing in action at Florence, Ala., Aug. 28, 1865.

Ayears, Wesley, mustered in Feb. 11, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Burden, John, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Bales, J. H., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Bunton, B. C., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Brown, J. E., mustered in Feb. 3, 1864; discharged Jan. 22, 1865.

Blacketer, Ephraim, mustered in Feb. 3, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Baxter, Thomas, mustered in Feb. 11, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Clements, J. N., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Sept. 2, 1865.

Clements, Reuben, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Clay, S. C., mustered in March 9, 1864; discharged June 27, 1865.

Clark, J. W., mustered in Feb. 3, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Guynn, Joshua, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Gregg, Martin, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Heathcote, E. T., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Hurley, F. S., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; died at Pulaski, Tenn., Nov. 19, 1864.

Heathcote, Edward, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; deserted Aug. 27, 1864.

Harlan, B. F., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged June 29, 1865.

Hart, Aaron, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out July 10, 1865.

Helton, Andrew, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Hampton, Stephen, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged July 21, 1865.

Henson, J. H., mustered in Feb. 16, 1864; discharged June 10, 1865.

Hackley, W. H., mustered in March 9, 1864; out Aug. 4, 1865.

Hedsor, Nicholas, mustered in March 9, 1864; died at Indianapolis Dec. 11, 1865.

Jackson, William, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; discharged June 16, 1865.

Lewis, J. D., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; died at Madison, Ind., May 2, 1865.

Lockhart, Jacob, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Larrance, John, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out May 26, 1865.

Lamb, L. L., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; discharged July 21, 1865.

Matthews, J. M., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

McCarty, S. A. W., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Meeritt, W. J., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; discharged July 21, 1865.

Middleton, Joseph, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Sept. 2, 1865.

Miller, James, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Moore, John, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Nave, C. A., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Ogden, Isaac, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Paris, W. H., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; discharged June 2, 1865.

Parker, J. M., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Parsons, A. A., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged July 21, 1865.

Rodgers, I. P., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged May 3, 1865.

Rhoads, J. L., mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 10, 1865.

Reed, James, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Rodgers, W. A., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out July 26, 1865.

Shipley, J. B., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; died at Indianapolis, Ind., March 14, 1865.

Soper, Eugene, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Soper, F. T., mustered in Feb. 3, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Timms, R. D. T., mustered in Feb. 3, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Thomas, Robert, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; discharged July 25, 1865.

Todd, Marshall, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; discharged June 2, 1865.

Thrift, L. J. A., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Watson, F. M., mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; out July 24, 1865.

Washburn, Jeremiah, mustered in Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps; discharged July 1, 1865.

Woody, John, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Winstead, Daniel, mustered in Jan. 15, 1864; out Aug. 28, 1865.

Warren, Alfred, mustered in Feb. 11, 1864; died at Raysville, Ind., April 20, 1864.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.

Officer.

James Burgess, commissioned Colonel March 1, 1864; resigned July 9, 1864.

COMPANY D.

Officers.

John Kistler, commissioned First Lieutenant Jan. 21, 1864; resigned March 8, 1864.

Van L. Parsons, commissioned First Lieutenant Feb. 24, 1864; resigned Sept. 21, 1864.

M. K. Stanley, commissioned Second Lieutenant Feb. 20, 1864; resigned July 28, 1864.

A. M. Williams, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 10, 1863; promoted Second Lieutenant March 30, 1865; mustered out with regiment Aug. 31, 1865.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

W. B. Bryant, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 10, 1863; promoted First Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 31, 1865.

O. M. Campbell, mustered in as Sergeant Dec. 10, 1863; died at Marietta, Ga., Aug. 25, 1864.

G. L. Parsons, mustered in as Corporal Jan. 21, 1864; died at Cleveland, Tenn., July 22, 1864.

F. M. White, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 10, 1863; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 31, 1865.

S. O. Smith, mustered in as Corporal Dec. 10, 1863; out as private Aug. 31, 1865.

Joseph Bundy, mustered in as private Dec. 10, 1863; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 31, 1865.

W. T. Hyten, mustered in as private March 10, 1864; promoted Corporal; mustered out Aug. 31, 1865.

Colonel W. Powers, mustered in as private Dec. 10, 1863; promoted Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 31, 1865.

Privates.

Blanton, Dudley, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out June 22, 1865.

Brown, J. A. W., mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Bundy, Robert, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Blunk, G. H., mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Bundy, Reuben, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; deserted from Eighty-fourth Infantry; returned.

Christie, J. M., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Dobson, A. S., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Doley, Thomas, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Evans, David; mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Gill, Enos, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Goudy, George, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; died at Marietta, Ga., July 29, 1865.

Haden, H. E., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Hopkins, Noah, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 21, 1864.

Jones, S. F., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; died at Washington, D. C., Feb. 18, 1865.

Johnson, Augustine, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Kinder, J. M., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; died at Marietta, Ga., Oct. 7, 1864, of wounds.

Kinder, W. S., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Kirk, Van Buren, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865

Kistler, F. M., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; deserted March 18, 18 6.

McAlister, J. A., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; discharged July 10, 1865.

McCloud, J. M., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865

Parsons, H. A., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; deserted Sept. 1, 1864.

Richardson, W. H., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; died at Marietta, Ga., Aug. 24, 1864.

Sheckels, James, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Stanley, Ely, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; died at Allatoona, Ga., June 20, 1864.

Stanley, William, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; out June 12, 1865.

Stutesman, Samuel, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Stephens, A. J., mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; discharged Jan. 23, 1865, for wounds.

Tolby, W. H. H., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Thompson, James, mustered in Jan. 21, 1864; discharged July 10, 1865.

Watts, Owen, mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Wilson, J. T., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out Aug. 31, 1865.

Woodhurst, H. A., mustered in Dec. 10, 1863; out June 15, 1865.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SECOND INDIANA VOLUNTEER INFANTRY (100 DAYS).

COMPANY H.

Officers.

W. S. King, commissioned Captain May 17, 1864; mustered out with regiment; re-entered service as Captain in One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Indiana Volunteer Infantry.

Z. K. McCormack, commissioned First Lieutenant May 17, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

J. M. Emmons, commissioned Second Lieutenant May 17, 1864; mustered out with regiment.

Privates.

W. R. Alley, W. P. Anderson, G. W. Abler, David Brown, J. T. Blanton, William Boswell, J. M. Barlow, Elliott Budd, Alfred Benbow, J. N. Campbell, William Curtis, Joshua Cook, C. S. Darnell, E. C. Dibble, S. R. Davis, J. W. Davidson, W. J. Davidson, J. W. Duncan, Quincy Davis, John Easter, Smith Faucett, A. M. Fiscus, Charles Foley, S. M. Fielder, Nehemiah Fielder, W. C. Grimes, J. E. Garrison, John Hyten, C. E. Harlan, N. J. Houk, Asbury Huff, L. D. Hodges, Lindley Hayworth, J. Hammond, D. F. Hill, S. B. Hayworth, Elisha Hampton, D. B. Keleher, Oliver Kesler, J. G. Lockridge, J. W. Lee, Howard Lasley, Francis McKahan, Joseph McAninch, H. J. Montgomery, J. W. McMullen, J. W. Miller, Joseph Moreland, W. D. Monett, W. J. Miller, W. S. Mills, S. F. Madison, G. W. Nave, James Ohaver, F. M. Osborn, Hamlin Owens, W. S. Owens, Eli Purnell, L. W. Parsloe, C. W. Parker, J. F. Proctor, Robert Page, Williamson Page, George Richardson, Frank Russell, D. C. Russell, J. W. Riggon, Daniel Southerland, Gazaway Sullivan, Charles Saire, J. S. Straugan, J. W. Stapp, Thomas Staton, Howard Staton, James Sargent, R. W. Smith, Moses Turner, J. W. Tout, George Tincher, R. C. Talbot, Luther Vaughan, Thomas Welshans, Joseph Woods,

William Welshans, James Wells and N. U. Wells, all mustered in May 18, 1864.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

Officers.

William Irvin, commissioned Quartermaster Feb. 24, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

C. W. Stewart, commissioned Chaplain March 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

COMPANY A.

Private.

Warner, W. W., mustered in Feb. 3, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

COMPANY B.

Officers.

J. H. McClure, commissioned Second Lieutenant Feb. 15, 1865; promoted First Lieutenant Aug. 2, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

E. M. Woody, mustered in as private Feb. 13, 1865; promoted Second Lieutenant Aug. 2, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

M. B. Hopwood, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as First Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

M. L. Farlow, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

J. W. Phillips, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

J. H. Graves, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

Joseph McAninch, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

E. C. Wills, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

C. L. Warner, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out as musician Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Allen, S. B., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Ayres, J. L., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Brown, J. H., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Brannon, Jeff., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Boes, Anthony, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Carr, Boone, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Covert, Edward, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Cosner, N. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Cornwell, William, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Cornwell, Benjamin, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Correll, L. R., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Creekmore, W. H., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Creekmore, Calvin, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Evans, S. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Easter, William, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Evans, Warnick, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Epps, D. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Fetter, G. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Fields, Andrew, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Fiscus, A. N., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Graves, James, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Garrison, D. O., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Hotchkiss, John, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Hodges, D. L., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Hodson, J. B., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Hannah, James, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Hogue, J. F., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Lovett, Elias, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Lee, J. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Marley, Alvis, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
McCurdy, A. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Martin, J. V., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Martin, G. C., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Mullens, John, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Moore, Fillmore, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
McCulloch, J. H. A., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Newman, Samuel, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Phillips, William, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Pierson, Josiah, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Richardson, J. D., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Rudd, Bryant, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Soots, David, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865.
Stewart, I. J., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Sarchet, Nathaniel, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Swartz, J. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Tomlinson, Q. C., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Wills, J. W., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
White, W. N., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Wooten, W. J., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Wooten, F. M., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

COMPANY C.

Officers.

R. M. Curtis, commissioned Captain Feb. 17, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

N. J. Scearce, commissioned Second Lieutenant Feb. 17, 1865; promoted First Lieutenant July 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

M. D. L. Brown, mustered into Company G as private Jan. 31, 1865; commissioned Second Lieutenant Company C July 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

E. M. Straughn, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as First Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

J. S. Burks, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

James Helton, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

Joseph Ohaver, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

William Strickland, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

J. M. Gregg, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

W. T. Stewart, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Bryant, S. M, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865
Curtis, W. W., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Cook, S. E., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Downward, W. P., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Ensminger, Henry, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Glasscock, George, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Kesler, Covington, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Matlock, A. R., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 13, 1865.

McMullen, T. J., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as principal musician Sept. 5, 1865.

Pattison, F. F. H., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Powers, Joseph, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Petty, James, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Rogers, Addison, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Sacra, Charles, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Todd, J. O., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Tout, C. C., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Tout, Homer, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Wilson, George, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Williams, G. F., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; discharged July 9, 1865.

Wilson, F. M., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; died at Danville, Ind., March 5, 1865.

Wilson, W. L., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Welshans, Thomas, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Wilson, David, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

COMPANY D.

Private.

Fogleman, Samuel, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

COMPANY E.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

D. D. Jones, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as First Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

J. M. Emmons, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Costen, John, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Clark, J. F., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Heney, J. W., mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Hole, J. A., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Paul, Joseph, mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Seiger, Charles, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

West, H. J., mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

West, L. R. mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

COMPANY F.

Finton, Simon, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Finter, James, mustered in Feb. 10, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Hendricks, Alexander, mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Luke, Samuel, mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Magley, Jacob, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Neiffing, Nicholas, mustered in Feb. 13. 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Smith, W. B., mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

COMPANY G.

Non-Commissioned Officer.

Stephen Fowler, mustered in Feb. 14, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Brown, M. D. L., mustered in Jan. 31, 1865; commissioned Second Lieutenant Company C.
Corey, Joseph, mustered in Jan. 28, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Cottrell, W. M., mustered in Feb. 3, 1865; deserted Feb. 10, 1865.
Garrety, John, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; deserted Feb. 15, 1865.
Hook, G. W., mustered in Feb. 2, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Morley, Ralph, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Millspaugh, B. C., mustered in Feb. 11, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Oswald, C. A., mustered in Feb. 11, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Rea, Ellis, mustered in Feb. 11, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Rollin, G. W., mustered in Feb. 7, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Wenninger, Philip, mustered in Jan. 31, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.
Wilson, Jacob, mustered in Jan. 28, 1865; deserted Jan. 31, 1865.

COMPANY H.

Non-Commissioned Officer.

A. T. Hart, mustered in Feb. 20, 1865; out as First Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Kelley, Michael, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; deserted March 1, 1865.
Nichols, C. F., mustered in Feb. 11, 1865; deserted March 1, 1865.

COMPANY I.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Thomas Vessels, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865: out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

H. B. Edwards, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out as musician Aug. 28, 1865.

Peter Francis, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out as musician Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Anderson, John, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; deserted March 10, 1865.

Alvey, J. P., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865: out May 12, 1865.

Baldin, James, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Bowers, E. H., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865: out Sept. 5, 1865.

Courtney, Henderson, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Dennan, Dennis, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Dollahite, T. C., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Garrety, John, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Jones, C. E., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865: out Sept. 5, 1865.

Luke, W. R., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Marley, Ralph, mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Phipps, J. A., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out May 16, 1865.

Phipps, T. L. R., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Rich, J. D., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865: out Sept. 5, 1865.

Trent, S. R., mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Tyler, Preston, mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Tyler, C. W., mustered in Feb. 17, 1865; discharged May 11, 1865.

COMPANY K.

Officers.

S. J. Banta, commissioned Captain Feb. 25, 1865: mustered out with regiment.

J. M. Odell, commissioned First Lieutenant Feb. 25, 1865, mustered out with regiment.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Matthew Lockwood, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out as Sergeant Sept. 5, 1865.

J. M. Sims, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

H. P. Wright, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out as Corporal Sept. 5, 1865.

Privates.

Allgood, Spencer, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out June 19, 1865.

Coble, Daniel, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Coleman, Levi, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Hollingsworth, Albert, mustered in Feb. 15, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Kelly, J. G., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Long, J. H., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Maddox, E. R., mustered in Feb. 13, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Martin, Albert, mustered in Feb. 21, 1865; deserted Feb. 28, 1865.

McNabb, George, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Moore, Isaac, mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

Poulter, W. W., mustered in Feb. 16, 1865; out Sept. 5, 1865.

EIGHTH UNITED STATES COLORED INFANTRY.

Recruits.

Alexander, Julius, mustered in Sept. 29, 1864.

Belt, Benjamin, mustered in Sept. 24, 1864.

Benton, Henry, mustered in Sept. 24, 1864.

Crane, Webster, mustered in Oct. 6, 1864.

Hobbs, Lewis, mustered in Sept. 24, 1864.

Kendall, Henry, mustered in Sept. 24, 1864.

Roberts, William, mustered in Sept. 26, 1864.



CHAPTER VII.

THE BAR.

PREPARED BY CHARLES FOLEY.

When the writer of this sketch located at Danville, in the spring of 1863, to practice law, he found James M. Gregg, Christian C. Nave, Joseph S. Miller, Leander M. Campbell, Peter S. Kennedy and Simon T. Hadley engaged in the practice of that profession at that place. Of these, Mr. Kennedy afterward removed to Crawfordsville, Ind., where he is engaged in the practice in connection with his son. Gregg, Hadley and Nave have died. I will give a sketch of each of these deceased brethren in the order in which their deaths occurred, including J. S. Ogden who was not in the practice at the time mentioned, 1863, and who died after the death of Mr. Hadley and before that of Mr. Nave.

James M. Gregg.—Mr. Gregg was the first resident attorney of Danville to die. He died in June, 1869. The bar promptly held a meeting on the occasion, Colonel C. C. Nave presiding, and the writer of this acting as secretary. Remarks were made by all of the members of the bar, the number of whom had increased since the writer located in Danville in 1863, and all bore testimony to the many excellent characteristics of the deceased. He was respected by all, both in and out of the profession, and his death was regretted by the entire community. The remarks of Simon T. Hadley were the most replete with the biographical facts of Mr. Gregg's life, and were as follows:

"The deceased was born in Patrick County, in the State of Virginia, on the 26th day of June, 1806, and was reared in that county. He emigrated from there to this county in January, 1830, stopping at Judge Jessup's, in the southeast corner of the county, for about eighteen months, most of which time he was employed in making rails and clearing up the forest. In September, 1831, he came to this place (Danville) and was employed by James J. Given, the only dry-goods merchant in town, as clerk in the store. In September, 1833, he left the store and commenced writing in the

clerk's office for me as deputy. In October, 1834, he was appointed County Surveyor, but still continued with me in the clerk's office writing, when not engaged in surveying. In 1837 he was elected Clerk without opposition. He took the office at the close of my term in 1838, and served one term of seven years, during which time he made himself acquainted with the law, and at the close of his term, not being re-elected, he commenced the practice of law with good success. Since that time he was elected to and served one term in Congress; also one term in the State Legislature."

Mr. Gregg was elected to Congress in the fall of the memorable campaign year, 1856. His election to the Legislature occurred early during the war of the Rebellion. To Congress he went as a Democrat. To the Legislature he was elected by the combined Union sentiment of both the Republican and Democratic parties.

SIMON T. HADLEY.—Mr. Hadley died March 7, 1872. The writer cannot describe the deceased better than by quoting the remarks made by him at the bar meeting on the occasion of Mr. Hadley's death, to wit:

"I came to Danville in 1863 and formed a partnership with Mr. Hadley in the practice of law, which continued until I enlisted in the army in 1864. On my return the partnership was not renewed, but I occupied a room with him as an office for three or four years, thus having good opportunities to study and learn his character on which I put the following estimate: He was honest and desired justice to all persons. This is saying very much. His leading traits were industry and patience. He was remarkably even tempered. He was an indefatigable worker. If he was intemperate in anything, it was in working, a kind of intemperance most rare. By his industry, patience and fidelity he built up a reputation with the masses of the community for integrity and reliability, such as no other man in the county ever attained, and such as probably none of us will ever attain. With the masses, his opinion on business matters had the weight of authority; it was law. He was so very cautious that he was timid. He seldom or never in matters he deemed important, gave counsel or advised people, on the strength of his own opinion. Every thing he undertook was well weighed and considered. He was not calculated to be a leader in the enterprises of men. His mental organization and constitution were such that he was best fitted to fill a place or post whose duties would be discharged according to rules and regulations, and no man would

be more faithful in such a post. He possessed large secretiveness of character, keeping his thoughts, plans and designs to himself and having few confidants. Indeed, it took a long time of close observation to learn his character. Of his religious convictions, his faith and hopes, I know but little. I only know that once he dropped expressions that indicated his belief in the doctrine of the sovereignty of God in ordering and shaping the affairs of men.

"Our brother was born in North Carolina, Sept. 23, 1801. He learned the saddler's trade in 1818. Commenced teaching school in 1819. Married Mary Hadley in 1824. Moved to Hendricks County in 1826. Was elected Clerk and Recorder in 1830 and commenced the discharge of the duties of those offices in 1831. He moved to Danville in the spring of 1832, nearly forty years ago. He was re-elected Recorder in 1837, again in 1844, again in 1851 and again in 1855. He served as Clerk and Recorder both seven years, and as Recorder alone twenty-two years. He was President of the Bank in Danville [The First National] from its organization in 1863 until within two or three months past, and contributed much to the success of that institution. He was a Director of it at the time of his death.

"His wife died Jan. 12, 1866, and since then the loss of her society made him somewhat lonely. In a brief notice I prepared of her death for publication, I said of her, 'With meekness and humility she discharged her daily round of duties, until the messenger of death called her hence.' How truly can we speak thus of our brother. Mr. Hadley and his wife greatly resembled each other in many traits of character. He died respected by all and beloved by a great many."

Mr. Hadley never read law. His practice was confined to deed writing and probate business, almost exclusively, the routine of which he picked up while serving as Clerk and Recorder, and he did much of such business. The statutes and a small probate work constituted his law library, yet many people, particularly the pioneer settlers and their children, sought his opinion on quite a variety of legal questions, and I doubt whether I ever saw a man who could reach as correct a conclusion and give as good advice from the common-sense standpoint alone as he; and in his line of work his opinion was law with the masses. He possessed good natural talent for judging human nature.

Jesse S. Ogden.—Mr. Ogden was born in Taylor County, Va., Aug. 23, 1839, and came with his parents to Danville in 1856,

where he resided up to the time of his death. His parents were poor, and quite early he was compelled to help support himself and the family by such work as a boy can get in and about a country village. He had a desire for an education and for a while paid his tuition in the Danville school by doing janitor's work. In August, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the Seventh Indiana Infantry, and was wounded in the right hand at the battle of Winchester where his service ceased. He returned to Danville and was elected Recorder of the county on the Republican ticket, which office he filled until the end of his term. While serving as Recorder he read law and was admitted to the bar in June, 1867. He was elected Prosecuting Attorney in 1870, and to the Legislature in 1872. He formed a partnership in the law with John V. Hadley, which continued up to the time of his death. He was constituted for action rather than reflection, in the practice of the law. He was a fluent speaker. He left many friends, and a wife and five children who live in Danville.

CHRISTIAN C. NAVE.—Mr. Nave is the fourth and last resident of the Danville bar that has died. The remarks of the writer at the bar meeting on the occasion of his death so fully cover his biography that I copy the same:

"Christian C. Nave was born Aug. 22, 1803, and died on Sunday, Aug. 3, 1884, being almost eighty-one years old. Of his boyhood I know nothing. He read law with Colonel James P. Taylor, at Elizabethtown, in Carter County, Tenn. On the 28th day of March, 1827, he was admitted to the bar at that place to practice law. He followed his profession there until the fall of 1831, when he started out to find another place to locate, going to the State of Georgia and from there to Springfield, Ill., and from there to Indianapolis, Ind. On the way to the latter place he passed through the town of Danville, staying all night here Dec. 5, 1831, being the first time he ever was here. At Indianapolis he was cautioned against locating in a malarious region, and was advised to come to Danville, because the situation was high and rolling. Accordingly he returned to Danville and established himself in the practice of the law Dec. 19, 1831, and had been here continuously ever since in that business, except while he was serving in the Mexican war. When he came to Danville to locate he found that the venerable Judge Marvin had preceded him a few days in beginning the practice of the law in this place.

"Colonel Nave was married to Miss Lurena Rich Dec. 2, 1838.

Six children were born to them, four of whom are now living and will be in attendance at his funeral. His wife died June 12, 1852.

"He was elected Captain of a company that was raised at this place for service in the Mexican war, which became Company I of the First Indiana Regiment, and of which he became Lieutenant-Colonel. After serving about nine months in that capacity, he resigned and returned to Danville, being succeeded as Lieutenant-Colonel by the Major, Henry S. Lane, who afterward became Governor of the State and a United States Senator.

"He served for two terms in the House of Representatives of Indiana in 1834 and 1835, and for three terms in the Senate, 1839, 1840 and 1842. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention that framed the present Constitution of the State.

"He was an indomitable worker in his profession. When he undertook a cause he sunk his identity completely in that of his client. For many years he maintained the reputation in this and adjoining counties with the masses of the people of being a very great lawyer. He had numerous clients, and the aggregate of the fees he received would be very large. The first case that he had in our Supreme Court that I have noticed is reported in Third Blackford, being a decision of that court at the November term, 1834.

"Colonel Nave never married the second time. He reared his motherless children as best he could, and the old settlers bear testimony that his efforts in their behalf were earnest and untiring. For more than thirty-two years he lived a widower, and for many years his children had all been married and gone. Those who have seen Colonel Nave only of late years have seen an old man alone and lonely, and seemingly with no one to care for him, and yet that old man once had a pleasant home and happy family. His wife was a lady of culture and refinement, kind-hearted and universally beloved. He married her while on a visit to Tennessee. She was a teacher at that time. The few old settlers remaining who knew her, speak of her in the highest terms. Her loss to Colonel Nave was irreparable. That he had faults only shows that he was human, but, in my humble judgment, the sum of his virtues greatly outweighed his faults, and now that he is no more let us imitate the former."

From the above it will be seen that his professional career in Danville continued for nearly fifty-three years, and during all of that time it is doubtful whether the interests of any client ever suffered because of any neglect on his part. He was very public

spirited and contributed largely to every enterprise that he thought was calculated to develop the country, and by some of them he lost large sums of money. He introduced cultivated fruits into the town of Danville and was ever ready to help disseminate seeds and plants among his neighbors.

The day (Saturday) preceding his death he caused to be filed in the Circuit Court a complaint in his own handwriting. He died in his office library-room, which he used as a bed-room, being unwilling to be removed elsewhere. He was a remarkable man in many particulars and had prominent individual characteristics.

There have been other members of the Danville bar who have removed elsewhere and died, but the above named, Gregg, Hadley, Ogden and Nave, are all of the members of the bar who have died resident of Danville. On the death of Mr. Gregg, the bar established the precedent of having the oldest practicing lawyer to preside over the meeting, who was Mr. Nave, and he presided at the meetings on the deaths of Gregg, Hadley and Ogden. Joseph S. Miller presided on the occasion of the death of Mr. Nave.

In a pigeon-hole box in the clerk's office, the writer deposited copies of the Danville papers containing notices of, and the bar proceedings on, the deaths of the four gentlemen mentioned above. Should the practice be kept up, each in his turn will have a brief but very perishable record.

Before taking up the present members of the bar, I must make mention of an old citizen of Danville, known to everybody as Judge Marvin.

Henry H. Marvin was born in Luzerne County, Pa., Feb. 22, 1802. While he was an infant his parents removed to Ohio. He passed the most of his boyhood with his parents in the country, helping to clear off the forests, but attended school sufficiently to get a better education than most country boys. He read law in the office of Osmer and Henry Curtis in Mt. Vernon, Ohio. Columbus Delaney was a law student in that office at that time.

He located in Danville in December, 1831, having previously passed through the place on his way to the State of Illinois, where he staied something like a year before he returned. In locating at Danville, he preceded Colonel Nave a few days. He began the practice of law immediately but in an irregular way, for he was not admitted to the bar until in 1834. Before his admission to the bar he taught a grammar school, probably the first school in Danville in which grammar was taught.

In those days, to be admitted to the bar and be authorized to practice law was not the easy thing that it now is, though it takes as long now to make a good lawyer as it did then. While no easier or shorter road has been found to good lawyership, yet by virtue of the present Constitution of the State, all barriers to the bar have been removed, as to all males twenty-one years of age possessing a good moral character. The great majority of the legal profession in Indiana, to-day, were admitted to the bar under the present Constitution, and I think it would be interesting to some to know something of the steps taken by the old lawyers to be admitted. Beside evidence as to the moral character of the applicant, he had to undergo an examination by a committee composed of members of the bar appointed by the court for the purpose, as to his knowledge of law and his qualifications generally to practice. That examination had to be followed by two others, that is by the two presiding judges of two judicial circuits, and if all such examinations proved satisfactory, the applicant was, on taking the proper oath, duly admitted to the bar and licensed as a practicing lawyer. Mr. Marvin has kindly furnished me with the following certificates relating to his admission, which I give *verbatim*.

"STATE OF INDIANA, } ss. Hendricks Circuit Court,
"Hendricks County, } October Term, 1832.

"I, Simon T. Hadley, Clerk of said court, do hereby certify that at said term of said court it was, on motion, ordered to be certified that Henry H. Marvin was a man of good moral character. I do therefore hereby certify that he (the said Marvin) is a man of good moral character.

Seal of the Circuit Court of Hendricks County, Indiana. } "Given under my hand with the seal of the court affixed at Danville this 6th day of July, A. D. 1833.

"S. T. HADLEY, *Clerk.*"

Indorsed
"Certificate of
Moral Character."

The seal was a mere ink scroll, in a square form.

"THE HON. B. F. MORRIS—

"*President of the Fifth Judicial Circuit:*

"The undersigned having examined Mr. Henry H. Marvin

touching his qualification to practice law, recommend him to your honor for a license.

"*Danville*, Oct. 13, 1834.

"J. MORRISON,
"W. QUARLES,
"WILLIAM HEROD,
"CHRISTIAN C. NAVE,
"CALVIN FLETCHER."

"STATE OF INDIANA, TO-WIT:

"We, Bethuel F. Morris, President Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, and Amory Kinney, President Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Indiana, do certify that Henry H. Marvin has produced to us satisfactory evidence of his good moral character, and we having examined him touching his qualifications to practice law, do hereby license and permit him, the said Henry H. Marvin, to practice as an attorney and counselor at law in all the Circuit and inferior Courts of said State.

"Given under our hands and seals, this 20th day of October, A. D. 1834.

"B. F. MORRIS. [L. S.]
"AMORY KINNEY. [L. S.]"

The seals were ink scrolls. Annexed to the foregoing certificate of the two judges were two certificates of the clerk of the Circuit Court of Putnam County. The first must have been considered insufficient, for the second covers the same and more ground, to-wit:

"STATE OF INDIANA, }
"County of Putnam. }

"I, Arthur McGaughey, Clerk of the Circuit Court for said county, do certify that the above licensed Henry H. Marvin was, by order of the Circuit Court, admitted to practice as an attorney and counselor at law in this county, and that he took the oath required by law.

"Given under my hand and the seal of said court at my office in Greencastle, on the 21st day of October, 1834. A. MCGAUGHEY, *Clerk*."
[SEAL.]

"THE STATE OF INDIANA, } ss. Putnam Circuit Court, October Term,
"Putnam County, } 1834, Tuesday, Oct. 21.

"Be it remembered, that on the above day of the above term of the above court, before the court in session, personally appeared the within named Henry H. Marvin, and took an oath to support the Consti-

tution of the United States and the Constitution of this State; and an oath of office, to-wit: That he will, in all things, faithfully execute the duties of an attorney and counselor at law according to the best of his understanding and abilities; whereupon said Marvin was fully admitted to practice as an attorney and counselor at law agreeably to the within license, and to law.

"In witness whereof I, Arthur McGaughey, Clerk of said Court, hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said court, at Greencastle, this 21st day of October, 1834.

[SEAL.]

"A. McGAUGHEY, *Clerk.*"

The seals used by Clerk McGaughey were not ink scrolls, but stamped impressions. Mr. Marvin has not practiced any since the writer came here in 1863, and probably had not for a number of years before. He is much interested in the study of astronomy, and has some theories of his own which he has talked of publishing.

Let us now turn to the present active members of the bar. I will name them in the order of the dates of their admission. All were admitted to the bar, for the first time, at Danville. It gives me pleasure to say that I believe them to be as reliable and honorable, both in their professional and private lives, as are the members of any bar in the State. For legal learning and natural ability I believe they will compare favorably with the bar of any mere county seat in the State. I have no hesitation in saying that their clients need have no fears but that their business will be faithfully attended to.

JOSEPH S. MILLER, born Sept. 11, 1826, in Highland County, Ohio. Came with his parents to Hendricks County in April, 1835. They removed to Danville in December following. He read law at Danville in the office of William C. Wilson, now of Lafayette, Ind., and was admitted to the bar in Danville, Nov. 20, 1850, and has been in practice there ever since. In December, 1865, he was appointed Prosecuting Attorney for the counties of Hendricks, Marion and Johnson, by Conrad Baker, Lieutenant-Governor, acting as Governor, to fill a vacancy. At the next ensuing election he was elected to that place for a term of two years. He was married to Miss Ellean Patty on the 16th day of November, 1848, and after her death he was married to Miss Jane Fletcher, both of Hendricks County. He has four children. On the 20th day of April, 1861, he enlisted in Company A, Seventh Regiment Indiana Volunteers, under the call for three-months men, and was the first

man in Hendricks County to volunteer. He raised the company, which was the only company raised in Hendricks County for the three-months service, and was commissioned as Second Lieutenant, and served as such until the expiration of the term of enlistment. In politics he is a Republican, and it is worthy of mention that he was a delegate from Indiana in the convention at Philadelphia, Pa., in 1856, that nominated Fremont for President. He has been longer in the practice of law than any man in Danville. He is not a member of any church.

Leander M. Campbell was born in Mason County, Ky., Feb. 12, 1833. His education was obtained in the country schools. He read law books and taught school alternately for several years, and spent one winter in the law office of his brother, T. C. Campbell, at Maysville, Ky. He came to Hendricks County in the winter of 1852. He taught school in the south part of the county for a while, and was admitted to the bar in Danville, April 7, 1854, where he has practiced law ever since. He was elected Prosecuting Attorney for the counties of Hendricks and Putnam for a term of two years. No salary was paid the Prosecuting Attorney at that time. His compensation depended solely on fees received for convictions. For one year he was in partnership with John V. Hadley, in the law. He is now State Senator for the counties of Hendricks and Putnam, having been elected to that position in 1884. He is married and has two grown daughters, one of whom is the wife of Attorney Thad. S. Adams. The other is unmarried and is studying painting, favorable notices of her work having appeared from time to time in the press. Mr. Campbell states that he has not missed attendance at any term of court since his admission to the bar. He is a Republican in politics. Does not belong to any church.

Charles Foley was born Jan. 3, 1835, at Indianapolis, Ind. His mother died in the fall of 1839, he being the only surviving child. In the spring of 1843 his father removed to a farm four miles north of the city, near where Crown Hill Cemetery now is, where he staid most of the time until he attained his majority. He attended the neighborhood schools some of winters, they being typical schools of the rural districts of Indiana of those days, the Marion County Seminary some, and Hanover College the first year of the scientific course. He spent two winters teaching in Hendricks County, and in the spring of 1857 started to the West with an outfit of surveyor's instruments, and after visiting Nebraska and Iowa located

in Harrison County, Mo., where he followed surveying and teaching until the breaking out of the war in 1861, when he went to Indianapolis, Ind., and entered the law office of the late Horatio C. Newcomb and John S. Tarkington, as a student, and in the spring of 1863 located at Danville to practice law. He was admitted to the bar at the next ensuing term, the August term, 1863, of the Hendricks Circuit Court, and has practiced there continuously ever since, except during 100-days service in the summer of 1864, as a private in Company H, One Hundred and Thirty-second Regiment Indiana Volunteers. In the fall of 1863 he formed a partnership with the late Simon T. Hadley in the practice of the law, which continued until the spring of 1864, when he enlisted in the above-named service. On his return from the service he occupied a room for several years as an office with Mr. Hadley, without being in partnership. He was married Jan. 31, 1867, to Miss Eliza Ann Leach, of Pittsboro, Hendricks County. They have one child, a boy, in his ninth year. He is a Republican in politics. His anti-slavery views and the fact that he had been a Republican candidate for Presidential Elector in Missouri, in 1860, hastened his exit from that State. He does not belong to any church.

JOHN V. HADLEY was born Oct. 31, 1839, in Hendricks County; was educated in the common schools of the county. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1861, in Company B, Seventh Indiana Volunteers. He served until Feb. 22, 1865. He participated in a number of battles, notably Port Republic, the second battle of Bull Run, where he received a flesh wound, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg and the Wilderness, beside minor engagements. On the 5th day of May, 1864, he was taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness. He seems to have gone the rounds of the rebel prisons, for he was an inmate of prisons in Virginia, Georgia and South Carolina. He escaped with some other prisoners Nov. 4, 1864, and after much hardship and many exciting adventures he and party reached the Union forces at Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 10 following. He was discharged at Washington City. He read law in Danville, was admitted to the bar in June, 1866, and has been in the practice at that place ever since, having been in partnership with Leander M. Campbell, Jesse S. Ogden (now deceased), Richard B. Blake and Enoch G. Hogate. In the winter of 1884 the firm of Hadley, Hogate & Blake was dissolved, and Mr. Hadley is now alone. In the early part of his professional career he varied the monotony of waiting for clients by writing a pamphlet of his prison life and

experiences in making his escape, which had a good sale in the county. He was married March 15, 1865, to Miss Mary J. Hill, of Hendricks County. They have three children. He owns a large farm and takes much interest in Hereford cattle, with which he is experimenting. He is President of the Board of Directors of the First National Bank of Danville, and is a member of the Christian church. He is Republican in politics.

THOMAS J. COFER was born Sept. 2, 1839, in Hendricks County, and was reared on a farm four miles north of Danville. His education was mostly acquired at the district school of the neighborhood. He enlisted as a private in Company K, Sixteenth Regiment Indiana Volunteer Infantry for one year, and served until the expiration of the term of enlistment. Being in Washington City and not in service, on the 23d day of May, 1862, he went to Fredericksburg, Va., on a visit to the Seventh Regiment Indiana Volunteers. The next day he went with the regiment to the Shenandoah Valley and remained there until June 9, 1862, in the meantime participating in the battle of Port Republic, at which he was wounded and taken prisoner by the rebels. From thence he was taken to various rebel prisons, and was paroled in December, 1862. He then came back to Hendricks County. He re-enlisted in the fall of 1863 in Company I, Ninth Indiana Cavalry, becoming First Lieutenant and afterward Captain, and served until Sept. 8, 1865, when he was finally discharged. He returned again to Hendricks County and engaged in the dry-goods trade, at which he continued until the year 1872, when he was admitted to the bar in Danville, at which place and business he has continued ever since. He was elected Prosecuting Attorney in the fall of 1872, and served for the term, two years. Since his term of office expired he has served four years as Deputy Prosecutor. He is now in partnership with Newton M. Taylor, in the practice of law. He was married Nov. 9, 1865, to Mary S. Scearce, daughter of William Scearce, a neighbor of his father's. They have two children, girls, living. In politics he is a Republican. He does not belong to any church organization.

RICHARD B. BLAKE was born in Hendricks County, Ind., March 14, 1850. He graduated in June, 1872, at Asbury, now De Pauw, University, at Greencastle, Ind. He was admitted to the bar in Danville, Oct. 16, 1872, and has continued in the practice of law at that place ever since. He was elected Prosecuting Attorney for one term, serving from 1878 to 1880. He is in partnership

with Enoch G. Hogate in the practice of law. He was married to Miss Antoinette E. Moore, of Danville, Dec. 22, 1874. He has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church about fourteen years, having joined while attending school at Greencastle.

ENOCH G. HOGATE was born Sept. 16, 1849, at Centerton, Salem Co., N. J. He graduated at Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa., in June, 1872. On the 16th day of October, 1872, he was admitted to the bar in Danville, and has practiced law there continuously ever since. He is in partnership with Richard B. Blake. He was married May 8, 1873, to Miss Mary J. Matlock, of Danville, who died leaving him three children. He was married a second time, Aug. 10, 1881, to Miss Anna C. Huston, of Danville. He has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church since 1866.

NEWTON M. TAYLOR was born Oct. 3, 1847, at Attica, Fountain Co., Ind. Was educated in the public schools of that place and at Asbury University, at Greencastle, Ind., where he received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1873. He read law for one year at Greencastle with Brown & Hanna, attorneys, and graduated at the Law School of the State University at Bloomington, Ind., in 1875, after a one-year course there. He served as a private in Company E, One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Regiment Indiana Volunteers, in the 100-days service, in the summer of 1864. Was married Aug. 11, 1875, to Miss Lu Ensey, of Annapolis, Parke Co., Ind.; removed to Danville immediately, was admitted to the bar, where he has been in the practice of the law ever since. He is now in partnership with Thomas J. Cofer. Was elected Prosecuting Attorney in the fall of 1880 for the Nineteenth Judicial Circuit for a term of two years. He has two children. Is a Republican in politics. Does not belong to any church, but is a Unitarian in faith.

JAMES O. PARKER was born Oct. 11, 1853, at Jonesville, Bartholomew Co., Ind. Received his education in the public schools. Read law in Danville and was admitted to the bar in 1876. Practiced law until the year 1880, when he went into the dry-goods business with his father-in-law, William N. Crabb, in which business he continued until some time in 1881, when he became connected as editor and publisher, with *The Hendricks County Republican*, of which paper he finally became sole editor and publisher. He sold out the *Republican* in April, 1885, to Messrs. Moffett & Riddle, and has resumed the practice of law. He is in partnership with James A. Downard in the law and ab-

stracting titles. Mr. Parker was married to Miss Victoria J. Crabb, of Danville, on the 31st day of October, 1877. They have two children. He is a member of the Methodist church.

THAD. S. ADAMS was born Nov. 6, 1853, in Hendricks County. Educated in the common schools of the county. Read law in Danville and was admitted to the bar at that place in the spring of 1877. Was married May 6, 1880, to Miss Effie Campbell, of Danville, daughter of Attorney Leander M. Campbell. They have one child. Is Deputy Prosecuting Attorney for Hendricks County. Is Republican in politics. Does not belong to any church.

JAMES A. DOWNARD was born Nov. 15, 1855, in Hendricks County. Attended the common schools and Butler University (at Irvington, Ind). He read law at Danville and was admitted to the bar at that place in June, 1878. He is in the practice and is in partnership with James O. Parker in the law and in abstracting titles and loaning funds. He was married May 22, 1884, to Miss Donaldson, of Danville. He does not belong to any church and is a Republican.

MURAT W. HOPKINS was born Oct. 20, 1857, in Hendricks County. Was educated in the common schools of the county. He graduated in the Law Department of the Iowa State University; located at Iowa City, State of Iowa, in June, 1881. Was admitted to the bar in Danville in September, 1881. He was married April 20, 1882, and has one child. He is a partner of Robert Hollowell in the practice of law. Is a member of the Christian or Disciples' church. He is a Democrat in politics.

GEORGE W. BRILL was born in Hendricks County, Dec. 16, 1859. Received his education in the common schools of the county and at the Central Normal College at Danville. Read law in Danville and was admitted to the bar at that place in June, 1883, where he has since been engaged in the practice. He is a Democrat in politics. Does not belong to any church, and is not married.

CASSIUS CLAY HADLEY was born in Hendricks County. He attended the common schools of the county, the Central Normal School at Danville, and Butler University at Irvington, Ind. He read law in Danville, and was admitted to the bar in June, 1883. On the dissolution of the law firm of Hadley, Hogate & Blake, in February, 1885, he became clerk to Mr. Hadley, of that firm, in which capacity he is now engaged. Is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Christian church. Is not married.

ROBERT HOLLOWELL was born Jan. 6, 1858, in Parke County, Ind.

Was educated at the common schools of the county. Read law some in Danville, and graduated in the Law Department of the State University of Michigan in the spring of 1883. Was admitted to the bar in Danville in September, 1883. Is a partner in the practice of law with Murat W. Hopkins. Is a Republican in politics. He is not married.

GEORGE C. HARVEY was born in Rockville, Parke Co., Ind. Attended Wabash College four years. Read law in Danville, and was admitted to the bar there in September, 1884. Is now in the practice. He is the Corporation Clerk. His father was killed at the battle of Shiloh, April 6, 1862, as Captain of Company I, Thirty-first Indiana Volunteers. He is not married, belongs to no church, and is a Republican.



CHAPTER VIII.

THE PRESS.

IMPROVEMENTS IN JOURNALISM, AND INCREASE IN ITS POWER.—EARLY PAPERS IN HENDRICKS COUNTY.—PAPERS AT DANVILLE, PLAINFIELD AND NORTH SALEM.—JOURNALS NOW PUBLISHED.—SKETCHES OF THE EDITORS.

In the development of modern civilization there is no more potent factor than the newspaper, and, at the same time, there has been no greater progress in anything for fifty years past than in American journalism. Fifty years ago the country had few newspapers that could be considered paying property. The metropolitan journals devoted about as much space to foreign as to domestic news, while country weeklies seemed to consider that which happened at home as of no importance whatever, and imitated the larger papers in style and contents. The telegraph and railroads, assisted by that enterprising spirit which is inseparably connected with successful journalistic management, have wrought most gratifying results. Local news has become the main feature of weekly country newspapers, and all journals of the better class are foremost in advancing the best interests of the localities from which their support comes.

In Hendricks County, journalism has kept pace in the march of improvement with other professions and industries. The wide circulation of the papers at present published, and the large number of outside papers that are taken here, afford the best possible evidence that the people are intelligent, enterprising and progressive. In Danville alone 200 copies of the Indianapolis papers are distributed every day.

Although many able writers have been employed upon the county press in former years, without disparagement to any of them, it can safely be asserted, that the journals of the county, taken as a whole, were never better conducted than at present. The editors are gentlemen who understand their business thoroughly, and do their utmost to give their patrons good, clean, reliable newspapers.

Journalism in this county is not yet forty years old. In the spring of 1846 the Danville *Advertiser* was established, with Joseph Graham as publisher and Dr. H. G. Todd (still residing at Danville) as editor. Dr. Todd and several other public-spirited citizens bought the press for Mr. Graham, in order to secure a paper here. The *Advertiser* was a six-column folio, and composed almost entirely of reading matter, there being few advertisements. It was Whig in politics, and, indeed, it was founded purely in the interest of the Whig party, for which it continued to act as an organ during the entire period of its existence. After a few years it changed hands, and for a time it had a checkered career, having various owners and being issued under several different names successively, but remaining of the same political faith.

In 1856 it appeared as theD anville *Republican*, under which title it was issued continuously until the spring of 1864. April 23, of that year, the first number of the *Hendricks County Union* was published by W. P. Gregg & Co. It was an uncompromising war paper, and had, flying at its mast head as a motto, the words, "To preserve the Union soldiers must vote at elections as well as fight in the field." The name "Union" was selected in preference to the former name of "Republican," in order to gain the support of the war Democrats, which it succeeded, to some extent, in doing. It was ably edited, and was a success from the start. It continued under the management of the above firm, till July 14 of the same year, when Colonel Lawrence S. Shuler, a gallant soldier, became sole proprietor, with Colonel James M. Gregg as editor, and Gid. B. Thompson in charge of the local department and assistant in the business management.

Colonel Shuler continued to publish the paper until April 20, 1865, when he sold it to James L. Singer, who became editor and publisher, and remained as proprietor of the paper until March 15, 1866, when John N. Scearce bought the office and became "editor and proprietor." Mr. Scearce continued at the helm of the *Union* for over thirteen years, changing the name in 1874 to the Danville *Union*. Under him the paper prospered and was for most of the time on a good paying basis. During a part of his administration Dr. A. Furnas was agricultural editor, and contributed largely to the value and interest of the paper. In 1866 O. H. Smith was educational editor. Jan. 2, 1879, Mr. Scearce sold the *Union* to J. E. Sherrill, who had begun the publication

of the Danville *Republican*. Mr. Sherrill merged the *Union* into the *Republican*, but the new paper was of short life. Jan. 30, 1879, less than one month after the suspension of the Danville *Union*, another *Hendricks County Union* came into existence.

The new firm was South, Hathaway & Co., and the paper at once struck the public favorably, there being something of an advantage in the old name, "Union." In a few weeks Mr. Sherrill sold his *Republican* office and business to the new *Union* firm, S. F. Wishard and Jim B. Greene being added to the same. A. G. South soon left the firm, and in a few months Mr. Greene retired, the paper being continued by Hathaway & Wishard. Aug. 4 of the same year Mr. Wishard sold his share to John R. Rankin, and Hathaway & Rankin were the proprietors till Nov. 7, when O. H. Smith bought Mr. Rankin out, and Hathaway & Smith were then the publishers, while Mr. Smith became editor. In December, 1880, Mr. Smith bought R. F. Hathaway's share of the paper, and became editor and proprietor. Feb. 11, 1882, he sold to Parker & Bowen, of the *Republican*, who continued to issue the *Union* from their office for about two months, on account of certain advertising contracts.

These gentlemen had, Oct. 13, 1881, started the *Hendricks County Republican*, which is now the Republican paper of Danville. Feb. 10, 1883, Mr. Bowen sold his interest in the office to William N. Crabb, and the paper was published by Crabb & Parker, with Mr. Parker as editor and manager until the month of April, 1885. After Mr. Bowen's departure Samuel F. Wishard was local editor for one year. In March, 1884, Mr. Bowen returned to the paper, with which he was connected as local editor until April, 1885. In this month Crabb & Parker sold to the present proprietors, Moffett & Riddle.

The *Republican* has the same heading and size (30 x 44, six-column quarto) as when first published. It is all printed at home, on the first successful steam press ever brought into the county. It is uniformly Republican in politics, but claims to be independent in everything else. The job-printing department is a profitable one, as one man is employed constantly on job and press work. The *Republican*, which had not a subscriber when its first issue was printed, now has a circulation of 1,600.

This completes the record of Whig and Republican journalism in Danville, except that two papers have been moved there from Plainfield, both named the *Progress*. The first was in 1877, by John

N. Vestal, who suspended after six months, and the second occasion was in May, 1883, when George V. Mechler made a like venture. He, too, soon lost money, and gave it up.

The opposite political faith has been represented by several papers, all at Danville. The first bore the enterprising title of the *Butcher Knife*, and was founded in 1856 by George Gregg. It lived four years, and then died out, in the midst of the strong Union sentiments which pervaded the community at the opening of the war.

The Danville *Indianian* was established in 1870 by parties hailing from Greensburg. Soon after, it became the property of a stock company, and then for a time it was in charge of Dr. Haggart, who was followed by two brothers named Ray. In 1872 the office was purchased by C. N. Walls, who remained in control until the fall of 1875, when the office and material were sold and sent to Illinois.

In February, 1878, E. D. King founded the *Democrat*, remaining editor and publisher until August, 1879, building up an influential and profitable paper. At the latter date mentioned, he sold to M. A. Barnett, who in turn closed out his office in October, 1881, to J. O. Parker, of the *Republican*, E. D. King having returned from a year's absence in Colorado and founded, Sept. 15, 1880, the *Hendricks County Gazette*, which is now the Democratic paper of the county, and one of the leading country journals of the State. Launched in the midst of a presidential campaign, the *Gazette* at once assumed a leading and influential position. Its editor was indicted for libel under the Grubbs law, but so transparent was the action of the partisan grand jury that Mr. King was never brought to trial, the judge quashing the indictment and throwing the case out of court.

In August, 1882, Mr. King retired from the *Gazette*, and it passed through various controls, till Aug. 1, 1884, when its present proprietor, Will A. King, with John W. Cravens, purchased the good will and business. The latter gentleman in a few months resumed the mercantile business, and Mr. King became sole proprietor. He is a practical newspaper man, having been connected with his father as co-publisher of the *Gazette* at its commencement. There are probably few county papers that surpass the *Gazette* in circulation and influence. It is conducted in a conservative manner that gives influence to its sayings, and as a paper of local standing, it receives a large patronage from political oppo-

nents over the county. Its subscription price is $1.50, and its circulation is between 1,200 and 1,500. In the spring of 1885 it became financially embarrassed, and at present writing its future is uncertain.

Plainfield has had several papers, the first being *Once a Week*, founded by John A. Deem, in 1862. This was suspended after a short time. It was afterward revived by John N. Vestal, who gave it the name of the *Citizen*, and published it for some time. He then sold it to Charles S. McNichols, who issued a paper for a while under the name of the *Tribune*.

George V. Mechler, Nov. 11, 1880, issued the first number of the Plainfield *Progress*, which he ran successfully two or three years. Though a Democrat himself, he published it as an Independent sheet (being in a strong Republican locality) and was very successful. In fact, he became, so to speak, too prosperous, and in May, 1883, removed to Danville, to compete with the journals at the county seat. This was a disastrous step to him, and he was soon obliged so suspend. Immediately after his removal Horace G. Douglass and J. A. Fullen commenced the issue of a paper under the old name of the Plainfield *Progress*. But two weeks passed between the two papers, Messrs. Douglass & Fullen issuing their first number May 31, 1883. Mr. Fullen shortly withdrew, going West, whence he has, however, returned. Douglass retained control until May 12, 1884, when he obtained an appointment at the Reform School, and sold the office to A. T. Harrison, the present editor and proprietor. The *Progress* was at first a five-column quarto, but was soon increased in size to six columns. It was politically independent, under Mr. Douglass, but Mr. Harrison has made it a Republican sheet. It is not rigidly partisan. The *Progress* has made a general circulation in the southern part of Hendricks County, and in adjacent parts of Marion and Morgan counties.

North Salem is the only other village in the county that has been blessed with a printing office. J. J. and H. E. Hennon came from Rochedale, Putnam County, in July, 1884, and until March, 1885, published regularly the North Salem *Reporter*, a six-column quarto, independent in politics. In the month last mentioned the Messrs. Hennon returned to Rochedale.

Jesse W. Riddle, of the *Republican*, was born in Perry County, Ind., July 31, 1861, the son of James H. and Catharine (Goad) Riddle. The father is still living, a farmer of Perry County. Jesse

was reared on the paternal farm, and received a good English education, first in the district schools and then in the Central Normal College, of Danville, where he graduated in June, 1883. He then followed teaching for two years at Pittsboro, this county, when in April, 1885, he entered upon journalism by purchasing a half interest in the *Republican*.

WILL A. KING, editor and proprietor of the *Gazette*, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, May 5, 1864, and is the oldest of the children now living of E. D. and R. A. King. At an early age he entered the printing office of his father, and became a thorough workman in the "art preservative of all arts." His father is an editor of over thirty-years experience, and under his careful guidance the son not only acquired the mechanical knowledge of the business, but became thoroughly competent to assume any position connected with the newspaper office. In 1882 he became co-publisher with his father in founding the *Gazette*, of which he is now the sole head. His conduct of the paper is highly commended by men of all parties. It wields a strong influence in its party, and has a circulation and advertising patronage largely above the average of county papers throughout the State. Mr. King is unmarried.

ARTHUR T. HARRISON, editor and proprietor of the Plainfield *Progress*, was born June 1, 1858, in Chesterfield, Madison Co., Ind., the son of John A. and Nancy E. (Diltz) Harrison. The father was a school-teacher for a number of years, but, removing to Anderson (the county seat) in 1859, he practiced law there until his health failed, a few years since. His wife died in 1863. Mr. Harrison was the leading lawyer in his county, and one of the ablest and best-known members of the legal profession in Indiana. He was a hard worker, and popular with all who knew him. He was Prosecuting Attorney from 1862 to 1866, two terms, and was a candidate for Representative in 1859; but, as a rule, he avoided politics. The son attended school at Anderson from his fifth to his fourteenth year, and then served two years as an apprentice to the printer's trade on the Anderson *Herald*. A term at school was succeeded by six months more on the *Herald*. At the earnest request of his father, he then entered the latter's office to study law. He was soon thrown upon his own resources, owing to his father's failure in health. He was admitted to the bar in June, 1879, and to practice before the Supreme Court in 1880, on motion of Judge Walter Marcl, of Muncie. He then practiced law in Madison County until March, 1883, the last year in part-

nership with J. F. McClure. His inclinations all the time led him toward journalism, and during 1878–'9 he was local editor of the Madison *Herald*. In March, 1883, he went to Bement, Ill., where for nine weeks he ran the *Gazette* for the owner. Returning to Muncie, he worked on the *Daily News* until May, 1884, when he came to Plainfield and purchased the office, business and good will of the *Progress*, which he has since very creditably conducted. Mr. Harrison was married Sept. 11, 1883, at Mooresville, Morgan County, to Miss Clara Davis, daughter of Joshua M. and Rachel (Demoss) Davis. In politics Mr. Harrison is a zealous Republican. He and wife are active members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

CHAPTER IX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EDUCATIONAL.—PROGRESS IN METHODS AND IDEAS.—THE SCHOOLS OF HENDRICKS COUNTY.—CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE.—PUBLIC BUILDINGS.—REFORM SCHOOL AT PLAINFIELD.—OLD SETTLERS' SOCIETY.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.—HENDRICKS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

"That people which has the best books and the best schools is the best people; if it is not so to-day, it will be so to-morrow." These words, from the pen of the French educator and statesman, Jules Simon, deserve to become a household quotation the world over, for no more potent nor expressive truth was ever uttered. Of course all progress and education is not derived from the study of books, and as Hosea Ballou has said, "Education commences at the mother's knee," and every word spoken within the hearing of little children tends toward the formation of character; but at the same time no other one agency is so powerful as the common school in developing a nation of self-governing people.

The citizens of this county feel a just pride in their progress in educational methods, which have fully kept pace with the advancement in wealth and the development of material resources. As soon as the county was sufficiently settled to enable any neighborhood to open a school, a school-house was provided and the services of a teacher secured. Often a room of a private house was occupied, and sometimes the deserted cabin of a squatter became a temporary school-room, in which the old-time masters, who worked on the tuition plan, flourished the rod and taught the rudiments of reading, writing and arithmetic. The first school-houses built were structures of the rudest kind, such as no pioneer would be content to occupy as a dwelling. Built of logs, with floors and benches of puncheons, with a huge fireplace and a stick and mud chimney, they were little calculated for comfort or convenience. Window-glass was too expensive an article to be used in the construction of a school-house, and therefore greased paper was

substituted for it. The writing desk was a notable feature in every school-room. It generally extended across one end or one side of the room, and was made of a slab, held in its place by wooden pins. For architectural effect, probably, certainly not for convenience, it was fastened high up on the wall, and the pupil, in order to use it, must climb upon a high wooden bench and sit there without a support for his back or his feet.

Of the qualifications of the teachers of those days, the less said the better. Many were accounted good teachers who, in these days, would be unable to secure a certificate even of the third grade. Yet the most of them put to the best use the little talent and less training they had, and succeeded in planting good seeds in the minds of their pupils. Some of the best minds this county has produced were those of men whose whole school education was received in the log school-houses of the pioneer days.

The progress of education here is only a miniature reproduction of what has taken place more slowly among all civilized nations. In recent years improved methods of mental culture have aided the teachers in securing better results. The primary object of educating children is not that they may escape labor thereby, but that they may labor more intelligently. Children should be taught that employment leads to happiness, indolence to misery, and that all trades and professions whereby an honest livelihood is maintained are honorable. Right living is the end to be achieved, and it is the workers that do the most good in the world. The man who constantly and intelligently thinks, is above temptation. The women who honorably labor in the various trades are to be preferred and honored above those who sit with folded hands. It is education that makes duty more apparent, lessens toil and sweetens life. It is by true education that the moral responsibilities of the human family are better understood.

Methods are now sought for and followed in the school-room. The child's capacity and character are better understood now than in the pioneer days. The rod is laid aside, and children are no longer forced under the lash to order and apparent studiousness. Fretful and cruel teachers are giving way to those who love children, and again will mankind draw nearer to the millennium through the influence of the law of love. In this age better attention is paid to hygiene and ventilation in the school-room. Houses are lighted, aired and warmed in a rational manner. Since the introduction of the "automatic" school desks there need

be no more disagreeable seating in our school-rooms. The inventor of this desk will have a reward in the blessings of the countless thousand of healthy men and women who, in this generation, as children, are comfortably seated in many of our best schools.

New and better studies have been added to the course of study in our common schools within the last decade. Now, the child is taught to apply what he learns, directing his course of study in the line of his mental activity, cultivating the good, and restraining the evil propensities. The time was, not far back, when only a limited knowledge of "'reading, 'riting and 'rithmetic," could be acquired in the common schools. The highest aim of the youth of the pioneer days was to write a fair hand, spell orally, and solve mathematical puzzles. This age is moving in a better educational sphere. The change was of course gradual. It was a long struggle of ignorance and bigotry against education, in which the latter has been crowned the victor. But few teachers cling to the old theory. Little by little they are growing away from the old system. A few teachers, who do not improve, are yet votaries at the shrine of their idols—the birch, the dunce-cap and other old fashioned methods. But,

"Too weak the sacred shrine to guard,"

they must soon yield to the new education, and enter the conflict against error and for a better educational life.

In this struggle for better methods, opinions covered with age and honors have been marched off the stage of human action and supplanted by facts and principles which have cost years of toil to discover, and more years to establish. To the close student and observer this theory is new only in its application to our schools. It is the normal or natural method. This is the theory of education that antedates all others. The ancients taught by objects, when but few of the most wealthy men of that day could afford books. In fact, text-book knowledge is a new thing to the world. The first teachers gave instruction orally. They were, by the force of circumstances, independent of text-books. To this excellent plan has been added the written method. Then, it was principally by observation that pupils received instruction. By placing the objects before the pupils the teacher could easily reach their minds by his lectures. In this age blackboards, spelling-tablets, slates, charts and other school apparatus is in general use in our best schools. In the schools of to-day, it is through the

eye that a mental picture is formed from the printed page which children draw upon paper or boards from the ends of their fingers. Well qualified teachers do not think of depending upon text-books at their recitations, but rather imitate the ancient normal methods. In order to meet the demand for better qualified teachers, normal training schools have been established in this and other States. The teachers' institute is also an outgrowth of the demand for teachers of a higher standard. Now, true education is admitted to be the drawing-out and developing of that which the child already possesses, instead of the old crowding theory of pioneer days.

There is perhaps no question which can so deeply interest the people of a county as that of obtaining teachers of known and tried ability. In the period of the early settlement of this county almost any one could teach. That time, with all of its rude school appliances, has rolled away. The claims of to- a can no longer be met by appliances of even a decade ago, for experience is beginning to show that teaching, like every other department of human thought and activity, must change with the onward movements of society, or fall in the rear of civilization and become an obstacle to improvement. The educational problem of to-day is to obtain useful knowledge—to secure the practical part of education before the ornamental, and that in the shortest time. An intellectual life of the highest culture is what is called for in a free country like ours. An intelligent man is better qualified for any of the duties of life than an uneducated person. This is an admitted fact. In truth, a free nation's safety is wrapped in the intelligence of its citizens. Only an educated people can long sustain a free republic ; therefore it is the duty of the State to educate that her free institutions may stand through all ages as sacred and endeared monuments of the enlightened people.

Education sweetens and hedges in the family circle and drives away frivolity and gossip from a community, protecting the members from the inroads of vice and immorality. It is the strong bulwark of education that binds the nation of 56,000,000 people together for advancement that she may shine in the near future the brightest star in the constellation of governments. Rapid strides have been made in education within the last half century, but the field of improvement is yet boundless, and the

work of education must still go on, and make perhaps greater changes than those from the time when

> "The sacred seer with scientific truth
> In Grecian temples taught the attentive youth,
> With ceaseless change, how restless atoms pass
> From life to life, a transmigrating mass,"

to that of to-day, when men's thoughts are directed to the investigation of what they see around them.

THE SCHOOLS OF HENDRICKS COUNTY.

BY T. R. GILLELAND.

If the different conditions of society in different countries, and the different parts of the same country, and of different individuals in the same community are the result of chance, then the study of history can do no good and can only have for its object the mere gratification of idle curiosity.

But if these are not the result of chance, then the events and facts of history, whether they concern individuals, communities or nations, must be the consequence of antecedent causes and are the developments of time, depending upon a fixed law.

This being true, we are able, through a knowledge of the past, to provide, in a degree, for the contingencies of the future. Therefore a clear insight into the past is the best view we can get of the future.

Herein is the value of history, which should be known, because whatsoever happened aforetime happened for our instruction.

During the last generation the leading conflict was one of *muscle;* during the next, it will be a conflict of *thought.*

The early pioneers of Hendricks County laid wisely and well the foundation upon which future society was to be builded. They fully realized that in such a country as this their scattered numbers would by natural growth and immigration soon become a teeming population, and that by their strong arms and strong faith in the future, this howling wilderness would ere long be changed into a fruitful field of harvest, and that their struggles with nature's obstacles for the benefit of posterity would bring to their children wealth and leisure, which must cause them to forsake the simple lives and frugal habits of their fathers and mothers, and live far different lives, and engage in very different pursuits and avocations, in which without education and moral training they could never be successful. They also believed and acted upon the

idea that the most valuable entailment which any people can leave to posterity is intelligence and virtue.

No better class of emigrants ever peopled a new country than those who made the first settlement in Hendricks County in the year 1820.

Of the early schools and school-houses many interesting reminiscences are told. Beech was the educational timber of the times; out of the trunks were built the school-houses, and limbs in the hands of the teachers furnished the unanswerable argument in most cases of discipline, and served to brighten the ideas and quicken the thoughts of dull pupils of both sexes. The houses were the log cabins, sometimes without floors; a huge fire-place in one end of the house in which was kept a burning log heap supplied the heat. The windows were made by sawing out a log from one side of the house and placing in the opening a ruce sash; oiled paper was used in the windows as a substitute for glass. The writing desks were made of slabs and laid upon pins driven in the walls of the hut. The seats were made of puncheon, backless, with legs so long that a child's feet were never permitted to touch the floor. The teacher's emblem of wrath, when not in use, lay upon two pins in the wall near the teacher's chair. The teacher was usually master of the situation in everything except the subjects which he was required to teach, and many a venturesome youth came to grief for reaching a little beyond the teacher's ken in the scholastic field.

In the summer of 1823, less than three years from the time the first ripe ear of corn was gathered by civilized hand in Hendricks County, two school-houses had been built, one of them in Liberty Township, half a mile south of Cartersburg, and the other on Thomas Lockhart's land in Guilford Township, and William Hinton (the writer's uncle) and Abijah Pinson were engaged in the work to which Hendricks County owes her greatness. In this way, in every neighborhood, the earliest settlers made the best possible provision for the education of their children, and every winter in the rude log cabin, with its greased paper windows, its dirt or split puncheon floor, its rough hewn benches, and its huge log-heap fire, the pioneer teacher had his flock of eager learners around him.

And, looking back from this period to that time it seems, from what we know they accomplished, that greater efforts very nearly made up for their want of educational facilities.

A day's work in school then was not five hours, but from sun-up till sun-down. Right or wrong, it is impossible to make an *old* man see that greater progress was not made by pupils under this old regime than at present.

From that day until this, with the development of the country, the moral and educational interests have moved onward, until to-day it may be said that our school system is the greatest success of any public enterprise.

The schools ran along on about the same pod-auger style which prevailed from the beginning until about 1870, when there was an awakening and a looking up which burst into a blaze of enthusiasm in '73, when the county superintendency was instituted. At that time imperfect classification was all the organization which it was thought possible to accomplish in the district schools. But about *four* of our teachers had ever received normal training, and these but a term or two. Gradation and a course of study had not been dreamed about. These two things and normal-trained teachers and their selection by the officials and not by the rabble were the four beacon lights which our most efficient County Superintendent, J. A. C. Dobson, believed in and worked for during his ten years of service, and I feel that I may say he has been justified by his faith through his works.

A higher course of study has been adopted by the county board for pupils who have completed the common-school course.

Graduation from the common-school course has been so much encouraged and materially increased by the skillful manipulation of A. E. Rogers, the present Superintendent, that last year there were seventy graduates.

The last log school-house disappeared from Hendricks County more than twenty years ago.

There are in the county 108 school buildings, or three more than one for every four square miles.

Of these buildings fifty-four are brick and the others are frame; some of them are elegant buildings; all can be made comfortable in any kind of weather. The number of sittings are sufficient for the accommodation of every child in the county at one time. In the fifty-four brick houses are eighty-nine rooms, accommodating 4,000 of 7,082 children of the county.

Included in the number of schools are sixteen graded schools which furnish employment for fifty-four teachers.

The whole number of teachers employed in 1884–'85	147
Number of male teachers	85

Number of female teachers	62
Enumeration 1884	7,082
Enrolled in the schools 1883–'84	5,836
Average daily attendance	4,375
Average number to each teacher	31
Per cent. of enrollment on enumeration	83
Per cent. of attendance on enrollment	73
Amount expended for special purposes 1883–'84	$57,621.15
Amount expended for tuition purposes " "	36,682.71
Total expenditures	94,303.86
Trustees' valuation of school property	151,400.00
Average daily wages per teacher 1884–'85	2.36

In addition to the facilities for instruction in the public schools we have located at Danville the Central Normal College and Commercial Institute, which was organized September, 1876, with only forty-eight students in attendance. Of these, thirty had been students under the same teachers in other institutions. From the first, the school has steadily improved in numbers and increased its facilities, until it is now one of the popular schools of the country.

We have, also, Central Academy, located at Plainfield, an institution of great promise, which furnishes such literary instruction as is generally given in High Schools of our cities, joined, however, with a larger amount of Christian teaching than is common in such schools.

What of all this? Much every way. When I try to think back through the sixty-two years of Hendricks County's school history, review my own brief experience, the trials, failures and successes, memory becomes crowded with incidents that tell of mutations, progress, development. We see our county rising from infancy to manhood. Our fathers looked forward to a grand culmination of all the appliances embraced in their wise system. The log cabin has passed away, and the frame or brick building has taken its place.

The old, rickety and rough bench, without a back, has given place to the elegant desk and settee. Instead of the untidy schoolroom, with its puncheon floor and miserable furnishings, we now have the tasteful edifice, supplied with all the educational appliances that utility and educational economy can furnish. Old things have passed away, and all things have become new. The county is rising in strength and power, nd will make no backward move. Her rich soil, her wealth, her railways, her newspapers, her central commercial position in the industries and exchange of the State, her industry and prosperity, all tell what her future must be. May her sons and daughters be worthy of their sires. If so

much has been done in sixty-two years, what may we expect at her hundredth anniversary—in 1923?

Men and nations are as they are taught. As a people elevate and sustain their educators, so will their educators be found, in turn, the great instrumentality which brings them intelligence, freedom, prosperity and peace, and in the end true honor and glory.

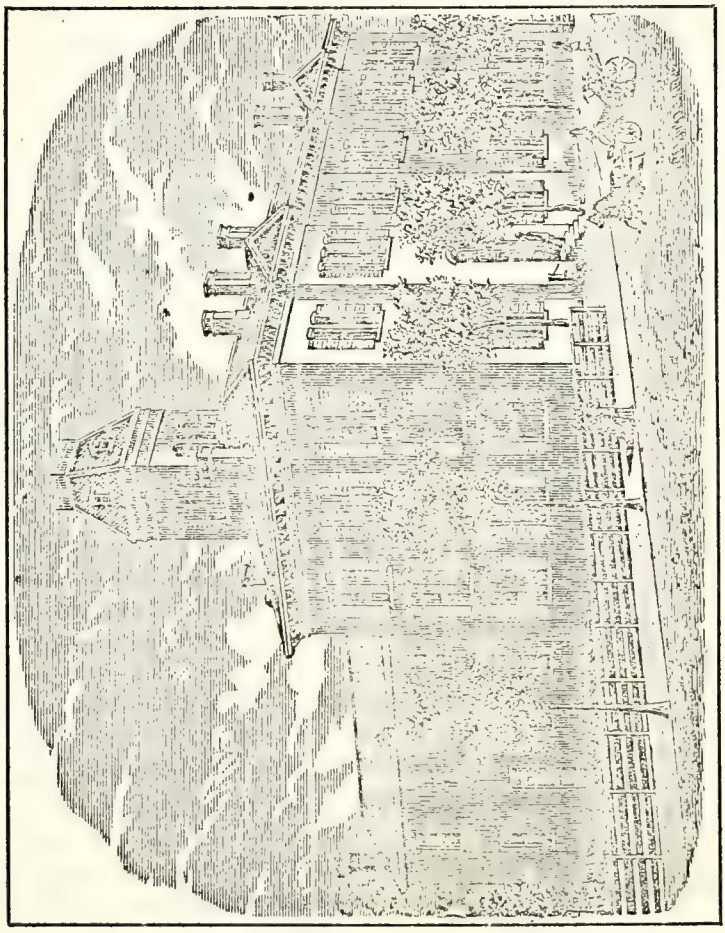
THE CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE,

located at Danville, is not only the pride of Hendricks County but in the front rank of the leading educational institutions of the State. This school was organized by Professors Darst and Harper, at Ladoga, Montgomery County, in the autumn of 1876, with forty-eight pupils in attendance. The outlook was not such as to inspire confidence and a hope of permanent success at this time, but the founders, being young men of energy and ability, began to push the work with such vigor that the community was forced to acknowledge the power which was rising in their midst. One by one the lovers of learning turned from their various employments to find a home within the college walls.

At the close of the first year twelve persons, having completed the course prescribed by the institution, received the degree of B. S. Several of these graduates have become distinguished as educators in this and other States. One of the number, Miss A. Kate Huron, has since been a member of the faculty, and has not only added much to the success and prosperity of the school, but has enrolled her name among those of the most prominent teachers of the State. Near the close of the year, Prof. Darst having resigned, Prof. Harper called to his aid the genial and scholarly Frank P. Adams, of Kentucky, afterward the loved and honored President of the institution.

The second year opened up with an increased attendance, and everything bid fair for a most prosperous year. So rapid was the growth during the second and third terms that it became evident that unless the accommodations were increased it would be impossible to fulfill the promises made in the circulars and catalogues, and the development of the school must be checked in its very infancy.

Realizing the condition of affairs toward which they were drifting the faculty and citizens went to work with a will to raise a sufficient amount by voluntary contribution to erect an addition to



CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE.

the building then occupied by the school. The people of the town and surrounding country were generally interested in the enterprise and many donated liberally, but some, thinking, no doubt, that they could enjoy the benefits without bearing the burdens, withheld their means, and the result was that on the 10th of May, 1878, the institution with 175 students, library and apparatus, was removed to more commodious quarters in the pleasant little city of Danville. The citizens threw open their homes to the students and did all in their power to aid and encourage the faculty, yet the work was arduous and it was with great difficulty that the school was enabled to move on without a break in its work.

Soon after the removal, and just as the institution was beginning to take root in its new field, Prof. Harper was succeeded in the presidency by Prof. F. P. Adams. The new president had already ingratiated himself into the hearts of his associates, and had won the confidence and esteem of both students and citizens; consequently they were ready and willing to assist him in the great work which he had so reluctantly undertaken. But with all this it was an Herculean task to bring harmony out of chaos, and to reinstate a structure which seemed tottering in its foundation.

Prof. Adams entered upon his duties fully realizing the difficulties which stood in the way of success, but throwing his whole life and soul into the enterprise he was not only enabled to meet the demands made upon him, but to purchase the Danville Seminary building constructed a few years before by the Methodist Episcopal church at a cost of $30,000. The use of the building had been furnished the school free of charge, but the transfer of ownership enabled the president to make many needed improvements. Once more the bow of promise shed its benign rays upon the institution. But clouds were gathering in the distance and before the year had closed Prof. M. T. Travers, a young man of ability and fine social qualities, was compelled by failing health to relinquish his position, never again to be permitted to resume the work which he had so well begun. In him the school lost a true friend and a faithful, earnest worker.

The commencement exercises were unusually interesting and the graduates young ladies and gentlemen of refinement and ability. The first classic class, consisting of three members, viz., S. M. Cutler, W. T. Eddingfield and S. E. Thomas, received the honors of the institution with the degree of A. B.

After the usual vacation activities were resumed and continued

without interruption until spring. Students came pouring in from every direction. The president saw that his teaching force must be increased and immediately called to his aid three men of wide reputation and acknowledged ability, viz.: Dr. Joseph Tingley, for twenty years a teacher in Asbury (now De Pauw) University; Prof. Alex. C. Hopkins, formerly State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Prof. John A. Steele, for many years a teacher in the National Normal University at Lebanon, Ohio. The school now seemed to take on new life, and few institutions of learning have marched to the front with more rapid strides or maintained their positions with a more determined purpose than did the Central Normal College under so able a corps of instructors.

The two years following were eventful only in that they sent from the door of the college hundreds of young men and women with higher ideas of life than had ever occupied their minds before.

During all this time Prof. Adams had worked with untiring zeal to strengthen and build up the various departments of the school. But disease had begun its work and was fast staying the hand which had labored with such unselfish devotion for the cause of education. On the 25th of November, 1882, at the early age of thirty years, he closed the book of life, and was laid to rest in the east cemetery near where his noblest work was done. A beautiful monument marks the place of his silent abode but a more enduring one is reared in the memory of those who mourn his untimely death. No one presumed to take his place, but acting in accordance with the unanimous wish of the faculty, his bereaved companion took upon herself the name which he had worn.

The new president was not ignorant concerning the affairs of the school, and having at her side Prof. Steele, who had previously been appointed Vice-President, she performed her duty with credit to herself and satisfaction to those under her employ. The major part of the work, it is true, was intrusted to Prof. Steele, a man of rare ability both as a teacher and a business manager. He being well acquainted with the plans of the late president, succeeded in carrying them out so perfectly that there was neither jar nor discord.

Two more years of valuable work were given to the public. The school building was improved and its capacity increased by fitting up some of the rooms which had not been in use, and partitioning others. The president erected for herself a beautiful and commodious dwelling just opposite the college; also a large dormitory

for rooming and boarding students. Many new and valuable books were added to the library, and such apparatus as was needed from time to time. Notwithstanding all these expenditures and many others, the resources were ample to meet them, and the credit of the institution was never shaken, even for a moment. But this high degree of prosperity was not reached without effort. Everybody connected with the school worked faithfully for the advancement of its interests. Especially was this true of Prof. Steele who, not being disposed to shirk responsibility, confined himself too closely to his desk and thus laid the foundation of the disease which was soon to step between him and his most cherished profession. His friends admonished him to desist from his work, and, if possible, regain his failing health. But he was so deeply impressed with the grandeur and magnitude of the work in which he was engaged that selfish thoughts had little power to turn him from his course. It was late in the autumn when he reluctantly consented to leave Danville for a time, in order t at he might enjoy the advantages of a more genial clime. Having selected Jacksonville, Fla., he remained at that place for a few wee . In finding the atmosphere too humid for pulmonary diseases, he repaired to Thomasville, Ga. Here he remained with his brother until the opening of spring. As soon as the weather would permit, he turned his face homeward, fully realizing that his days on earth were few. On the 27th day of March he a rived at Danville, greatly emaciated, and in feeble health, but his joy at being once more in the midst of interested and loving friends knew no bounds.

During his absence, the wants of the school were not neglected. Every teacher was at his post working earnestly for the advancement of his classes. The students were considerate and kind, and the utmost harmony prevailed. On Tuesday morning, May 5, while the school was assembled in the chapel to attend their accustomed exercises, and while the music of an hundred voices wafted on the balmy breath of spring, was floating in at the open door of his chamber, Prof. Steele sle t the sleep of death.

His near rela ves and friends accompanied by two members of the faculty, bore his lifeless body to the old cemetery near Coalton, Ohio, and with many tears and many flowers they laid it tenderly away beside the sacr dust of her who gave her life for his.

It seems but little less than marvelous that any institution of learning, independent of endowment of any kind, and unsupported by the State, could not only support itself, but could even grow

and prosper under such calamities. Nevertheless it is true that the present year (1885), has brought the largest returns of any in the history to the school, and at no time has there been more universal satisfaction on the part of those in attendance.

Free from debt or incumbrance of any kind, supported by thousands of enterprising young ladies and gentlemen throughout this and other States, honored and respected at home and abroad, free from sectarianism and bigotry of every kind, located in one of the most charming, moral and healthful towns in the State, supplied with an excellent library and apparatus, and above and beyond all a faculty of enterprising, progressive and efficient teachers, the Central Normal College stands a living monument of those who have given the best efforts of their lives for its advancement, and a true exponent of independent thought, personal responsibility and Christian civilization.

Franklin Pierce Adams, President of the Central Normal College.—Born, lived, died—the common biography of the millions. These three chapters of common history have borrowed lustre from the personality of him who moved among us, with high aims, to such a noble end. He was first cradled in his mother's arms Nov. 16, 1852. She, one of nature's true gentlewomen, stamped upon this coin the name which gave it commercial value—Frank. Had she left him unnamed until an appellation must be carved upon his tombstone she could not have chosen another more descriptive of his character.

His life until fourteen differed little from that of other farmer boys, marked only by an earnest desire to secure an education. He went to Lebanon—that place of blessed memory to so many men and women of our times. He was taken sick before long, when he came to Danville to claim the hospitality of his uncle, G. W. Wayland. When his health was restored sufficiently he placed himself under the tuition of Prof. Gilmore, then principal of the Danville Academy. Soon he was called home to the death-bed of his sister. This was the fall of 1867. He then went to Hamilton County, Ohio, where he taught his first school. He returned to Lebanon where he pursued his studies until 1871 when he graduated in the scientific course. While he was yet upon the rostrum from which his oration had been delivered, Mrs. Roberts secured him to work with her in the Normal School at Catlettsberg, Ky. He stayed with her until her marriage, when he succeeded her in the management of the school. His connection with this institu-

tion lasted three years, at the expiration of which time he engaged to teach with Prof. H. N. Carver, of Medina, Ohio, while he pursued his classical studies. Having worked on an average of seventeen hours a day in class and study, he completed his course in 1875.

After graduation he returned to Kentucky and found employment as principal of a graded school in Independence, the capital of his native county. Here he remained two years, assisted during the first by Miss Ora Wilson, who, the 17th of December, in the second year, became his wife.

That teaching should be his life-work was now an established fact, and he was seeking a place of more extended usefulness when his uncle, G. W. Wayland, proposed that he should correspond with Prof. W. F. Harper, of Ladoga, who was then in need of a good man. Few letters were exchanged until Prof. Harper enthusiastically informed us,—"I have the man. You will all like him. He is Frank P. Adams, of Kentucky. He will be with us for short session."

Saturday evening, June 30, 1877, a crowd, which a heavy summer shower could not disperse, was collected on the college campus. The people had come to follow the band to meet the Eastern train which bore to them the new professor. Everybody was interested. The students had planned this reception, but teachers and hundreds of the good citizens mingled in the concourse and formed the procession to the depot and thence to the Baptist church, where was met the new man whose life was then consecrated to the service of the institution.

Thus he was welcomed to the school in the beginning of its existence. In reply to the welcome tendered him, he said: "My happiness is more than I can bear. I have been trying to think what I ever did to call forth such a demonstration as you have accorded me. A sense of my own weakness is the most distinct impression of my mind. But as I thank you for this reception, I also promise you my best efforts, my heartiest endeavors, the most determined energy of my life." How well this pledge was kept throughout the eventful years, let the fraternal feelings of his associate teachers and the hearts of his loving students testify. His familiar mingling with them strengthened the bond of friendship which had been sealed with the first warm grasp of his hand.

He had seen much of life and was ready with practical suggestions whenever he was consulted upon any of the perplexities which

vex student life, with advice whenever told of the plans more hopeful ones had fixed for their future. All those qualities which endeared him to his friends welded him, with chains hard to be severed, to his immediate kindred, and above all to those of his little household. Frank in his social intercourse; fair in his business transactions, and just; faithful in the discharge of his duties,—this is the character—a memory sweet to his brothers and sisters,—the heritage, he leaves this prosperous institution,—the gem that in womanhood little Effie will prize more than accumulated wealth, a talisman that will make warm hearts warmer toward the living wife.

JAIL AND POOR FARM.

The jail and sheriff's residence is also a building worthy of the county and its inhabitants. In its construction the comfort and health of those who were to be confined there were considered, and the best arrangement consistent with the safety of the prisoners was made for both. All prison reformers who have inspected this jail are constrained to compliment the humanity of its designs. The cost of this building was about $30,000.

The county asylum is situated on a farm of eighty acres, one mile east of Danville. It is also a large and substantially built edifice, of sufficient size to accommodate all the destitute poor of the county with a home, which in its beauty of location and attractive improvements and surroundings and substantial comforts is certainly sufficient to mitigate in a very great degree the bitter lot of those who are obliged, on account of the misfortunes that have gathered around them, to seek an asylum beneath its hospitable roof. This building and the farm upon which it is situated cost the county over $40,000, and is an enduring monument to the benevolence of the people who prompted its erection and willingly met the cost.

INDIANA REFORM SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The law providing for the establishment of this important institution was approved March 8, 1867, and, soon after, the present site was selected, than which a more beautiful and appropriate one could scarcely be found. Situated on a beautiful upland nearly a mile southwest of the village of Plainfield, and fourteen miles west of the State capital, on probably the best watered tract of land in the State, amidst a quiet, orderly, intelligent community, the school enjoys many privileges denied other public institutions.

Work on the first buildings was at once commenced, and Frank B. Ainsworth was regularly installed as Superintendent Oct. 31, 1867. On the 1st of January, 1868, they were ready to admit inmates, but the first boy was not admitted till Jan. 26. He was from Hendricks County.

Mr. Ainsworth remained in charge of the institution more than eight years, and was succeeded April 5, 1876, by James O'Brien. He was followed, April, 1880, by Thomas J. Charlton, under whose efficient and prudent management the school has continued to steadily improve. The present officers are as follows: Board of Control, L. A. Barnett, Danville, President; Lewis Jordan, Indianapolis, and H. N. Helms, Carlisle; Superintendent, T. J. Charlton; Matron, Mrs. Alice R. Charlton; Chaplain, John G. Blake, Indianapolis; Physician, Amos Carter, Plainfield; Consulting Physician, T. E. Evans, Plainfield.

The eighteenth annual report for the year ending Oct. 31, 1884, shows the total number admitted since the opening of the school to be 2,057; number received during the year, 395; number of inmates at close of year, 437; released on "ticket of leave," 182; "ticket of leave" boys returned, forty-four; homes procured for boys, thirty-eight.

This is not a prison but a charitable institution—a reform school, in the full sense of the word, for those whose home influences have been unfortunate, and who are in danger of becoming hardened criminals. Every boy is in school one-half of each day, except during the warm summer months, when only the primary grades are in session. The farm consists of 225 acres, but so much of it is waste land along the creek and taken up by buildings and play grounds, that only 145 acres are used for cultivation and pasture. The inmates are divided into twelve families, of about thirty-five boys each. A family is in charge of an officer called "house-father," who is responsible for the discipline and condition of his family.

The present number of boys from Hendricks County is thirty. The institution contains three distinct departments—the schools, the manual labor department and the family instruction. The schools are conducted on the half-day system, the boys who work in the forenoon attending school in the afternoon, and those who attend school in the forenoon engaging in some kind of labor during the afternoon. All schools are graded like public schools.

That the school is doing its work well is a thoroughly proven

fact. Nearly 1,500 boys have passed through the institution and are now out in the world. Over ninety per cent. out of that number are leading honest and honorable lives.

THE HENDRICKS COUNTY OLD SETTLERS' SOCIETY

was organized in 1872 at Green Valley Farm, with William D. Truster as President and M. G. Parker, Secretary. Ten annual re-unions have been held, on the third Saturday in June. No attempts have yet been made to collect early history, and the meetings are entirely social in character. Speeches and addresses are made by pioneers, and orations have been made by Gov. O. P. Morton and ex-Senator Joseph E. McDonald. Marion and Putnam counties are frequently represented at these gatherings, which sometimes include 8,000 to 10,000 people. The last meeting at Danville was in 1883; it was thinly attended on account of rainy weather. In 1884 the society was re-organized at Green Valley Farm, ten miles south of Danville, and there the re-union of 1885 was held in August.

AGRICULTURAL.

Following are a few statistics of the more important crops, taken from the Fifth Annual Report of the Bureau of Statistics of Indiana.

Wheat.—Of this cereal there were planted in 1883 a total of 39,397 acres, and in the year previous 44,284 acres, or nearly equal to two full townships of land. The yield was 445,042 bushels in 1883; 782,431 bushels in 1882; 444,272 bushels in 1881; 521,883 bushels in 1880; and 553,506 bushels in 1879.

Corn.—In 1883 there were planted 41,638 acres to corn, and in 1882 there were 45,676 acres. The yield in 1883 was 1,308,205 bushels; 1,600,968 bushels in 1882; 847,073 bushels in 1881; 1,259,687 bushels in 1880; and 2,016,351 bushels in 1879.

Oats.—An acreage of 3,374 produced in 1883, 117,855 bushels against a yield the previous year of 126,988 bushels.

Potatoes.—In 1883, 785 acres produced 85,460 bushels; while in 1882 the yield was 63,975 bushels.

Timothy.—The acreage in 1883 was 18,391; yield, 36,309 tons; yield in 1882, 18,496 tons.

Clover.—Acreage in 1883, 12,321; crop in 1883, 25,401 tons; in 1882, 11,104 tons.

Maple Molasses.—Gallons in 1882, 5,726; in 1883, 7,883.

Maple Sugar.—Pounds in 1882, 1,175 ; in 1883, 812.

Sorghum Molasses.—Gallons in 1882, 11,140 ; in 1883, 9,471.

Sorghum Sugar.—Pounds in 1882, 230.

Tile Drain.—Rods reported in 1883, 336,388, against 318, 428 rods in 1882.

Cider.—In 1882, 5,292 gallons were made.

Vinegar.—In 1883, 739 gallons of this condiment were manufactured.

Milk.—In 1883, the number of gallons reported were 1,831,838, against 1,656,740 gallons in 1882.

Bees and Honey.—In 1883 the stands of bees reported were 718 in number as compared with 499 in 1882. The product of honey was 4,777 and 7,875 pounds in the respective years.

Butter.—In 1883 there were made 433,686 pounds, the product of the previous year being 365,718 pounds.

Eggs.—In 1883, dozens, 186, 162; previous year, 259,713 dozens.

Wool.—The wool-clip of 1882 reached 91,182 pounds ; that of 1883, 91,963 pounds.

Horses.—In 1883, the number of horses reported was 6,934, against 7,439 in 1882.

Mules.—In 1883, 811; in 1882, 605.

Cattle.—In 1883, 18,295; in 1882, 19,820.

Hogs.—Number of stock hogs in 1883, was 32,495; 1882, 24, 983; number of fatted hogs, 1883, 25,208; 1882, 39,594; weight of fatted hogs in 1883 was 6,797,360 pounds.

Sheep.—In 1883, 20,085; in 1882, 20,431; lambs in 1883, 7,838; in 1882, 10,267.

Poultry.—In 1883 there were reported 149 geese, 97 ducks, 33 guineas, 10,916 dozens of chickens and 547 dozens of turkeys.

Apple Trees.—In 1882, of bearing age, 83,380; non-bearing age, 159,396; in 1883, bearing, 54,223; non-bearing, 32,089.

Peach Trees.—Bearing age, in 1882, 9,545; non-bearing age, 8,986; in 1883, bearing, 7,156; non-bearing, 7,700.

Pear Trees.—In 1882, bearing age, 3,467; non-bearing, 3,883; in 1883, bearing, 3,010; non-bearing, 2,964.

Plum Trees.—In 1882, bearing age, 647; non-bearing, 1,032; in 1883, bearing, 570; non-bearing, 1,031.

Quince Trees.—In 1882, bearing, 183; non-bearing, 243; in 1883, bearing, 211; non-bearing, 296.

Cherry Trees.—In 1882, bearing, 6,927; non-bearing, 3,265; in 1883, bearing, 4,902; non-bearing, 2,937.

Siberian Crabs.—In 1882, bearing, 417; non-bearing, 552; in 1883, bearing, 753; non-bearing, 611.

Grape Vines.—In 1882, bearing, 8,292; non-bearing; 3,755; in 1883, bearing, 5,678; non-bearing, 2,714.

Blue and other Wild Grasses.—Acres in 1882, 52,332; in 1883, 46,184.

Unused Plow Land.—Acres in 1882, 4,489; in 1883, 3,117.

Timber Land.—Acres in 1882, 70,384; in 1883, 66,855.

THE HENDRICKS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

was organized in 1852, and bought grounds three acres in extent, a mile west of Danville, for fair purposes. Many changes were made, and additions to the grounds were purchased from time to time. Fairs were held annually until 1881, when the society having previously become involved in debt, it was totally unable to pay its premiums, and the property was sold. The grounds are now owned by the noted horseman, B. T. Buford.

THE PLAINFIELD HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

was organized a number of years ago, and has held a number of exhibitions. After the death of the county society, new life was attempted to be given this Plainfield organization by naming it the

PLAINFIELD HORTICULTURAL AND HENDRICKS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A fair was held at Plainfield in the fall of 1884, which was financially not successful. Daniel Cox is President of the long-named organization.

THE HENDRICKS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

As the objects for which the Hendricks County Medical Society was organized have been fully set forth in its Preamble, Constitution, By-Laws and Code of Ethics, at its organization, further comment will be unnecessary. The medical gentlemen whose names are appended to this Constitution met in Danville, on the 29th day of April, 1854, and organized the Hendricks County Medical Society, by electing the following officers:

"President, Henry G. Todd, M. D.; Vice-President, Wilson Lockhart, M. D.; Secretary, J. Joel Wright, M. D.; Corresponding Secretary, Leroy H. Kennedy, M. D.; Treasurer, Henry Cox, M. D.; Censors, Thomas B. Harvey, M. D., Bradley Bartholomew, M. D., Henry H. Moore, M. D."

Following this was the adoption of their Constitution and By-Laws.

PREAMBLE.

"We, the undersigned practitioners of medicine and surgery in the county of Hendricks, and vicinity, for the purpose of promoting harmony and good fellowship, and of elevating the cause of medical and the collateral sciences, associate ourselves under the following

CONSTITUTION.

"ART. 1. This association shall be denominated the Hendricks County Medical Society.

"ART. 2. The officers of this society shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Recording Secretary, Corresponding Secretary, Treasurer and three Censors, all of whom shall be elected by ballot, annually, and each officer shall serve until his successor is duly installed into office.

"ART. 3. Any regular and reputable practitioner of medicine may become a member of this society, by signing this Constitution, paying into the treasury two dollars, and complying with such other regulations as may be hereafter provided by law.

"ART. 4. Any distinguished literary gentleman may become an honorary member of this society, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present at any regular meeting; provided that notice to that effect had been given at any previous meeting of the society.

"ART. 5. The society shall have power to form a library and a cabinet of specimens, in the various departments of natural science, and pathological specimens and illustrations, both from the donations of individuals and other societies, and by levying taxes and fines, agreeable to the regulations which may be hereafter provided by law.

"ART. 6. This society may open a correspondence with similar associations in this State and such others as it may from time to time direct.

"ART. 7. This society shall meet at such times and places and engage in such deliberations as may from time to time be agreed

upon, and may enact By-Laws for its government, not inconsistent with this Constitution.

"ART. 8. The society may admit honorary members upon compliance of the applicant with the same forms as are prescribed for the admission of *bona fide* members, except that no initiatory fee shall be required. He shall not be permitted to vote, nor shall he participate in any of the proceedings, except by express permission of the society.

"ART. 9. One-third of all the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; but on all subjects involving the rights, interests or standing of any member, a majority of all the members shall be present.

"ART. 10. This Constitution may be amended at any stated meeting of the society, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present; *provided*, the amendment has been proposed, in writing, at a previous meeting.

HENRY G. TODD, RISDON C. MOORE, J. JOEL WRIGHT,
D. J. DEPEW, HENRY H. MOORE, LEROY H. KENNEDY,
J. A. COMINGOR, THOMAS P. SELLER, THOMAS B. HARVEY,
DAVID TODD, WILSON LOCKHART, HENRY COX,
B. BARTHOLOMEW, W. F. HARVEY."

"BY-LAWS.

"ACT I.

"*Duties of Officers.*

"ARTICLE I.

"The President shall preside at all meetings of the society, preserve order, and see that its deliberations are conducted according to the rules and regulations governing deliberative bodies, except so far as they may be otherwise provided for in the Constitution and By-Laws. He shall have power to call special meetings of the society at his discretion, or upon the written request of three members. He shall sign certificates of membership, and those of discharge; also, the warrants authorized to be drawn upon the Treasurer; all the official instruments and proceedings of the society. He shall deliver an inaugural address on entering upon the duties of his office, and a valedictory at the expiration of the same, and shall perform such other duties as are prescribed in the Constitution and By-Laws of the society.

"ARTICLE II.

"The Vice-President shall, in the absence of the President, perform the ordinary duties assigned to that office, and shall deliver a written address the second meeting after his election.

"ARTICLE III.

"The Recording Secretary shall keep a fair and legible record of the proceedings of the society; a list of the members' names, with a specification of such as fail to pay their taxes and fines; preserve all papers belonging to the society, subject at all times to the inspection of the members, and perform all other duties belonging to the office.

"ARTICLE IV.

"The Corresponding Secretary shall conduct the correspondence of the society under its direction, and make a report of such matters as he may deem proper.

"ARTICLE V.

"The Treasurer shall collect all dues of the society, and pay upon presentation the orders regularly drawn on him by the President and Secretary. He shall keep a full account of all moneys received and disbursed, and make satisfactory reports thereof at least annually, and oftener if requested by the society. Upon the expiration of his term of office, he shall exhibit to the parties appointed to receive them, an account of the receipts and disbursements of his term, accompanied by vouchers when practicable, and hand over to his successor in office all moneys, books, papers, or other property held and received by virtue of his office. He shall provide a suitable place for the society to hold its sessions, and fuel, light, stationery and other necessary conveniences therein.

"ARTICLE VI.

"The Censors shall examine applicants for membership, and if, in their opinion, such applicants are worthy to be admitted, they shall report accordingly. No person shall be admitted to an examination until he produces satisfactory evidence to the Censors that he sustains a good moral character, and has studied medicine and surgery with some regularly authorized practitioner at least three years previous to his application, unless he be a graduate of some college or university.

"ARTICLE VII.

"It shall be the duty of the Secretary to give notice in the county paper of the time and place of holding each meeting at least two consecutive weeks next preceding the time of holding such meeting, together with the names of those persons from whom addresses or dissertations may be expected."

"ACT II.

"*Duties of Members.*

"ARTICLE I.

"Every member of this society shall pay an annual tax of at least one dollar; and any member who shall neglect to pay the same, or any fine that may be levied agreeable to the provisions of this act, three months after having been notified by the Secretary or Treasurer of such delinquency, shall forfeit his membership nor shall he enjoy any immunities belonging to the society, until all arrearages be paid.

"ARTICLE II.

"The regular meetings of the society shall be held on the *Third Tuesday* of the months of January, April, July and October, unless otherwise ordered at a previous meeting of the society, the April meeting being the annual meeting.

"ARTICLE III.

"The President shall appoint at every meeting at least one person to write and deliver a dissertation at the next meeting, and no person shall be required to write such dissertation unless he be notified of his appointment by the Secretary two months previous to the time at which it is to be delivered, and shall accept such appointment.

"ARTICLE IV.

"At any regular meeting of this society every member shall have the privilege of reporting such cases (that have come under his own observation) as he may deem important.

"ARTICLE V.

"It shall be the duty of each member of this society to keep a faithful record of each *important* case of disease which he treats, noting the age, sex and condition of the patient; the cause, when

obvious; the type, symptoms, treatment, duration and termination of the disease; and, when practicable, the *post-mortem* appearances. The material facts of which record he shall embody in an intelligible form, and present it to the society at the first stated meeting in each year.

"ARTICLE VI.

"All addresses, dissertations, or reports, delivered or read before the society, shall be written in a neat, legible hand, on good paper, and shall be the property of the society, to dispose of as it may think proper.

"ARTICLE VII.

"The regular set addresses before the society shall be public, and when the subject admits, before a mixed audience, and shall be delivered in the forenoon session.

"ARTICLE VIII.

"Any member may invite such persons to attend the sessions and deliberations of the society as he may think proper, except in cases of private business, when none but members shall be present, except to give evidence.

"ARTICLE IX.

"It shall be the duty of each member of this society, upon removing beyond its bounds, to make the fact known to the society, and such persons shall thereafter be considered honorary members.

"ARTICLE X.

"It shall be the duty of each committee to examine, thoroughly, the particular subject given it in charge, and no report shall be received until it has been read and approved by a majority of such committee.

"ARTICLE XI.

"These By-Laws may be altered or amended, at any regular meeting of the society, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present; such proposed alteration or amendment always to be presented in writing."

At one of the regular meetings of the same year, the National Code of Ethics was also adopted by this society, as the following will show:

"NATIONAL CODE OF ETHICS.

"ADOPTED BY THE

"HENDRICKS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

"CHAPTER I.

"OF THE DUTIES OF PHYSICIANS TO THEIR PATIENTS AND OF THE OBLIGATIONS OF PATIENTS TO THEIR PHYSICIANS.

"ART. I.—*Duties of Physicians to their Patients.*

"SECTION 1.—A physician should not only be ever ready to obey the calls of the sick, but his mind ought also to be imbued with the greatness of his mission, and the responsibility he habitually incurs in its discharge. Those obligations are the more deep and enduring, because there is no tribunal other than his own conscience to adjudge penalties for carelessness or neglect. Physicians should, therefore, minister to the sick with due impressions of the importance of their office; reflecting that the ease, the health and the lives of those committed to their charge depend on their skill, attention and fidelity. They should study, also, in their deportment, so to unite *tenderness* with *firmness*, and *condescension* with *authority*, as to inspire the minds of their patients with gratitude, respect and confidence.

"SEC. 2.—Every case committed to the charge of a physician should be treated with attention, steadiness, and humanity. Reasonable indulgence should be granted to the mental imbecility and caprice of the sick. Secrecy and delicacy, when required by peculiar circumstances, should be strictly observed, and the familiar and confidential intercourse to which physicians are admitted in their professional visits should be used with discretion and with the most scrupulous regard to fidelity and honor. The obligation of secrecy extends beyond the period of professional services; none of the privacies of personal and domestic life, no infirmity of disposition, or flaw of character observed during professional attendance should ever be divulged by him except when he is imperatively required to do so. The force and necessity of this obligation are indeed so great that professional men have, under certain circumstances, been protected in their observance of secrecy by Courts of Justice.

"SEC. 3.—Frequent visits to the sick are, in general, requisite, since they enable the physician to arrive at a more perfect knowledge of the disease, to meet promptly every change which may

occur, and also tend to preserve the confidence of the patient. But unnecessary visits are to be avoided, as they give useless anxiety to the patient, tend to diminish the authority of the physician, and render him liable to be suspected of interested motives.

"SEC. 4.—A physician should not be forward to make gloomy prognostications, because they savor of empiricism, by magnifying the importance of his services in the treatment or cure of the disease. But he should not fail, on proper occasions, to give to the friends of the patient timely notice of danger, when it really occurs; and even to the patient himself, if absolutely necessary. This office, however, is so peculiarly alarming when executed by him, that it ought to be declined whenever it can be assigned to any other person of sufficient judgment and delicacy. For, the physician should be the minister of hope and comfort to the sick; that, by such cordials to the drooping spirit, he may smooth the bed of death, revive expiring life, and counteract the depressing influence of those maladies which often disturb the tranquillity of the most resigned, in their last moments. The life of a sick person can be shortened not only by the acts, but also by the words or the manner of a physician. It is, therefore, a sacred duty to guard himself carefully in this respect, and to avoid all things which have a tendency to discourage the patient and to depress his spirits.

"SEC. 5.—A physician ought not to abandon a patient because the case is deemed incurable; for his attendance may continue to be highly useful to the patient and comforting to the relatives around him, even in the last period of a fatal malady, by alleviating pain and other symptoms, and by soothing mental anguish. To decline attendance under such circumstances would be sacrificing to fanciful delicacy and mistaken liberality that moral duty, which is independent of, and far superior to, all pecuniary consideration.

"SEC. 6.—Consultation should be promoted in difficult or protracted cases, as they give rise to confidence, energy, and more enlarged views in practice.

"SEC. 7.—The opportunity which a physician not infrequently enjoys, of promoting and strengthening the good resolutions of his patients, suffering under the consequences of vicious conduct, ought never to be neglected. His counsels, or even remonstrances, will give satisfaction, not offense, if they be proffered with politeness, and evince a genuine love of virtue, accompanied by a sin-

cere interest in the welfare of the person to whom they are addressed.

"ARTICLE II.—*Obligations of Patients to their Physicians.*

"SECTION 1.—The members of the medical profession, upon whom are enjoined the performance of so many important and arduous duties toward the community, and who are required to make so many sacrifices of comfort, ease and health, for the welfare of those who avail themselves of their services, certainly have a right to expect and require that their patients should entertain a just sense of the duties which they owe to their medical attendants.

"SEC. 2.—The first duty of a patient is, to select as his medical adviser one who has received a regular professional education. In no trade or occupation do mankind rely on the skill of an untaught artist; and in medicine, professedly the most difficult and and intricate of the sciences, the world ought not to suppose that knowledge is intuitive.

"SEC. 3.—Patients should prefer a physician whose habits of life are regular, and who is not devoted to company, pleasure, or to any pursuit incompatible with his professional obligations. A patient should, also, confide the care of himself and family, as much as possible to one physician; for the medical man who has become acquainted with the peculiarities of constitution, habits and pre-dispositions of those he attends is more likely to be successful in his treatment than one who does not possess that knowledge. A patient who has thus selected his physician should always apply for advice in what may appear to him trivial cases, for the most fatal results often supervene on the slightest accidents. It is of still more importance that he should apply for assistance in the forming stage of violent diseases; it is to a neglect of this precept that medicine owes much of the uncertainty and imperfection with which it has been reproached.

"SEC. 4.—Patients should faithfully and unreservedly communicate to their physician the supposed cause of their disease. This is the more important, as many diseases of a mental origin stimulate those depending on external causes, and yet are only to be cured by ministering to the mind diseased. A patient should never be afraid of thus making his physician his friend and adviser; he should always bear in mind that a medical man is under the strongest obligations of secrecy. Even the female sex should never allow feelings of shame or delicacy to prevent their disclos-

ing the seat, symptoms, and causes of complaints peculiar to them. However commendable a modest reserve may be in the common occurrences of life, its strict observance in medicine is often attended with the most serious consequences, and a patient may sink under a painful and loathsome disease which might have been readily prevented had timely intimation been given to the physician.

"SEC. 5.—A patient should never weary his physician with a tedious detail of events or matters not pertaining to his disease. Even as relates to his actual symptoms, he will convey much more information by giving clear answers to interrogatories, than by the most minute account of his own framing. Neither should he obtrude the details of his business nor the history of his family concerns.

"SEC. 6.—The obedience of a patient to the prescriptions of his physician should be prompt and implicit. He should never permit his own crude opinions as to their fitness to influence his attention to them. A failure in one particular may render an otherwise judicious treatment dangerous, and even fatal. This remark is equally applicable to diet, drink, and exercise. As patients become convalescent they are very apt to suppose that the rules prescribed for them may be disregarded, and the consequence, but too often, is a relapse. Patients should never allow themselves to be persuaded to take any medicine whatever, that may be recommended to them by the self-constituted doctors and doctresses, who are so frequently met with, and who pretend to possess infallible remedies for the cure of every disease. However simple some prescriptions may appear to be, it often happens that they are productive of much mischief, and in all cases they are injurious, by contravening the plan of treatment adopted by the physician.

"SEC. 7.—A patient should, if possible, avoid even the *friendly visits of a physician* who is not attending him; and when he does receive them, he should never converse on the subject of his disease, as an observation may be made, without any intention of interference, which may destroy his confidence in the course he is pursuing, and induce him to neglect the directions prescribed to him. A patient should never send for a consulting physician without the express consent of his own medical attendant. It is of great importance that physicians should act in concert; for, although their modes of treatment may be attended

with equal success when employed singly, yet conjointly they are very likely to be productive of disastrous results.

"SEC. 8.—When a patient wishes to dismiss his physician, justice and common courtesy require that he should declare his reasons for so doing.

"SEC. 9.—Patients should always, when practicable, send for their physician in the morning, before his usual hour of going out; for by being early aware of the visits he has to pay during the day, the physician is able to apportion his time in such a manner as to prevent an interference of engagements. They should always be in readiness to receive the visits of their physician, as the detention of a few minutes is often of serious inconvenience to him.

"SEC. 10.—A patient should, after his recovery, entertain a just and enduring sense of the value of the services rendered him by his physician; for these are of such a character that no mere pecuniary acknowledgments can repay or cancel them."

There are many other things of minor importance, to the public at least, in the Code, which we have not space for in this connection.

This society continued from year to year until the breaking out of the late war, when, most of its members having enlisted, so few were left to hold meetings that they were discontinued until the year 1866, when the times for its regular meetings, specified in its By-Laws, were observed, and have been ever since.

At the annual meeting of the Indiana State Medical Society in 1872, as a basis on which to organize this society under the statute relating to voluntary associations, passed resolutions providing for the incorporation of county medical societies. It was not, however, till the annual meeting of 1875 that the requisite number—twelve counties—reported to the Secretary of the State society, at which time, "On motion, the preamble and resolutions and the new Constitution were then adopted by more than a two-thirds vote, on a division—affimative fifty-eight; negative seventeen." The State society, having now adopted the delegate system of representation from incorporated auxiliary county societies, the Hendricks County Medical Society at one of its regular meetings, in the year 1875, changed its Constitution, as was thought, to comply with the State society, and the laws of the State relative to such associations. The delegates from the Hendricks County

Society were admitted at the State society at its annual meeting in 1876. As will be seen by the report of a committee on credentials further along, the Constitution of the Hendricks County Medical Society was defective in the description of its seal. When this fact became known, most of the physicians of the county who were not members of this society organized a new society, and as a result, at the annual meeting of the Indiana State Medical Society, in May, 1877, there were two sets of delegates, each claiming to represent the Hendricks County Medical Society. The following is the report of the Committee on Credentials: "Your committee, to whom was referred the claims of the rival delegations from Hendricks County, submit the following report: The evidence, oral and documentary, shows that the Hendricks County Medical Society was organized in 1854, and has continued in existence ever since; that when the State society adopted the delegate system of representation from incorporated auxiliary county societies, the Hendricks County Society changed its Constitution to conform to the requirements of the State society and laws of the State providing for the formation of voluntary associations. The Constitution, as changed, was left with the recorder of the county, and his certificate taken for it, which certificate was presented to the Secretary of the State society, authorizing him to enter the county society on the roll of auxiliary societies, and their delegates were admitted to the State society. It has been subsequently ascertained that the Constitution was not recorded, and was defective in not giving a particular description of its seal and the postoffice address of its members; that these technical defects were unknown to its members, who were acting in good faith, under a conviction that all the demands of the State society and the laws of the State had been complied with; that after it was ascertained that the requirements of the law had not been fully complied with, a new society was organized, in which all the statutory requirements were observed; that the said latter society applies for admission to the State society; that such admission would require the State society to set aside its action admitting the delegates from the Hendricks County Society last year, which action was taken on their presenting a certificate from the county recorder stating that the society had complied with the law. Your committee, therefore, recommend that the 'old' Hendricks County Society be permitted to correct the errors in their Constitution, and that the delegates from said society

be admitted to seats during the present session of the State society.

"C. B. HIGGINS,
"J. R. WIEST,
"W. H. BILLS,
"WILLIAM LOMAX,
"S. E. MUNFORD,
"*Committee.*"

The Constitution and Articles of Association of the Hendricks County Society had been corrected and recorded, however, about a month before this committee made its report. Below is a copy of the same:

"CONSTITUTION AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE HENDRICKS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

"ARTICLE I. The name and title of this society shall be the Hendricks County Medical Society, and shall be auxiliary to and under the control of the Indiana State Medical Society.

"ART. II. The officers of this society shall be a President, Vice-President, Recording Secretary, Corresponding Secretary, Treasurer, and three Censors, each of whom shall be elected annually, by ballot, and shall serve until his successor shall have been duly installed into office.

"ART. III. Any regular and reputable practitioner of medicine may become a member of this society by signing this Constitution, paying into the treasury two dollars, and complying with such other regulations as may be hereafter provided by law.

"ART. IV. The President shall preside at all meetings of the society, preserve order, and see that its deliberations are conducted according to the rules and regulations governing deliberative bodies, except so far as they may be otherwise provided for by this Constitution and By-Laws; he shall have the power to call special meetings at his discretion, or upon the written request of three members; shall sign certificates of membership, and those of discharge; also the warrants authorized to be drawn upon the Treasurer, and all the official instruments and proceedings of the society.

"ART. V. The Vice-President, in the absence of the President, shall perform the ordinary duties assigned to that office.

"ART. VI. The Recording Secretary shall keep a fair and

legible record of the proceedings of the society, a list of the members' names with a specification of such as fail to pay their taxes and fines, preserve all papers belonging to the society, subject at all times to the inspection of the members, and perform all other duties belonging to the office.

"ART. VII. The Corresponding Secretary shall conduct the correspondence of the society, under its direction, and make a full report of such matters as he may deem proper.

"ART. VIII. The Treasurer shall collect all dues of the society, and pay on presentation the orders regularly drawn on him by the President and Secretary; he shall keep a full account of all moneys received and disbursed and make satisfactory reports thereof at least annually, and oftener if requested by the society; upon the expiration of his term of office he shall exhibit to the parties appointed to receive them an account current of the receipts and disbursements of his term, accompanied with vouchers when practicable, and hand over to his successor in office all moneys, books, papers, or other property held and received by virtue of his office; he shall provide a suitable place for the society to hold its sessions, fuel, lights, stationery, and other necessary conveniences.

"ART. IX. The Censors shall examine applicants for membership, and if, in their opinion, such applicants are worthy to be admitted they shall report accordingly. No person shall be admitted to an examination until he produces satisfactory evidence to the Censors that he possesses a good moral character and has studied medicine and surgery with some regularly authorized practitioner at least three years previous to his application unless he be a graduate of some regular medical college.

"ART. X. One-fourth of all the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but on all subjects involving the rights, interests or standing of any member, a majority of all the members shall be present.

"ART. XI. The society shall have full power to adopt such measures as may be deemed most efficient for mutual improvement, for exciting a spirit of emulation, for the dissemination of useful knowledge, for promoting friendly professional intercourse among its members, and for the advancement of medical science.

"ART. XII. It shall have power to censure or expel any member for unprofessional conduct, or violation of the Code of Ethics

adopted by this society. It shall have power to raise money of its members by a tax of not more than two dollars, and the annual dues to the State society. It shall have power to fix a fee-bill for regulating the charges of its members for their professional services. It shall have power to adopt a seal for the use of the society. It shall hold four regular meetings annually on the third Tuesday of the months of January, April, July and October, the April meeting being the annual meeting. And shall hold such other meetings as three members of the society may call.

"ART. XIII. Any member moving out of the county without giving notice to the Secretary shall be dropped from the roll; also, any member may withdraw from the society after paying all dues, provided no charges for unprofessional conduct or violation of the Code of Ethics are against him.

"ART. XIV. The society adopts as a part of its regulations the Code of Ethics of the American Medical Association (National Code of Ethics).

"ART. XV. The members of this society pledge themselves to observe all the requirements of this Constitution, the Code of Ethics, the requirements of the State Medical Society to which this society is auxiliary, and that they will in no way countenance or encourage quackery in any of its forms or pretensions.

"ART. XVI. This Constitution may be amended at any regular meeting of the society, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present."

This was signed at the time by—

Allen Heavenridge,	Joel T. Barker,	F. C. Ferguson,
R. C. Moore,	James H. Brill,	J. A. Osborn,
F. W. Smith,	J. H. Orear,	Thomas J. Adams,
B. Bartholomew,	W. J. Hoadley,	L. H. Kennedy,
R. C. Talbott,	J. N. Green,	Joseph Eastman,
W. F. Harvey,	Wilson Lockhart,	Thomas Evans,
Thomas F. Dryden,	B. Mendenhall.	

"Recorded April the 10th, A. D. 1877, at 8 o'clock A. M.

"LEROY RAWLINGS,

"*Recorder of Hendricks County.*"

This society makes no fee-bills by which its members shall be governed, but every member is allowed to make such charges for his services as he sees proper.

Below are the names of those who have been admitted to membership since its organization in 1854:

Adams, T. J.,	Ferguson, F. C.,	Mendenhall, B.,
Bartholomew, B.,	Farabee, C. E.,	Mansbridge, J. W.,
Barker, J. T.,	Green, J. N.,	Orear, J. H.,
Brill, J. H.,	Graham, Thos. C.,	Osborne, J. A.,
Comingor, J. A.,	Harvey, Thos. B.,	Oscar, J H.,
Cox, Henry,	Harvey, W. F.,	Parker, M. G.,
Carter, Amos,	Hoadley, W. J.,	Ragan, J. S.,
Depew, D. J.,	Heavenridge, A.,	Seller, Thos. R.,
Davidson, A.,	House, G. H. F.,	Smith, F. W.,
Dryden, T. F.,	Hurt, G. K.,	Summers, H. C.,
Depew, M. F.,	Kennedy, L. H.	Strong, J. T.,
Dixon, C. R.,	Lockhart, Wilson,	Todd, H. G.,
Eastman, J. A.,	Lawson, W. T.,	Todd, David,
Evans, T.,	Moore, H H.,	Talbott, R. C.,
Ellis, Thos. E.,	Moore, R. C.,	Wright, J. J.,
White, J. F.	White, C. A.	



CHAPTER X.

BROWN TOWNSHIP.

SITUATION.—DESCRIPTION.—EARLY SETTLEMENT.—TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.—FIRST GENERAL ELECTION.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—POPULATION AND TAXATION.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Brown Township lies in the northeast corner of Hendricks County, and contains about twenty-five square miles of land, in townships 16 and 17 north, ranges 1 and 2 east. It is bounded on the north by Boone County, on the east by Marion County, on the south by Lincoln Township, and on the west by Middle Township. It is drained by White Lick, which passes through the western side of the township, along which is a fine rolling country of the best kind of soil. Along the eastern border is also a high rolling country, from which the water runs into Eagle Creek. The central portion of the township is level, and, before artificial drainage was resorted to, very wet; but now almost every portion of it is well drained, producing the finest crops of corn of any portion of Hendricks County. The soil of Brown Township, both clay and alluvial, is of most excellent quality, and furnishes to the people of the township an inexhaustible storehouse from which independence and wealth are being rapidly drawn.

Until 1863 Brown included, besides its present territory, all of what is now Lincoln. It was named in honor of James Brown, who was the first white settler within its borders. The first white inhabitant, however, within the present limits of Brown Township was David Sparks, who came in 1827. Very few men settled in the township until after 1830.

Brown is so situated as to have neither railroad station, town, nor postoffice within its borders. There are two churches—one Methodist Episcopal and one Missionary Baptist. More persons of foreign birth reside in Brown Township than in any other township in Hendricks County. In the central part is a very large settlement of Irish, to whose enterprise and industry the county owes the reclamation of a considerable area of valuable lands from

a worthless and pestilence-breeding swamp, and its transformation into productive fields. In area Brown Township ranks as the ninth in the county; in wealth and number of inhabitants the twelfth; and in the density of population the eighth.

OFFICIAL.

Following are lists of the various township officers, so far as they can be obtained, from the year 1833 to the present time:

Justices of the Peace: Edward Railsback and Hugh Goudy, 1833; James Ward, 1835; George Tyler, 1836; Benjamin M. Logan, 1839; Francis T. Leith, 1842; James Ruggles, 1843; George Tyler, 1844; William Worrel, 1845; George Tyler, 1846; Whitson Nelson, 1848; Asa S. White, 1849; Daniel B. South, 1851; Whitson Nelson, 1853; J. H. Schenck, 1854; William C. Nelson, 1855; Asa S. White, 1857; Ebenezer S. Watson, 1858; J. T. Burns, 1859; N. W. Gossett, 1861; James Ballard, 1862; William McDaniel, 1865; Edward T. Doyle, 1866; Joseph Cooper, 1867; James Gandy, 1868; William Hopkins, 1869; Thomas J. Reed and William Symmonds, 1870; George Dickerson, 1872; William Coffman and George W. Howard, 1874; Hiram Gray and Adam Beaman, 1876; Thomas C. Dollahite and James Smoot, 1878; Thomas G. Reed and Thomas J. Sandusky, 1882.

Constables: George Tyler, 1831; Archibald Smith, 1832-'3; Lemuel Shockley and Joseph D. Happart, 1834; Gaten Manyfield and Reuben Smith, 1835; Beverly Ballard and Samuel Betts, 1836; Beverly Ballard and Thomas H. Harding, 1837; Lewis Rice and Beverly Ballard, 1838; James Ballard and Armstead Ward, 1839; H. H. Moore and Aaron Gamble, 1841; V. D. Brown and Richard Nash, 1844; John Bristow and Noah Harding, 1845; Gaten Menipee, Henry Evans and Mark Hollett, 1846; Manoah Swaim and James Constable, 1848; Isaac Nash and Robinson Turpin, 1849; Abraham Warrick, 1850; James Ballard and James McAllister, 1851; Joseph Wilson, John Hendricks and Henry Stewart, 1852; Stephen Call, William R. Callahan and Jacob Welshon, 1853; Enoch W. King, 1855; Albert S. Maccay, Henry Stewart and Enoch W. King, 1856; Enoch W. King, Benjamin B. Goudy and William Harris, 1857; Enoch W. King, H. Garner and I. G. Hoadley, 1858; John Berry, Robert C. Walker, James G. Hoadley, 1859; George W. Nash, Benjamin O. Davidson and Vincent G. White, 1860; Henry Straughan, John W. Arbuckle, James G. Hoadley and William Harris, 1861; Edward Roberts,

Bailey Smith and John M. Rice, 1862; George C. Ruggles and A. L. Brown, 1863; William L. Hatchett and Joseph Cooper, 1864; William L. Hatchett and F. M. Fitch, 1865; Bailey Smith and Joseph M. Tolle, 1866; Isaac Pearcy and John Marvel, 1867; James Pearcy and J. Ed. Roberts, 1868; R. C. Walker and Edward Roberts, 1869; Elijah Smith and Allen McDaniel, 1870; Elias B. Coombs and George T. Turley, 1872; Eli S. Bray and William Coombs, 1874; E. C. Toole and G. W. Spicklemire, 1876; Lewis Herring and Lewis McDaniel, 1878; George W. McCrary and Josephus Dodson, 1880; James N. Hough and Brownlee Sandusky, 1882; Charles R. Reed and William Gibbs, 1884.

Trustees: Edward T. Doyal, 1854; A. Tharp, 1855; William P. Shirley, 1856; J. S. Lang, 1857; S. W. Hardin, 1858; William Hopkins, 1859–'61; G. G. Menifee, 1862; Ebenezer Tomlinson, 1863; W. L. Shirley, 1864; Nicholas Lawler, 1865–'8; Allen McDaniel, 1869; William Hopkins, 1870–'2; J. P. Catterson, 1874–'6; G. W. Spicklemire, 1878–'80; S. M. McCaslin, 1882–'4.

Clerks: William Hopkins, 1854; Asa S. White, 1856; George W. Nash, 1857; T. B. Darnall, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurers: Lewis S. Hunter, 1854; B. M. Logan, 1856–'7; Lewis S. Hunter, 1858 (office abolished).

Assessors: Marion Ballard, 1870–'2; William C. Mitchell, 1874; Marion Ballard, 1876; John W. Smith, 1878; James Ballard, 1880; James S. Hogan, 1882.

FIRST GENERAL ELECTION.

The first general election in which Brown Township participated was that of 1828. The poll-book and tally-sheet are yet in existence, and begin as follows: "At an Election held at the hous of James Brown on the 4th day of August 1828 for the purpos of Electing one Goviner one Lieutenant Goviner one Representator to Congress one Sinitor one representative to State Legislater one Coriner the following is a list of the number of votes taken and also the number Each Candidate receive." The names of twelve voters follow, and, as they were nearly all the early settlers of the township, their names are worth recording: James Brown, Joseph Runion, Joshua Newham, William Harris, Thomas Nash, Daniel Newham, George Tyler, James R. Smith, Shannon Foster, Edward Railsback, Jesse Smith and Nathaniel W. Hults. For Governor, James S. Ray received nine votes and J. T. Canby, two; for Lieu-

tenant-Governor, Milton Stapp received eleven votes; for Representative, John W. Cox received ten votes; for Senator, Calvin Fletcher received ten votes; while ten votes were cast in favor of a constitutional convention.

POLITICAL.

In politics Brown has always been strongly Democratic. The only presidential year when it has failed in its duty to that party was 1860, when, owing to the division of the Democratic vote between two candidates, Lincoln received a small plurality. The vote in the different presidential elections has been as follows:

1836—Martin Van Buren	72	44
William H. Harrison	28	
1844—James K. Polk	162	69
Henry Clay	93	
1848—Lewis Cass	124	19
Zachary Taylor	105	
Martin Van Buren	3	
1852—Franklin Pierce	144	53
Winfield Scott	91	
1856—James Buchanan	250	103
John C. Fremont	147	
1860—Abraham Lincoln	210	12
Stephen A. Douglas	198	
John C. Breckinridge	29	
John Bell	1	
1864—George B. McClellan	152	84
Abraham Lincoln	68	
1868—Horatio Seymour	171	96
Ulysses S. Grant	75	
1872—Horace Greeley	146	96
Ulysses S. Grant	50	
1876—Samuel J. Tilden	153	109
Rutherford B. Hayes	44	
Peter Cooper	40	
1880—Winfield S. Hancock	180	113
James A. Garfield	67	
James B. Weaver	42	
1884—Grover Cleveland	199	142
James G. Blaine	57	
Benjamin F. Butler	22	

STATISTICAL.

The population of Brown Township was, by the census of 1880, 1,322. In 1885 the number of acres of land assessed was 15,966.75; value of same, $378,680; value of improvements, $32,030; personal property, $86,507; total value of taxables, $497,217; number of polls, 180; number of dogs, 139; amount of State tax, $686.65; county tax, $1,497.64; township tax, $994.42; tuition tax, $442.76; special school tax, $840.56; road tax, $994.44; endowment tax, $24.86; bridge tax, $497.24; total tax levied, $7,102.54; delinquent tax, $450.32.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Alexander H. Arbuckle, one of the prominent and successful farmers and stock-raisers of Brown Township, was born July 14, 1836. In the spring of 1857 his parents, John M. and Elizabeth Arbuckle, settled in Brown Township on the farm now owned by our subject, where the father died. Eight of their family of eleven children are living—John W., Nancy, William R., Washington M., Melvina H., Matthew H., Esther

and Alexander H. The deceased are—Martha, Franklin and Francis M. The latter was a soldier in the civil war, and served between two and three years, a member of the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry. Alexander H. Arbuckle received a fair education in his youth, and subsequently taught school a short time. Since coming to Hendricks County he has engaged in farming, and now owns the old homestead, which contains 307 acres of valuable land. He is a liberal, public-spirited man, and one of the most substantial and influential men of the township. He was married in March, 1859, to America Graham, who died in August, 1879. To them were born four children—Alvin, Ulysses G., Ellison and John F. (deceased). In January, 1881, Mr. Arbuckle married Rebecca Combs. They have one child—Mattie.

James Ballard was born in Scott County, Ky., Feb. 26, 1815, a son of Beverly and Hannah Ballard. In 1834 he accompanied his parents to Marion County, Ind., and the following year to Hendricks County, locating in the eastern part of Lincoln Township. Of a large family of children, but five are living—James, George, Amanda, Grandison and John C. James Ballard was reared on a farm, receiving a common-school education, and after leaving school engaged in teaching a short time. In 1840 he settled on his present farm on section 6, Brown Township, where he owns 125 acres of valuable land. He is one of the leading agriculturists of the township, and a prominent and popular citizen. He has served as Trustee of Brown Township one year, Justice of the Peace five years, and several years as Assessor. Mr. Ballard was married Jan. 2, 1840, to Sarah Corbaley, daughter of Jeremiah and Jane Corbaley, of Marion County, Ind. To them have been born twelve children, nine of whom are living—Hannah, Emily A., Francis M., Melvina, Zerelda, Albert, Mollie, America, and Ettie S.

James P. Catterson, a prominent farmer and stock-raiser of Brown Township, is a native of Owen County, Ky., born March 20, 1827. In the fall of 1832 his parents, James and Sarah Catterson, moved to Marion County, Ind., and there he was reared to manhood. He was a soldier in the Mexican war, enlisting in May, 1847, and serving till July, 1848, and participated in many important engagements. After the breaking out of the Rebellion, he again enlisted in the defense of his country, in August, 1862, and was appointed Second Lieutenant of Company F, Seventy-ninth Indiana Infantry. He was afterward promoted to First Lieutenant and then to Captain of his company. He participated

in the engagements at Perryville, Stone River, Mission Ridge, and others of minor importance. He was wounded in the right foot at Stone River, and was discharged in April, 1864. In 1865 he settled on the farm in Brown Township where he now lives. He has 100 acres of valuable land, all under a high state of cultivation. He is an influential man in the township, and has served two terms as Trustee. Mr. Catterson was married Nov. 11, 1852, to Emerine T. McKee, daughter of William and Jane McKee. To them have been born eleven children, seven of whom are living—Buena Z., James S., Louetta, Cora M., Sallie W., Emma F., and Indiana M. The deceased are—Alva R., Elzena, Minnie R. and Elizabeth J. Mr. Catterson is a member of the Masonic fraternity and the Grand Army of the Republic. In politics he is a Greenbacker.

George Dickerson is a native of Muskingum County, Ohio, born March 7, 1833, a son of Jehu and Nancy Dickerson, natives of Delaware. His parents had a large family eleven of whom are living—Perry, Lewis, Elizabeth, George, Samuel, Lawson, John, Mary A., Jane, Margaret and Samantha. George Dickerson was reared in his native county. In his youth he learned the carpenter's trade, which he has followed in connection with farming. He came to Hendricks County in 1860 and located in Brown Township where he owns fifty acres of well cultivated land on which he has a pleasant residence and good farm buildings. Mr. Dickerson was married July 28, 1864, to Angeline Dickerson. To them have been born four children, but three of whom are living—Albert R., Effie A. and Fred. Charlie is deceased. In politics Mr. Dickerson is a Democrat. He takes an active interest in all public affairs, but has no aspirations for official honors. He was once elected Justice of the Peace but refused to serve. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

James G. Dickerson was born in Muskingum County, Ohio, April 21, 1827, a son of Burton and Sarah (Webb) Dickerson, his father a native of Delaware and his mother of Maryland. In 1837 his parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., and entered forty acres of land on section 17, Brown Township, which they made their home till death. Their family consisted of seven children, three of whom are living—James G., Angeline and Mary J. James G. Dickerson was ten years of age when his parents came to Hendricks County. His youth was spent in assisting his father clear a heavily timbered farm. He has always lived on the old homestead and in addition to the original forty

acres entered by his father, owns 132 acres, making a fine farm of 172 acres. He is an enterprising, public-spirited citizen, and is one of the influential men of his township. He was married in October, 1850, to Sarah Snyder, of Marion County, who died in March, 1881. Four of the seven children born to them are living —James T., Marinda S., Melvina A. and Sarah J. In October, 1882, Mr. Dickerson married Constant Starkey, daughter of David Starkey, of Marion County. He and his wife are members of the Christian church which he has served as Deacon and Elder. In politics he is a Democrat.

Joseph Funkhouser, deceased, was born in Virginia, Feb. 28, 1830, and died on the old homestead in Brown Township, Oct. 20, 1876. His father, Martin Funkhouser, moved to Hendricks County, Ind., about 1846, and here he lived the remainder of his life. He was married Sept. 8, 1853, to Nancy E. King, a native of Kentucky, born Oct. 8, 1834, a daughter of William S. and Parmelia King, who moved to Decatur County, Ind., when she was a child and later to Hendricks County. To Mr. and Mrs. Funkhouser were born seven children five of whom are living— Sarah J., Ellis M., Viola A., Lucinda G. and Martin O. Cosander and Wyatt C. are deceased. Mr. Funkhouser was an upright, honorable gentleman; public-spirited and benevolent, he was a valuable citizen of the township and was esteemed by all who knew him. He was a prominent member of the Christian church. Mrs. Funkhouser resides on the homestead in Brown Township, which contains eighty acres of choice land all under cultivation. She is also a member of the Christian church.

Milton Hendricks is a native of Jefferson County, Ind., born June 13, 1831, a son of John and Linda M. (Buchanan) Hendricks. When he was three years old his parents moved to Hendricks County and located in Liberty Township, where they lived till their death. His father entered forty acres of wild land, which was the nucleus of the home in the new county. Five of a large family of children are living—Sarah A., Milton, Catherine, Harriet and Rosana. Milton Hendricks was reared on a pioneer farm, receiving but a limited education. After leaving home he engaged in farming for himself, till the breaking out of the Rebellion. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the Seventy-ninth Indiana Infantry, and participated in many important battles and skirmishes. He was wounded in his left ankle joint, and was obliged to have his foot amputated. He was honorably discharged in February, 1863, and

after his return home again engaged in agricultural pursuits. He owns a fine farm of 107 acres, and his improvements are among the best in the township. He is a prominent and highly esteemed citizen of the county and has been elected to different positions of trust and responsibility. Mr. Hendricks was married March 14, 1858, to Mary E. Sparks, daughter of Galen and Lydia Sparks, early settlers of Hendricks County. To them have been born eight children, six of whom are living—Cora A., Myra J., Orestes H., Vada B., Lora M. and Erie G. Mary and Charles T. are deceased.

William J. Herring, deceased, was a native of Harrison County, Ky., born Jan. 20, 1824, a son of George and Elizabeth Herring. When he was a boy he accompanied his parents to Hendricks County, and here he grew to manhood. He was married Feb. 24, 1848, to Isabel Worrell, daughter of Richard and Jane Worrell, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Hendricks County, where her mother died. Her father is now living in Kansas. To Mr. and Mrs. Herring were born four children—Richard, Mary A., Martha M. (deceased) and Elizabeth J. Mr. Herring was an honorable, upright Christian man, a member of the Missionary Baptist church. He was a liberal, public-spirited citizen and was loved and esteemed by all who knew him. He died April 3, 1876. His widow resides on the old homestead on section 34, Brown Township, and is one of the most estimable and respected of Brown's citizens.

Joseph Holloway is a native of Surrey County, Va., a son of William and Winifred Holloway, and was born Sept. 10, 1811. In 1831 he accompanied his father to Marion County, Ind., but the same year his father went to Tennessee, where he remained five years and then came again to Indiana. Joseph entered 164 acres of Government land in Brown Township, Hendricks County, and went bravely to work to make a farm out of an uncultivated and heavily timbered tract of land. His industry and energy have won him success and he now has one of the best farms in the township and has a pleasant home for his declining years. He was married in 1832 to Elizabeth Cool, daughter of William and Polly Cool, natives of Pennsylvania. To them have been born eight children—Mary E., John W., Eliza A., Henry E., David W., Indiana, Willis G. and George W.; the latter is deceased. In politics Mr. Holloway is a Democrat. He is a member of Brownsburg Lodge, No. 241, F. & A. M.

Joseph Lemar, one of the prominent and enterprising farmers of Brown Township, is a native of Delaware, born June 26, 1807, a son of Luke and Nancy Lemar. He was reared in his native State and when twenty-seven years of age accompanied his parents and brother and sister to Franklin County, Ohio, where he remained a year, when he moved to Preble County, and in 1853 came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on section 17, Brown Township, where he owns a fine farm of sixty acres all well improved. Mr. Lemar was married in Preble County, to Susan Morrow. Of the four children born to them but one, Creighton, is living. Martha J., Clark and Frances A. are deceased. In politics Mr. Lemar is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

George W. Marvel is a native of Muskingum County, Ohio, born April 29, 1831, a son of Robert and Sarah Marvel, who came to Hendricks County, Indiana, in 1835, and entered eighty acres of wild land in Brown Township. Here he was reared on a pioneer farm, receiving but a limited education. He is one of the prosperous citizens of Brown Township, and owns 155 acres of valuable land. When a young man he learned the plasterer's trade, at which he has worked in connection with farming. Mr. Marvel was married in March, 1852, to Sarah Dickerson, and to them were born six children, but three of whom—Franklin P., Ottie M. and Rosa M.—are living. Margaret, Ettie and Clara are deceased. Mrs. Marvel died in May, 1875, and the following October Mr. Marvel married Lucinda Watson, of Vigo County, Ind. Mr. and Mrs. Marvel are members of the Christian church.

John Marvel was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Feb. 10, 1837, a son of Robert and Sarah Marvel, early settlers of Brown Township. He was reared in his native county, receiving but a limited education, as his services were early required at home. He has always devoted his attention to agriculture, and is one of the representative successful farmers of the township. He owns a fine farm of eighty acres, and his improvements are among the best in the township. He was married in February, 1859, to Mary L. Wilson, and to them have been born eight children, but three of whom are living—Canada, Evert and Annie.

James W. Phillips, one of the successful farmers of Brown Township, is a native of Jefferson County, Ind., born April 7, 1837, a son of Thomas and Susan Phillips. His father was a native of North Carolina, and immigrated to Indiana with his parents

in an early day. Of ten children born to his parents six are living —Newton E., James W., Alexander W., Melville, Milton A. and Susan. James W. Phillips was reared in his native county, and made it his home till the fall of 1865, when he moved to Hendricks County, and in 1867 settled on the farm where he now lives, on section 22, Brown Township. His farm contains 105 acres of fine land, and his improvements are large and comfortable and in good repair. Mr. Phillips is an energetic, industrious man, and is one of the prosperous farmers of Hendricks County. He was married July 4, 1861, to Lydia M. Gray, of Jennings County, Ind. To them have been born four children—Charles H., Clarence, Iva J. and Roy. In politics Mr. Phillips is a Republican.

Isaac H. Schenck, one of the prominent pioneers of Brown Township, is a native of Butler County, Ohio, born Dec. 27, 1815, a son of Samuel and Mary (Hoffman) Schenck. When he was thirteen years of age his parents moved to Marion County, Ind., where he grew to manhood. In 1841 he settled in the woods of Hendricks County, entering the sixty acres of land on section 16, Brown Township, which is now his valuable farm. He has been one of the enterprising, public-spirited men of the township, and has assisted materially in its development. He has served several years as Township Trustee, and as Justice of the Peace four years. Mr. Schenck was married April 22, 1841, to Nancy J. Harris, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth Harris, of Marion County, Ind., formerly of Kentucky. To them have been born eleven children, eight of whom are living—Rebecca A., Caroline, Levi H., Riley, James V., Nora C., Thomas J. and George. The deceased are—Mary E., Tilman H. and Ellen M. Mr. and Mrs. Schenck are members of the regular Baptist church.

Harvey Turpin, son of Robison and Rachel Turpin, was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Feb. 28, 1837. He remained at home till manhood, and in August, 1862, enlisted in the Fifth Indiana Cavalry. He participated in many severe battles and skirmishes, among others Resaca and Rheatown. In July, 1864, he was captured, and was confined in Andersonville Prison two months and thirteen days, and in Florence two months. He was exchanged at Charleston in December, 1864, and was given a furlough home. He was discharged in April, 1865, and again took up the peaceful pursuit of agriculture. He is one of the substantial and enterprising farmers of Brown Township. His homestead on section 15 contains 110 acres of choice land, and he also owns forty acres

in Boone County and sixty in Hendricks County. He takes an active interest in all public affairs, and is a liberal supporter of any measure that promises benefit to his township. He was married Sept. 5, 1867, to Parmelia F. Smith, who was born May 28, 1840, a daughter of Aaron and Frances Smith, of Boone County. They have a family of six children—Rachel F., Mary E., Viola M., Flora E., Harrison E. and Homer E. Mrs. Turpin is a member of the Baptist church.

CHAPTER XI.

CENTER TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION.—EARLY SETTLEMENT.—TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS.—FIRST ELECTION.—POLITICAL.—POPULATION, PROPERTY AND TAXATION.—DANVILLE.—DESCRIPTION.—INCORPORATION.—TOWN OFFICERS.—BUSINESS DIRECTORY.—BANKS.—PROFESSIONAL MEN.—CHURCHES.—SOCIETIES.—STATISTICAL.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Center Township is rightly named, occupying a central position in the county. It contains about forty-six square miles in congressional townships 15 and 16 north, ranges 1 east and 1 west. It is bounded on the north by Union and Middle townships, on the east by Middle and Washington, on the south by Liberty and Clay, and on the west by Clay, Marion and Eel River. It is drained by the west fork of White Lick, some of its tributaries and Mill Creek. In its course across Center Township, the west fork has eroded a deep, narrow valley, which makes some rather abrupt bluffs along this stream, but otherwise the surface of the township is beautifully undulating throughout most of its extent, the north part being level. The natural drainage of Center is the best in the county, except Guilford, and in it is the highest elevation of land in the county. Its soil is better adapted to the cultivation of grass and small grain than to that of corn. Almost every square foot of land in this township is utilized for cultivation or for pasture, and in the northwest part of it are some of the finest woodland pastures in the world.

The earliest settlement in this township was in 1823, but there were not over half a dozen families in the township until after the location of the county seat and the establishment of the town of Danville.

OFFICIAL.

We give the names of the incumbents of the most important township officers, with the years of their election. The list is as nearly complete as possible:

Justices of the Peace: Samuel Wick, 1826 (resigned 1830); Lewis Mastin, 1829 (resigned 1830); John C. Julien, 1830; William A. Stephens, 1831; Job Osborn and Noah Harden, 1833; Larkin R. Campbell, 1834; John Dunn, 1834; William A. Stephens, Job Osborn and Eldred Huff, 1836; Samuel Brenton, D. S. Carter, James Dugan and William Miller, 1837; Stephen C. Crawford, 1841; James Dugan and Samuel Melogue, 1842; Henry Miller, 1844; Edmund Clark, 1846; Samuel Melogue, James Dugan and James Christie, 1847; James Ward, 1848; John D. Burks, 1850; Jesse S. Woodard, 1851; Henry Miller, 1852; William Astley, Robert H. West and Job Osborn, 1854; Peter S. Kennedy, John D. Burks and Benjamin F. Tout, 1855; R. H. Morehead, 1856; Enion Singer, William Howland, Salmon Hall and Leonard T. Maccoun, 1856; Allen P. Burks, 1857; George S. Rich and William Astley, 1858; Enion Singer, 1860; Julius A. Perkins, 1862; Enion Singer and Willis Tabert, 1864; F. M. Darnall, 1865; R. H. Morehead and William Henson, 1866; Samuel Craddick, 1867; E. C. Dibble, 1868; Linn Rammel and James T. Matlock, 1869; R. H. Morehead and Enoch Henry, 1870; Simon Rammel, 1872; R. H. Morehead and Enoch Henry, 1874; N. M. Taylor and Thomas Nichols, 1876; Simon Rammel, 1878; Thomas Nichols and James W. Hamrick, 1880; Asa Martin, 1882; Thomas Nichols, James W. Hamrick and Joseph S. Miller, 1884.

Constables: John Nichols and William Faught, 1831; James Parks, John Nichols and David Adams, 1832; Peter McRoberts, G. Hufford, Clark Davis and D. C. Adams, 1833; James Dugan, Joel Jelf, Gideon Hufford and Isaac Williams, 1834; William Hiton, George Darnell, William Hazelrig and Samuel Melogue, 1838; Zachariah R. Clark and I. Stutsman, 1844; Zachariah R. Clark, James Douden, P. S. Dickens and George P. Ellis, 1845; Zachariah R. Clark and S. L. Hawkins, 1846; Joseph McCalmant, Boaz Williams, Samuel R. Pearson and Jonathan Irwin, 1847; J. L. Miller, Elijah Huff, James Stutsman and John C. Hagin, 1848; John Brown, Aaron Hart, Jesse Thompson and Lewis Pearcy, 1850; Daniel D. Hambleton, Andrew W. Tout, John Glover and Jacob K. Moore, 1851; Daniel D. Hambleton, Charles Ficklin, Andrew W. Tout and Parks Brittain, 1852; Orrin B. Fenton, Hugh Miller, Edmund H. Straughan and Edwin S. Meek, 1853; John W. Hawkins, Daniel D. Hambleton, Elijah Huff and Andrew W. Tout, 1854; John Faucett, Andrew Tout, George H. Walker and Edward Smith, 1856; Leonard T. Maccoun, Simon Rammel and

J. Russell, 1857; Isaac Ohaver, John Emmons and William W. Hays, 1858; Isaac Ohaver, James Stutsman and John Emmons, 1859; James Stutsman, William B. Keeney and James Stapp, 1860; David Doty, A. V. Bland and William E. Lee, 1861; Thomas Nichols, Jr., and John J. McMullen, 1862; James Stutsman, William Welshans and John J. McMullen, 1863; Gazway Sullivan, B. P. Hyten and John J. McMullen, 1864; Samuel Leffen, T. C. Workman and John Druin, 1865; Samuel Leffen, William H. Nichols and John Druin, 1866; Elisha Straughan, John Barton and Henry C. Tout, 1867; William Cross, Dr. Furnas and J. Ohaver, 1868; George Depew, 1869; John Whyte and Wesley Depew, 1870; Wesley Depew, Silas E. Cook and Andrew T. Tout, 1872; Jesse Cummins and Silas E. Cook, 1864; Jesse Cummins and J. B. Barton, 1876; John F. Crim and C. M. Baugh, 1878; Horace Colvin, Henry S. Curtis and Cyrus M. Baugh, 1880; Henry S. Curtis, William W. Comingore and William Barton, 1882; E. M. Straughan and E. C. Wills, 1884.

Trustees: Robinson C. Russell, 1857; Abram Bland, 1858; Lawrence S. Shuler, 1859-'60; Squire Wade, 1861; James Nichols, 1862–'5; H. C. Perkins, 1866; Alfred Welshans, 1867–'72; J. P. Dibble, 1874; John N. Shirley, 1876–'8; George W. Scearce, 1880; John Mesler, 1882; Joseph W. Beekman, 1884; George W. Scearce, 1885.

Clerks: H. C. Perkins, 1857; Nicholas T. Hadley, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurer: James Christie, 1857–'8 (office abolished).

Assessors: W. H. Nichols, 1870; Jesse Cummins, 1872; Amos Hook, 1874; E. M. McCoun, 1876; William Hutchings, 1878; Samuel B. Ensminger, 1880; John B. Hale, 1882.

FIRST ELECTION.

The oldest document in existence pertaining to Center Township is believed to be the poll-book and tally sheet of the general election held Aug. 7, 1826, when the people voted for congressman, senator, representative, sheriff and coroner. Altogether, sixty-six persons voted in Center Township at this election, indicating a population at that time of perhaps 200. We give below the names of the voters, as entered on the poll-book. Many names are spelled incorrectly, but we leave it to the reader to correct them mentally. The list is doubly valuable, as it includes all the first pioneers of the township:

Francis Barbee, Thomas Hinten, Richard Chirty, Elijah Tompson, Dickison Tompson, James Tompson, Jeramiah Cutbirth, Thomas Nichols, William More, Juner, George More, Senor, Thomas Shelton, Jonathan Wyet, Nathaniel kirk, Thomas Irns [Irons], Ezekiel More, William Cr[illegible], George More, Junior, Moses Williams, William Moore, Sen., John Green, Samuel Gwin, John Briant, John Ristine, Martin Coopper, David Downs, Eli Twnsend, Samuel Herriman, Thomas Howel, Thomas J. Walker, John Hanner, Tomas B. Clark, David Adams, Robbert Coopper, Lemuel Hopkins, Joseph Dunn, George W. Pope, William Herren, Stephen Cook, Jesse Cook, Silas Briant, Abel Standly, Levy Kindman, Eli Moris, Job Osbern, Daniel Clark, William Pope, Buriah Dunn, Andy Clark, John Dunn, John Calor, James Downard, Presten Pennington, Nimrod Harrison, James Logan, John More, John Downs, James Williams, David Medlock, Stephen Annel, Thomas Walker, Jefferson Medlock, P. S. Dickens, David McDonald, Levy Jessup, George C. Brightman and Erasmus Nickles.

At this election Thomas Blake for Congress received sixty-two votes, and Ratliff Boon, two votes; Josiah F. Polk for "Sennittor," thirteen, Calvin Fletcher, thirty-seven, and John W. Redden, thirteen; Thomas J. Medlock (Matlock) for "Representive," forty-seven, John Syms, fifteen, and Isahia (Isaiah) Drury, two; John Dunn for Sheriff, thirty-eight, and Robert Cooper, twenty-three; William Faught for "Curener," forty-one; Preston Pennington, nine, and P. S. Dickens, one.

POLITICAL.

Two years later, at the presidential election of 1828, the number of voters had increased four-fold, or to 252. Andrew Jackson received 166 votes, and John Quincy Adams eighty-eight; plurality for Jackson, seventy-eight. The township has been first Whig and then Republican, continuously, except that it gave Jackson majorities in 1828 and 1832, and in 1856 it gave a majority of one for Buchanan. Following is the vote at each presidential election:

1828—Andrew Jackson	166	78	1848—Zachary Taylor	147	30
John Quincy Adams	88		Lewis Cass	117	
1832—Andrew Jackson	306	186	Martin Van Buren	26	
Henry Clay	120		1852—Winfield Scott	174	28
1836—Wm. Henry Harrison	231	61	Franklin Pierce	146	
Martin Van Buren	170		John P. Hale	7	
1844—Henry Clay	376	27	1856—James Buchanan	306	1
James K. Polk	349		John C. Fremont	305	
			Millard Fillmore	4	

1860—Abraham Lincoln	302	178	1876—Rutherford B. Hayes	452	164
Stephen A. Douglas	124		Samuel J. Tilden	288	
1860—John Breckenridge	55		Peter Cooper	15	
John Bell	5		1880—James A. Garfield	544	272
1864—Abraham Lincoln	457	454	Winfield S. Hancock	272	
George B. McClellan	3		James B. Weaver	12	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant	398	210	1884—James G. Blaine	544	261
Horatio Seymour	188		Grover Cleveland	283	
1872—Ulysses S. Grant	408	159	Benjamin F. Butler	15	
Horace Greeley	249		John P. St. John	10	

During the late war the people of Danville and vicinity were very strong in their Union sentiments, and so wrought up were they in 1864 that methods were pursued in the political campaign that would find few defenders now, and which were palliated, not excused, by the peculiar conditions of the times. Returned soldiers and other Unionists held the polls, and by one means and another kept the Democratic vote down to three, while 457 votes were given for the Union ticket. This and other incidents caused many of the Democratic citizens of the county to conceive a dislike for Danville which has lasted to this day, and which has had a permanently injurious effect upon the business of what ought to be a more thriving town. The ill-feeling was such during the later years of the war that some Democrats threatened to come and burn the court-house, and for a time this structure was carefully guarded and the streets regularly patrolled by the patriotic Danvilleites.

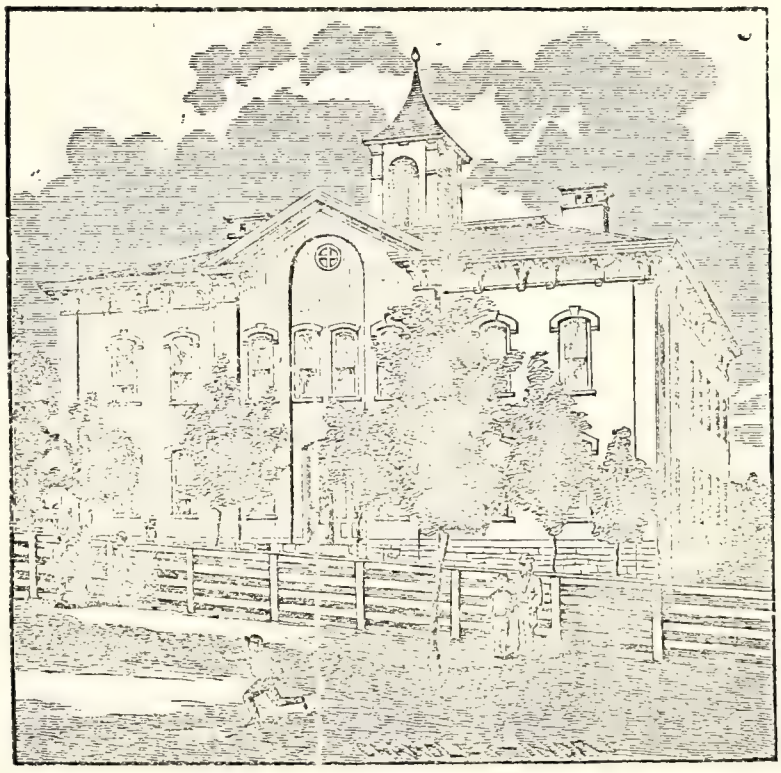
STATISTICAL.

The population of Center Township was in 1880 by the United States census 3,255, about half of this number being in Danville. The following statistics as to property and taxation, exclusive of Danville, are for the year 1885: Acres assessed, 28,593.05; value of same, $804,996; value of improvements, $128,039; value of lots, $1,248; value of improvements, $785; value of personal property, $285,903; total taxables, $1,220,971; polls, 291; dogs, 224; State tax, $1,610.67; county tax, $3,526.58; township tax, $244.19; tuition tax, $2,026.31; special school tax, $2,011.76; road tax, $3,052.43; endowment tax, $61.05; bridge tax, $1,220.94; total taxation, $16,321.18; delinquent taxes, $350.14.

DANVILLE.

In the chapter on "early history" is recorded the establishment of the county seat, and beginning of the town of Danville. Daniel Clark, the first Justice of the Peace in Center Township, was the man who built the first cabin in Danville, in the year 1824. Sev-

eral families at once settled here, to grow up with the capital of the new county, and by the following winter the population was sufficient to support a school, the first session of which was taught by Wesley McKinley. The first physician was Dr. Garrett. Levi Jessup, the first County Clerk, kept the pioneer hotel, and was succeeded in that business in 1828 by Colonel Thomas Nichols, who came to Danville in that year and assumed the duties of Sheriff,



PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING, DANVILLE.

while he kept hotel and built houses as well. In 1829 he built the first brick school-house in the county, at Danville. The venerable Colonel is still living in the town, and though more than fourscore years of age, is active and in possession of all his faculties unimpaired. He is now Justice of the Peace, and one of the most generally respected and popular citizens of the county. The first church of the township was a Regular Baptist, and was organized in Danville about the year 1828.

Danville is the largest town in the county, and is situated a half mile from the depot of the Indianapolis, & St. Louis Railroad, on an elevated position on the west bank of the west fork of White Lick, and is surrounded on all sides by a beautiful country, pleasantly diversified by hills and valleys, and farms and woodlands, covered with a rich carpet of blue grass. In addition to the county public buildings described elsewhere, Danville contains a commodious and elegant public school building, erected in 1873, at a cost of $25,000, the Central Normal College and Business Institute, and fine churches, some of which are very creditable structures. The business portions of the town are generally well built, and consist of substantial two and three story brick blocks. No town of its size in Indiana has a greater number of neat, cosy and comfortable residences, some of which are deserving of being called elegant. The citizens justly pride themselves on the educational and religious privileges of the place, and the high standard of morality which society here maintains.

There is not a saloon in the town, and indeed there has not been one in the county for a third of a century. Attempts have been made at various times to obtain licenses and sell liquor here, but in every case the parties have been prevented, in one way or another.

INCORPORATION.

Danville was incorporated early in its history, as is seen from the following record:

"We, the undersigned, President and Clerk of an election held at the court-house in the town of Danville, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1835, agreeably to an order of the Board of County Commissioners, within and for the county of Hendricks, at their January term, 1835, for the purpose of electing five Trustees to serve the corporation of said town of Danville, do certify that at the election aforesaid, we, the undersigned, President and Clerk as aforesaid, after being duly sworn according to law, did proceed to lay off the said town into five districts, as follows, to wit: District No. One is composed of Blocks Nos. 1, 2, 3, 14, 15 and 16; District No. Two, of Blocks Nos. 17, 18, 19, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34; District No. Three, of Blocks Nos. 4, 13, 28 and 35; District No. Four, of Blocks Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12; District No. Five, of Blocks Nos. 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 36, 37, 38 and 39; and after the division of said town into districts, and the same being made known to the qualified voters thereof, who then proceeded to elect

one Trustee from each district, whereupon the following persons were duly elected, to wit: District No. One, Henry G. Todd; District No. Two, Jubal Lee; District No. Three, Charles B. Naylor; District No. Four, James M. Gregg; and District No. Five, William S. Crawford. The foregoing certificate given pursuant to the revised code for such case made and provided, together with an act entitled 'An act amendatory of the act entitled an act for the incoporation of towns,' approved Feb. 2, 1832. Given under our hands and seals, this 27th day of January, 1835.

"J. W. GREGG, *President.*
"HENRY G. TODD, *Clerk.*"

After some years, the town surrendered its corporate charter, but it was re-incorporated in 1859.

OFFICIAL.

The officials now serving are as follows: Trustees, First Ward, W. T. Lawson; Second Ward, J. J. Bell; Third Ward, Thad. S. Adams; Fourth Ward, E. H. Hall (President); Fifth Ward, James L. McCoun; Treasurer, L. D. Rawlings; Clerk, George C. Harvey; Marshal, George W. Long; Chief Fireman, J. J. Bell.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

That the business of Danville has grown to no mean proportions may be seen from the following business directory, compiled in the spring of 1885: Adams & Emmons, abstracts; J. J. Bell, harness; H. C. Bennett, barber; Biddle & Douglass, hardware; Black & Dooley, wagon and blacksmith shop; A. R. Brattin, jewelry; W. W. Carrier, sewing machines; J. T. Clark & Co., meat market; J. W. Craddick, photographer; Thomas Dinwiddie, blacksmith; Dooley & McCoun, hardware; Zach. Dooley, grocer; Downard & Parker, abstracts; Thomas Dudley, barber; Martin Englehart, blacksmith; First National Bank; Gerlash & Hennings, bakers; Yancy Green, grocer; Hadley, Homan & Co., bankers; E. H. Hall, grocer; L B. Hawkins, sewing machines; Haynes Bros., flouring mill; W. W. Hicks, baker; B. F. Howell, grocer; Henry Howell, grocer; Hunt & Henry, millinery and dressmaking; H. Huston, grocer; J. M. Jeffers, dry goods; Johnson Bros., barbers; Keeney & Son, feed and sale stable; Keeter & Co., grocers; Keleher Bros., druggists; Will A. King, editor *Gazette*; James Lewis, dry goods; Manning Bros., music; Julius Marsh, druggist; McClelland & Thompson, undertakers; W. R. McClelland, furniture and wall pa-

per; McCoun & Co., dry goods; James T. McCurdy, carriage maker; W. H. McPhetridge, harness; John Mesler, grocer; Moore & Sons, restaurant; Charles Morris, tobacco and notions; Moffett & Riddle, editors *Republican*; Fred Neiger, wagon shop; Nichols Bros., druggists; H. A. Patterson, boots and shoes; A. P. Pounds, hardware; J. W. Prendergast, photographer; Mrs. H. H. Rader, jewelry; Rawlings Bros., dry goods; G. W. Reichard, druggist; John Rowe, livery stable; Charles Sanders, grocer; G. W. Scearce, boots and shoes; R. B. Sears, bakery and restaurant; Sherley, Showalter & Co., dry goods; I. M. Silvey, livery; Smith, Pearson & Co., saw-mill; C. W. Stewart, books; G. W. Tout, meat market; Towles & Son, druggists; Abraham Trueblood, coal; Vaught & Allen, grocers; W. A. Vawter, dry goods; Wade & Norton, furniture; G. W. Wayland, books; Ed. Weibel, barber; Alf. Welshans, merchant tailor; James A. Wilson, proprietor Mansion House.

BANKS.

The First National Bank was organized Sept. 23, 1863, by Simon T. Hadley (President), Samuel P. Foote (Cashier), and twenty-five others, with a capital stock of $60,000. This was afterward increased to $165,000, and still later decreased to $82,500, the present amount. Simon T. Hadley was succeeded in the presidency by Allen Hess, Jesse R. Cope and John V. Hadley. The last named has been President since June, 1877. The present Cashier is Benjamin F. Thomas; Assistant Cashier, L. D. Rawlings; Directors, John V. Hadley, Benjamin F. Thomas, Jesse R. Cope, Samuel Little, James A. Bowen, Cyrus Osborn and Enos Hadley. The stockholders number about fifty.

The banking house of Hadley, Homan & Co., of Danville, was established in July, 1873, by Nicholas T. Hadley, Jehu Hadley, Joseph B. Homan, Isaac Piersol, Mordecai Hadley, William G. Hadley and Zeno Hadley. Business was at first carried on under the name of the Danville Banking Company, the capital stock being $75,000. The business was thus conducted until Jan. 1, 1880, when all the stockholders withdrew, excepting Nicholas T. Hadley and Joseph B. Homan, who constitute the present firm.

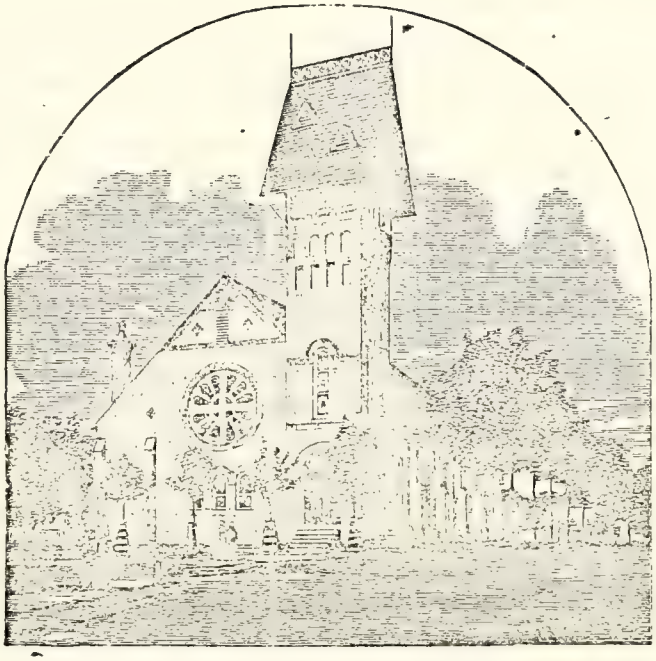
PROFESSIONAL.

The professions are well and ably represented in Danville. Those in the law are: Thad. S. Adams, L. A. Barnett, Richard B. Blake, George W. Brill, Leander M. Campbell, Thomas J. Cofer, James

A. Downard, Charles Foley, John V. Hadley, George C. Harvey, Enoch G. Hogate, Robert F. Hollowell, Murat W. Hopkins, Joseph F. Miller, Christian A. Nave, James O. Parker, Newton M. Taylor and James A. Wilson. The physicians in practice are: Bradley B. Bartholomew, Marshall F. Depew, C. E. Farabee, William J. Hoadley, Frank H. Huron (Hom.), Thomas W. Johnson (Hom.), Leroy H. Kennedy, W. T. Lawson, Madison G. Parker, and Charles A. White.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal.—Christianity is more than a creed, more than a philosophy. It has in it the vital significance which is the



METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, DANVILLE.

life of all creeds. It has a comprehensiveness which embraces everything that is permanent in all of the philosophies, yet beyond them, beyond feeling and beyond intellect, Christianity means living and being. Words may express something of emotion and thought, but Christian faith can only be exemplified in life itself. Life means development and growth. Christianity is most

thoroughly alive. The benediction which rested upon the few disciples that gathered around the Master when his farewell words were spoken to their sorrowing hearts, has become the power which to-day gives impulse to the civilization of the earth. The idea of "feeling and knowing" that "God's power was in the human heart," which, from the lips of the Moravian missionary, was dropped as a germ into the consciousness of John Wesley, has budded and blossomed and fruited until now it brings spiritual sustention and strength to 25,000,000 of human beings. What its influence has been unto those whose work is done, and whose reward has come, can only be computed by celestial mathematics.

Other churches follow in the wake of progress and civilization. Methodism came here with its potent influence strong upon those pioneers that first chopped down a few trees, and cleared away the underbrush to make room for the little patch of corn that should help out in sustaining life, until the cabin should be finished, and the clearing should be lengthened and broadened into the garden and farm. Its power gave strength and courage to them in their loneliness, when, between cabin and cabin, miles of forest and brush intervened, unmarked by roadway or path. In the dreary months and years of isolation, of sturdy, exhausting toil, of strong, stern endeavor, which is almost beyond our comprehension now, upon which has been founded the culture and refinement of succeeding times, Methodism kept alive by its simple faith, courage to wait, to endure, and to do. Those who represented the Methodist church in those times have done their work and passed to their reward, and they have left the earth fairer through their endeavors, and they have added nobility and strength to the human spirit by their faith, their devotion, their constancy and their Christian lives.

In the winter of 1882-'3 there was the first Methodist preaching in this region at the house of Robert Wilson, near present Shiloh church, and a class was organized with Robert Wilson as Leader. This was the first class established in the county. Soon after prosperous classes were organized at North Salem, Danville, Stilesville, Wesley Chapel and at or near Lizton. At the first quarterly meeting for White Lick Circuit, held at Robert Wilson's on Oct. 25, 1828, there were present John Strange, P. E.; Joseph Tarkington, A. P.; Peter Monicle, L. P., and Robert Wilson and Wesley Monicle, Leaders. At that meeting Aaron Homan, Gideon Wilson and Elisha Kise were appointed a committee to make an estimate of

the amount necessary to build a meeting-house near Robert Wilson's. Early the next season the arrangements were perfected and the house built—the first Methodist meeting-house in Hendricks County. At that same meeting the receipts from the different classes were shown to be as follows: Martinsville, $4.31¼; White Lick, $3.25; Moorsville, $1.50; Wilson's, $3.31¼; Claypool's, $2.00; Talbot's, $2.12½; Collen's, $.43¾; George Monucal, $3.00; John Denny, $1.00; making a total of $19.93¾, out of which sum John Strange, P. E., received $3.31¼, and Joseph Tarkington $16.62½. These sums may seem small to us, but out of what they possessed they gave more than we do from our abundance, and more than that, it is by the work so well done by those that have passed away that the possibility is given us to enlarge the offerings they laid upon the altars of the church.

At the quarterly conference held in Danville, Aug. 4, 1838, it was ordered that P. S. Dicken, Daniel McCreary, Hezekiah Smith, Asa Beck and Elijah M. Crawford be appointed a committee to divide the Danville Circuit into two circuits; also at the same time it was ordered that S. B. Caywood, R. C. Russel and H. Rammel be appointed a committee to form an estimate of the probable cost of building a church in Danville. At a subsequent conference Wm. Henton, R. C. Russel, Wm. C. Cline, James Logan and Samuel Brenton were elected Trustees for the Danville church, which was erected in 1840 on the same lot upon which is situated the present church. This church was occupied for public worship until 1865, when it was converted into a parsonage, and the chapel of the Danville Academy was fitted up and used for church purposes.

Prior to this time the church society in Danville had taken the lead in educational matters by organizing and building up the Danville Academy, which was operated under the auspices of this quarterly conference, furnishing thereby educational advantages of a high grade. This enterprise commenced in 1858 and lasted until 1868. Among the prominent educators who at different times had charge of this school were Profs. Tarr, Lummis, O. H. Smith, J. L. Rippetoe and James Scull. In this enterprise the Methodists of Danville spent about $18,000. Much good work was done for the development of morals and intellect, and the endeavor was kept up until there was no longer a necessity for any denomination to lead in school matters, a system of graded schools of high order having been established in the town. To the Methodists, more than to any other religious society, is due the credit

for the educational advantages which have been possessed by Danville in the past, and the high standard which exists now. In the spring of 1878 the society transferred, for a nominal consideration, all of the school property in which they had invested so much to the Central Normal College, and to-day the Methodists see with pleasure that the endeavors which they made thirty years ago are resulting now in this school, a pride to the town, and a blessing to its 800 pupils. The chapel of the Academy was used for church purposes until it was transferred to the Central Normal College in 1878. That year the present church edifice was begun and finished at a cost of $10,000, and on the 26th day of January, 1879, it was dedicated to the service of God. Milton Henton, Moses Keeny, Bloomfield White, B. N. Beale and N. T. Hadley were Trustees during the erection of the present church building, and too much praise cannot be awarded them for the management and care which has resulted in a church home so sightly, pleasant and commodious as is the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Danville.

Danville was organized into a station in 1853. Before that, among the preachers who followed each other in the circuit were J. Tarkington, Joseph White, Asa Beck, Israel Lewis, D. F. Streight, Hezekiah Smith, Frank Richmond, J. B. Demotte. After that came the following preachers in charge: C. S. Burgner, N. L. Brakeman, Samuel Godfrey, Allen Gurney, George Warner, Luther Taylor, D. F. Barnes, T. C. Workman, F. Taylor, Nelson Green, Thos. S. Webb, Francis M. Pavey, Samuel P. Colvin, George W. Bower, James H. Claypool, Joseph C. Reed, R. D. Utter, and the present incumbent, Rev. J. H. Hull.

The following is the officiary of the church: Trustees, Milton Henton, Pres.; E. G. Hogate, Sec.; Geo. W. Wayland, Treas.; I. N. Estep and Simeon Templin. Stewards, L. D. Rawlings, E. G. Hogate, W. R. McClelland, Dr. F. H. Huron, Dr. T. W. Johnson, Dr. C. E. Harlan, Rev. C. W. Stewart, J. M. Graham, Wm. A. Vawter and J. M. Silvey.

The present condition of the church society is most encouraging, looking to present usefulness and future results. The present pastor, Rev. J. H. Hull, was appointed to this station in August, 1884. Formerly he had been Presiding Elder for this district, and is well acquainted with the kind of work necessary to the prosperity of the church and for the fullest evangelical results. The church parlors are so arranged as to be quickly made a part of the auditorium, and it is pleasant to state that the building is

thus frequently filled to its utmost capacity, giving accommodations to 700 people. We all feel that the church, with its 260 members, is in good condition, numerically, financially and spiritually, with a house of worship which can be a home for a great many years to come, and we are looking forward with hope and confidence to a more perfect work, to a much greater influence for the diffusion of a knowledge of that "perfect love which casteth out fear."

The first Sunday-school organized by the Methodists in Danville was opened in the old brick school-house, located on lot 1, block 23, with Henry Rammel as Leader. Father Rammel was at that time an ordained Elder in the church. He died about four years ago at the ripe age of ninety-five. After this organization had continued one year it disbanded, and then there was a union Sunday-school, with John Baker as Superintendent. This school met in the old Presbyterian church on lot 1, block 15. This continued one year, when the Methodists withdrew from their support, and, as a society, were interested in no school until 1840, when they organized again into a Sunday-school, with John Green as Superintendent. This school lasted two years and then disbanded.

At a political meeting in the old court-house on Saturday night, in the latter part of October, 1844, there happened to be in attendance Hezekiah S. McCormack, Milton Henton and Wm. V. Bishop, who were good sterling Methodists. In a conversation then they three resolved that a Methodist Sunday-school should be started the next day week. During the service the next day notice was accordingly given out by the pastor, Rev. D. F. Streight, and on the day fixed this school started on its career with about fifty pupils in attendance, and it has been increasing ever since, until now it numbers over 400, officers, teachers and pupils. Of the three brethren who, even better than they knew, launched it on its onward and upward course, Brother Milton Henton is still with us, teacher of class No. 1, and we are encouraged with the hope that many years may intervene before we are deprived of his efforts and his presence. Brother H. S. McCormack is still living and doing his Master's work. Wm. V. Bishop worked with us until 1876, when he moved to Lebanon, Ind., where, in January, 1881, he finished his course and passed to his reward. Levi Reynolds and H. S. McCormack had charge of this school the first year. In 1845 Levi Reynolds was chosen Superintendent and so served until April, 1846, when H. S. McCormack was elected. He continued

in office until April, 1860, when he was succeeded by Dr. Levi Ritter. He was succeeded June 21, 1868, by Charles F. Hogate, who served until June, 1869, when Dr. Ritter was again elected, who served until June 12, 1870, when he was succeeded by D. M. Cox, who died while in office in September, 1870. The school was then conducted by the Assistant Superintendent, A. Chambers, until Oct. 9, 1870, when Wm. V. Bishop was chosen Superintendent at a special election. He continued in office until June, 1873, when he was succeeded by E. G. Hogate, who discharged the duties of the office until June, 1876, when R. B. Blake was elected. He was succeeded by A. Chambers March 4, 1877, who had charge of the school until Sept. 30, 1877, when he resigned, and E. G. Hogate was elected to his place. In June, 1878, W. R. McClelland was made Superintendent, and under his able management the school attained to unexampled prosperity, and school and church can but be under lasting obligations to him for his efforts and his devotion to their interests. In June, 1881, he was succeeded by E. G. Hogate, who, in turn again, in June, 1882, was followed by Brother McClellan, who kept charge until June, 1884, when Conrad E. Harlan, present Superintendent, was elected to office.

The Secretaries of the school, as far as can be ascertained from the record, have been as follows: Edward Clark, John G. Harding, Ollie Chambers, J. S. Ogden, E. G. Hogate, Otis Hadly, James McLean, Samuel Pierson, Mary Bishop, J. H. Pearson, Jennie Hancock, Jesse Cummins, Carrie Thornbro, James V. Cook, Laura Beckwith, Harry Waterous, Carrie Emmons, Elsie Stewart, Emma McCurdy and Laura McCurdy.

The Treasurers have been Ollie Chambers, Milton Henton, Charles Wynants and Brother Geo. W. Wayland, who has been Treasurer for many years.

The following is the roster of officers and teachers as the school is now organized: Superintendent, Dr. C. E. Harlan; Assistant Superintendents, Dr. T. W. Johnson and Miss A. Kate Huron; Secretary, Laura McCurdy; Treasurer, G. W. Wayland; Teachers, Milton Henton, S. L. Hawkins, C. W. Stewart, Mrs. J. T. McCurdy, Mrs. Serena Dunbar, Mr. S. W. Judy, Mrs. S. Hogate, Miss Melvie Hall, Enoch G. Hogate, Charles S. Wynants, Mrs. C. A. White, Mrs. Olive Pendegrast, Mrs. Mary Ogden, Mrs. Susie Pierson, Miss Delia Phillips, Dr. F. T. Huron, Mrs. J. T. Keeny, Mrs. Alice Pike, Miss May Pierson, John Trotter, Mrs. Wesley Hart, Mrs. E. G. Hogate and Miss Linia Walden.

This school has done much for the church. The whole church is manned to-day with those who are or have been constant and devoted workers in the school. Trustees, class-leaders, stewards, the whole officiary of the church are in the Sunday-school in some capacity. The church singing is done by the scholars of the school, and with the membership of the church to-day almost without exception, from the child who can hardly lisp God's name to those whose hairs are white, and with their work almost done, are awaiting the summons home, the first vital spark of religious enthusiasm was lighted up in Sunday-school work. As the church of the present is the Sunday-school of the past, so the Sunday-school of the present will be the future church. This school is now on the rising tide, and we are glad to see constant proofs that it is advancing in interest, increasing in numbers and growing in general efficiency, and may it long be "as a city that is set upon a hill, whose light cannot be hid."

Church of Christ.—This congregation of disciples was organized in the fall of 1844 by Elder L. H. Jameson, of Indianapolis. The charter members were: Mr. and Mrs. Allen Hess, Mr. and Mrs. Asa S. White, Mr. and Mrs. James Odell, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley B. Sears, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Bell, Mrs. Margaret McPhetridge, Mrs. Celia Cake, and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Verbrike. Asa S. White, Indianapolis; James Odell, Plainfield; Mrs. Wesley Sears, Danville, are all who are living at this time.

The first officers were: Allen Hess, Asa S. White, Elders; Wesley Bell, James Odell, Deacons. The organization was effected at the residence of Asa S. White. For years they met to worship in private houses and in the old court-house. In the year of 1852 the congregation was large enough to build a good frame structure, in which it worshiped for more than twenty years.

They had no settled ministry for many years, but had the teaching of able, godly men, such as L. H. Jameson, Thomas Lockhart, N. Waters, Wm. Jarrett, John O'Kane, O. P. Badger, A. I. Hobbs, and others.

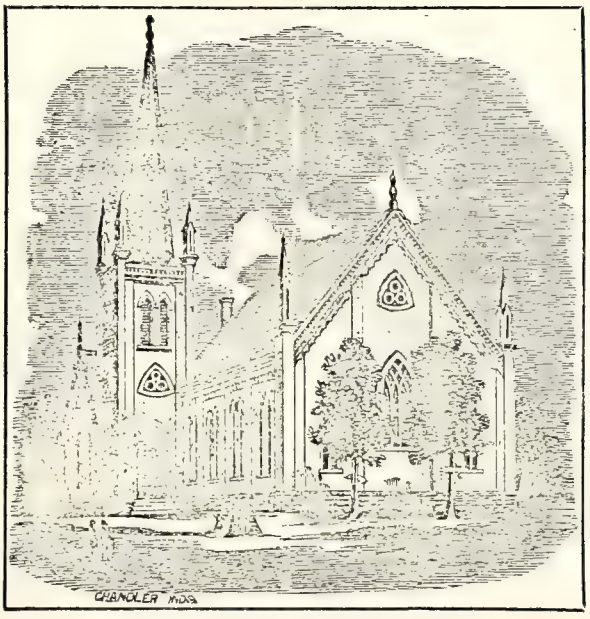
After the war of the Rebellion Wm. R. Jewell settled with them as their first pastor. He was an able minister, and his work and influence is still felt in tl is community.

He was followed by U. C. Brewer, who has preached here more or less for thirty years, having been its pastor two different terms of several years each. No man can stand higher in all this community.

Following ministers have served the church: W. H. Blanks, W. S. Tingley, George G. Peale and Ira J. Chase, who is its present pastor.

Revival meetings have been held by Jewell, Hobbs, Lockhart, J. H. McCullough, P. T. Russell, Brewer, Jarrett, A. N. Gilbert, John C. Miller, D. R. Van Buskirk, and the present pastor.

The present beautiful and commodious house of worship, the largest in the city, is of brick with a brick chapel annex. Its



CHRISTIAN CHURCH, DANVILLE.

foundation was laid in 1874—the auditorium 60 x 42, the chapel 56 x 32. The cost was between $15,000 and $20,000.

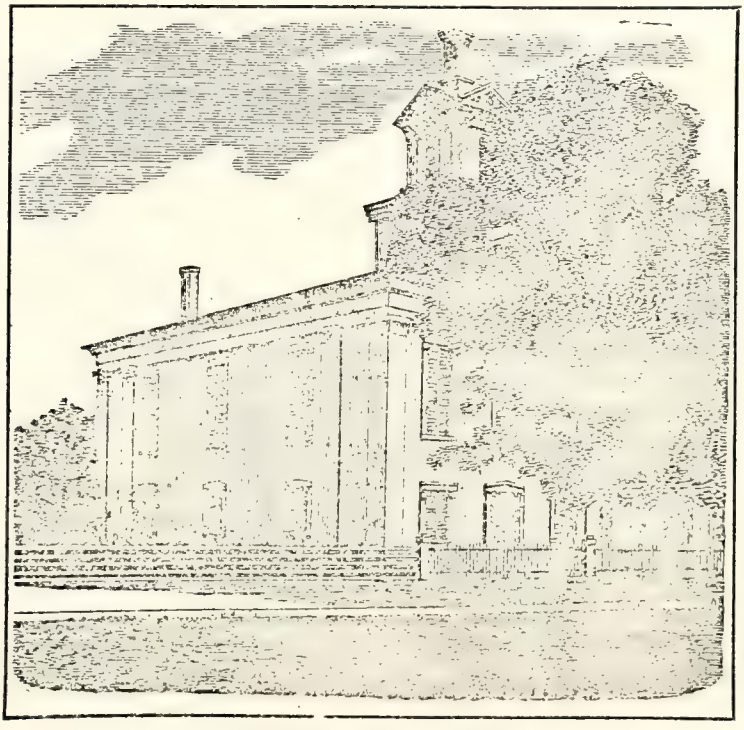
The Sunday-school was organized in 1852, Moses Cavitt being its first Superintendent. The church numbered at this time (1853) about thirty substantial members. Its present membership is some 260, as shown by the record. Its increase from its organization may be reckoned at more than 1,000. The present Sunday-school is well attended, and has for its Superintendent Mrs. Mary Hadly, who spares no pains to bring the school to the highest degree of efficiency and power. The school is missionary first and

last, and has an enrollment of 240, with an average attendance of 154. The attendance on the Lord's day meetings of the church is above the average.

An auxiliary society of the Christian Women's Board of Missions meets monthly, with Mrs. Mary Hadly, Pres.; Mrs. U. C. Brewer, Treas.; Miss Jennie Davis, Sec.

A Ladies' Aid Society is also sustained, looking toward keeping up the necessary repairs, caring for the poor, etc., which holds monthly meetings.

The present church officers are: Pastor, Ira J. Chase; Elders, Dr. W. J. Hoadley and A. J. Bowen; Deacons, James Nichols, Thomas Reynolds, George Acton, William McPhetridge and Albert McLain; Trustees, Hon. John V. Hadly, Hon. James Morgan and Adam Downard; Treasurer, J. J. Bell; Clerk, Ellsworth Acton.



PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, DANVILLE.

The Presbyterian Church was organized in 1832, prominent among the early members being Daniel McAuley and wife, William McLeod and wife, Jacob K. Moore and wife, Alexander Morris

and family, and Henry G. Todd. Among the pastors who have served this congregation are Rev. Samuel G. Lowry, Hill, Moody, Chase, Theophilus Lowry, Henry Hammer, Samuel Wishard, Henry L. Dickerson, G. D. Parker and N. S. Dickey. The last named is the present pastor, and resides here. Services are held every Sunday. The first house of worship used by the Presbyterians was a frame structure in the northwest part of town, erected at a cost of $1,000. This was used about ten years, and then the present church was built, at an expenditure of $5,000. It is a frame structure on Main street north-east of the public square. The society is entirely free from debt. The present Elders are Albert Downard, Isaac Lawson and Henry G. Todd; Deacon, James Christie; Trustees, Jacob K. Moore, William Smith and Henry G. Todd. The membership of the church is now but forty having been reduced by departures, etc. The Sunday-school has an average weekly attendance of perhaps ninety, and its Superintendent is Mrs. Spillman.

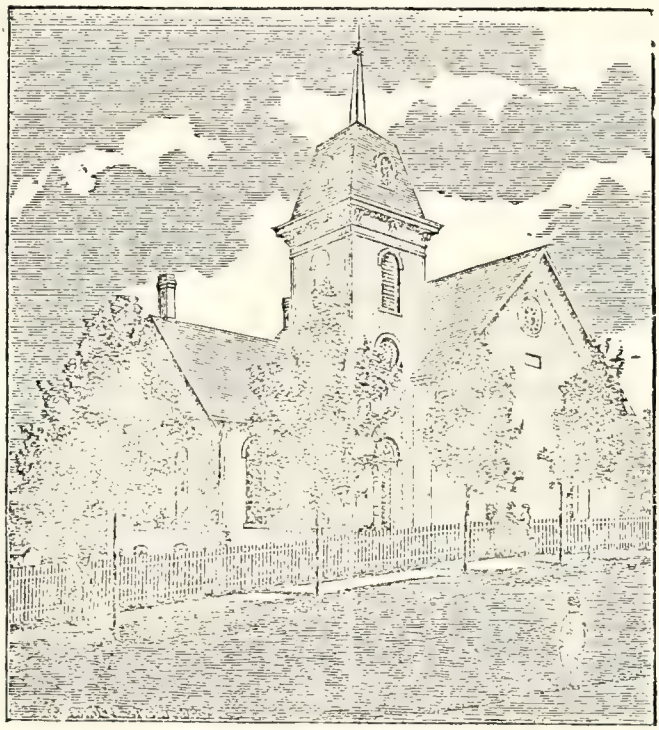
The Cumberland Presbyterian Church was organized by W. T. Ferguson July 30, 1882, and is therefore the youngest church in Danville. The first members were John O. and Elizabeth H. Wishard, C. R. Rose, Isaac and Elizabeth Piersol, Emma Barnett, Asa and Margaret Black, W. T. and Anna M. Lawson, S. A. and E. B. Hall, Lawrence, David M. and Mary E. Vannice, Elizabeth Scearce, Mollie E. Warner, Mary E. Cooper, J. B. Harlan, Clemence and Nancy Williamson, Mary C. McCord, James and Susan Reed, Ruth A. Cash, Asa and Martha Martin, Charles and Jane Hadley and Ella M. Nave. The society first used the regular Presbyterian church, then that of the Missionary Baptists. At the first meeting C. R. Rose, S. A. Hall and W. T. Lawson were selected as Ruling Elders; and Asa Black and Isaac Piersol were ordained Deacons. Rev. L. J. Hawkins, of Franklin, was pastor for the first half year, and then Rev. F. P. Witherspoon came to this pulpit from Lebanon, Tenn. He remained two years, until June, 1885, when he left, and was followed in this charge by Rev. A. H. Whateley, also of Lebanon. In December, 1883, the first steps were taken toward erecting a house of worship. January following, J. B. Harlan, W. T. Lawson and Charles Hadley were elected Trustees. At the same meeting B. T. Buford, Isaac Piersol, S. A. Hall, John O. Wishard and W. T. Lawson were chosen as a building committee. Work on the church was begun in the spring of 1884, and completed in November of the same year, and dedicated Nov. 30, by W. T. Ferguson and the pastor. It cost $6,200

and will seat 250 persons. B. T. Buford has become Deacon in place of Asa Black. The membership is forty. Mrs. Anna Lawson is Superintendent of the Sunday-school, which has an average attendance of sixty to eighty.

The Regular Baptist Church was organized early in the "thirties." Early members were William Faught and wife, Thomas Flathers and wife, Joel Jelf and L. T. Pounds. Elder J. W. Thomas preached for some time previous to 1836. Elders William Hardin and Thomas Hooten each served for a number of years. The latter's back was broken by a falling shed and he died a year after the distressing accident. Elder Erasmus D. Thomas commenced his labors here before the war. Services are held monthly. The brick church used by this society was erected in 1854 and 1855, at a cost of $1,500. It will seat 500. The members, many of whom live in the country, number 100. The church has no debt. There is no Sunday-school.

The Missionary Baptist Church was organized Nov. 9, 1850, by members from the Belleville church. Prominent in this movement were Moses Cavett and wife, Rufus Tharpe, Richard Christie and David Downs. They soon built them a house of worship, which cost perhaps $1,200. The money for this was raised chiefly through the efforts of the wife of the first pastor. The present minister is Rev. Mr. Chaffee, a professor in Franklin College, who comes here the second and fourth Sunday in each month. He commenced his labors here in the spring of 1885. Previous to that date there was an interim of two years without services. This period came after the pastorates of Harper, Sherrill and Beman. The present membership of the church is forty. The Sunday-school, under the superintendency of H. H. Crawford, has an average attendance of fifty.

The Friends' Church (of Mill Creek Monthly Meeting) was organized in 1875. The first members were Henry and B. F. Howell, Wyatt Osborn, William F. Hamrick, William Cox, John Warnock, John McPheters and their wives, Mrs. J. W. Estep, and E. L. Smith. Within a year steps were taken toward building a church, which was completed in 1876 at a cost of $4,000, and is entirely paid for; situated on the corner of Cross and South streets. Services are held the first and fifth days of each week. The membership is about 100, and the Sabbath-school has an attendant membership of sixty, and meets at 9:15 a. m. of each first day. Abraham Trueblood is Superintendent.



FRIENDS' CHURCH, DANVILLE.

SOCIETIES.

Western Star Lodge, No. 26, *F. & A. M.*, was organized under dispensation Feb. 10, 1846, and the charter is dated May 30 following. James L. Hogan was the first Worshipful Master; J. D. Parker, Senior Warden, and William L. Matlock, Junior Warden. Colonel Thomas Nichols, the venerable Justice of the Peace, was the first man initiated into the secrets of Masonry in this lodge, and also in Hendricks County. He was made a Mason Feb. 13, 1846, and is still a member of the lodge, of which he was Master for twelve years. The present officers are: C. A. White, W. M.; William Norton, S. W.; John Fitzgerald, J. W.; T. J. Cofer, Sec.; and M. G. Parker, Treas. The present membership is eighty-two. Lodge meets the Tuesday evening on or before full moon.

Danville Chapter, No. 46, *R. A. M.*, was chartered May 23,

1860, with Reece Trowbridge as the first Grand High Priest; E. Singer, King, and Jacob Fleece, Scribe. The present membership is thirty-two, and officers: W. H. Cash, H. P.; Thomas Nichols, K.; J. K. Moore, Scribe; S. S. Hall, Treas.; T. J. Cofer, Rec. Chapter meets the Wednesday after each full moon.

Colestock Council, No. 26, *R. & S. M.*, was organized under dispensation Aug. 24, 1868, and chartered in July of the following year. C. E. Perkins was the first Thrice Illustrious Master; T. N. Jones, Deputy Illustrious Master; W. G. Homan, P. C. W.; J. K. Moore, Recorder. The present officers are: E. D. Nichols, T. I. M.; W. H. Cash, D. I. M.; S. W. Steele, P. C. W.; Thomas Nichols, Recorder. There are at present sixteen members of the council, which meets Monday on or before the full moon of each month.

Danville Chapter, No. 39, *O. E. S.*, was chartered in 1879, with T. S. Adams as Worthy Patron; Eliza M. Johnson, Worthy Matron; and Mary E. Cooper, Assistant Matron. The present membership is sixty. Officers: W. G. Parker, Worthy Patron; Ruth Towles, Worthy Matron; Sarah Hogate, Assistant Matron; E. J. Homan, Treasurer; and Lottie Daggy, Secretary. Chapter meets every other Friday evening.

Silcox Lodge, No. 123, *I. O. O. F.*, was organized Jan. 14, 1853, by John W. L. Matlock, Ohio Cleveland, R. H. Morehead, Theodore P. Hoy, George F. McGinnis, J. B. E. Reed and J. S. Harvey as charter members. The first officers were: John W. L. Matlock, Noble Grand; H. S. McCormick, V. G.; William Astley, Sec.; D. G. Wilson, Treas.; J. G. Mulligan, O. G.; William Jeffers, I. G.; D. D. Hamilton, R. S. N. G.; R. C. S. Maccoun, L. S. N. G.; James H. Taylor, R. S. V. G.; R. Cope, L. S. V. G. Since organization 381 have been initiated into the lodge, and eighty-seven are now active members. The present officers are: Cyrus M. Baugh, N. G.; T. B. Jackson, V. G.; C. Thornbrough, R. S.; W. A. Talbott, P. S.; J. W. Tinder, Treas.; George W. Scearce, N. M. Taylor and C. E. Harlan, Trustees; George W. Scearce, R. S. N. G.; N. M. Taylor, L. S. N. G.; C. E. Harlan, Warden; C. W. Wynant, Con.; H. N. Vannice, R. S. V. G.; F. Neiger, L. S. V. G.; H. H. Crawford, I. G.; E. M. Tinder, O. G. The lodge meets every Wednesday at their hall, which is situated in a building owned by the order. L. M. Campbell is P. G. Rep. to G. L. U. S., and is prominent in the State Grand Lodge. Thomas L. Bedford, of this lodge, was initiated in 1828 in the first lodge started in Philadelphia. He never misses a meeting, except

when sick, and is one of the oldest Odd Fellows in the United States.

Matilda Lodge, No. 47, *D. of R.*, was chartered Feb. 24, 1871, on application of R. H. Morehead, S. S. Corbin, E. M. Tinder, Curtis King and A. R. Matlock, who were Odd Fellows. The ladies initiated the first night were Matilda Morehead, Mrs. J. O. McQuesney, Mrs. H. M. Smith, Mrs. Lizzie Cox, Mrs. M. E. Howe, Mrs. L. J. Corbin, Mrs. E. Singer, Mrs. William Newman, Mrs. R. Wynant, Mrs. W. M. Bennington, Mrs. W. T. Lynn, Mrs. E. M. Tinder, Mrs. I. F. Pierson, Mrs. S. G. Dibble, Mrs. George Chamberlain, Mrs. George W. Scearce, Mrs. A. Hart, Mrs. C. King, Mrs. A. J. Johnson, Mrs. J. T. Scearce, Mrs. C. S. Gaskill, Mrs. J. B. Harlan, Mrs. A. Lininger, Mrs. I. Matlock, Mrs. C. E. Harlan and Mrs. M. E. Curtis. The leading officers at present are: Mrs. Sally Talbott, N. G.; Mrs. Anna M. Taylor, V. G.; Miss Lou Thornbrough, Sec.; Miss Cora Baugh, Treas. The lodge meets every third Tuesday at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, *G. A. R.*, was mustered April 27, 1883, by General J. R. Carnahan, Dep. Com. There were at first fifty-eight members, which number is now swelled to 111. The first officers were: Alfred Welshans, Com.; John Mesler, S. V. C.; James J. Bell, J. V. C.; Thomas J. Cofer, O. D.; Daniel Keleher, O. G.; Charles W. Stewart, Chap.; John W. Tinder, Q. M.; E. H. Hall, Adj.; Leroy H. Kennedy, Sur.; William H. Nichols, S. M.; Stanley A. Hall, Q. M. S. The present official roll is: Alfred Welshans, Com.; William Norton, S. V. C.; James J. Bell, J. V. C.; E. D. Nichols, O. D.; J. W. Tinder, Q. M.; C. A. White, Sur.; Ira J. Chase, Chap.; D. B. Keleher, O. G.; William H. Calvert, Adj.; John Bayne, S. M. Two comrades have died since the post was mustered—Henry H. Rader, Dec. 6, 1884, and Joseph W. Beekman, April 25, 1885. The post meets the second and fourth Friday of each month at Knights of Pythias Hall.

Danville Lodge, No. 48, *K. P.*, was organized June 12, 1874, with twenty-eight members. The first officers were: C. W. Wynant, P. C.; Thomas N. Jones, C. C.; Charles H. Dill, V. C.; W. M. Hess, Prel.; D. B. Keleher, M. at A.; Lee Hunt, M. of E.; Washington Gregg, M. of F.; J. C. Waterous, K. of R. & S.; J. T. Clark, I. G.; Jesse Cummins, O. G. The membership is at present about fifty. The officers are: John Mesler, P. C.; M. W. Hopkins, C. C.; E. C. Wills, V. C.; C. G. McCurdy, Prel.; M. Englehart, M. at A.; Lee Barnett, M. of E.; D. B. Keleher, M. of

F.; C. W. Wynant, K. of R. & S.; J. C. Whitehead, I. G.; and A. Gentry, O. G. Lodge meets every Monday night.

Tuscarora Tribe, No. 49, I. O. R. M., was organized June 5, 1874, among the prominent members being E. M. Tinder, Henry Howell, W. T. Linn, James T. McCurdy, Aaron Hart, J. W. Hart, and James O. Parker. It had at one time fifty members, and prospered until 1880. It had a nominal existence until the fall of 1881, when it was dropped because the members mostly belonged to other orders of equal or greater interest to them. The I. O. R. M. was a social and benevolent order.

The Citizens' Building, Loan Fund and Savings Association of Danville was organized April 25, 1883. It meets the first Monday evening in each month, and the directors meet the second Monday evening. The capital is $500,000, divided into five series of $100,000 each. The second series was opened April 1, 1885. The profits of the first series for the first year were eighteen per cent. Money has sold as high as $50.50 per $200 share, and as low as $27. The present directors are: James O. Parker, Pres.; Dr. F. H. Huron, V. P.; James A. Downard, Sec.; Dr. W. J. Hadley, Treas.; and William R. McClelland.

The Home Mutual Insurance Company of Danville is being organized, to insure property in this county. At present writing $40,000 have been applied for. When $200,000 of applications are in, policies will be written. The Directors are: James O. Parker, Sec. and Treas.; Alfred Welshans, Pres.; William H. Nichols, V. P.; George W. Scearce, William F. Haynes, James A. Downard and Henry Howe.

STATISTICAL.

The population of the town by the census of 1880 was 1,598; it may safely be put now at 1,800, besides the students of the Normal College, who generally number several hundred. The following statistics of property and taxation are for 1885: Number of acres assessed, 203.09; value of same, $18,982; value of improvements, $48,796; value of lots, $57,728; value of improvements, $154,440; value of personal property, $304,319; total taxables, $584,265; polls, 250; dogs, 50; State tax, $826.13; county tax, $1,798.30; tuition tax, $1,815.30; special school tax, $1,168.54; endowment tax, $29.20; bridge tax, $584.25; total tax, $12,013.26; delinquent tax, $2,101.43.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Bradley Bartholomew, M. D., is one of the oldest medical practitioners in Hendricks County. He established his practice first at Belleville in the southern part of the county in 1832, and in the spring of 1838 he removed to Crawfordsville, Montgomery Co., Ind., and from there to Danville in the fall of 1840. He was born in Charlotte, Vt., Oct. 26, 1804, a son of Levi and Rosanna (Castle) Bartholomew. When he was two years of age his parents removed to Coventry, N. Y., and in 1814 they came to Ohio and settled on a farm in Clermont County. At fourteen, his father gave him his time. He attended and taught school until he was twenty years old when he began to study medicine with Dr. A. V. Hopkins, of Bethel, Ohio, he having studied the Latin language with Dr. Dameron while teaching at Point Pleasant, Ohio, in 1822. He defrayed the expenses of his medical education by teaching, having taught in Ohio and Kentucky. In 1828 he went to Ghent, Ky., where he taught and practiced medicine at Port William, near Ghent, until the fall of 1831 when he came to Greensburg, Ind. In the spring of 1832 he passed his examination before the Indiana State Medical Society at Connersville, receiving a license to practice in the State. He then went to Greenfield, Hancock County, and became associated with Dr. Lot Edwards where he remained until coming to Belleville, Hendricks County, in the fall of 1832. He attended lectures in the Miami Medical College at Cincinnati in the classes of 1856-'7 and graduated as M. D. in February, 1857, and also secured a diploma from the Ohio Medical College at Cincinnati in 1858. His long practice in Danville has made his name familiar in nearly every household in this county. The prevailing diseases when he first began to practice in the county were intermittent, remittent and typhoid fevers. At that time he was obliged to undergo many hardships, taking many long and tedious rides through unbroken woods with only bridle paths, through all kinds of weather. He is a member of both State and County Medical Associations, and is one of the founders of the County Medical Society. June 15, 1856, he was married to Harriet T., daughter of James and Priscilla (Tucker) Ward, of Belleville, Ind. Her father was a native of Virginia and her mother of Kentucky, they coming to Indiana in 1812 and were the first settlers of Madison, Ind., then a hamlet of block houses inhabited by Indians. They have four children living—Orion A., an attorney

at law, Charion, Iowa; Rev. William F., pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Corydon, Iowa; Laura, wife of Nathan J. Scearce, druggist of Danville; Emily, wife of Dr. C. M. Colvin, of Des Moines, Iowa. Mary E. died Oct. 1, 1844, aged four years, and Levi W. died Nov. 2, 1871, aged twenty-nine years. Dr. Bartholomew and his wife have been members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville for many years. He is a member of Western Star Lodge, No. 26, A. F. & A. M., and has passed the chair of Worshipful Master. Politically he is a Republican but was originally a Whig.

John Bayne, dealer in boots and shoes, was born in Northampton County, Pa., March 2, 1834, a son of James and Lydia (Beisel) Bayne. When he was twelve he went with his parents to Lehigh County, Pa., and in his eighteenth year he went to Rushville, Pa, where he served two years at the shoemaker's trade. In the fall of 1854 he went to Canfield, Ohio, working there at his trade until the spring of 1856, when he came to Indiana and followed his trade at Dayton for two years. In the spring of 1859 he went to Avoca, Ind., and soon after to Bainbridge, Ind., where he remained till September, 1860. He then located in Marion Township, Hendricks County, where he carried on farming and shoemaking until July, 1862, when he enlisted in the Union service a member of the Eighteenth Battery, or Lilly's Light Artillery, for three years, or during the war. In October, 1862, while on duty at Frankfort, Ky., he received a spinal injury which caused his discharge in February, 1863. He then returned home and when partially recovered from his injury, in 1864, he resumed farming and shoemaking, which he followed till 1878, since which he has been engaged in his present business in Danville. He was married April 14, 1856, to Miss Elizabeth Treap, of Canfield, Ohio. They have two children—Lydia L., and Robert A., a teacher of North Salem, Ind. While in Marion Township Mr. Bayne held the office of Township Trustee four years. He is Sergeant-Major of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R., and he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

James A. Bowen, a farmer of Danville, was born near Flemingsburg, in Fleming County, Ky., Dec. 15, 1810. When he was fifteen years of age he began to learn the tanner's trade near his birth-place, serving an apprenticeship of four years. At the age of nineteen he worked as a journeyman tanner in Flemingsburg a few months, after which he went to Cincinnati, where he worked a

short time when he returned to Flemingsburg. From there he went to Mason, Ky., where he worked till 1832, when he became associated with Thomas Darnell in the tanning business at Poplar Plains, Ky., under the firm name of Darnell & Bowen. At the end of four years he sold out and in 1836 he came to Indiana, locating in what is now Maysville, in Putnam County, where he engaged in tanning till about 1842. He then purchased a farm near Maysville, to which he moved his tan-yard and carried on farming and tanning till 1852, when he devoted his entire time to his farm until 1865. He then farmed in Center Township, Hendricks County, until 1877, when he retired from active life and has since made his home in Danville where he expects to spend the rest of his days. He has been twice married, his first wife being Rebecca Keith whom he married in 1836 and who died in 1839. He was married to his second wife, Teressa Sander, Nov. 5, 1840. They have eight children living: Nancy Jane, wife of James Ford, of Ladoga, Ind.; Lydia Ann, at home; Mary, a teacher in Alabama; Eliza, widow of the late W. H. Scearce; Matilda, wife of Dr. Frank C. Furgeson, of Indianapolis; Amanda, at home; Charles F., local editor of the *Hendricks County Republican*, and William V., on a farm in Center Township. Robert C. died in infancy, and Oliver W. died when two years of age. Mr. Bowen and wife are members of the Christian church of which he is an Elder.

George W. Brill, attorney at law at Danville, was born in Liberty Township, this county, Dec. 16, 1859, where he was reared. He was a son of William and Jennett (Mathew) Brill. His father died when he was fourteen years old. He was reared in his native place, and received his early education in the district schools, and afterward attended the Central Normal College at Danville during 1879-'80-'81-'82. He began reading law at home in 1882, and in 1883 he entered the law office of Hadley, Hogate & Blake as a law student, and in the meantime taught school several terms. In March, 1883, he was admitted to the bar in Danville but did not enter upon the practice of law until August, 1884, when he opened his present office in Danville, where he is meeting with fair success, and has his share of the law business of the county. His father was a native of Virginia and of German descent, and his mother was a native of Scotland. His parents came from Virginia about 1857 and settled in Center Valley, Liberty Township, where his father followed farming till his death in 1874. His mother is still living on the homestead farm in Liberty Township.

Mordecai Carter, Deputy Auditor of Hendricks County, was born in Guilford Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. His parents were Newlin and Beulah (Hunt) Carter, and both are descendants of pioneers of the county of about 1827. He was reared a farmer and educated in the district schools of his native place, and in the High School at Plainfield, taking a course of book-keeping at the latter place. On reaching his majority, he traveled as a salesman for the implement house of Ewald Over of Indianapolis at times for three years, and while thus employed he sold the right of a self-opening gate which he had invented. In 1881 he, in connection with J. B. Carter, purchased a saw-mill at Plainfield which they operated one year under the firm name of J. B. & M. Carter, he retiring from the firm in October, 1882. He then became associated with S. Hiss, the firm name being Hiss & Carter, dealing in farm implements, wagons, buggies and carriages. Feb. 2, 1885, he was made Deputy Auditor by County Auditor John Kendall. He is a member of the Society of Friends of Plainfield. He is Secretary and Trustee of McCartey Lodge, No. 233, I. O. O. F., of Plainfield, and is also Secretary of the Hendricks County Horticultural and Agricultural Society.

Thomas Clark, of the firm of Clark & Co., butchers and cattle dealers, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind. He was born near Danville, April 13, 1848, and is a son of S. G. and Mary A. (Mount) Clark, both of whom are deceased. He lived with his parents till he was twenty years old, then engaged in the marble trade with Samuel Steele under the firm name of Steele & Clark, he having worked at the same business some time with Mr. Steele. He retired from the firm in 1877 and opened a meat market at Danville, being associated with different partners till 1884, when his present partner was admitted to the firm, the firm name being Clark & Co. Mr. Clark enlisted in the late war in Company C, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Indiana Infantry, Feb. 1, 1865, and was discharged Sept. 5 of the same year. He was married Jan. 11, 1870, to Miss Melissa Adams, of Des Moines, Iowa. They have one child—Ada. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville. Mr. Clark began life with no means, but through his own efforts he has built up a permanent and profitable business, his market being the oldest in Danville.

William Thomas Conn was born near Louisville, Jefferson Co., Ky., Dec. 6, 1814, a son of Hugh and Julia Ann (Blankenbeker) Conn, who were natives of Virginia. He was reared a farmer

and remained on the farm with his parents till attaining his majority. He came to Indiana with his parents in 1832 and settled in Clark County where he remained till 1840. He returned to Jefferson County where he was married April 20, 1837, to Miss Eusebia N. Garr, born near Danville, Boyle Co., Ky., Aug. 7, 1818, a daughter of Louis and Nancy (Thrailkeld) Garr. When twelve years of age she removed with her parents to Jefferson County remaining there till her marriage. Eight children have been born to them—Miranda, wife of the late Benjamin Moon, of Center Township; Etna, wife of James Rodgers, of Rochester, Ind.; Martha E., wife of Henry Wiley, in Center Township; Mary A., at home; Edward H., a farmer of Center Township; Samuel L., of Indianapolis; William N., of Eel River Township, and James F., of Center Township. Immediately after his marriage Mr. Conn returned to Indiana and located in Clark County. In 1840 he returned to Jefferson County, Ky., remaining there till 1853 when he again came to Indiana and has since pursued farming in Center Township, Hendricks County. He and his wife and five of their children are members of the Regular Baptist church. Two of their children belong to the Missionary Baptist, and one to the Christian church.

Henry Harrison Crawford is a native of Hendricks County, Ind. He was born in Franklin Township, near Stilesville, July 10, 1840, where he lived with his parents, Moses and Melinda (Churchman) Crawford, until manhood. Dec. 10, 1861, he was married to Miss Julia A., daughter of Andrew B. and Sarah (Barnett) Shelleday. They have five living children—Edward A., Sarah Hettie, Moses, George Waland and John. One child died in infancy, and a daughter, Myra Jane, died Sept. 18, 1874, aged nearly six years. Since his marriage Mr. Crawford has lived on the homestead farm of Mr. Shelleday, where he has pursued farming till the present time with the exception of the time he spent in the army. He enlisted in August, 1862, as a private in Company C, Seventieth Indiana Infantry, serving till June, 1865, when he was discharged at Indianapolis at the close of the war, having participated in the battles of Rushville, Resaca, Cassville, New Hope Church, Lost Mountain, Kenesaw, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta, Savannah and Bentonville. He was with Sherman on his march to the sea, and was at the grand review at Washington at which city he was mustered out in June, 1865. He is a member of the Missionary Baptist church, and his wife belongs to the Presbyterian church of Danville. In politics he has always voted

the Republican ticket. He has held the office of Deacon of the Danville Baptist church since 1874.

James E. Daugherty, one of the prominent agriculturists of Center Township, was born Feb. 8, 1841, in Montgomery County, Ind., a son of James and Mary Ann Daugherty, natives of Kentucky. His parents settled in Montgomery County in 1830. His mother died July 31, 1872, aged sixty-six years. His father is living near Ladoga, Montgomery County. They had a family of five children—William W., Mrs. Nancy Stover, Mrs. Catherine Bird (died Aug. 1, 1881), Mrs. Minerva Hashbarger and James E., who was married May 27, 1869, to Eliza Jane Maccoun, born in Jackson Township, in August, 1849, a daughter of John W. and Melvina Maccoun. They have four children—Henrietta, Edgar, Charlie and Mary. In October, 1869, Mr. Daugherty bought and moved to his farm on section 31, entered in pioneer days by Jesse Kennedy. He has added to this property by purchasing the adjoining farm, and is now the owner of 556 acres all under improvement. Mr. Daugherty is also engaged in buying and shipping all kinds of stock. John W. Maccoun, father of Mrs. Daugherty, is one of the largest land-owners in Center Township.

William T. Davis, junior member of the milling firm of Haynes & Davis, proprietors of the Commercial Mills of Danville, was born on a farm near Powellsville, Worcester Co., Md., Aug. 4, 1845. He lived with his parents, Todd F. and Levicy (Littleton) Davis, till reaching his majority, receiving only a common-school education. On leaving home he went to Salisbury, Md., and clerked in a store about two years. In 1869 he came West and worked in a machine shop in East St. Louis, Ill., at engineering, about two years, and during that time he was in the employ of the I. & St. L. R. R. Company in Hendricks County. In 1871 he permanently settled in Danville, and was engineer in the Peerless Mills until 1878 when he was employed as a clerk in the store of Yancy Green, of Danville, till Jan. 1, 1879. He then engaged in the mercantile business at Reno, Hendricks County, which he discontinued in August, after which he was engaged in business a short time in Indianapolis. In 1881 the present firm of Haynes & Davis was formed, he having purchased an interest in the Peerless Mills. In 1883, after great improvements, the name of the mill was changed to the Commercial Mills. While at Reno, Mr. Davis served as Postmaster. He was married Jan. 12, 1871, to Joanna Moore, of Danville. They have three children living—

Levicy, Cheivor and Virgil L. Loda died at Reno, Dec. 1, 1880, aged five years. Mr. Davis and wife are members of the Christian church of Danville. He is a member of Silcox Lodge, No. 123, I. O. O. F., of which he is past Grand, and is also a member of the Grand Lodge of the State of Indiana.

Adam Downard, a retired farmer of Danville, is a native of Ohio, and was born in Fayette County, July 25, 1819. When about three years of age he was brought to Indiana by his parents, James and Elizabeth (Curry) Downard, who located on a farm in Guilford Township, on which the Reform School building at Plainfield is now situated, and where he lived till he was twenty-two years of age. In 1843 he settled on a farm in Center Township, where he farmed till 1850, when he removed to Marion Township. In 1860 he returned to Center Township, where he lived on a farm two miles west of Danville till 1869, when he gave up agricultural pursuits and became a resident of Danville. Aug. 5, 1842, he was married to Miss Mildred Bereman, of Center Township, Hendricks County. They have had five children—Jesse James, who died Oct. 5, 1867, aged twenty-four years; Mary Elizabeth, who died March 10, 1846, aged five months; William P., who died May 7, 1869, aged nearly twenty-two years; Thomas Allen, who died in April, 1854, aged nearly four years; and Oliver, who died Feb. 19, 1884, aged over twenty-five years. Mr. Downard and wife have been members of the Christian church since 1842, and he has held the office of Trustee eight years. Mrs. Downard was born in Mercer County, Ky., Feb. 16, 1823. Her parents, Thomas and Nancy (Emmerson) Bereman, both dying before she was twelve years of age, she in 1835 came to Hendricks County to live with her brother, Jesse Bereman, with whom she remained until her marriage.

James A. Downard, senior member of the law firm of Downard & Parker, at Danville, was born in New Winchester, Hendricks Co., Ind., Nov. 15, 1855, a son of David M. and Cassandra (Morgan) Downard. He was reared on a farm in Marion Township, where he obtained his primary education in the district schools. He afterward attended Butler University at Irvington, Marion Co., Ind., one year, and during 1876-'77 he took a course in Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College, at Indianapolis, from which he graduated in November, 1877. He then immediately entered the office of Cofer & Taylor as a law student, where he studied till June, 1878, when he was admitted to the bar at Dan-

ville. He remained in the same office till August, 1880, when he began the practice of law with Thad. S. Adams, the firm name being Adams & Downard. He retired from the firm in December, 1881, and became associated with Marshall Todd in the law and abstract business. In April, 1884, Mr. Todd was succeeded by James O. Parker, the firm name now being Downard & Parker. May 22, 1884, he was married to Miss Maud L., daughter of the late William H. Donaldson, of Danville. In 1881 he was elected Clerk of Danville, holding the office by re-election for three years. He is a Master Mason and member of Western Star Lodge, No. 26, A. F. & A. M., of which he has served one term as Junior Warden. In 1882 he was elected Secretary of the Hendricks County Republican Central Committee, and was re-elected in 1884.

Robert R. Downard, son of James and Elizabeth Downard, was born March 11, 1822, in Morgan County, Ind. He lived at home till his marriage, which occurred March 16, 1848, to Catherine King, who was born in Kentucky, July 20, 1823. When she was nine years of age her parents, William and Elizabeth King, settled in Washington Township, where her father died. Her mother died in Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Downard have had six children—Louesa, the eldest, who died at the age of fifteen months; William A. and Albert B., residents of Greenwood County, Kan.; Henry F. and Jennie May, at home; and Fanny L., who died at the age of eleven years. Mr. Downard bought the place where he resides in 1867. His home farm contains 252 acres of land, located in sections 6 and 31. In 1874 he rented his farm and went to Greenwood County, Kan., where he bought two farms, one of 225 acres and one of 162 acres. He still owns these farms, which are now occupied by his two eldest sons. Mr. Downard returned to this county in 1882. In politics he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Old School Presbyterian church. His father, James Downard, was a native of Pennsylvania. He spent his youth in Ohio, and from there went to Kentucky, where he was married. His wife was a native of Kentucky. After his marriage he lived in Ohio eleven years, and in February, 1823, he emigrated to this county, and located in Guilford Township. He was an energetic business man, and was possessed of considerable means. He entered 900 acres of Government land in different parts of the country, a part of the town site of Danville covering one of his land entries. He donated twenty acres of land for

county buildings, on which the court-house now stands. Mr. Downard was in early days County Judge. His first home was in Guilford Township, and is now owned and occupied by the State Reform School. He reared a large family to maturity—Mrs. Cynthia Russell, died in Clinton County; Mary Ann, married Rev. Andrew Prather, and died in Texas; Mrs. Jane Burks, residing in Illinois; Mrs. Sarah Little, died in this county; Adam, of Danville; Robert R., our subject; David M., of Marion Township; Jonathan, died in California; William, died in Missouri; and Thompson, in Clinton County, Ind. James Downard and his wife are both deceased.

Abram Eastes was born in Shelby County, Ky., July 11, 1819, son of Joel and Lucy (Sanders) Eastes. He was reared on the home farm, remaining with his parents till he grew to manhood. He began farming for himself in Shelby County in 1842, remaining there till March, 1852, when he sold his farm and came to Hendricks County, Ind., purchasing his present farm in Center Township. In 1839 he was married to Miss Louisie Crook, of Shelby County, Ky. They have six children living—Lou Ella, wife of James F. O'Hair, of Putnam County, Ind.; John William, farming in Lucas County, Iowa; Mary Ann, wife of Isaac Carson, of Dayton, Wash. Ter.; Walter, a farmer of Hendricks County; Jesse, traveling salesman for the wholesale house of Penfield & Son, Willoughby, Ohio; and Charlie, at home. Five children are deceased—James Pleasant, died Aug. 21, 1857, aged over twelve years; Henry Jefferson, died Dec. 6, 1864, aged nearly eighteen years; George Thomas, died Jan. 16, 1882, aged thirty-three; Joel Franklin, died March 14, 1885, aged over three years; and Ira Urban, died July 17, 1871, aged over two years. Mrs. Eastes was born May 24, 1821, in Shelby County, Ky., a daughter of John and Mary (Radford) Crook. She lived with her parents till her marriage, and was educated in the common schools. Although a member of no church, she was reared a Baptist, and still adheres to the doctrines taught by her parents.

William Thompson Eddingfield, teacher, was born Nov. 9, 1850, at Pisgah, Butler Co., Ohio. His parents, John J. and Sarah Eddingfield, were of English and German descent, and were married near Bethany, Butler Co., Ohio, in 1843. To them were born seven children, of whom five survive—G. W. E., a successful physician at Mace, Montgomery Co., Ind.; Mary A., wife of J. H. Lynn, at Whitesville, Ind.; Oscar, farming on the

old homestead near New Ross, Ind., with whom the mother makes her home, the father having died in the fall of 1875; James C., a successful teacher, and our subject. The latter spent his early life on a farm near New Ross, Montgomery Co., Ind., to which his father removed in the fall of 1858. His educational advantages were limited to a few months in the year in the country schools, he having to assist his father to improve their farm, but he made the best use of his time, and at the age of nineteen was enabled to take charge of the school in his neighborhood, where he met with a good degree of success. The following year he taught at Center, two miles north, and the next year he returned to Greenwood, where he taught one year, giving good satisfaction. The next year he taught at Hunt's school, and the three years following at Maple Grove, two miles north of Ladoga, with marked success. In the meantime he spent one summer in the National Normal University of Lebanon, Ohio, and one spring and summer at the Northern Indiana Normal School at Valparaiso, Ind. In September, 1877, he entered the Central Normal College, then located at Ladoga, and resolved to take the scientific course. Before the close of the year the school was removed to Danville, Ind., and the principalship of the commercial department placed in his hands, which through his efficient management increased in numbers and interest, and was soon one of the leading departments of the school. Having graduated with honors, he began the classic course in the fall of 1878, completing the course during the year, and during this time he taught three classes daily. Mr. Eddingfield is just closing his seventh year in the Central Normal College, and is now looking forward to a year's recreation in the West, when he hopes to return and resume his work in the school to which he is so much attached. He was married at the Grand Hotel, Indianapolis, by Elder U. C. Brewer, pastor of the Central Christian Church of that city, May 1, 1879, to Miss Bien Travers, sister of Prof. M. T. Travers, then teacher of penmanship in the college. Three bright children—Stella Bea, Ina Dea, and Frank Travers—have blessed their marriage. Stella is deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Eddingfield are active workers in the Christian church, of which they are members.

John W. Estep, a retired merchant and farmer of Danville, was born near Richmond, Wayne Co., Ind., Oct. 17, 1815. His parents were John and Jemimah (Wright) Estep, his father a native of Maryland, and his mother of Pennsylvania. They came to Indiana in



J. M. Estep

1812, and lived in Wayne County until their death. Our subject's educational advantages were very limited. He helped his mother prepare flax for weaving, and assisted his father on a farm till his eighteenth year, after which he was allowed to keep whatever he earned. At the age of twenty he began teaching in the public schools of Washington Township, Wayne County, which he followed a part of three years. By the time he had reached his twenty-first year he had accumulated enough money to purchase 200 acres of Government land in Whitely County, Ind. He was married Feb. 6, 1840, to Rachel Falls, of Wayne County, a native of Virginia, by whom he had five children, all of whom are deceased except one son, Isaac Newton, a farmer of Center Township, near Danville. In 1853 Mr. Estep sold his farms in Wayne and Whitely counties, for which he received $4,000, and purchased a farm of 180 acres in Floyd Township, Putnam Co., Ind., for $3,800, where he engaged in buying and selling hogs till 1859, when selling part of his property, he having accumulated about 600 acres of land, he came to Hendricks County. Here he settled on a farm adjoining Danville, having purchased a half section of land in that vicinity. In 1861 he was one of the prime movers in founding the Danville Academy, and was the first man to subscribe toward building it. The Academy is now known as the Central Normal College of Danville. He lived on his farm, carrying on farming and dealing in everything in which there was any money, until 1877, when he retired from business and is now living in one of the most pleasant residences in Danville. He has accumulated about $90,000, much of which he has given to his children and to charitable, church and educational purposes. His wife died June 4, 1884, being a member of the Society of Friends. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, having connected himself therewith in June, 1832. He was also of Methodist parentage. His present wife, *nee* N. J. Hurdle, was also of Methodist parentage, and is a member of the same church.

Clark E. Farabee, M. D., was born near Salem, Washington Co., Ind., Dec. 16, 1847, a son of Benjamin C. and Susan (Haghey) Farabee. He was reared on a farm until nineteen years of age, when, in order to raise money with which to educate himself, he began working on the New Albany & Chicago Railroad, working and attending school alternately for two years. In the fall of 1869 he entered Asbury University at Greencastle, Ind. (now De Pauw University), which he attended, teaching part of the time to defray

expenses, until 1873. The same fall he came to Hendricks County and taught school there till 1878. Jan. 1, 1876, he resolved to prepare himself for the practice of medicine, and in connection with teaching he studied under Dr. W. J. Hoadly, of Danville. In the spring of 1878 he entered the Kentucky School of Medicine at Louisville, Ky., taking a summer course of lectures. In the fall of 1879 he entered the Medical College of Indiana at Indianapolis, from which he graduated Feb. 27, 1880. He began the practice of medicine at Danville in April, 1880, and has secured a good patronage. He was married March 21, 1876, to Miss Cora P., daughter of Aaron and Margaret (McKindley) Hart. They have three children—Bernice, Nellie and Archibald. He and his wife are members of the Society of Friends at Danville. Our subject is physician for Hendricks County poor, and a member of the State and county medical societies. He is also connected with the Tri-State Medical Society, and is Secretary and Treasurer for the Hendricks County Medical Society.

Charles Foley was born in Indianapolis, Jan. 3, 1835, on the lot where the *Journal* building now stands. He is a son of Moses and Mary Ann Foley, the latter being a sister of the late Hugh O'Neal, who was at one time a most eminent attorney of Indianapolis. In 1843 his father sold the lot on which the building stands to the Roberts Park Methodist Episcopal Church, and moved to a farm near Crown Hill Cemetery, where he grew to manhood and where his father died in 1870. Mr. Foley spent the four years immediately before the Rebellion surveying in the State of Missouri. He read law in the office of the late Judge Newcomb & Tarkington, of Indianapolis, and in May, 1863, he commenced the practice of law in Danville, where he has been continuously engaged ever since, except during 100-days service in the army of the United States in the summer of 1864. He is engaged in the general practice of law. He was married Jan. 31, 1867, to Eliza Ann Leach, of Pittsboro, Hendricks County. One child has been born to them, named Bruce Foley after the family of George Bruce, near Indianapolis. He was born Oct. 2, 1876. Mr. Foley is a member of the Masonic fraternity. He is not a member of any church. He has never sought political favors.

Dr. Allen Furnas was born in Clinton County, Ohio, March 27, 1821, the eldest of eight children of Isaac and Esly Furnas, natives of South Carolina, early settlers of Ohio, and in 1826 moved to Marion County, Ind., where they spent the last years of their lives.

His education was obtained under adverse circumstances, having very little opportunity to attend school. After the work on the farm was done for the day he spent his evenings in studying by the light of a hickory bark or by scooping out a turnip and filling the cavity with lard, and putting a wick in it. His father was a physician and he therefore had access to some medical books, and after reaching manhood he went to Cincinnati and studied with Dr. Curtice, subsequently attending a course of lectures at the Physio-Medical College. In 1845 he began his practice in Marion County, and in 1847 moved to Hendricks County and located at Danville. In 1851 he moved to the farm where he has since lived, three miles southwest of Danville, and for five years continued his practice in connection with his farming pursuits. Since then he has given his exclusive attention to the work of his farm, making a specialty of fruit culture. He also pays considerable attention to the raising of sugar-cane, and is President of the Northern Indiana Cane-Growers' Association, and Vice-President of the National Association. He was President of the Indiana State Horticultural Association two years. He is an able and frequent contributor to the State and National agricultural journals. His farm contains 160 acres, and is now carried on by his son-in-law. He was married in 1847 to Zeruiah A. Hodson, a native of North Carolina. They have but one child, a daughter—Laura H., wife of William E. Mendenhall. In 1868 Dr. Furnas was elected to represent his county in the State Legislature, and was twice re-elected, serving six years. One term he was the nominee of both the Republican and Democratic parties. He is a birthright member of the Society of Friends.

James Gorrell, a farmer of Center Township, is a native of Kentucky, born in Bourbon County in 1816, a son of James and Rebecca (Caywood) Gorrell, the father a native of Ireland, and the mother a native of Maryland, of Scotch descent. In 1833 he came with his mother and sister to Indiana and settled on a tract of uncultivated land in Center Township, this county, three miles east of Danville, on which he still lives, it being now a fine farm. His mother lived with him till her death in 1849. Nov. 1, 1838, he was married to Miss Amanda Hamilton, of Center Township. They have had eleven children, of whom eight are living—John, of Madison County, Iowa; Marilda Ann, wife of John Monday, living near Danville; Daniel H., of Iowa; James M., of Center Township; Amanda Martilla, wife of Joseph Hashbarger, of this township;

William O., of this township; Mary Frances, wife of John Hayes, of Center Township, and Charlie, at home. Martha, wife of Robert Ramsey, is deceased, and two children died in infancy. Mr. Gorrell came to Hendricks County before much clearing had been done in Center Township, and at that time Danville was but a small hamlet. At the age of seventeen he began to support himself and also his mother. He has been successful through life, and at present owns 236 acres of land which he has accumulated by his own persevering industry and economy.

Martin Gregg, a retired farmer of Danville, Ind., was born in Grayson County, Va., Feb. 14, 1811. He is the fourth of six sons of John and Elizabeth (Dickenson) Gregg. His father having died when he was only four years old, he went with his mother to Patrick County, Va., where he lived until his eighteenth year. He then came to Indiana alone and lived in Centerville, Wayne County, until 1843 when he came to Hendricks County and purchased a farm near Danville, which is now the county poor farm. He sold his farm in 1863 and retired from the business. In 1864 he was elected one of the commissioners of Hendricks County, which position he held by re-election for fourteen years, and during his term of service the court-house, county jail and county poor-house were built and he was chosen by the board to superintend the work. Jan. 24, 1839, he married Mary J. Wortman, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Medaris) Wortman, of Wayne County, Ind. She was born in Hamilton County, Ohio, Feb. 3, 1816, and when eleven years of age she came to Centerville, Ind., where she lived till her marriage. They have three children living—Martha, wife of Henry Curtis, of Danville; Mary, wife of S. R. Holt, of Indianapolis, and Emma, still at home. Those deceased are—Sallie, wife of E. D. Nichols, died Feb. 30, 1880, aged thirty-six years, and Henry, aged thirteen, died Feb. 18, 1862. Mr. Gregg is politically a Republican, but was originally a Whig. His wife is a member of the Method ist Episcopal church.

James T. Hadley was born in North Carolina, July 16, 1796, a son of Simon and Elizabeth Hadley, grandson of Joshua, great-grandson of Joshua and great-great-grandson of Simon Hadley, who was born in Ireland, of English parentage, and settled in the Penn colony in the latter part of the seventeenth century. Thus the Hadleys trace their descent through 200 years of American ancestry. Simon Hadley brought considerable wealth to the new colony and as habitually as he wore his clothes carried his money with him.

He was found dead in his stable and was supposed to have been murdered by his servant for his money. He was a man of note and influence. The Hadleys have been noted for their thrift, both in this and the old country. The most of them have been farmers and all have owned the land they worked. Until the last generation or two all have been Friends, and none were military men until the late civil war, when several bore arms in defense of the Union. About 1730 Joshua Hadley, Sr., moved to North Carolina and settled on Leaf River, and from him the families in this county trace their origin. Our subject, James T. Hadley, lived in his native State till manhood, and there married Elizabeth Richardson, a native of the same State, of English descent. He was an enterprising, and, for a farmer, an active business man. His anti-slavery convictions and ambition to live in a country where an active, progressive man would have a better opportunity to develop his powers, led him to leave his native State and move to a newly settled part of the country, and in 1825 he located in Center Township, this county, bringing with him a family of eight children. He was an energetic and ingenious mechanic and found ample use for his knowledge of tools in the new country. He manufactured wagons, worked at the blacksmith's forge, built a saw-mill at Greencastle which he ran two years, built on contract the depot, turntable and other buildings for the railroad company at Greencastle, and in many other ways displayed the variety of his mechanical powers. In early life he was a Quaker, and although not identified with them in his later life, their teachings undoubtedly influenced him to the end of his days. His family consisted of eleven children, eight born in North Carolina and three in Hendricks County —Mrs. Martha Nichols, of Danville; Jehu, of Franklin Township; Mrs. Julia Ann Vannice, of Marion Township; Mrs. Nancy Matlock, of Danville; Mrs. Sinia Hadley, of this county; Edom R., of Marion Township; Edmund R., Orran E. and John Oliver, deceased; Mrs. Elizabeth Tinder and Mrs. Jane Homan, of Danville. Mrs. Hadley died Aug. 8, 1863, in the seventy-fourth year of her age. Feb. 28, 1871, while crossing the railroad with his team, he was struck by a locomotive and instantly killed. Thus closed a long and useful life, and of all the pioneers none are more favorably or better remembered.

Nicholas T. Hadley, of the banking firm of Hadley, Homan & Co., is a native of Chatham, N. C., where he was born Oct. 5, 1824. His parents, Simon T. and Mary (Hadley) Hadley, came to Hen-

dricks County, Ind., when he was about two years old, first settling in Center Township two and a half miles southwest of Danville. When he was eight years old his parents located in Danville where he lived with them until he grew to manhood, he being educated in the schools of that place and in Wabash College, at Crawfordsville, Ind. In 1846 he was appointed Deputy in the County Clerk's office, where he served till 1855, when, being elected County Treasurer, he held that office until the fall of 1857. He then resumed the position of Deputy County Clerk which he held till 1868, and being previously elected County Clerk, he assumed the duties of that office, holding that position four years. In January, 1872, while County Clerk, he was elected Cashier of the First National Bank of Danville and served as such one year, when he helped to found the Danville Banking Company of which he was Cashier until it was succeeded by the banking house of Hadley, Homan & Co. He was married Aug. 31, 1852, to Mary J., daughter of Aaron Homan, of Danville. They have two children—Otis C., clerking in the bank of Hadley, Homan & Co.; and Frank O., of Kansas City, Mo.

Stanley A. Hall, farmer, resides on section 1, Center Township where he settled in the fall of 1876. His farm contains 262 acres and is one of the most beautiful homes and most valuable farms in the township. It was entered from the Government by Daniel Hamilton, but bought by Mr. Hall of Jesse S. Jackson. Mr. Hall was born in Canfield, now in Mahoning Co., Ohio, in 1836. He came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1859 and in 1862 enlisted in the Fourth Indiana Cavalry and served in the defense of the Union three years. He was Commissary Sergeant of his regiment two years and the last year was First Lieutenant. His regiment was assigned to the Army of the Cumberland, and he participated in the Atlanta campaign and other important events of the war. He was married in 1864 to Emma B. Archer, of Carrollton, Ky., with whom he became acquainted when in the army. They have four children—Charles S., Edward F., Herschel S. and Stella G. Mr. Hall's parents, Salmon and Maria (Austin) Hall were natives of Connecticut and moved to Ohio when young people, and settled in Mahoning County, and were married in the year 1827. In 1845 they moved to Mount Pleasant, Iowa. In 1852 they returned to Wells County, Ind., where they remained a few years, and then moved to Danville, Ind. In the year 1862 they removed to Groveland, Putnam Co., Ind., where they lived until their death, the

mother dying in the year 1882 at the age of seventy-five, the father dying in the year 1885 at the age of eighty-two years. Their family consisted of nine children, namely: Cornelia, the eldest child died, aged three years; Edward, the youngest son, died, aged twelve years; Elizabeth, wife of John Dooly, died in Danville, Ind., aged forty-seven years. Those now living are Mrs. Sarah J. Blatchley, Mrs. Ella C. Dooly, Stanley A. Hall, Francis H. Hall, Sheldon W. Hall nd Chester F. Hall.

Conrad E. Harlan was born at Upshur, Ohio, Aug. 19, 1842, second son of J. B. and Lucinda (Bonebrake) Harlan. His mother died when he was seven years old, after which he lived with his Grandfather Bonebrake till his sixteenth year, attending the schools of his neighborhood. He then came to Danville with his father, and attended the Danville Academy three years but was obliged to leave before graduating on account of his father's illness. He then studied Latin and the sciences one year and at the same time studied dentistry with his father. At the age of twenty he commenced general practice, being associated with his father till he was twenty-four years old. Since 1866 he has practiced dentistry in Danville. May 12, 1864, he enlisted in the One Hundred and Thirty-second Indiana Infantry, and served in Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama, returning home in September, 1864. He was married Oct. 17, 1866, to Annie M. Bedford, daughter of Thomas L. and Catharine (Hearne) Bedford, of Danville. To them were born three children—Kate L., born Nov. 1, 1867, a graduate of the Danville High School; Edith A., born July, 1870, and Wilbur K., born March 5, 1876. Mrs. Harlan was born March 30, 1847, and died Jan. 11, 1883. Dr. Harlan has been a member of the I. O. O. F. fraternity for twenty-two years. He has belonged to the Methodist Episcopal church ten years and Superintendent of the Sabbath-school for the past year. In politics he is a Republican.

Joshua B. Harlan, youngest son of Aaron and Elizabeth (Gregg) Harlan, was born in Warren County, Ohio, Dec. 30, 1815. He left Warren County May 12, 1838, and studied medicine eighteen months with Dr. Wilkinson, of Upshur, Ohio, at which place he engaged in the practice of dentis ry. Nov. 17, 1839, he was married to Lucinda, daughter of Conrad and Lydia Bonebrake, and to this union were born five children—Theophilus L., born Sept. 10, 1840, and died March 24, 1859; Conrad E., born Aug. 19, 1842; Lydia D., born Jan. 16, 1844, died Feb. 12, 1866; D. Emma, born

Aug. 19, 1847, died July 23, 1849, and Aaron, born May 8, 1849, and died July 27, 1849. His wife died July 23, 1849, and Oct. 22, 1855, he was again married to Mary J., daughter of Thomas and Catharine Bedford, of Centerville, and to them have been born three children—Charles N., born Nov. 22, 1856; George B., born May 4, 1861, and Helen E., born Jan. 5, 1866. Aug. 12, 1851, Dr. J. B. Harlan and Dr. O. H. Kendrick opened a dental office in Centerville, Ind., and Dec. 12, 1855, he formed a partnership with Dr. J. F. Wilson, in Greencastle, Ind. March 22, 1857, he removed to Danville and opened a dental office which is now carried on under the firm name of J. B. Harlan & Son. He has belonged to the Presbyterian church twenty-six years. He has been a member of the I. O. O. F. fraternity for thirty-six years, having passed all the chairs. Politically he is a Republican but was formerly a Whig.

Samuel L. Hawkins, of Danville, Ind., was born in Bath County, Ky., October, 1820, a son of William and Abigail (McVey) Hawkins, with whom he remained until reaching his majority. He came with them to Danville in 1836, and when becoming of age, in 1841, he made a prospecting trip to Missouri. In about a year he returned to Danville, and after attending school a few months he taught a subscription school in what is now known as the Huron district, in Washington Township, Hendricks County, one term of sixty-five days. He then began to learn the trade of a wheelwright in Danville with his brother-in-law, W. H. Cash, working the first year at $10 per month and the second year at $12 per month. After serving his time, instead of following that trade he engaged in the manufacture of furniture, which he followed until December, 1863, when he enlisted in Company I, Ninth Indiana Cavalry, for three years, and during the war he was appointed Quartermaster-Sergeant of his regiment. He participated in nine engagements, the most important being Nashville and Franklin. While at Gravelly Spring, Ala., in January, 1865, he was taken sick, and not fully recovering he was discharged for disability, at Port Gibson, Miss., May 17, 1865. He then returned home and a year later he engaged in house-painting at Danville, which he followed until 1867, when he was made Deputy Sheriff by William H. Calvert, serving four years. In the fall of 1872 he was elected Sheriff of Hendricks County, and re-elected in 1874, serving two terms of two years each. He was then made Deputy Sheriff by his successor, A. B. Bryant, serving as such two years, having served in all ten years. He has since lived a retired life. Nov. 17, 1843, he was married

to Miss Louisa, daughter of John and Lydia (Barnes) Cash, who was born in Pulaski County, Ky., April 8, 1824. She came to Hendricks County with her parents in 1831, settling in Center Township. Her mother having died when she was quite young, she lived most of the time with an elder sister at Danville, attending school till her marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville. They have four children living—Lydia, wife of J. N. Terry, of Philadelphia; Lucian B., of Danville; Retta, wife of C. B. Hauser, of Logansport, Ind., and Seldon T., foreman of the *Hendricks County Republican*, of Danville. Alleine died March 21, 1850, aged two years; Wilber F., died Aug. 30, 1856, aged four years; Emma, died March 1, 1859, aged nearly two years and Nellie, died May 7, 1880, aged thirty-four years. Mr. Hawkins is a Master, Royal Arch and Council Mason, and is also a member of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R., of Danville.

Murat W. Hopkins, senior member of the firm of Hopkins & Hollowell, attorneys, was born in Brown Township, this county, Oct. 20, 1857, a son of William and Ruah Ann (Harding) Hopkins. His father is a native of Maryland and came to this county in 1838, and his mother was born in Kentucky, and came to this county in the year 1833. Murat remained on the farm till his eighteenth year, attending the district schools and the Brownsburg High School till then, after which he taught in the schools of the county five years during the winter terms, attending the State Normal School of Indiana, at Terre Haute, the remainder of the year. During this time he also commenced to read law, and in the fall of 1880 he entered the law department of the State University of Iowa, from which he graduated as LL. B. in June, 1881. He then returned home and taught school the following winter and in spring of 1882, he located in Danville, having been admitted to the bar in Danville, in October, 1881. Jan. 1, 1885, Robert T. Hollowell became associated with him in the practice of law. April 20, 1882, he was married to Miss Allie L., daughter of Tyra Montgomery, of Mattoon, Ill. They have one child—Kate Elliott, born at Danville, Ind., July 12, 1883. Mr. Hopkins and wife are members of the Christian church at Danville. He is a member of Brownsburg Lodge, No. 241, A. F. & A. M., and is Chancellor Commander of Danville Lodge, No. 43, K. of P. In politics he is a Democrat.

James M. Jeffers, merchant of Danville, Ind., was born in Cen-

ter Township, near Danville, July 3, 1840, a son of Lindsay and Elinor (Nichols) Jeffers. When about six years of age his parents moved to Danville where he was educated in the public schools. In early life he worked at the carpenter's trade, but on becoming of age he engaged in clerking until he enlisted in Company B, One Hundred and Eighteenth Indiana Infantry, to serve six months, in 1862. He served eight months, being on duty mostly in East Tennessee. After being mustered out at Indianapolis he returned to Danville where he clerked for several firms. He has also served as postoffice clerk at Danville several years under Postmasters S. R. Craddick and James Gregg. In 1881 he embarked in the mercantile business in which he is still engaged. He was married May 9, 1872, to Miss Anna Gibbs. He is a member of the Christian church.

Rodney Jeger, Treasurer of Hendricks County, Ind., was born in Clearfield County, Pa., March 21, 1844. He is the eldest of four sons of Julius A. and Esther Ann (Warrick) Jeger, who came to Hendricks County in 1844 and settled in the woods in what is now Lincoln Township. His father was a native of the West India Islands, and his mother of Pennsylvania. His father being a farmer and a merchant, our subject was reared to follow both pursuits. In 1856 he removed with his parents to Lizton, Hendricks County, where he remained until his eighteenth year, he having attended the public schools till that time. On leaving home he joined the Union army, enlisting in Company G, Ninety-ninth Indiana Infantry, to serve three years. He was promoted from private to Corporal Feb. 28, 1864. He was mustered out at Washington, D. C., June 5, 1865, having participated in the battles of Vicksburg, Jackson, Mission Ridge and the Atlanta campaign, after which, his health being impaired, he was granted a furlough and returned home for fifteen days. After returning to the army he was placed on duty at Chattanooga, not being able to join his regiment, which was with Sherman on his march to the sea. In February, 1865, he was sent, via Cincinnati, Pittsburg and Baltimore, to Moorehead City, N. C., to join his regiment, but being intercepted by the Confederates, he engaged in a battle at Kingston, N. C., reaching his regiment at Goldsboro just prior to the surrender of Lee's army. His regiment was soon after ordered with Sherman's army to Washington, and took part in the grand review in May, 1865, and was soon afterward mustered out. Being dismissed from the army he returned to his home in Lizton and in the spring of 1866 he attended the Central College at Danville (now the Central Normal)

one term. In the summer of 1866 he engaged in farming. In 1874 he became associated with his brother, Hother Jeger, and J. H. Kendall in the mercantile business and grain and stock trade at Lizton, under the firm name of Jeger, Kendall & Co. Mr. Kendall retired from the firm in the following year and soon after his brother was succeeded by William L. Leak, they doing business together until 1880, the firm name being Jeger & Leak. In 1880 they discontinued the mercantile business, and in 1881 they engaged in the manufacture of lumber in Scott County, Tenn., in connection with their grain and stock trade, where they are doing an extensive business. In November, 1882, he was elected on the Republican ticket, Treasurer of Hendricks County, assuming the duties of the office in September, 1883, and is the present incumbent of that office. April 28, 1867, he married Miss Evaline, daughter of Sandrum and Sarah (Leach) Leak, of near Lizton. He and his wife are members of the Christian church of Lizton, of which he has served as leading Elder since 1880. He is a member of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No.164, G. A. R., of Danville.

Aquilla Jordan, Jr., section 1, Center Township, settled on his farm in October, 1857. His homestead contains 197 acres, on sections 1 and 12, and he owns 200 acres in another tract on section 12. He is one of the most prosperous farmers of the township, and owns a beautiful home, having made most of the improvements himself. He is a son of Aquilla and Elizabeth (Curtis) Jordan, natives of Bedford County, Va., who, after their marriage, moved to Ross County, Ohio, in 1828, and in 1830 to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Liberty Township. Their family consisted of eleven children—George, Sophiah, Wilson, Susannah, Samuel, Eliza L., Andrew I., Jabel L., Aquilla and Elizabeth (twins), and Sarah J. Jabel and Wilson died in Ohio, in infancy. Andrew and Eliza reached maturity, and at their death left families. The rest of the family are living. Aquilla, Jr., was born in Ohio, Aug. 20, 1830. He was married in 1850 to Amanda Bunton, who was born Sept. 16, 1835, and died April 21, 1855, leaving one son, John W. He subsequently married Sarah Duval, who was born April 13, 1831, and died June 6, 1884. To them were born four children—Jane A., George W., Emma Alice and Samuel.

J. P. Keeter, senior member of the firm of Keeter & Co., grocers, of Danville, was born near Rutherfordton, Rutherford Co., N. C., Nov. 22, 1853. He was reared a farmer, and came to Hen-

dricks County, Ind., in 1871, first locating at Plainfield, where he pursued farming until 1879. He then followed farming near Clermont, Marion Co., Ind., until September, 1882, when he removed to Indianapolis, where, for a short time, he carried on a livery. He sold out his livery business in 1883 and came to Danville, where he has since been engaged in the grocery trade. Dec. 6, 1877, he was married to Miss Samantha, daughter of the late John Williams, of Washington Township, Hendricks County. They have three children—Effie, Iva and Charley. Mr. Keeter and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Thomas B. Keleher, of the firm of Keleher Bros., druggists, of Danville, was born June 17, 1853, near Hogansburg, N. Y. When an infant his parents came to Indiana, settling in Danville, where he lived till his sixteenth year. He then left home and was engaged as a book canvasser in Iowa for several months, he being the general agent for the publisher, E. Hanniford, of Chicago. He left Iowa in 1871 and went to California, where he was employed in driving a stage between Trinidad and Eureka for one year. He was then employed on a sailing vessel almost a year. In 1874 he took a contract to get out 2,000,000 feet of red-wood saw-logs, in which business he was engaged till 1877. During the winter of 1877–'8 he attended the St. Joseph College at Rohnerville, Humboldt Co., Cal., and in the spring of 1878 he went to Crescent City, where he was employed as tallyman on the shipping docks for Joe E. Walls until December, 1878. He then returned to Indiana and engaged in farming in Center Township. In 1879 he was married to Miss Josephine Courtney, of Danville, who died in fall of 1881. They had one child—John Dudley. In the spring of 1883 he took a trip through Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas, returning in November of 1883, since which he has been engaged in the drug business with his brother in Danville. In July, 1884, he was married to Miss Elsie Adelia Reed, of Upper Sandusky, Ohio. Have one child—Thomas Burtrand.

Daniel B. Keleher, of the firm of Keleher Bros., druggists, of Danville, was born near Hogansburg, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., April 4, 1847, a son of Maurice and Marguerite (Brady) Keleher. When twelve years of age he came to Danville, Ind., with his father. At the age of fifteen he began to learn the trade of a shoemaker with George Chamberlain, with whom he remained two years. In June, 1863, he enlisted in the Union army in Company B, One Hundred and Seventeenth Indiana Infantry, to serve six

months. He was discharged after serving nine months, and in May, 1864, he enlisted in Company H, One Hundred and Thirty-second Indiana Infantry, for 100 days. In March, 1865, he enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Indiana Infantry, for one year, or during the war. He was discharged with his regiment at the close of the war, having participated in the battles of Blue Springs, Bull's Gap, Walker's Ford, Blanc's Cross Roads, and seven-days fight in Bean's Station Valley, Clinch River, Clinch Mountain Gap and Strawberry Plains. After being discharged from the army he returned to Danville and worked at his trade till 1879, after which he traveled for a wholesale leather house at Terre Haute, Ind., until 1881. He was then employed in the drug store of Frank Pierson, of Danville, until the fall of 1883, since which time he has been associated with his brother, Thomas B. Keleher, in their present business. He was married July 2, 1868, to Mary E. Comingore, of Danville. They have four children—Alfred Guy, Luella C., Lillian K. and Lora Eva. One child, Thomas B., died in 1876, aged six months. Mr. Keleher is a Master Mason, and belongs to Western Star Lodge, No. 26, and Knights of Pythias, a member of Danville Lodge, No. 48. He is also a member of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R. He has been Warden in the Masonic order, and is a member of the Grand Lodge of Indiana, Knights of Pythias.

John Kendall, Auditor of Hendricks County, Ind., was born in Clay Township, near Pecksburg, Hendricks County, Jan. 16, 1843. He is the youngest of four sons of James G. and Sallie D. (Bales) Kendall, pioneers of the county, having settled here about 1837, both of whom died before our subject reached his fifteenth year. He was reared a farmer, receiving most of his education at the Union High School in Westfield, Ind. His residence is in Clay Township. He held the office of Township Trustee from 1872 till 1882, with the exception of one term, and in 1882 he was elected Auditor for a term of four years, from Nov. 1, 1883. Feb. 7, 1867, he was married to Miss Margaret Roberts, of Westfield, Ind. They have two children—Abbie and Ethan. They are members of the Society of Friends of Amo.

Joseph P. Lewis was born in Bracken County, Ky. While he was a lad his parents moved to Indiana, stopping in Fayette and Rush counties. Joseph went back to Kentucky and was married to Louisa Leak in June, 1834. He moved to Hendricks County in 1835, and lived there continuously until his removal to Nebraska

April 1, 1885, where he went to join his children in Custer County. He could relate many interesting experiences of pioneer life, such as how the settlers beat their corn into meal in a hominy mortar, and attended mill at Crawfordsville for several years, going one day and returning the next on horseback, which he did many times. On the death of his wife he married a widow lady, Mrs. Eliza Bell, of Hendricks County. They have several children. Uncle Joe, as he was familiarly called by everybody, left a host of friends and well-wishers behind him.

G. Dallas Lind, M. D., Professor of Natural Sciences and Drawing in the Central Normal College at Danville, was born near Carlisle, Cumberland Co., Pa., Oct. 30, 1847. When about two years old his parents, Samuel and Catharine (Myers) Lind, moved to Clarke County, Ohio, where he was reared on a farm until he reached maturity. He attended the common schools till he was twenty years of age, and in 1867 attended a Normal School at New Carlisle, Ohio, about six months, after which he taught a country school near his home till 1869. He then attended the National Normal School at Lebanon, Ohio, from which he graduated in the scientific course in the class of 1870, after which he taught school and read medicine one year, and in the winter of 1871–'72 he took a course of lectures in the Physio-Medical Institute at Cincinnati, Ohio. In the spring of 1873 he located at Clinton, Mo., where he practiced medicine six months, after which he practiced in Hamilton, Iowa, until the fall of 1879, when he was engaged as Professor of Natural Sciences at Danville. In March, 1883, after taking a partial course of lectures in Central College of Physicians and Surgeons, he received the degree of M. D. In the spring of 1884 he began to teach drawing as well as the sciences in the Central Normal College. He is the author of the following works: "Method of Teaching in Country Schools," "Normal Outlines," "Easy Experiments," "Blank Speller," "Teacher's and Student's Library," and "Man."

Hubbard B. Lingenfelter, farmer, resides on section 7, Center Township, where he settled in October, 1867. His father, Volentine Lingenfelter, was born in Winchester, Clark Co., Ky., in 1809, and was there reared and learned the saddler's trade, which he followed a number of years. In 1851 he moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and bought the farm now owned by J. E. Dougherty. He engaged extensively in stock-raising, making a specialty of short-horn cattle and mules. He brought with him from Kentucky

a herd of short-horns, and was the first to engage in that industry in Hendricks County. He subsequently moved to Hamilton County, Mo., where he still lives. His family consisted of four children—Hubbard B.; Prudence, wife of L. S. Shuler; Margaret, wife of Captain Augustine Dunn; Mary, wife of George Allen. Hubbard B. Lingenfelter was born in Kentucky in 1842. He was reared a farmer and has followed that avocation since attaining manhood. His home, which contains 107 acres, is one of the most pleasantly located in Center Township, and his improvements have nearly all been made by himself. He married Mary Nave, daughter of Christian C. Nave. They have three children—Margaret, Benjamin and Scott.

William R. McClelland, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Hendricks County, was born near Clermont, Marion Co., Ind., June 21, 1846, where he lived until reaching his majority. He was reared a farmer and was educated in the common school during the winter terms, working on his father's farm the rest of the year. He is the second of six sons of Jonathan D. and Eliza J. (Wilson) McClelland. On leaving home he was married to Miss Sadie, daughter of James and Rachel (McPheenage) Nichols, Oct. 9, 1872. They have one child—Harry Nichols. Mr. McClelland is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church at Danville, in which he has served as Steward, and has been Superintendent of the Sabbath-school. He is a member of Silcox Lodge, No. 123, I. O. O. F., of Danville. He has passed all the chairs and is a member of the Grand Lodge of the State of Indiana.

Robert McGee was born in Kentucky in 1820, and at the age of ten years he came with his parents, William and Elizabeth (Asher) McGee, to Indiana, they settling one mile northeast of Danville. His father was of Scotch-Irish descent, a native of New Jersey, and his mother was of German descent, a native of Kentucky. His father entered land in Center Township on which he lived till his death in 1842, his wife having died in 1836. The subject of this sketch was reared in this county after his tenth year, and received a limited education by attending a subscription school in Danville during the winter terms. After his father's death in 1842, he became part owner of the farm by purchases, which he sold in 1845, and the same year purchased his present farm in Center Township, four miles east of Danville. Oct. 6, 1859, he was married to Sarah English, of Rush County, Ind. They have four children—Craig, a farmer of Washington Township; Mary

Elizabeth, Sarah Jane and Martha Jewel, living at home. Mr. and Mrs. McGee are members of the Christian church at Danville. In politics he is a Republican.

Fletcher M. Mitchell resides on section 31, Center Township. His farm was formerly owned by his uncle, Solomon Mitchell, a pioneer of Center Township, who willed it to our subject. The homestead contains 102 acres of valuable land, and in addition to this Mr. Mitchell owns thirty acres in Washington Township. The Mitchell family have many representatives in Hendricks County. They are the descendants of two brothers, William and Hiram, who, with their brother Solomon, settled in Center Township in the fall of 1832. Solomon Mitchell was born in Bath County, Ky., in December, 1806, and died in the spring of 1875, in Center Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. He was a bachelor, and an industrious, wealthy citizen. He at one time owned between 400 and 500 acres of land in this township. Hiram is still a resident of Center. Fletcher M. Mitchell was born in Center Township in the spring of 1854. He resided with his father, James M. Mitchell, in Center Township, until August, 1864, then moved to Kentucky with his father and lived there until August, 1865, when he moved to Marion County, and lived in Marion County until the fall of 1875. He married Sarah F. Brown, a daughter of John Brown. She died April 2, 1884, leaving two children—Albert H. and Lurena. He then married Clara Tharp, a daughter of John and Susan Tharp, in the summer of 1885, and still resides in Center Township.

Thomas Nichols, one of the oldest settlers of Hendricks County and Justice of the Peace at Danville, is a native of Kentucky, born near Bardstown, Nelson County, Nov. 5, 1803, a son of James and Rachel (Jackson) Nichols. He was reared a farmer. He came to Indiana in April, 1821, with his father's family, settling with them about two miles below the bluffs of White River, in Morgan County, but in the following year they came to Hendricks County, and settled on the east fork of White Lick Creek, in what is now Guilford Township. At the time of their arrival there were but few settlers in the county. In 1825 they moved to what is now Center Township, locating two miles west of Danville. His father being aged and infirm, he remained with him until Dec. 27, 1827, when he was married to Martha Hadley, daughter of James and Mary (Richardson) Hadley, of Center Township, when he settled on a tract of land in the vicinity of Danville. In 1828 being elected Sheriff of Hendricks County, he removed to Danville, where he has

since resided. He has served as Sheriff of Hendricks County twelve years—from 1828 till 1832, 1844 till 1848 and 1860 till 1864, the term of office being two years, but he has been re-elected for the second term each time. In the winters of 1833-'34 and 1835-'36 he represented Hendricks County in the Indiana State Legislature as Assemblyman. In the spring of 1873 he was elected Justice of the Peace of Danville, and has held the office by re-election, his present term extending to April, 1889. In 1832 he was Captain in command of a company in the Black Hawk war, in the regiment known as "the Bloody Three Hundred." He has six children living—Nancy, widow of George W., Powell; Serena, wife of Charles A. Rose, of Putnam County, Ind.; William H., Deputy Auditor of Hendricks County; Erasmus D., a druggist at Danville; Julia A., wife of R. H. Harney, of Lebanon, Ind., and Oliver E., clerking in the drug store of his brother in Danville. One child died in infancy, and two, a son and a daughter, after reaching maturity. Mr. and Mrs. Nichols are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a Master, Royal Arch and Council Mason, and was the first Mason made in Hendricks County. He served as Worshipful Master of his lodge fourteen years and High Priest of his chapter two years. Politically he was originally an old-line Whig, and his first presidential vote was cast for Henry Clay in 1824. He now affiliates with the Republican party.

William H. Nichols, Deputy Auditor of Hendricks County, Ind., was born near Danville, in Center Township, Hendricks County, Feb. 24, 1841. He is the second of four sons of Thomas and Martha (Hadley) Nichols. He had the advantage of obtaining only a common-school education. His father being a carpenter he began to work at that trade when quite young, but abandoned it before becoming of age. From the age of twenty to twenty-two years he worked in a printing office at Danville. He was then variously employed until June, 1863, when he enlisted as a private in Company B, One Hundred and Seventeenth Indiana Infantry, for six months, and served in Kentucky and Eastern Tennessee. The Colonel of his regiment was Thomas J. Brady of Star Route fame. After his discharge at the expiration of his term of service he returned to Danville and worked mostly at the carpenter's trade until April, 1872, when he became Deputy Auditor under W. M. Hess, and served as such until April, 1875. He was then employed as bookkeeper in the bank of the Danville Banking Company until November, 1879, when, having been elected Auditor of Hen-

dricks County in November, 1878, for a term of four years, he assumed the duties of his office. On retiring from the office at the expiration of the term, he resumed contracting and building. In October, 1884, he was deputized County Auditor by County Auditor John Kendall. He was married to Miss Laura, daughter of the late Coleman C. Cash, of Danville, May 8, 1868, by whom he had one child—Jessie Pearl, who died at the age of nearly three years. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville. He is a member of Western Star Lodge, No. 26, F. & A. M.; Danville Chapter, No. 46, R. A. M., and of Colestock Council, No. 26, R. & S. M., and of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R. He has served as Secretary and Junior Warden of the lodge, High Priest in the chapter, Recorder of the council, and Sergeant-Major of the post.

Adrian A. Parsons, Recorder of Hendricks County, was born in Guilford County, N. C., Nov. 7, 1846. His parents, Nelson and Elvira (Swain) Parsons, came to Indiana in 1852, first settling in Bridgeport. His father was a millwright by trade. Mr. Parsons lived with his parents in Hendricks and Marion counties until he was seventeen years of age. He enlisted in the Union army in Company I, Ninth Indiana Cavalry, Dec. 23, 1863, to serve three years, or during the war, as a private. He was discharged at the close of the war at St. Louis, Mo., in August, 1865, having participated in numerous battles and skirmishes during Hood's raid in Tennessee. After his discharge he returned to Washington Township, Hendricks County, and being disabled by a gunshot wound received at the battle of Spring Hill, Tenn., he attended the Danville Academy two years and the Earlham College at Richmond, Ind., one term, when, having expended all his money, he taught school during the winters and worked on farms in the summer seasons until 1872. He then engaged solely in farming in Washington Township till 1876 when he added bee-keeping to his farming pursuits. In the fall of 1882 he was elected on the Republican ticket Recorder of Hendricks County for a term of four years, which office he still holds. April 10, 1870, he was married to Miss Mary M., daughter of Barney and Hannah (Gossett) Fox, of Washington Township, Hendricks County. They have six children—Lester, Norman, Ethel, William, Edith and Gilbert. He is a member of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R.

Frank Pierson, druggist, of Danville, was born in Washington Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., July 30, 1856, a son of Isaac

H. and and Mary (Clark) Pierson. His mother died when he was an infant, and at the age of ten years he came with his father to Danville, where he attended the public school until he was fourteen years of age. At that age he began to provide for himself by working by the month, and when he was sixteen he began working in a saw-mill with his father during the summers and attending school in the winters till he was twenty years old. He then clerked in Indianapolis one year and in 1877 returned to Danville, where he was employed in John Misler's heading factory for a short time. Mr. Misler then placed him in his drug store as clerk, where he was employed by him and by his successor, J. M. Roach, several months, when in August, 1878, he purchased the drug store of Mr. Roach and established his present business. He was married April 3, 1884, to Miss Madie McKee, of Center Township, Hendricks County. They have an infant daughter—Ruth Alice. Mr. Pierson is a Knight of Pythias and has passed all the chairs of Danville Lodge, No. 48, and is a member of the Grand Lodge of the State of Indiana.

Charles R. Rose, a retired farmer of Danville, was born in Mercer County, Ky., March 7, 1806, the youngest of two sons of Charles and Mary (Lewis) Rose. He was reared a farmer at his brother's home, and Sept. 3, 1839, he married Barthena P., only daughter of Isaac Mitchell, of Mercer County, Ky. She was born July 18, 1805, and died at Danville, Ind., April 19, 1880. Mr. Rose engaged in agriculture for himself in 1828 on a small farm in Mercer County, given him by his father, on which he lived until 1836, when, losing his property, he rented land in the same county where he farmed till 1850. He then removed with his family to Indiana, where he purchased a farm of 135 acres in Eel River Township, Hendricks County, on which he farmed for eight years, when he exchanged his farm for one in Center Township near Danville, known as the Billy Blanton farm, containing 172 acres, on which he lived eight years. In 1866 he retired from farming and became a permanent resident of Danville, where until lately he has dealt and traded in real estate. In 1854 he was elected one of the County Commissioners of Hendricks County for a term of three years, and re-elected in 1857, but at the end of one year he resigned, having sold out and removed from that part of the county. He has four children living—M. H. Rose, M. D., of Thorntown, Ind., who served as a surgeon in the Union army through all the late war; B. M. Rose, who served four years as a private in the Union army;

Elizabeth Ann, wife of W. A. Caldwell, of Kentucky; and Mollie R., widow of the late Dr. John T. Warner, of Neosha Falls. Zilpha died at Danville in 1875, aged twenty-nine years; Charles Dwight died in the army at Knoxville, Tenn., in 1863, aged nineteen years; William died in Kentucky, aged twenty-two months, and Leslie died near Danville in 1862, aged fourteen years. Mr. Rose and his entire family are members of the Presbyterian church of Danville. Politically he is a Republican.

Robertson C. Russell was born in Guilford County, N. C., Sept. 15, 1811. In his twentieth year he came to Indiana on a prospecting tour and about two years later settled in Danville, Hendricks County, in 1832. He being a carpenter followed that trade till 1842, when he turned his attention to farming. He purchased his present farm in 1837, and has resided on it and pursued farming since 1844. He came to Danville with limited means but by perseverance and economy he is now the owner of a large property in Danville and in Center Township. In 1835 he was married to Alice Bonfield, a native of Clark County, Ky., and a daughter of Mereen and Susan (Hardesty) Bonfield, who came to this county in 1833. They have two children living—Martha, wife of Simeon Templin, of Center Township, and John C., a farmer in Center Township. One child, Susan, died in August, 1846, aged over one year. Mr. and Mrs. Russell have been members of the Methodist Episcopal church over fifty years. He was one of the first Board of Trustees and helped build the first church in Danville. Besides serving as Trustee eight years he has served several years as Steward. He has also filled the office of School Trustee for Center Township. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party but was originally a Whig.

J. E. Sherrill, publisher of educational, religious and subscription books, was born on a farm in Jefferson Township, Putnam Co., Ind., Jan. 19, 1852, a son of James W. and Mary C. (Denny) Sherrill. He received his early education at the district school and afterward attended the Ladoga Seminary and the Normal School at Lebanon, Ohio, and at Ladoga and Danville, Ind. At the age of seventeen he began teaching in the district schools of Jefferson Township, which he followed about ten winters. In March, 1878, he began to publish the "Normal Teacher," a journal devoted to the use of public schools, the first two numbers being published at Ladoga, Ind. In the following May he removed to Danville, where he published the "Normal Teacher" until August, 1884, when he

sold it to Prof. W. H. F. Henry, of Indianapolis. In the meantime he has added to his publications a series of educational, religious and subscription books, and carries on an extensive business at Danville. Feb. 13, 1879, he was married to Miss Annie, daughter of H. K. Mitchell, of New Philadelphia, Ohio. They have two children—Gail and Cidney Dee. He is a member of the Missionary Baptist church and his wife belongs to the Methodist Episcopal church.

Gustavus L. Spillman, Prof. of Languages in the Central Normal College at Danville, was born in Zurich, Switzerland, Nov. 6, 1855. His parents emigrating to America in 1856 he was left in his grandmother's charge till May, 1867. He then came with his grandmother to the United States and joined his parents at Tell City, Perry Co., Ind., remaining with them till reaching his majority. He attended school in the old country, and afterward the schools of Tell City. In January, 1877, he entered the Normal School at Valparaiso, Ind., attending it till the summer of 1878. He then taught the German language in the schools of Rockport, Ind., until the summer of 1880, when he entered the Central Normal College as a student, and teacher of German. He graduated from that institution in the scientific class of 1881 and in the classic course in the class of 1882, since which he has held the position of teacher of the languages. Nov. 13, 1882, he was married to Miss Lottie Peterson, of Tipton, Ind. She is a native of Sweden, and came to America in 1869 with her parents, Gustavus and Gustava (Gabrialson) Peterson. She graduated from the Tipton High School in the class of 1878. Mr. and Mrs. Spillman have one child named Stella Cornelia. He is a member of Tell City Lodge, No. 206, I. O. O. F., and a member of the Evangelical church at Tell City, and his wife belongs to the Presbyterian church of Danville.

Bennett Swain, only son of John and Matilda (Darnell) Swain, was born on the homestead in Center Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., Nov. 21, 1837. His birthplace has always been his home, he owning all of the homestead but forty acres. He is one of the enterprising citizens of the township, and an industrious and prosperous farmer. He was married in Montgomery County, Ind., Oct. 24, 1861, to Jemima J. Chadwick, a native of Montgomery County, Ind., born March 29, 1838, daughter of Jehu and Peninnah Chadwick, early settlers of Montgomery County. Her father died May 7, 1879, and her mother is still living on the homestead. Mr. and Mrs. Swain are members of the Baptist church.

John Swain, deceased, was one of the pioneers of Hendricks County. He was born in Fleming County, Ky., Dec. 22, 1811. He was reared in his native county and in November, 1831, came to Hendricks County. In January, 1832, he was married to Matilda Darnell, a native of Montgomery County, Ky., born April 2, 1810, daughter of Henry and Sally (Turpin) Darnell, who settled in Hendricks County in September, 1831. Soon after his marriage Mr. Swain moved to Kentucky and remained till the fall of 1834, when he returned to Hendricks County, and settled on 160 acres of land on section 22, Center Township, which had been entered by Mr. Darnell and presented to Mr. and Mrs. Swain. Of this land Mr. Swain made a fine farm, where he resided till his death, April 23, 1871, aged fifty-nine years four months and one day. Mrs. Swain still lives on the homestead. To them were born three children, but two of whom are living—Elizabeth, widow of John Turpin, of Sangamon County, Ill., and Bennett. Eliza married Samuel Williams, and died Dec. 28, 1859. Mrs. Swain's parents made Center Township their home till death. The father died in 1846 and the mother in 1854. The family adhere to the faith of the Baptist church.

Jeremiah Tinder, deceased, was born in Woodford County, Ky., Nov. 19, 1808. He was married Jan. 27, 1831, to Catherine Radford, and to them were born five children, all of whom are living —Simeon Dudley, in Platte County, Mo.; John William, and James Franklin, of Hendricks County, Ind.; Huldah Jane, wife of W. E. Crawford, living in Labette County, Kan., and Samuel Martin, in Shawnee County, Kan. Mrs. Tinder died in 1841, and Mr. Tinder was married to Mrs. Delilah Ann Wells, of Kentucky, April 2, 1843. To this union were born two children—Annie E. and Jeremiah, both deceased. Mr. Tinder came to this county in 1834, settling in Marion Township, near Danville, where he lived till his death, Dec. 6, 1874. His father was a native of Scotland and his mother was a native of Germany. Their children were—Joel, Jesse, Jeremiah, Martin, Lydia, Dicy and Susan. On coming to this country his father first settled in Virginia, and from there moved to Shelby County, Ky.

John W. Tinder was born in Marion Township, this county, Jan. 22, 1835. He obtained his education in the district schools of his neighborhood, and remained on the home farm till he was twenty-two years old. He then married, Feb. 5, 1857, Laura, daughter of William F. and Jane (Crawford) Hamrick, of Marion



Yours Truly
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Township, and to them were born two children—James William, born March 3, 1858; died March 9, of the same year, and Carrie, born Feb. 11, 1862; died Jan. 18, 1863. They have reared several children. Linnie Wallen, now living with them, was taken at the age of nine years. After his marriage Mr. Tinder purchased a farm of eighty acres in Marion Township, where he farmed till June, 1862, when he enlisted in the Fourth Indiana Cavalry under Colonel L. S. Shuler and served over three years. He was wounded in the leg at Bardstown, Ky., which disabled him for two months. He was engaged in the battles of Chickamauga, Resaca, Murfreesboro and Jonesboro raid, and was mustered out with his regiment in September, 1865. After the war he returned to Marion Township, where he farmed till August, 1867, since which he has resided in Danville, where he owns a fine home and three acres of ground on Main street. He also owns 140 acres in Marion Township, most of which he has rented. Mr. Tinder and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He has held the office of County Commissioner by re-election since 1877, his present term expiring in 1889. He is a member of the I. O. O. F. fraternity, and has passed all the chairs of his lodge, and was representative to the Grand Lodge one year. He has been Quartermaster of the G. A. R. Post since its origin in 1883.

Elder Erasmus D. Thomas was born in Harrison Township, Fayette County, Ind., Nov. 13, 1821. He was reared a farmer, receiving his early education in the schools of his native county. When nineteen years of age he began teaching school and taught in his own district three winters. He was married March 16, 1843, to Mary G. Thompson, a native of Warren County, Ohio, born Feb. 17, 1825, daughter of Wilson Thompson, a minister of the Regular Baptist church, and widely known for his successful ministry and prominent work in political circles, being two terms a member of the Indiana Legislature, and at one time a candidate for Congress from his district. After his marriage Mr. Thomas engaged in farming in Fayette and Tipton counties for seven years. In 1849 he embraced Christianity, and united with the Regular Baptist church. He very soon felt it his duty to devote his life to the work of his divine Master, and began preparatory studies for the ministry. In May, 1851, he was ordained at Williams Creek church, Fayette County, and the next two years were spent in that county. In the fall of 1853 he was called to the pastorate of the church at Big Run, Marion Co., Ind., and now for a period of near-

ly thirty-two years he has had charge of that parish, although at the same time he has had the care of other churches. He now has charge of four—Big Run, Mount Pleasant, Danville and Palestine. He lived in Franklin Township, Marion County, till October, 1863, when he moved to Hendricks County, and has since lived in Center Township, on section 30, where he owns a good farm of 140 acres, which is carried on by his sons. His wife died May 17, 1870, leaving a family of ten children—John A., a minister of the Christian church, located at Columbus, Ohio; Charles, an attorney of Bedford, Iowa; Lewis E., a minister of the Regular Baptist church, at Ashley, Ohio; William, of Eel River Township; Albert M., with his father; Erasmus W., of this township; Edward D., of California; Marshall, at home; Mrs. Phœbe E. Morgan, of Taylor County, Iowa, and Mrs. Hattie M. Tinder, of this township. May 17, 1871, Mr. Thomas married Mrs. Mary E. Holcomb, a native of Posey County, Ind., born Oct. 8, 1845, widow of Tillman Holcomb, and daughter of James Rosborough. She has one son by her first marriage—Aubrey Holcomb. Five children were born to this marriage—Harvey C., Joseph (deceased), Frank W., Mary and Raymond. Elder Thomas is a son of David F. and Phœbe Thomas, natives of Tompkins County, N. Y., and early settlers of Fayette County, Ind. His father was a hero of the war of 1812. His mother died in Fayette County in 1872, aged seventy-eight years, and his father in this township in October, 1882, aged eighty-eight years. His grandfather, Miner Thomas, was a minister of the Regular Baptist church in New York, and moved to Fayette County, Ind., in 1821, where he lived till his death, in July, 1830. He was in the active work of the ministry about forty years, and administered the rite of baptism to over 1,200 persons.

Henry G. Todd, M. D., was born in Louisville, Ky., April 7 1811, a son of Rev. John and Sarah (Soda) Todd. When he was about thirteen years of age his parents removed to Charleston, Ind., and from there to Paris, Ky., about 1828. He attended the common schools until his eighteenth year, when he entered the office of Dr. John B. Duke, at Paris, to study medicine, and studied with him until attending lectures in the Transylvania University at Lexington in the winter of 1830–'31, after which, in the summer of 1831, he began to practice in Danville, Ind., where for fifty-three years he has been in uninterrupted practice, with the exception of one year—1856—when he lived at Indianapolis. He has for many years been a member of medical societies of the

county and State, and was the first President of the Hendricks County Medical Society, which position he held many terms. In the winter of 1849–'50 he was a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State of Indiana, and was a member of the House of Representatives in the Indiana State Legislature in the year 1854. Politically, he was originally a Whig, but since the organization of the Republicans he has affiliated with that party. Sept. 18, 1834, he was married to Serena, daughter of William and Sarah (Richards) Henton, of Danville. They have five children—Minerva, wife of William M. Steele, of Reno, Ill.; William Addison, a physician, of Chariton, Iowa; Laura, wife of Joseph Oheaves, of Rockville, Ind.; Marshall, a druggist, of Indianapolis, Ind., and Henrietta, still at home. Dr. and Mrs. Todd are members of the Presbyterian church of Danville, of which he has been a Ruling Elder about forty-five years.

James W. Todd was born on the homestead on section 31, Center Township, where he now lives, June 15, 1843, and has always lived in Hendricks County. His father, James Todd, Sr., settled in Center Township in an early day, and entered 260 acres of land from the Government in 1834, the deed bearing the signature of President Andrew Jackson. James W. owns a part of the old homestead, and has been a successful and worthy descendant of his father. He was married to Mary Mitchell, daughter of Lorenzo and granddaughter of Hiram Mitchell. They have three children —Alice L., Amanda J. and Maggie E.

William A. Vawter, merchant, of Danville, Ind., was born in Lafayette, Tippecanoe Co., Ind., May 22, 1858, the eldest son of A. J. and Elizabeth (Richardson) Vawter. His father followed teaching, and taught in various places. He was Superintendent of the Lafayette public schools five years, and Principal of the Baptist Seminary at Ladoga, Ind., five years, and in those schools our subject received the most of his education. At the age of fourteen he was apprenticed to Wright, Baker & Co. to learn the book and job printing, with whom he remained nine years. In November, 1881, having given up the printing business, he went to Plainfield and engaged in the dry-goods business. In April, 1883, he removed his stock of goods to Danville, where he still carries on the business. Sept. 24, 1881, he was married to Miss Alice R., daughter of Harlan Hadley, of Plainfield, Ind. They have two children—Cora C. and William B. Mr. Vawter and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville.

George W. Wayland, dealer in books and stationery, and fire insurance agent, at Danville, Ind., was born near Visalia, Kenton Co., Ky., April 28, 1829. His parents, Joseph and Catharine (Shaver) Wayland, were of German descent, and came to Kentucky in 1808. He lived with his parents until 1848, when he went to Independence and commenced to learn the trade of saddler and harness-maker, working as a journeyman at the same place till 1851. He then engaged in the same business for himself till 1856 in Independence, when he removed to Lebanon, Ind., where he carried on the business until 1858, when he removed his business to Jamestown, Ind. In January, 1862, he changed from harness and saddlery to a general mercantile business. In December, 1861, he was appointed Postmaster of Jamestown by Montgomery Blair, which office he held until Jan. 1, 1865. In the following February he removed to Danville and worked at his trade as a journeyman in the harness shop of W. H. McPhetridge until October, 1865, when he established himself as a harness-maker and carriage-trimmer, which he followed till 1876, since when he has carried on his present business. In 1868 he was elected Coroner of Hendricks County for a term of two years. In 1872 he was elected one of the School Board for a term of three years and was again elected in 1878. He was married May 2, 1850, to Nancy Kelley, of Versailles, Ind., who died at Jamestown, Ind., Feb. 20, 1860, leaving three children—Lucy, wife of F. D. Roberts, of Danville; Adelia, who died Feb. 2, 1857, aged three years; Calista (Kitty) still at home, and Confucius Lane, of Seattle, Wash. Ter. Mr. Wayland was again married, Jan. 22, 1867, to Nancy J. Barnett, of Danville. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville, of which he has been Class Leader nineteen years. He is now a Trustee, having held that position many years, and has been Treasurer of the Sabbath-school for the past fifteen years. He is a member of Silcox Lodge, No. 123, I. O. O. F., at Danville, of which he is Past Grand.

Alfred Welshaus, a merchant of Danville, was born at Crawfordsville, Montgomery Co., Ind., July 25, 1840. When an infant his parents, William and Elizabeth (Britton) Welshaus, moved to Milton, Pa., where they lived until his twelfth year, when they settled in Hendricks County, Ind., living at Brownsburg and Springtown until coming to Danville in 1855. While at Springtown, he began to learn the shoemaker's trade which he finished at Danville. At the age of sixteen he began to maintain himself and also as-



Chas. A. White, M. D.

sisted his parents. His father dying in 1865, he wholly supported his mother till 1877. In response to the first call of President Lincoln he enlisted April 24, 1861, in Company A, Seventh Indiana Infantry, as a private for three months, and was on duty in West Virginia. Being mustered out at the expiration of his term of service, he returned to Danville and worked at his trade till June, 1862, when he enlisted in Company A, Fourth Indiana Cavalry, to serve as a private three years. He was soon promoted to Duty Sergeant and then to Quartermaster-Sergeant of his regiment. He was discharged at Nashville, Tenn., at the close of the war, in July, 1865. He participated in the battles of Chickamauga, Allatoona, Franklin, Columbus, Selma, Tullahoma, Atlanta, New Market, and a number of others. He then returned home and followed shoemaking in Danville about one year, after which he carried on a boot and shoe store in connection with shoemaking. In 1869 he was elected one of the trustees of Center Township, which position he held till 1875. In 1876 he discontinued the boot and shoe store; being elected Treasurer of Hendricks County, serving one term of two years. He then purchased a farm in the vicinity of Danville and pursued farming until 1882, since which he has carried on the clothing and merchant tailoring business at Danville. In 1882 he was elected one of the members of the school board and was chosen Treasurer by that body, still holding that position. In June, 1876, he was married to Miss Emma J. Parker, of Danville. They have three children—Gracie, Bertha and Sammie. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a Master Royal Arch and Council Mason and was Worshipful Master of the lodge of Danville for four years. He is also a member of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R.

Charles A. White, M. D., was born near Salem, the county seat of Washington County, Ind., Jan. 4, 1845. His parents were Maximillian and Martha (Miles) White. He removed with them to Hendricks County in the autumn of 1851, locating in Liberty Township, two miles south of Belleville, then the principal business town in the county. He was reared a farmer, and received a good common-school education. At the age of nineteen he began the study of medicine in the office of Drs. R. C. Moore and L. H. Kennedy, at Belleville, remaining under their preceptorship about four years, entering Rush Medical College, Chicago, in the class of 1867-'68. In the spring of 1868 he began the practice of medicine in Monroe County, Ind., near Bloomington. He formed a part-

nership with John Dancer, M. D., of South Milford, LaGrange Co., Ind., March 15, 1869, with whom he remained for two years, during which time he took a second course of lectures and instruction at Rush Medical College, where he graduated Feb. 1, 1871, and was unanimously chosen by the class numbering eighty-five, to deliver the valedictory address. In April following his graduation he located at the flourishing village of Wolcottville, La Grange Co., Ind., continuing his partnership with Dr. Dancer, which relation was sustained until April 1, 1873, when on account of the failing health of his wife he returned to Hendricks County, the place of her birth, and home of their parents. He located in Danville Jan. 1, 1874, having formed a partnership with Henry G. Todd, M. D., for a period of three years. From March, 1878, till Oct. 1879, he had associated with him in the practice, Wilson T. Lawson, M. D., since which time he has practiced alone. Jan. 21, 1873, he married Miss Dee A., daughter of Tolliver B. and Matilda (Gill) Miller, near Clayton, Hendricks County. They have had born to them two children—Geraldine Max Miller, born June 14, 1880, and Glyndon De Laskie Miller, born Nov. 1, 1881. Dr. and Mrs. White are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danville. He was made a Master Mason in Ionic Lodge, at Wolcottville, in 1870. He is a Royal Arch and Council Mason, has passed the chair of Worshipful Master in both the lodges to which he has belonged, which station he now holds in Western Star Lodge, No. 26, F. & A. M., of Danville. He is a member of the county and State medical societies. He served as a private in Company A, One Hundred and Seventeenth Indiana Volunteers, during the war of the Rebellion.

Samuel W. Williams was born in Clark County, Ky., Nov. 22, 1831. He came with his parents, William and Margaret (Braley) Williams to Hendricks County in the fall of 1836. They settled in Marion Township, where they lived till 1844, then removed to Middle Township, where our subject lived till he was twenty years old. He began life for himself in Center Township, buying forty acres of land, to which he has added from time to time, and now owns 300 acres of well-cultivated land. Feb. 25, 1855, he was married to Miss Eliza Swain, daughter of John and Matilda (Darnall) Swain, of Center Township. She died Dec. 29, 1859, leaving two children—John W., of Union Township, and Sarah E., living at home. He was again married Dec. 22, 1861, to Mrs. Elizabeth (Turpin) Craig. Mrs. Williams had one son, Charles,

by her first husband. She was born Oct. 9, 1828. Mr. Williams was one of the prime movers of the Grange organization in 1872, and was one of the charter members of Talbot Grange, No. 757, of Center Township, of which he is now Master; he is Past Grand of Silcox Lodge, No. 123, I. O. O. F., at Danville. His parents were natives of Clark County, Ky., and are numbered among the worthy pioneers of Hendricks County. Both lived to a good old age; the father died in 1882 aged seventy-three years, and the mother in 1883 aged seventy-one years, both being members of the Regular Baptist church. Mrs. Williams' parents were Roberson and Rachel (Powell) Turpin, both natives of Scott County, Ky., where they lived until 1834, when they came to Hendricks County with a family of three children. They settled in Lincoln Township on a farm of eighty acres, to which they had added until their farm contained 500 acres. Her father died Aug. 31, 1880, aged seventy five years, and her mother, July 31, 1880, aged seventy-three years, leaving eight children, five of whom, three sons and two daughters, are living in Hendricks County, one in Boone County, Ind., and two in Illinois.

Eldridge C. Wills, janitor in the Hendricks County court-house, at Danville, was born in Liberty Township, this county, July 31, 1842, where he was reared a farmer and lived with his parents, Amos S. and Lucinda (Tatman) Wills, until manhood. June 18, 1862, he enlisted in Company H, Fifty-fourth Indiana Infantry, to serve three months, and was out nearly five months on duty in Kentucky. He re-enlisted Feb. 13, 1865, in Company B, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Indiana Infantry, to serve one year, and on the organization of his company he was made a Corporal. He was mustered out at the close of the war at Indianapolis, Sept. 5, 1865, and after receiving his discharge from the war he returned to Clayton, Hendricks County, where he followed farming until 1869, when he worked at the carpenter's trade till 1870. He then engaged in teaming in Danville until 1878, when he was appointed janitor of the Hendricks County court-house by the county commissioners, holding this position until 1882. He then held the office of Deputy Sheriff for several months during 1882, and in 1882 also served as City Marsha . In 1880 he was elected Coroner of Hendricks County, and served as such two years. In 1883 he served as Constable of Center Township, and in 1884 he was again appointed janitor of the county court house. Jan. 1, 1866, he was married to Miss Julia Bell, of Danville. They have two sons—

Charlie A. and Harry. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. He is a member of Jesse S. Ogden Post, No. 164, G. A. R., and has held the position of Master of Finance in Danville Lodge, No. 48, K. of P., for two years.

James A. Wilson, attorney at law, was born at Peoria, Ill., Sept. 15, 1854, and is the youngest son of William and Sarah F. (Hosea) Wilson. His father having gone to California and not having been heard from, was supposed to be lost, he was reared by his grandfather, W. F. Hosea, of New Philadelphia, Ind., until his sixteenth year. He worked on the farm till he was thirteen, after which he supported his grandparents, by working in a stave-mill, for three years. After leaving his grandparents he continued to work in a stave factory until the fall of 1870, and during that time he attended school for the first time, working for his board. During the spring and summer of 1871 he worked on a fruit farm near Seymour, Jackson Co., Ind., and in the following winter he again attended school, working on a farm for his board. In the spring and summer of 1872 he again worked on a farm in Jackson County, part of the time attending the Normal School at Little York, Ind. He again attended school in the winter of 1872-'73, working for his board as before. In the spring of 1873 he attended the Blue River Academy near Canton, Ind. During the summer of 1873, while working on a farm in Jackson County, he broke his arm, which caused him to be laid up till the following winter, when he was engaged as a teacher in a school in Du Bois, Orange, Brown and Morgan counties until the spring of 1881, and attended school at Blue River Academy or the Southern Indiana Normal at Paola, Ind. He also studied law under his brother, E. G. Wilson, and in the spring of 1880 he became associated with his brother, L. F. Wilson, in the practice of law at Nashville, Ind. After he gave up teaching, in 1881, he engaged solely in the practice of law with his brother. In November, 1881, they removed to Danville, his brother retiring from the firm in May, 1884. In connection with their law practice, he and his brother published at Danville the *Hendricks County Gazette*, a Democratic paper, until August, 1884, since which he has devoted his time entirely to his law practice at Danville. June 15, 1881, he was married to Miss Julia A., daughter of William B. Cooper, of near Mooresville, Hendricks County. They have one child—Grace. Mr. Wilson is a Master Mason. Politically he is a Democrat and is the chairman of the Democratic Central Committee.

CHAPTER XII.

CLAY TOWNSHIP.

ORGANIZATION.—DESCRIPTION.—EARLY SETTLEMENT.—TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS.—FIRST ELECTION.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—PECKSBURG.—AMO.—COATESVILLE.—RENO.—HADLEY.—PROPERTY AND TAXATION.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

This township was formed by separating from the north end of Franklin Township three tiers of sections of land, and taking off of the southeast corner of Marion three sections, making for Clay Township an area of twenty-four square miles. The organization was effected by the Board of Commissioners in 1845. The surface is rolling, and the soil for the most part good; especially is this so in the eastern portion, but much of the western half of the township is only second-rate land. It is drained by the three forks of Mill Creek.

The first settlements in this township were made about the year 1825, and the prominent families who came previous to 1832 were: Obadiah, George and John Tincher, John Hadley, Joel and Jesse Hudson, William Benbow, Dr. Kersey, Newbry Hunt, Abraham West, Nicholas Orsburn and George Hancock.

OFFICIAL.

The following list of those who have held the several township offices, is believed to be nearly complete, as it is made from the election returns on file in the office of the County Clerk.

Justices of the Peace: Robert Harvey, 1845-'50; Amiel Hunt, 1851; Amiel Hunt and Alfred V. Coffin, 1855; Amiel Hunt and William W. Wellman, 1859; Cyrus L. Stanley, 1860; Robert N. Harvey, 1863; Cyrus L. Stanley, 1864; Thomas Mendenhall, 1866; William P. Jenkins and A. Bundy, 1868; Thomas C. Mendenhall and Joel T. Tinder, 1870; Cyrus L. Stanley, 1871; John S. Roberts and Joseph Bundy, 1872; Thomas C. Mendenhall and Asa J. Martin, 1874; Joseph Williams and Thomas C. Mendenhall, 1878-'82.

Constables: William Moore and Alfred Hunt, 1845; William Tincher and James Wright, 1846; Hiram D. Jones and James Wright, 1847; John C. Gambold and Cyrus Moore, 1848; Cyrus Moore and John Rushton, 1849; James Crews and William Hutchings, 1850; Milton Wright and Thomas E. Harrison, 1851; A. M. Cleghorn and William Page, 1852; Joseph McAninch and Milton Wright, 1853-'4; Joseph McAninch and William Tincher, 1855; William Tincher and Henry Yount, 1856; Quincy C. Tomlinson and John A. Phillips, 1857; Quincy C. Tomlinson and Benjamin Hiatt, 1858; Cyrus L. Stanley and Renal F. Swaim, 1859; Alfred V. Coffin and Stephen S. Kitchen, 1860; John A. Phillips and Stephen S. Kitchen, 1861; John C. Gambold and James Queen, 1862-'3; Himelius Kendall and Annuel Edwards, 1864; Jason Tomlinson and Josiah Phillips, 1866; William M. Farmer and John C. Gambold, 1867; P. P. Thomas and George Smith, 1868; William White and Joseph Bundy, 1869; Stephen Climeworth and Zimri Warren, 1870; James L. Astley and Zimri Warren, 1872; John Harris and Annuel Edwards, 1874; John Champion and William Stanley, 1876; John Champion and William Stanley, 1878; Lewis Shaw and Woodson Bryant, 1880; J. A. Bohannon and John Crews, 1882; W. H. Crose and John Crews, 1884.

Trustees: Elias Grimes, 1856; Robert Harvey, 1857; Addison Coffin, 1858; James Kersey, 1859; Milton Hadley, 1860; Job Hadley, 1860; David Walker, 1861-'3; Samuel N. Hubbard, 1864; Benjamin T. Scherer, 1866; Caleb Hunt, 1867-'8; John Newman, 1869-'70; John Kendall, 1872-'6; Elias Ginnes, 1878; John Kendall, 1880; John N. Phillips, 1882; S. D. Edwards, 1884.

Clerks: Milton Wright, 1856; William Tomlinson, 1857-'8 (office abolished).

Treasurers: Moses Burgess, 1856-'7; Dr. James Kersey, 1858 (office abolished).

Assessors: Elwood Stanton, 1870; Joshua Brown, 1872; Amos Hoak, 1874; E. D. Wheeler, 1876-'80; F. M. Smith, 1882.

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of the general election of 1846 (held at Springfield, Aug. 3) gives the names of 101 voters, which are here copied, as forming a nearly complete list of the pioneers of that day: Peter Long, Wesley Hardwick, Joshua F. Huckings, Mordecai Samuels, Abraham West, Benjamin Picket, Caleb Hunt, Thomas

J. Hadley, Erasmus Nichols, Milton Asher, Phineas Moon, Eli Hodson, Job Hadley, Henry Bland, Robert Harvey, Menchor Coe, John Candiff, John Harlan, John Gambold, Phineas Tomlinson, Ransom Estes, Edward B. Estes, John Johnson, Mathias Alaster, Carver Benbeel, Timothy Swain, Clark Hill, David Mastin, Henry Coats, James Wright, William Talbot, Hiram D. Jones, Elijah Anderson, Isaac Miracle, William H. Dalton, Harvey Stanley, Samuel Stanley, Francis Huckings, Edward Tomlinson, Miles T. Richardson, Allen Pearson, James Pearson, George Tincher, Henry B. Goolman, Winson Yates, Jesse Turbeville, Jonathan Mendenhall, Hugh McKee, Harvey Richardson, Tandy Scott, Elijah Wright, Solomon Rushton, Benjamin Gaeres, Joel Haggins, Eleazer Hunt, Jabez Watson, John Wright, Thomas C. Parker, Milton White, John Stanley, William S. Benbow, Charles Green, Robert Walker, Edward Newham, Jacob Workrider, Jesse Watson, Albert Hunt, John Newham, William Mann, A. Edwards, Jesse M. Hackett, James Acres, Alfred Hunt, Ellis King, Henry Wise, Asahel Mann, William Tancher, Alexander Adams, Robert B. Stanley, Nathan Harvey, Blake Swain, William Hayworth, John Harrison, Silas Dixon, William Benbow, Nathaniel Hadley, Jeremiah Smith, Eli Phillips, John Edwards, Samuel Phillips, Joseph Morris, Wesley Pearson, Elihu Dixon, Elam Benbow, Price F. Hall, James Hayworth, John Hancock, William Cosner, Joel W. Hodson and William Beechardson.

POLITICAL.

In political sentiment the people of Clay have always been overwhelmingly Republican, and before the birth of that party they were as loyal to its predecessor, the Whig party. The township was also a stronghold of free-soilism during the days of Clay and Webster, and in the campaigns of 1848 and 1852 many more votes were given to the Free-Soil than to the Democratic candidates. Following is the vote cast at each presidential election from 1848 to 1884, inclusive:

1848—Zachary Taylor	57	21
Martin Van Buren	36	
Lewis Cass	9	
1852—Winfield Scott	89	45
John P. Hale	44	
Franklin Pierce	27	
1856—John C. Fremont	152	100
James Buchanan	52	
Millard Fillmore	7	
1860—Abraham Lincoln	174	136
John C. Breckinridge	38	
1860—Stephen A. Douglas	7	
John Bell	6	
1864—Abraham Lincoln	241	220
George B. McClellan	21	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant	301	266
Horatio Seymour	35	
1872—Ulysses S. Grant	302	231
Horace Greeley	71	
1876—Rutherford B. Hayes	326	246
Samuel J. Tilden	80	
Peter Cooper	3	

1880—James A. Garfield....	362	266	1884—James G. Blaine.....	303	206
Winfield S. Hancock..	96		Grover Cleveland.....	97	
James B. Weaver.....	3		John P. St. John.....	11	
Neal Dow.....	3		Benjamin F. Butler...	6	

PECKSBURG.

Clay Township is the smallest in the county, but is the most densely populated (eighty to the square mile) and has the most villages and postoffices, which are five in number, three on the Vandalia line and two on the Indiana & St. Louis Railroad.

Pecksburg, which was named in honor of the first President of the Vandalia Railroad, is near the east line of the township, on section 31. It has one store, kept by Abraham Bowen, who is also Postmaster and station agent. There is also a church, of the Lutheran denomination, where services are usually held every other Sunday. William Tinster preached for several years, and in 1882 removed to Mud Creek. At present writing there is no regular pastor, the last one having been Rev. Mr. Keller, now in Kentucky. The congregation numbers about fifty. Sunday-school sessions are held every Sunday, under charge of Allen Reitzel. Pecksburg is not prosperous as a village, and has now but fifty inhabitants.

AMO.

Two miles west of Pecksburg, on sections 2, 3, 34 and 35, is Amo, the voting place of the township, and a prosperous place of 200 inhabitants. It was laid out in 1850 by Joseph Morris, and called Morristown, which name was dropped for that of Amo by some of its classical-minded citizens. The first house was built by William Tomlinson, who lives yet in the village. The business firms of to-day are: E. B. Owen, general store; Cook & Masten, grocery and meat market; Thomas Mendenhall, grocery; Roberts & Marshall, saw-mill; Pearson & Snodgrass, livery; G. W. McCloud, livery; I. H. George, drug store and postoffice; A. J. Crosswaite, blacksmith and wagon shop; W. W. Ralston, station agent.

SCHOOLS AND CHURCHES.

The handsome brick school-house was completed in 1868, at a cost of $8,000. There are four rooms, three of which are occupied. The teachers for the present year are Joseph J. Doane, Mrs. Naomi Ratliffe and Miss Anna Hawkins. There are 150 pupils on the rolls.

Society of Friends.—Of the three churches, that of the Friends

is the oldest. They organized about 1840, and built first a log church. This was speedily succeeded by a frame structure, which was used forty years and then gave way to the present structure, which was completed in the fall of 1883, at a cost of $1,500. Among the early members of this society were Philip Johnson, John Cosner, Annuel Edwards and Asael Hunt. Services are held on the first and fifth days of each week.

The Baptist Church was organized about the time of the war, and the frame church was built a year or two after, seating 400, and costing $2,000. Among the early members were Elijah Wheeler, Harding Tincher, Milton Bland, Hiram Bland, Samuel Hubbard and their wives. The first regular pastor was Rev. Mr. Edwards; next was Rev. Wilson G. Trent, and then came successively Revs. Moore, Sherrill, L. A. Clevinger and R. N. Harvey. The church has about 100 members.

The Methodist Episcopal Church was organized in 1867. The church was completed in that year, having been begun in 1866, at a cost of $2,000. Among the first members were William H. Tush, Winfield Hines, John McAninch, Wesley Johnson, M. W. Cosner, John M. Champion, Harbert Fencer, John Gasper, S. F. Tincher, James E. Ralston, with their wives, Mrs. Martha A. Tincher, Mrs. Lucinda Stanley, Mrs. E. Cosner, George W. Fencer and Mrs. Nancy Newman. The pastors have been in succession, Revs. F. M. Pavy, B. H. Bradbury, Thomas Bartlett, J. F. McDaniel, W. C. Davidson, Nelson Green, D. W. Risher, Nelson Green Jesse Hill, J. B. Combs, Elihu Mason. The last named, the present pastor, lives at Coatesville, and conducts services here every two weeks. The present membership of the church is thirty-five.

COATESVILLE,

the largest town in the township, having about 600 inhabitants, is situated in the western part, on sections 5, 6, 31 and 32. Its business firms are as follows:

Isaac Baughman, Coatesville House; James Brown, shoe shop; John Brown, boarding house; J. M. Bourne, druggist; Bryant & Sharp, druggists; D. W. Campbell, general store; T. L. Campbell, furniture; Henry Crews, restaurant; Draper & Gambold, general store; E. R. Ellis, harness; Alex. Fetrow, saw and planing mill; Nathan Fisher, freight and express agent; Thomas Gibbons, harness; George N. Glass, photographer; Allen Job, hardware; W. H. Johnson, livery; W. N. Lakin, wagon and agricultural imple-

ments; Elias H. Marker, miller; William Newkirk, contractor; D. W. Risher, postoffice and grocery; Robbins & Baughman, druggists; Noah Siler, blacksmith; Wier & Tucker, dry-goods; Joseph Williams, Justice of the Peace.

The legal profession is represented by C. L. Stanley and W. H. Talbot; the medical by Tilghman Hunt and Stephen Hunt.

RELIGIOUS.

The Methodist Episcopal Church has been organized nearly fifty years. Their first church was burned about 1860, that now used being their second edifice; it was built in 1863, at a cost of $2,000. The present membership of the church is 105. Services are held every Sunday. The present pastor is Rev. E. Mason, who has now been here two years. He was preceded by Revs. J. B. Combs, two years; Jesse Hill, two years; D. W. Risher, three years; Nelson Green, three years; John McDaniel, W. D. Davidson and B. H. Bradbury. The Trustees of the church now are Tilghman Hunt, Joseph Williams and Abner Miller. S. P. Brown is Superintendent of the Sunday-school.

The Missionary Baptists organized their church in 1871, and built their frame church in 1873, at a cost of $1,200. The membership is about forty, and services are held monthly. The present pastor is Rev. G. W. Terry, of Stinesville, preceded by Revs. Sherrill, Jesse Buchanan and John F. Crews. Following are the church officers: Clerk, Jesse Harlan; Moderator, Harding Tincher; Treasurer, Darius Crews; Trustees, J. F. Crews, David Walker, Darius Crews and Harding Tincher.

SOCIETY.

Coatesville Lodge, No. 257, I. O. O. F., was organized Nov. 27, 1870, with the following first members: Joel T. Tinder, Wallace Snowden, William Lakin, William Newkirk and Alva W. Sanders. The present officers are: O. S. Newton, N. G.; J. N. Bowen, V. G.; J. G. Sharp, Secretary; W. M. Lakin, Treasurer, David Fisher, Warden.

RENO.

is a small station on the Indiana & St. Louis Railroad, on section 30. It has about 100 inhabitants, and is fourteen years old, dating from the construction of the railroad through the township. In business at Reno are William Rammel, postoffice and

general store; John Walden, general store; T. L. Hadley, broom factory; T. L. Gose, blacksmith; William Worline, blacksmith; William Crimmel, station agent; Jesse Alberson, shoe shop.

HADLEY

is a railroad station on section 23, and has but few inhabitants. There is a postoffice, store and Friends meeting-house.

STATISTICAL.

In 1880 the population of Clay Township was 1,965. The following statistics of property and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 14,493.48; value of same, $399,561; value of improvements, $171,000; value of lots, $7,416; value of improvements, $22,400; value of personal property, $278,208; total taxables, $878,585; polls, 287; dogs, 130; State tax, $1,197.79; county tax, $2,615.20; township tax, $878.60; tuition tax, $1,126.05; special school tax, $2,779.30; road tax, $1,757.20; endowment tax, $43.93; bridge tax, $878.60; total tax, $13,131.58; delinquent tax, $825.52.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

James N. Bourne is one of the wide-awake, enterprising business men of Coatesville, where he has lived since 1876. For a time after coming here he was engaged in the livery business, but since December, 1877, has been engaged in the drug business, in which he has built up a large trade. His father, William S. Bourne, was a native of Garrard County, Ky., and one of the pioneers of Putnam County, Ind., where he died, in Jefferson Township, in September, 1872, and where his wife still lives. They had a family of eight children. James N. is the only one living in Hendricks County. He was born in Jefferson Township, Putnam Co., Ind., in 1847. He remained with his parents till after the breaking out of the war of the Rebellion, when he enlisted, in March, 1864, in Company A, Twenty-seventh Indiana Infantry. He participated in some of the most important battles of the last years of the war, including the Atlanta campaign and Sherman's march to the sea; thence to Washington, where he was in line at the grand review of the army. He married Sarilda J. Hill, a native of Putnam County, Ind., daughter of Andrew J. Hill. They have had five children—Everett, Maggie, Bertha, James A., and Ralfo. Bertha is deceased.

D. W. Campbell, merchant, Coatesville, is a native of Jennings

County, Ind., born in 1844, a son of Luther J. Campbell, one of the early settlers of that county. He remained at home till eighteen years of age, and in 1862 enlisted in defense of the Union, and was assigned to the Eighteenth United States Infantry, and served six years. During the war his regiment operated with the Eastern army, and he participated in a number of severe engagements, and during General McClellan's peninsular campaign formed a part of General Butler's command. After the close of the war he served on the Western plains three years, and there had many thrilling experiences. The regiment was stationed at different forts doing garrison duty. In November, 1866, they were transferred to Fort Phil Kearney, and were there at the time of the slaughter of Captain Fettemore and his command, the particulars of which may be of interest to our readers, as our subject was directly concerned in the transaction. Mr. Campbell, as Sergeant, was detailed with a party of men to go some distance from the fort to procure fuel, and Captain Fettemore, with ninety-six men, accompanied them as a guard. They were considerably annoyed by the Indians, and when nearing the fort on their return Captain Fettemore determined to turn back and attack them, while the wooding party proceeded to the fort. This was a fatal error, as he was decoyed to a ravine and at once attacked by thousands of Indians on both sides, and the entire party slaughtered, not a man escaping. After the expiration of his term of service Mr. Campbell returned to Indiana and soon after located in Coatesville and settled down to the peaceful vocation of a merchant. He has been successful in this branch of business, and is now the oldest merchant in the village. He has a fine brick store, which he erected in 1877, and has also one of the best residences in the town. He has built up a large trade, his annual sales amounting to $40,000. He was married in 1869 to Mary A. Allen, of Putnam County, Ind. They have two children—Lenna and Flora.

James Christy, section 29, Clay Township, is one of the pioneers of Hendricks County. He was a son of James and Elizabeth Christy, and when a child moved with them from Virginia to Putnam County, Ind., where they both died. In 1828 he came to Hendricks County and settled on land entered by his father in 1828. He has been a successful financier, and has by industry and energy made of his land a good farm and acquired a competence for his old age. He has been thrice married. His first wife was Harriet Kinsler. Their only child, a daughter, died in infancy. His second

wife was Kesiah Vice. To them were born three children—Mary, James A. and Robert K. His third and present wife was Nancy Flinn. They have had two children — William Sherman and Charles. The latter is deceased. William Sherman was born June 5, 1865, and lives with his parents on the homestead. He is an industrious, enterprising young man, intelligent and well educated, and takes an active interest in all enterprises of social or mental benefit.

Jesse F. Elrod was born in North Carolina, Aug. 29, 1824, a son of Joseph and Catherine Elrod, the former born in 1806, and the latter in 1810. In 1834 Joseph Elrod and his family, and John Gambold and George Fansler and their families left North Carolina to seek homes in the wilds of Indiana, and after a journey of six weeks arrived in New Garden, ten miles north of Richmond, Wayne County. The father lived but two years after his settlement in the new country, and after his death, in 1836, the mother moved to Hendricks County with her family, and settled on forty acres of leased land in Franklin Township. She died in Coatesville, Sept. 10, 1877. The family consisted of seven children, four of whom are living—Jesse F., Barbara Ann, Charles and Joseph. Jesse F. Elrod was twelve years of age when he came to Hendricks County. He remained with his mother till manhood, and in connection with farming was engaged in milling several years. In 1863 he bought the farm where he now lives, on section 31, Clay Township, adjoining the village of Coatesville, which contains 108 acres of choice land, and is one of the pleasantest homes in Clay Township. He was married to Lydia Pursell, a native of Marion County, Ind., born June 8, 1834, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Strong) Pursell. The former lives at Tuscola, Ill., but the latter has been dead many years. Mrs. Elrod died Sept. 28, 1884, leaving her husband and children to mourn the loss of a true and affectionate wife and mother. The children are four in number—Samuel H., Charles W., William F. and Mary A.

Josephus B. Gambold, of the firm of Draper & Gambold, general merchants, Coatesville, Ind., is a son of John C. Gambold, one of the pioneers of Hendricks County. John C. Gambold was born in Pennsylvania, in November, 1805. His parents died when he was a child and he was placed in a family named Green and with them went to North Carolina and was reared in a Moravian settlement. He was married to Nancy Swaim, a native of that State, and in 1834 they came to Indiana in company with Joseph Elrod and

family and located in Wayne County. In 1835 he moved to Hendricks County and settled in Clay Township. In 1856 he started for Minnesota, and before reaching his destination, at Delhi, Delaware Co., Iowa, in January, 1857, his wife died. The family remained in Minnesota till 1859, and then returned to Clay Township, where the father died June 2, 1870. His family comprised ten children, six of whom are living—Levi S., Eri A., Louisa C., Mary J., Josephus B. and Cynthia A. Josephus B. Gambold was born in Clay Township, Oct. 18, 1839. Aug. 7, 1861, he enlisted in Company A, Twenty-seventh Indiana Infantry, and served three years and two months. He participated in the battles of Winchester, Cedar Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville and Gettysburg; was transferred West and participated in the Atlanta campaign. He escaped without injury save a slight wound at Dallas, Ga. After his return from the war he was employed by the Terre Haute and Indiana Division of the Vandalia Railroad till 1872, and the next three years by Pierson, Fellows & Stanley, merchants of Coatesville. In 1882 he formed his present partnership with Mahlon B. Draper. He was married to Mary E. Brown, of Putnam County, Ind. They have two children—Charles and Ella E.

William Greenlee is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born in September, 1839. His father, Abner Greenlee, settled in Marion Township in 1829, and there he was reared and educated. He enlisted in October, 1861, in the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, and served in the defense of his country three years, two months and ten days, participating in many important campaigns and battles. He was in General Buell's command at Shiloh; was at Stone River, with General Streight on his noted raid, at Franklin, and later with General Thomas at Nashville, where he was discharged Dec. 17, 1864. He returned to Hendricks County, and in 1865 bought the farm on section 28, Clay Township, where he has since lived. He is a model farmer and has one of the pleasantest homes in the township. He has been twice married. His first wife, Martha Bryant, is deceased. His present wife was Melinda J. Pierson, daughter of Ervin Pierson. He has had two children, only one of whom is living—Ernest, born Sept. 16, 1876. His eldest son, Emerson, died in infancy.

Milton E. Hadley is a representative of one of the most prominent pioneer families of Hendricks County, and is one of the oldest living natives of the county. He was born in Center Township in December, 1829, a son of Simon T. Hadley, the second Clerk of Hendricks County. He has lived in Clay Township since 1870 and

owns a fine farm on section 32. He now resides in the village of Amo. His wife was Jane Phillips, daughter of John Phillips. They have no children, but have an adopted daughter—Sarah.

Mordecai Hadley is a representative of one of the leading pioneer families of Hendricks County. His ancestors were early settlers of Pennsylvania. Subsequently one branch of the family moved to North Carolina, another to Kentucky and a third to Massachusetts, for whom Hadley of that State is named. The grandfather of our subject, Joshua Hadley, was a member of the North Carolina branch, and was born May 23, 1743. He married Ruth Lindley, who was born at London Grove, Pa., March 25, 1745. Their son, Joshua Jr., was born in Chatham County, N. C., Dec. 13, 1783, the thirteenth of sixteen children. Joshua, Jr., was married twice. His first wife was Lydia Hiatt, by whom he had one daughter, who grew to womanhood and married William White, and died several years ago. Mr. Hadley's second wife was Rebecca Hinshaw, who was born in Randolph County, N. C., Feb. 20, 1789. Their family consisted of eleven children, ten of whom grew to maturity. In the fall of 1838 they came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Clay Township. At that time their two eldest children were married. Mr. Hadley died Aug. 23, 1847. As is characteristic of all members of the society of Friends, he was strongly opposed to slavery, one object of his leaving North Carolina being to escape the evils resulting from it. He was a man of decided convictions, strong in the support of what he believed to be right, and equally earnest in denouncing what he believed to be wrong. He was a well-educated man and for some time a teacher in his early life. His wife survived till April 19, 1882, dying at the age of ninety-three years. She was a woman of great energy and fortitude, and strong religious convictions, and a devoted Bible student. She was a frequent attendant at church, riding horseback when between eighty and ninety years of age. Mordecai Hadley was born in Chatham County, N. C., June 30, 1827, and was ten years of age when his parents moved to Hendricks County. He was educated in the schools of his adopted county, remaining with his parents till manhood. He has been twice married. His first wife, Sarah Jane Clark, was born in Chatham County, N. C., in July, 1827, and died in October, 1877. His present wife, Susan Lindley, was born in Chatham County, N. C., May 16, 1842. Mr. Hadley is one of the leading citizens of Clay Township, representing its most prosperous agriculturists.

W. N. Lakin is the proprietor of the carriage and wagon factory, Coatesville, Ind., one of the principal enterprises of the town. He is a native of Illinois, born in 1845. His father, William H. Lakin, is a native of Ohio, moving thence to Illinois about 1845, and in 1859 coming to Hendricks County, Ind., and locating in Plainfield, where he still lives. W. N. learned his trade of his father, and was for some time associated with him in business in Plainfield. He then went to Danville and remained a year, and in 1869 located in Coatesville. In 1875 he erected a commodious building to accommodate his growing trade, and in 1885 built an addition, 20 x 45 feet in size, as a storeroom for his carriages and agricultural implements, which is a leading feature of his business. He carries on a general blacksmithing business. He is one of the most prosperous business men of the town and one of its most influential and enterprising citizens. He married Louisa C. Gambold, daughter of John Gambold, a pioneer of Hendricks County. They have one son—Otto F.

George W. McCloud, proprietor of the livery and sale stables, Amo, Ind., was born in Lee County, Va., Dec. 27, 1811. His father, John McCloud, died in 1819, and in 1830 his mother, with her four children—George W., Nancy, Thomas and Archlif, moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Franklin Township. Of the family, George W. is the only one living. He married Eunice Bray, a native of Kentucky, daughter of Henry Bray. To them were born twelve children, seven of whom are living. His wife died several years ago and he subsequently married Elizabeth Elliott, who died Jan. 14, 1885, leaving two children.

Daniel Osborn, one of the pioneers of Hendricks County, was born in Hart County, Ky., in 1811. In 1829 his father, Daniel Osborn, Sr., emigrated with his family to Hendricks County, and settled in what is now Franklin Township, and lived where he first settled till his death, in 1839. His wife survived her husband till 1855. They had a family of seven children, two sons and five daughters. Of these there are living Margaret, Christina, Daniel and Mary. Daniel Osborn, Jr., married Mary Broadstreet, a native of Clark County, Ind. She died in 1882. Mr. and Mrs. Osborn had twelve children, nine of whom are living, eight sons and one daughter.

Eli Phillips, deceased, was one of the first settlers of Clay Township. He was born in Stokes County, N. C., in 1805. He was reared in his native county and there married Peggy Cosner,

who was born in 1814, a daughter of John and Abigail Cosner, who came from North Carolina in 1832 and settled in Clay Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., where the father died in 1849 and the mother Jan. 1, 1861. In 1833 Mr. Phillips moved to Indiana and settled on a tract of wild land on sections 33 and 34, Clay Township, on which he lived till 1867, when he moved to Amo, where he died Jan. 1, 1881. To Mr. and Mrs. Phillips were born twelve children, all in Clay Township; six are living—William; Pamelia, wife of Bennet Osborn; Phœbe, wife of William Beason; Abigail, wife of William Demoss, of Kansas; Jane, wife of John Walls, of Stilesville, and Arcada, wife of Dr. H. C. Summers. Mrs. Phillips makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Summers. She has one brother and four sisters living older than she. The eldest, Mrs. Mary Vass, was born Jan. 1, 1795.

Jonathan F. Phillips, the eldest son of Samuel and Rachel (Newman) Phillips, resides on the southeast quarter of section 5, Clay Township. His farm contains 128 acres of valuable land, located on sections 4 and 5. He was born in Clay Township, April 16, 1840. He remained with his parents till July, 1863, when he enlisted in the One Hundred and Seventeenth Indiana Infantry for six months. He was discharged after a service of seven months, and in February, 1865, enlisted in Company B, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Indiana and served till the close of the war. He was married March 23, 1868, to Makina Couch, a native of North Carolina. They have a family of five children—Alma, Lora, Aldus, Amanda and Olney.

Samuel Phillips, deceased, was one of the pioneers of 1836. He was born in 1808, in North Carolina, a son of John S. and Sally Phillips, who emigrated from Forsyth County, N. C., to Wayne County, Ind., where the father died, and in 1836 the mother and two unmarried children, Samuel and Sally, came to Hendricks County, and settled on section 4, Clay Township. Samuel bought a tract of land, but a few acres of which had been cleared of the timber, and on it a small log cabin had been built. This land he cleared and improved and made his home till his death, in July, 1880, and it is still the home of his widow and younger children. He was married in 1839 to Rachel Newman, a native of Randolph County, N. C., born in 1818, a daughter of John and Elizabeth Newman, who came to Hendricks County in 1837, and settled in Franklin Township, where they both died. To Mr. and Mrs. Phillips were born seven children—Jonathan F.; Susanna E., wife of

Enoch Harlan; Lewis A.; Sally M., wife of William Shirley; John N., Oliver P. and Emery E. Mr. Phillips in an early day hauled a load of wheat to Lawrenceburg, which he sold for $9.00, the time occupied in going and returning being fourteen days.

Simon Rammel, one of the pioneers of Hendricks County, was born in Franklin County, Ind., Nov. 16, 1818, a son of Rev. Henry and Elizabeth P. (Heward) Rammel. Henry Rammel was a native of New Jersey, and a minister in the Methodist Episcopal church. He came to Indiana in 1817, and in 1828 to Hendricks County, and settled in Danville. He organized the first Methodist society in Center Township. He died Feb. 21, 1882, aged eighty-six years, one month and twenty-eight days. He was married three times and had a family of seven children, six of whom lived till maturity—Eli, a Methodist minister, died in Kansas in October, 1882; Simon; Elizabeth, deceased; James, of Nebraska; Ruth, of Illinois; Lydia A., deceased; Henry, deceased. Simon is the only member of the family living in Hendricks County. He is by trade a mason, and has been one of the most industrious and enterprising citizens of Danville. He has served as Justice of the Peace twelve years. He has been twice married. His first wife was Lavina Ball, and to them were born four children—David, William, Eliza and James. His present wife was Cynthia A. Griggs.

William Rammel, merchant and Postmaster, Reno, Ind., is a son of Simon Rammel and grandson of Rev. Henry Rammel, one of the earliest settlers of Danville. He was born in Danville, in 1852, and has been a life-long resident of Hendricks County. In August, 1881, he located in Reno, and bought the stock of general merchandise of William Davis, and at the same time was appointed Postmaster. His is the only store of any importance in the place, and he has a good trade, his annual sales amounting to $5,000. He was married to Jennie, daughter of David Haworth. They have two children—Otis and Clara.

Cyrus L. Stanley, attorney at law, Coatesville, Ind., is a son of Samuel Stanley, one of the pioneers of 1831. Samuel Stanley was a native of North Carolina, and was there married to Anna Bowman. They were members of the society of Friends, with strong anti-slavery principles, and not wishing to rear their children under the influence of that institution, in the fall of 1830 they left North Carolina, and with a one-horse team came to Indiana, being six weeks in making the journey. Their family at that time

consisted of five children, the eldest fourteen, and the youngest two years of age. They located near Richmond, Wayne County, where, April 6, 1831, Cyrus L. was born. The same season they moved to Hendricks County and settled on the east half of the southwest quarter of section 23, Clay Township. The land was heavily timbered with no improvements. Mr. Stanley erected a log cabin fourteen feet square, and began clearing his land, which he made his home till his death in October, 1850. His wife survived him but one week. He was an upright, honest man, of a quiet disposition, but decided in his convictions. He was in politics a Whig, strongly opposed to slavery, and was as conscientious in his political as in his religious views. He had a family of eight children, all of whom are living except Barkley, who died in October, 1849. The surviving children are Harvey, of Douglas County, Kas.; Rebecca, of Dallas County, Iowa; Sarah, of Warren County, Iowa,; William, of Parke County, Ind.; Cyrus L.; Levi, of Warren County, Iowa, and Anna Jane, of Huron, Dak. The second son, Barkley, learned the carriage-maker's trade, and settled in Springville. He took a prominent part in politics; was a strong anti-slavery man, a member of the Free-Soil party, and a delegate to the convention that nominated Martin Van Buren in 1848. He died in October, 1849, leaving a wife and one child, the former since deceased. Harvey and Barkley were prominent in the early settlement of the county. Harvey was well educated and taught school a number of years. After reaching maturity he cleared a farm of his own, but in 1871 removed to Kansas. Cyrus L. Stanley has been a resident of Clay Township since his infancy. He has always given some attention to agriculture, and owns a fine farm. He was also for some time engaged in the mercantile business, and since 1870 has devoted considerable time to the practice of law. He was originally in politics, a Whig, but since its organization, has been a Republican. In 1860 he was elected Justice of the Peace, and was re-elected in 1864, but resigned before the expiration of his term, and in 1868 was again elected to the same office. He has also served as Commissioner of Hendricks County. Mr. Stanley has been twice married. In 1850 he married Lucy Elrod, who died in 1853, leaving one daughter—Mary Elma. In 1857 he married Sarah Jane Braun, a native of Ohio. They have three children—Eva Ettie, Ena Ethel, and Oscar O.

H. C. Summers, M. D., is a native of Putnam County, Ind., born in 1849, a son of Benjamin F. and Marion (Collings) Sum-

mers. His paternal grandfather, Rev. Cornelius Summers, was a native of Kentucky and one of the pioneer Presbyterian ministers of Northern Indiana. His maternal grandfather, Rev. Harvey Collings, was a native of North Carolina, and a pioneer Methodist minister of Putnam County, Ind. H. C. Summers was reared in his native county, where he received his literary education. He began the study of medicine with Drs. Holman and Johnson, of Martinsville, Morgan Co., Ind., and subsequently attended, in 1872-'73, a course of lectures at the medical department of the University at Louisville, Ky. He then returned to Putnam County and entered the office of Drs. Ellis and Smythe, at Greencastle, and later entered the Ohio Medical College, Cincinnati. After being at Cincinnati two months he was prostrated with typhoid fever and was sick about three months. This prevented him from graduating, and he returned to Indiana, and in 1874 formed a partnership with Dr. S. C. Monnet, and located at Amo. In the fall of 1877 he returned to Cincinnati and graduated in the spring of 1878. Dr. Summers was married Sept. 18, 1879, to Arcada Phillips, daughter of Eli Phillips, one of the pioneers of Clay Township.

Abraham Williamson, farmer and stock-raiser, section 28, Clay Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., is a native of Somerset County, N. J., born Aug. 24, 1827. When he was twelve years of age he accompanied his parents to Ohio, and there grow to manhood. When twenty-three years of age he came to Indiana and has since been a resident of Clay Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. In 1855 his father-in-law, James Kersey, Sr., gave him forty acres where he now resides, which he has improved and erected good buildings, and now has a pleasant home. He was married Nov. 29, 1854, to Mary Kersey, daughter of James Kersey. She died April 29, 1879, aged forty-three years, four months and four days, leaving five children—Rachel, Eva, Luella, Lillian and James Claude.

CHAPTER XIII.

EEL RIVER TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION. — EARLY SETTLEMENT. — FIRST ITEMS. — MILLS AND DISTILLERIES. — "BOULDER CLUB." — "COULD READ BIRD TRACKS." — TOWNSHIP OFFICERS. — FIRST ELECTION. — POLITICAL HISTORY. — PROPERTY AND TAXATION. — NORTH SALEM. — BUSINESS. — CHURCHES. — LODGES. — BIOGRAPHICAL.

This is the northwest township of the county, and is bounded as follows: On the north by Boone County, on the east by Union and Center townships, on the south by Marion Township and Putnam County, and on the west by Putnam and Montgomery counties. In number of streams and in natural drainages, Eel River Township is equal to Guilford, except that the east and west sides of the township, from its center toward the north, is not well drained by these streams, and is rather flat, but no part of the township may be called wet land. In the southwest corner of Eel River Township are the highest hills in Hendricks County, and just below where Rock Branch flows into Eel River, some of the hills rise 100 feet from the bed of the stream, and are covered with native evergreen trees.

Near the southwest corner of the township, from different directions, come together five considerable streams, to form Eel River proper. These five streams spread out over the township like a fan, and make as many beautiful valleys, which are separated by undulating ridges which were originally covered with a dense growth of sugar maple, walnut, oak and poplar trees. From many points in the township extensive tracts of country may be seen at one view; and as the delighted beholder looks out upon vistas of rich farm land, stretching down the valleys, with alternating fields of dark green corn or golden wheat, while upon either side stretch away beautiful undulating hills, diversified by open woodland and cleared fields, upon which hundreds of fat, sleek cattle are feeding upon the rich carpet of blue grass, or ruminating beneath some mighty old monarch of the primeval forest, he can hardly realize

that he has before him a reality, and that the picture he sees is not a dream about some fairy land. As may be already inferred, there is little land in Eel River Township that is not first-class. The soil is uniformly good, and is adapted to grain and grass alike.

SETTLEMENT.

In the spring of 1824 Noah Bateman and Reuben Claypool settled in this township a mile south of North Salem, and were followed in the fall by John Claypool and John S. Woodward. Among those who located in the township previous to 1830 were James Trotter, Henry Bales, J. and Martha Page, John P. Benson, Robert Covey, Enoch Davis and his sons, William, Frank and Jesse; William Dewitt, Dr. Collins, Andrew Clifton, James Campbell, Mr. Crum and the Penningtons. John P. Benson built the first mill in the county on Rock Branch, in 1826. Colonel Nichols says it was a very patient and industrious mill, but "rather slow."

Mr. Benson's mill stood only a few years, and in 1829 Mr. Crum built a mill on Eel River, not far from the location of the Benson mill. As early as 1830 some one started a distillery at Crum's mills. This was the first distillery in the county. It is believed that there has never been a distillery in any other township except Center, but there was, from time to time, a number of different distilleries in Eel River Township, which, in an early day, bore much fruit in the form of drunkenness and immorality; but with the still-house passed away its effects, and in its place the tenets of temperance and religion have brought forth sobriety, morality and prosperity.

The date of organization of this township cannot be definitely ascertained, but it was soon after that of the county.

BOULDER CLUB.

In defense of their property, which was often taken and sold by the constable, the citizens passed a "stay law," which they denominated a "boulder club." Whenever the constable advertised any property for sale, on the night before the sale the club would carry a few bushels of boulders and pile them upon the premises as a legal notice to the constable not to offer the property for sale.

Justice Hartman was required by the County Court, once upon a time, to appear before it with his docket as evidence in a certain cause in hearing, and when the docket was brought into court,

neither the 'Squire himself, the Court, the Clerk, nor any of the lawyers could read a single word of it. Mr. Hartman suggested that "Bill" Davis be sent for, as he had helped him out of several such quandaries, and could read "bird tracks."

FIRST CHURCH AND SCHOOL.

The first church organization in the township was a Regular Baptist, which was organized at Round Town, by the Penningtons and others, at an unknown date.

The first school was taught about 1829, in a house one-half mile southeast of North Salem, by William Dewitt. This man had fled from New Orleans for some crime, joined a pirate vessel, and with it sailed more than once around the world, and finally left the vessel to seek a new and different life in the wilds of the North. He was a man of intelligence, and was one of the most successful pioneer instructors in Hendricks County. He was one of the principal teachers of Eel River Township for a number of years. He died near North Salem at the advanced age of 115. He used to say to his neighbors, after he was passed 100 years old, that if he did not get out of this wet country, he would never again be the man he had been.

OFFICIALS.

The various township offices in Eel River have been held successively by the following persons:

Justices of the Peace: Reuben Claypool, 1826 (resigned 1829); Christian Hartman, 1829; Young L. Hughes, 1830; William Trotter, 1832; William Davis, 1834; William Trotter, 1837; Matthew Mark, 1839; William Trotter, 1842; Robert D. Covey, 1845; William Trotter, 1847; Thompson Fanner, 1849; Jacob G. Faught, 1850; Preston Pennington, 1851; John S. Woodart and Robert D. Covey, 1855; John J. McPhetridge and Preston Pennington, 1859; C. B. Trowbridge, 1860; Robert D. Covey, 1863; A. H. Proctor, 1864; Jacob H. Fleece, 1867; Aaron Smith and Minatree Pennington, 1868; Hiram T. Storm and Joseph Jones, 1870; W. H. Fleece and W. S. Pound, 1871; Robert D. Covey, 1872; E. T. Robbins and Michael Higgins, 1874; Buford Howell, 1876; W. J. K. P. Jones, 1878; Milton Lowder and William D. Long, 1880; Milton Lowder and Elisha Christie, 1884.

Constables: William Buttery and James Lacy, 1831; William Davis and William Davidson, 1832; William Davis and Anderson

Trotter, 1833; Chesley Page and Archibald L. Whitt, 1834; Benjamin Havens and Samuel M. Holland, 1835; Benjamin Havens and Wakefield Trotter, 1836; John Emmons and Benjamin Havens, 1837; Preston Pennington and A. L. Whitt, 1838; William Davidson and John Davis, 1839; Archibald L. Whitt and John N. Harlow, 1844; Reuben H. Ely and William D. Webb, 1846; Reuben H. Ely and William H. Mack, 1848; Reuben H. Ely and Crockett Hedge, 1849; Archibald L. Whitt, and Crockett Hedge, 1850; Robert Hackley and Archibald L. Whitt, 1851; H. Lapham and Archibald L. Whitt, 1852; Daniel Davidson and William V. Howard, 1853; William V. Howard and James H. Craig, 1854; William V. Howard and James H. Craig, 1855; James B. Proctor and John N. Harlow, 1856; A. L. Cutter and George Duckworth, 1857; Archibald L. Whitt and George Duckworth, 1858; James Emmons and Robert Hackley, 1859; P. S. Duckworth and John Pennington, 1860; G. Doty and H. Clay, 1861; William S. Pounds and Robert Hackley, 1862; William Scott and Noah Toney, 1863; P. S. Duckworth and Jacob Harlan, 1864; J. F. M. Davidson and D. Tucker, 1865; William B. Woodard and James B. Proctor, 1866; G. H. Adams and Francis Russell, 1867; Reuben Hampton and John T. Hedge, 1868; John Hypes and Robert Oreah, 1869; J. T. Waters and James Jones, 1870; Robert Hackley and Samuel C. Clay, 1872; Granville Davis and W. L. Wright, 1874; J. E. Clements and W. S. Howell, 1876; D. C. Smith and J. C. Adair, 1878; Martin Cramer and John Lytle, 1880; George Chadd and George M. Bales, 1882; Jacob Higgins and William P. Stephens, 1884.

Trustees: George D. Doty, 1856; Smith Russell, Preston Pennington and Joseph Waters, 1857; George S. Wren, 1858; James Trotter, 1859-'62; James H. Clay, 1863; James Trotter, 1864-'69; James H. Shields, 1870-'72; Samuel McDaniel, 1874-'76; Waller M. Benson, 1878-'80; John Durham, 1882-'84.

Clerks: R. D. Davis, 1856; James M. Emmons, 1857-'58 (office abolished).

Treasurers: Owen Davis, 1856; James D. Trotter, 1857-'58 (office abolished).

Assessors: Samuel Jones, 1870; Benoni M. Jones, 1872; William C. Mitchell, 1874; W. W. Hawker, 1876; Jesse Baker, 1878-'80; David A. Clements, 1882.

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of the general election of Aug. 7, 1826, gives the

names of twenty-seven who voted at that election, and includes nearly all of the first settlers. Here is the list, with the spelling preserved as in the poll-book: Abel Penning, Lewis Benson, Jacob Shoemaker, William Turner, Jacob Crumb, Adis Jones, James Fowlar, Jesse Turner, John Warker, hampton Pennington, Danniel Turner, John Woodard, John Turner, David Evans, Edward Turner, William Hinton, David Claypool, Win Jones, Christain Hartman, John Fowler, David Claypool, Seign., Noah bateman, Young L. Hugs, John Claypool, Alvah Benson, Little Hugs and William Fowler.

At this election Thomas H. Blake, for Congress, received twenty-seven votes; Josiah F. Polk, for Senator, thirteen; Calvin Fletcher, nine, and John W. Reding, five; Thomas J. Matlock, for Representative, eighteen; John Simms, six, and Isaiah Drury, 3; John Dunn, for Sheriff, twenty-five, and Robert Cooper, two; Preston Pennington, for Coroner, thirteen.

POLITICAL.

Two years later, at the presidential election of 1828, the number of votes had increased to forty-two. Of these, Andrew Jackson received thirty-five, and John Quincy Adams received seven. Politically, the township has been rather inconstant. The voters are now nearly divided between the two great parties, but in the past sixty years the township has given majorities to one party or another with no regularity. Following is the vote for President at each election from 1828 to 1884, inclusive:

1828—Andrew Jackson	35	28
John Quincy Adams	7	
1832—Andrew Jackson	88	65
Henry Clay	23	
1836—Martin Van Buren	36	15
William H. Harrison	21	
1844—James K. Polk	117	41
Henry Clay	76	
1848—Zachary Taylor	119	30
Lewis Cass	89	
1852—Franklin Pierce	135	19
Winfield Scott	116	
1856—James Buchanan	134	17
John C. Fremont	117	
Millard Fillmore	18	
1860—Stephen A. Douglas	144	8
Abraham Lincoln	136	
John C. Breckinridge	27	
John Bell	7	
1864—Abraham Lincoln	183	125
George B. McClellan	58	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant	201	58
Horatio Seymour	143	
1872—Ulysses S. Grant	206	10
Horace Greeley	196	
Charles O'Conor	2	
1876—Rutherford B. Hayes	219	33
Samuel J. Tilden	186	
Peter Cooper	9	
1880—James A. Garfield	241	13
Winfield S Hancock	228	
James B. Weaver	19	
1884—Grover Cleveland	240	7
James G. Blaine	233	
Benjamin F. Butler	6	
John P. St. John	5	

STATISTICAL.

By the census of 1880, Eel River Township had a population of 1,998; and there must now be considerably more than 2,000. The

following statistics of property and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 26,864.51; value of same, $772,626; value of improvements, $126,509; value of lots, $4,968; value of improvements, $16,760; value of personal property, $275,447; total taxables, $1,196,310; polls, 354; dogs, 192; State tax, $1,612.56; county tax, $3,524.30; township tax, $478.55; tuition tax, $2,002.58; special school tax, $3,198.88; road tax, $2,392.60; endowment tax, $59.81; bridge tax, $1,196.30; total tax, $16,987.93; delinquent tax, $1,164.67.

NORTH SALEM.

North Salem, the only village in the township, was laid out in 1835, by John and David Claypool and John S. Woodward. It enjoyed a moderate degree of prosperity until the recent construction of the I., B. & S. Railroad, since when it has flourished beyond the dreams of its founders. Its population is now 500, and its business is rapidly growing. Those now in business at North Salem are enumerated in the following list: J. D. Adair, postoffice; T. J. Adams, physician; J. T. Bailey, boots and shoes; Daniel Bales, pool-room; John P. Chapman, livery stable; Chadd & Chadd, livery stable; J. M. Carter, carpenter; W. C. Conover, carpenter; Davis & Davis, stock dealers; F. M. Davis, miller; R. F. Davis, blacksmith; Davis & Smith, furniture and undertaking; Davis Bros., restaurant; Granville Davis, harness; Fleece & Fleece, hardware; W. H. Fleece, general store; M. J. Fleece, Fleece House; L. W. Hole, station agent; G. E. Hackley, W. H. Hackley, blacksmiths; Scott Hiett, meat market; Gardner & Hocker, dry-goods; Napoleon Hackley, barber; Gord. Hedge, barber; Powell Haines, pool-room; W. J. K. P. Jones, druggist; J. S. Linn, boots and shoes; J. A. Lytle, general store; W. W. Leach, grocer; Lumpkin & Davidson, dry-goods; J. S. Linn, attorney; Zach. Reagan, carpenter; Benjamin Robbins, carpenter; J. D. Roberts, physician; M. D. Ribble, druggist; G. G. Sowder, wagon shop; Milton Sowder, Justice of the Peace; Surber & Clay, stock dealers; J. M. Surber, boarding house; Worley & Son, skating rink.

RELIGIOUS.

The Methodist Episcopal Church is the oldest at North Salem, and was organized over fifty years ago. Reuben Claypool was a Methodist minister, and preached to his neighbors in their private cabins from the earliest date, and about 1833 a class was formed.

Among the prominent early members were John S. and Charity Woodward, John Claypool, wife and children, Chester and Martha Page, Mrs. Jerusha Covey, and William and Eleanor Jones and family. The present church, the second belonging to the society, was built before the war, at a cost of $1,200. The membership is about eighty-five, and services are held every Sunday, by Dr. J. L. Smith, of Jamestown, who commenced his labors here in September, 1884. He was preceded by T. F. Drake, two years; W. Fletcher Clark, three years; David Hanley, one year, and D. P. McLain, two years.

The Christian Church was organized in 1837, with Charles Fleece and Thompson Farmer as Elders. It has between 300 and 400 members. Services are held monthly, by Rev. O. P. Badger, of Greencastle. He was preceded by Revs. D. Collins, one year; W. B. F. Treat, two years; A. J. Frank, three years; William Holt and A. Plunkett. The Sunday-school is under the superintendency of George H. Duncan.

The Baptist Church was organized before the war, and the building erected during the war, at a cost of $1,000. Among the first members were Preston Pennington, Elizabeth Ballard (senior and junior), Susan, Levi, Mary and Eliza Pennington, Thomas, Susan and George Barber, John N. and Mary V. Clemens, and Eaton Bales. There are now about sixty members. Rev. John Case commenced preaching here before the war, and died near here after the war. Rev. W. M. Benson, of near Danville, has officiated ever since. Services are held monthly.

SOCIETIES.

North Salem Lodge, No. 142, *F. & A. M.*, was chartered May 25, 1853, and is the oldest secret order in the village. The present officers are as follows: J. W. Gulley, W. M.; J. A. Hadley, S. W.; L. L. Thrift, J. W.; John H. Bunton, S. W.; D. A. Clemens, J. D.; J. M. Owens, Treasurer; George W. Rollins, Secretary; William R. Gill, Tyler. The lodge has fifty-six members, and meets the Wednesday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

North Salem Lodge, No. 158, *I. O. O. F.*, was chartered April 15, 1865, with the following first members: William Adair, John S. Woodward, James White, John M. Hensley, James Shakles and H. W. Hackley. The present officers are: James K. Britton, N. G.; James M. Davis, V. G.; W. W. Hocker, Rec. Sec.; S. F. Fleece, Perm. Sec.; A. J. Weekly, Treasurer. The order

has sixty-six members, and the meetings occur Friday night of each week, at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Joe Fleece Post, No. 383, *G. A. R.*, was mustered in September, 1884, with ten charter members. There are now twenty-four comrades. The present officers are: T. J. Adams, Com.; J. W. Gulley, S. V. C.; S. R. Davis, J. V. C.; J. S. Linn, Adj.; I. N. Vannice, Q. M.; A. Soots, Chap.; B. F. Davis, Surg. The post meets the second and fourth Saturday of each month.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

James S. Chadd, senior member of the firm of Chadd & Chadd, proprietors of livery stable, was born Dec. 22, 1846, in Putnam County, Ind. He is a son of Samuel and Sarah Chadd, natives of Kentucky, who came to Putnam County in 1836, where the father died in August, 1880. His mother still resides in Putnam County. They had a family of six children—John T., David M., William J., James S., America J. (deceased), and Mary M. Our subject was reared in Putnam County and followed farming the most of his time till he removed to Hendricks County, when he continued his agricultural pursuits till 1880. He owns about forty acres of land in Putnam County. In November, 1880, he, in connection with Charles W. Carver, opened a livery stable at North Salem. This partnership continued about two years, when Mr. Carver retired from the firm, and his brother-in-law, Samuel M. Chadd, became a partner. March 15, 1871, he was married to Miss Mary E. Chadd, daughter of David and Mary A. Chadd, who were early settlers of Marion Township, this county. To them has been born one child—Dora M., born Jan. 4, 1872. Mr. David Chadd has been twice married, and was the father of eleven children—Cynthia, Mary E., Lee A., David A., George M., James W., Samuel M., Ruth, Iva O., John C. (deceased) and Susan R. (deceased). Chadd & Chadd are square-dealing, enterprising business men, and have carried on their present business successfully. In politics they are Democrats.

Henderson Cook, deceased, was born Aug. 16, 1820, in Surrey County, N. C., a son of John and Edith J. Cook, who were also natives of North Carolina. He came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1844, and was there married to Miss Nancy J. Banta, who was born at Madison, Ind., March 31, 1832, a daughter of Cornelius and Rebecca (Eccles) Banta. Seven children have been born to them—Horace G., Edgar W. (deceased), Lulu M., Edith R., John B., Charles M., and Edward J. Three of the above named—John,

Edith and Lulu—are teachers in the public schools of this county. Mr. Cook settled on a farm in the west part of the township in March, 1872, where he remained till his death, which occurred Sept. 23, 1884. He was esteemed by all who knew him for his many virtues and sterling integrity. In politics he affiliated with the Republican party. His widow still resides on the home farm, and is the owner of 160 acres of land in a good state of cultivation.

William E. Cox, son of Daniel H. and Lucinda Cox, was born June 10, 1832, in Montgomery County, Ind. His parents were natives of Kentucky, who came to Montgomery County, Ind., in an early day. They had a family of nine children, seven still living—William E., Mary E., Nancy J., Joseph A., Lucinda E., George M. and Daniel L. John and James are deceased. Our subject was reared on a farm, and received only a limited education. He has followed farming pursuits through life. He resides in the eastern part of this township. His first wife was Sarah Doyel, daughter of Farmer and Elizabeth Doyel, of Montgomery County. After her death he was married to Sarah Ray, daughter of Carson and Cynthia Ray, also of Montgomery County. To this union was born one child, named Samuel C. He was again married, this time to Mary Plummer, daughter of Joseph and Ann Plummer, the latter deceased. Mr. Cox has served his township as School Director. In politics he affiliates with the Democratic party. He is a member of the Christian church, and his wife belongs to the Methodist Episcopal church.

Robert F. Davis is a native of Hendricks County, born Feb. 4, 1852, a son of Walter and Mary M. Davis, the latter deceased. He was reared and educated in the district schools of his native county. Feb. 1, 1872, he was united in marriage to Miss Eliza Pritchett, born April 22, 1853, in Hendricks County, a daughter of James and Elizabeth Pritchett, natives of Kentucky, now residents of Union Township, this county. They have two children—Eulalie W., born Feb. 5, 1873, and Mary B., born April 23, 1877. Mr. Davis has been successful in all his business undertakings, and is now the owner of a good farm in the eastern portion of Eel River Township. Politically he is a Prohibitionist. Both he and his wife are worthy members of the Christian church.

Walter Davis, son of Nathan and Nancy Davis, was born Dec. 12, 1823, in Montgomery County, Ky. His father was born in Kentucky and his mother in Virginia. They were among the first settlers of Eel River Township, where Mr. Davis entered a large

tract of land, and died in 1848, his wife having died several years previous. Ten children were born to them—Louisa, John, Elizabeth, Walter, Quincy, Catherine, William, Franklin, Susan, Marion, five of whom are deceased—Louisa, Elizabeth, Catherine, Robert Franklin and Susan Ann. Walter Davis was married Jan. 26, 1843, to Mary M. Spears, and to them eight children were born—Quincy A., Martha E., Nancy A., Robert F., Francis, Charles E., John Spears and Lafayette, of whom John S. and Lafayette are deceased. Mrs. Davis died June 16, 1861, and Mr. Davis was married again April 14, 1863, to Mary A. Scott, of Kentucky, and to them were born six children—Bettie L. (deceased), Walter S., Lorenzo D., K. Nynthe, Thomas C., Edgar L. Mrs. Davis died in November, 1873, and he was married again to Matilda South Dec. 8, 1875. Mr. Davis has been engaged in farming from boyhood and is one of the leading agriculturists in this township. He is the owner of 505 acres of land. He is a member of the Methodist church.

William Davis, a prominent farmer of Eel River Township, was born April 22, 1820, in Montgomery County, Ky. His parents were Enoch and Nancy Davis, natives of Virginia. They came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in this township where they remained till their death. Six of their children are still living—Jesse, Frank, William, Charles M., Owen and John. Our subject was reared to manhood on a farm and received but a limited education. May 21, 1840, he was married to Catherine Zimmerman, daughter of John and Nancy (Myers) Zimmerman, natives of North Carolina and Kentucky respectively, who came to this county in 1833. To them have been born twelve children —Sarah E., wife of Isaac N. Vannice; Nancy, wife of George Duncan; Minerva J., wife of James Britton; Mary, deceased wife of Frank Frame; Amanda, wife of James Hunt; Jesse F., married Alice McPhetridge; John E., married Mary Cook; Frances, wife of Frank Fleece; Clarinda, wife of John Page; Vilitia B., married Richard Hypes; Josephus, married Ella Benson; and Minnie M. They have also living with them a grandchild, name Minnie O. Frame. In 1840 Mr. and Mrs. Davis settled on the homestead now occupied by them, and which contains 190 acres of well cultivated land. They are both earnest members of the Christian church, he being an Elder of the same for twenty-five years.

John Durham, a prominent farmer and stock-raiser of Eel River Township, was born May 3, 1838, in Montgomery County, Ind., a

son of John and Mary (Fields) Durham. His parents were natives of Kentucky, who came to Montgomery County among the early settlers. His father was twice married and had by his first wife five children—Henry C., John, Susan A., Mary F. and James W. He was married a second time to Sarah Stubbins, of Montgomery County, and to this union were born eight children—Celia, Mattie J., Sarah D., Samuel W., Emma B., Charles, Nancy J. and Harry. He died in Montgomery County, after a life of great usefulness, in May, 1876. Our subject was reared and educated in the common schools of his native county. He was married Dec. 22, 1865, to Miss Lee A., daughter of Lee and Miranda Tucker. They have had seven children—Charles O., Frank C., John L., Clarence S., Harry C., Thomas G. and Mary F. In 1865 Mr. Durham settled on his present farm in this township and is the owner of 460 acres of improved land. He is now serving his fourth year as Trustee of this township. Politically he affiliates with the Democratic party.

James M. Emmons was born Oct. 8, 1828, in Giles County, Va., a son of Jayhew and Sarah Emmons. His parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1838, locating in Marion Township. In 1840 they settled in Eel River Township and here our subject grew to manhood. He learned the carpenter's trade which he followed alternately with farming until 1878, in which year he was elected by the Republican party, Sheriff of Hendricks County, serving as such two terms. He resided in North Salem from 1849 till 1878 when he removed to Danville, but in March, 1883, he returned to Eel River Township and has since resided in the southern portion of it. He was married Jan. 20, 1853, to Elizabeth J. Trotter, daughter of James and Sarah Trotter, natives of Virginia, and early settlers of this county. To Mr. and Mrs. Emmons have been born eleven children—Sarah C., James O., Charles E., Lon D., Ida M., Oliver J., Eldred E., Lulu G., Adinah D., John W., and Stanley. The last two mentioned are deceased. Mr. Emmons enlisted in May, 1864, as Second Lieutenant of Company H, One Hundred and Thirty-second Indiana Infantry, in the 100-days service, and served principally in Tennessee and Alabama. In February, 1865, he re-enlisted, this time in Company E, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Regiment, and served until the following September, principally in Tennessee, when he received an honorable discharge at Nashville. Both Mr. Emmons and his wife are members of the Christian church, and respected members of society.

Clinton F. Fleece, M. D., deceased, was born in Boyle County, Ky., Jan. 2, 1818, and in 1840 he graduated at the Medical College in Louisville, Ky. He remained in Kentucky till 1858, when he removed to Trenton, Mo., and subsequently came to North Salem, Ind. In 1883 he went to Kansas but returned to North Salem the following year. He received a stroke of paralysis in May, 1884, and a second and fatal stroke Oct. 22, following. He died in October, 1884, and was buried with Masonic honors by his brethren of the North Salem lodge. He was married four times, his last wife being Miss Sarah J. Crose, daughter of George W. and Mahala Crose, and to this union were born two children—Carrie E. and Effie M. He left a widow and seven children to mourn his death. Mr. Fleece was an eminently successful physician and always discharged the duties of his calling in a conscientious manner. In him Hendricks County lost one of her most worthy citizens and the medical profession an able member.

Jacob H. Fleece was born June 4, 1829, near Danville, Ky. He was a son of Charles and Mary (Harlan) Fleece, who came to this township in 1836. He was reared to manhood in Hendricks County and received a common-school education. In October, 1853, he was married to Miss Lettie Ashby, daughter of Silas and Nancy Ashby, of Putnam County, Ind. They are the parents of three children—Silas F., Lulie and Joseph. In 1853 he, in connection with his brother, John Fleece, engaged in the mercantile business at Ladoga, Montgomery County, in which he continued till 1854, when he returned to his farm in this township. Having been elected County Recorder in the fall of 1859 he assumed the duties of his office in the spring of 1860, serving till the fall of 1861 when he resigned. In September, 1861, he was made Captain of Company A, Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, and remained in the service till September, 1862, when he tendered his resignation. He is at present serving his second term as Hendricks County's Representative in the Legislature, reflecting credit upon himself as well as his constituents. Mr. Fleece is the owner of 273 acres of well-improved land. He is a member of the Masonic order and also belongs to the Grand Army of the Republic. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Edmund R. Hadley, deceased, was born Oct. 11, 1821, in North Carolina, son of James T. and Mary Hadley, who were among the early settlers of Marion Township, this county. He received an education such as the common schools of his day afforded, and

endured many of the hardships of pioneer life. He was married Oct. 21, 1841, to Sarah A. Ragan, a native of Mercer County, Ky., born Nov. 28, 1822. She was a daughter of Abner A. and Mary Ragan, who were early settlers of Hendricks County. To this union were born eight children of whom six survive—Mary J., Sophia E., James A., Giliun T., William J., and Eva P. John E. and Henry are deceased. In 1865 Mr. Hadley located in Eel River Township where he resided till his death, which occurred May 30, 1875. He was a member of the Christian church the greater part of his life and his true Christian spirit was recognized by all who knew him. His widow resides on the homestead. She is a member of the Christian church.

Tobias D. Hays was born Jan. 16, 1846, in Carter County, East Tenn. In 1864 he enlisted in the Union service at Knoxville, East Tenn., in the Quartermaster's department, and served till the close of the war. In the spring of 1866 he came to Center Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. He remained here but a short time when he removed to Boone County, and from there in a short time to Montgomery County, Ind., where he remained till 1869, working on a farm during the summer months and attending school at Crawfordsville in the winter. Thus by his own exertions he acquired a good education. Sept. 7, 1869, he was married to Harriet F. Brown, born Dec. 7, 1842, a native of Kentucky, and daughter of George and Martha Brown. Her parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1846 remaining there till 1866 when they removed to Montgomery County, Ind. Mr. and Mrs. Hays have two children—Charles M. and Joe F. Shortly after his marriage Mr. Hays with his wife returned to his native State where they remained till the spring of 1871. He then returned to Hendricks County, Ind., where he now has a fine farm of 165 acres in Eel River Township, one-half mile east of North Salem. Both he and his wife are members of the Christian church.

James H. Heady, M. D., was born April 10, 1855, in Putnam County, Ind., the youngest child of Emri and Elizabeth Heady. His parents were natives of Kentucky. They are both living, having passed the years alloted to man, and are still hale and hearty. Of a family of fifteen children born to them fourteen are yet living. James H. received his early education in the district schools of his neighborhood, and when eighteen years old entered Asbury University, at Greencastle, Ind., remaining there three years. During the fall of 1877 and winter of 1878 he attended the Ohio

Medical College, at Cincinnati, Ohio, and in April, 1878, he began practicing in Boone County, Ind. In the spring of 1879 he attended the Ohio Medical College taking the practical course, after which he continued his practice in Jamestown, Boone County, until the fall of 1879. He then attended the Indiana Medical College at Indianapolis, from which he graduated in the spring of 1880. He then resumed his practice at Jamestown, remaining there till May, 1884, since which he has built a large and lucrative practice at North Salem, Hendricks County, and is recognized as one of the most successful physicians in the county. Nov. 30, 1878, he was married to Rebecca A. Davis, daughter of Levi and Caroline Davis, of Boone County. They have had three children—Nora, Carl (deceased) and Ethel. Mr. Heady and his wife are members of the Missionary Baptist church. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F.

Eli Hendricks, deceased, son of Henry and Martha Hendricks, was born Nov. 9, 1809, near Cincinnati, Ohio. He came to Wayne County, Ind., where he was reared to manhood and received a rudimentary education. May 19, 1836, he was married to Miss Mary E. Dinwiddie, born June 27, 1815, in Bourbon County, Ky., a daughter of John and Jane Dinwiddie. Nine children were born to them of whom only three survive—James W., a leading farmer and stock-raiser of this township; Amos D. and Isaac D. In 1837 Mr. Hendricks settled with his family on an uncultivated farm in the northern part of this township and endured some of the hardships of pioneer life. He was an earnest member of the Presbyterian church and served his church as Elder for many years. His death occurred Nov. 2, 1869. He was a kind husband and father and was respected by all who knew him. He was a man of sterling integrity and was upright in his dealings with his fellow men. His widow still resides on the old homestead.

Thompson Henry was born in Montgomery County, Ind., Aug. 16, 1839. His parents, George and Elizabeth Henry, were natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Montgomery County, and in 1846 they settled in Eel River Township, this county, where the father died in 1849. Their children are—John W., James R., Susan M., Lydia E. and our subject. The latter spent his youth on a farm and obtained a good education in the common schools of his neighborhood. He taught school and farmed alternately about two years, and in April, 1867, he married Esteline Jessee, daughter of Samuel and Margaret Jessee, of Boone County, Ind. They have

seven children—Mary J., George R., Oliver A., Alice C., Effie L., Mattie A. and Fredonia. In February, 1885, Mr. Henry moved with his family from Boone County to the northern part of Eel River Township, this county, where he owns 182 acres of land. In May, 1862, he enlisted in the Fifty-fifth Indiana Infantry to serve three months and was in the fight at Richmond, Ky., where he was wounded in the foot, which disabled him for a short time. He was discharged at the expiration of his term of enlistment, and in June, 1863, he re-enlisted in the Third Indiana Cavalry. He served at Walker's Ford, Morristown, Nashville, near Knoxville, Tenn., and at Raleigh, N. C., and numerous other battles of less note, making twenty-eight in all. He was honorably discharged in August, 1865. He is a member of Antietam Post, No. 162, G. A. R., at Jamestown, Ind. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Aaron V. Hester, son of Adam and Ann (Van Zant) Hester, was born June 6, 1828, in Fleming County, Ky. In 1834 he came with his parents to Putnam County, Ind., and about five years later removed with them to Montgomery County, Ind. He was married in Montgomery County, Sept. 4, 1858, to Sarah McDaniel, born July 10, 1840, a daughter of Judson and Sarah McDaniel. They have had seven children—Mary C., born Dec. 6, 1859, and died Oct. 26, 1874; Laura L., born Feb. 8, 1861; Melvina, born Dec. 27, 1864; Amanda, born Nov. 6, 1867; Hattie F., born Sept. 7, 1871; Eva and Evert (twins), born June 20, 1875, the latter died Aug. 1, 1876. In 1858 Mr. Hester removed from Montgomery to Boone County, Ind., remaining there till the spring of 1865, when he settled on his present farm in the northern part of Eel River Township. He has followed farming through life in which pursuit he has been moderately successful, owning a farm of eighty acres. He is a member of the Christian church. Politically, he is a Republican. Mrs. Hester died Jan. 24, 1876. She possessed many excellent traits of character and was respected by all who knew her.

Michael Higgins, a pioneer of Hendricks County, was born Sept. 7, 1820, in Mercer County, Ky. He was but six months old when his parents, Thomas and Nancy Higgins, came to Putnam County, Ind., where they remained but a short time, when they came to Hendricks County, they being among the first settlers of Marion Township. Here his father entered 240 acres of land, and struggled hard to secure for his family a comfortable home. His

death occurred in March, 1854. Michael Higgins was thus reared to manhood in Hendricks County, and with his father shared the toils of the day from early youth. April 26, 1843, he married Polly Robbins, daughter of William and Leah Robbins, natives of New York, at that time residents of Hendricks County. They had one child—William T. Mrs. Higgins died and he was again married Nov. 18, 1845, to Lydia Robbins, daughter of Jacob and Barbara Robbins. They have had four children—Sarah A., Jacob L., Christopher C., and Mary (deceased). In 1869 he removed from Marion and has since then made his home in the southern part of Eel River Township, owning a good farm of 184 acres. He served three years as Trustee of Marion Township. He is a member of the Christian church.

Milley Hubble, daughter of William and Sarah (Loury) New, was born March 21, 1822, in Warren County, Ky. In 1833 she came with her father's family to Hancock County, Ind., where her mother died two years later. After a residence there of about ten years Mr. New removed to Boone County, where he remained till his death Feb. 25, 1885. He had been married three times and had a family of eight children of whom seven are now living—Fannie T., Milley, Elizabeth J., Nancy, Sarah, Daniel and Lewis. Our subject was married Jan. 29, 1843, in Boone County, to William Walker, and to them were born three children—Lewis, William and Simon. The latter was a member of the Fortieth Indiana Infantry, and lost his life at the battle of Pittsburg Landing. Mr. Walker died Nov. 24, 1847, and June 11, 1852, our subject was again married to Leonard Hubble, he being a native of South Carolina. Of the nine children born to this union, seven are living—Enoch J., Leonard, James H., David W., Nancy J., Fannie and Rebecca E. In 1858 Mr. and Mrs. Hubble came from Boone to Hendricks County and settled in the northern part of Eel River Township, where Mr. Hubble died. Mrs. Hubble still resides on the old homestead and is the owner of 115 acres of good land. She is a member of the Christian church.

Mrs. Mary Jones was born March 12, 1831, and is a native of North Carolina. She is a daughter of John and Lydia Robbins, who came to Hendricks County in 1835, Mr. Robbins remaining here till his death in March, 1881. The mother is still living with her children, six of whom, one son and five daughters, are living. Our subject was married Aug. 12, 1852, to James D. Walker, son of Goodlow and Rebecca Walker, of this county, the former de-

ceased. To this marriage were born four children, two now living —Oliver M., married Lydia A. Conover, daughter of Samuel J. and Ella W. Conover, of New Albany, Ind., and has three children—Laura E., Lottie O. and W. Treat; and Hattie A. married Horace Cook, son of Henderson, deceased, and Nancy J. Cook, of Eel River Township, this county, and to them have been born one child—Nellie L. Mattie J. was born Nov. 9, 1855, and was married Jan. 29, 1874, to J. J. Clay, and died Jan. 9, 1877, leaving one child—Charles C., born Nov. 23, 1874. Charles F., born June 24, 1858, died April 23, 1862. In 1858 Mr. Walker settled on the farm now owned by our subject. In September, 1861, he enlisted in the Seventh Indiana Infantry, and participated in many of the important battles of the war, in one of which he was taken prisoner by the Southern troops. He was confined in Andersonville Prison about three months and in other prisons for the same length of time, from the effects of which he died at Florence, S. C., Dec. 4, 1864. Our subject was again married May 12, 1872, taking for her second husband David D. Jones, son of William and Eleanor Jones, of Hendricks County. He, too, was a soldier in the Union army and died in 1873 from diseases contracted while in the service. Mrs. Jones and her children are members of the Christian church.

William J. K. P. Jones, druggist and notary public, was born Oct. 20, 1844, in Hendricks County, Ind., a son of Wynn and Mary Jones. His father was born in Virginia, in December, 1797. He came to Morgan County, Ind., in 1816, and in 1818 came to Hendricks County, and settled in this township. Our subject was reared to manhood in his native county, receiving a fair education, and subsequently taught school for a short time. He was married July 11, 1868, to Elizabeth Bales, daughter of Tarlton Bales (deceased). To them have been born one child—Samuel W. (deceased). In 1868, in company with John Robbins, Mr. Jones opened a drug store at North Salem, in which he was engaged about two years. He then went to Lizton, this county, but soon returned to North Salem and again engaged in the drug business in partnership with Granville G. Sowder. At the end of six months Mr. Sowder retired from the firm, leaving Mr. Jones sole proprietor. Mr. Jones has been twice commissioned Notary Public, and is one of North Salem's most influential citizens. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F. In politics he is a Democrat.

Jacob Lockhart was born in Morgan County, Ind., April 14,

1847, a son of German and Leah Lockhart, the former a native of Kentucky, but now deceased, and the latter of North Carolina. When he was about three years old, his father having died, his mother, now a resident of Eel River Township, came to Marion Township, this county, where he lived till 1868. His educational advantages were limited, as he was obliged to share in the labors of the farm from a mere boy. He has followed agricultural pursuits through life with success, and has acquired, by his own industry, a farm of 187 acres. He was married March 5, 1871, to Miss Adeline Davis, daughter of Walter and Mary Davis, of this township. They have one son—Oscar. In November, 1863, Mr. Lockhart enlisted in the Ninth Indiana Cavalry, participating in many battles. He was honorably discharged in September, 1865. He is a member of the G. A. R. Post at North Salem, and is also an earnest member of the Christian church.

James A. Lytle was born April 26, 1833, in Boone County, Ind., and was one of the first children born in that county. His parents, Edward and Mary Lytle, were natives of Cincinnati and Kentucky respectively. They came to Tippecanoe County, Ind., and subsequently to Boone County, where they lived till their death. Our subject followed farming till he was twenty-five years old, when he began working in a saw-mill. He was employed in various mills in his native county till August, 1862, when he enlisted in Company I, Eighty-sixth Indiana Infantry. He participated in the battles of Murfreesboro, Tenn., and Perryville, Ky., and was honorably discharged in November, 1863. While in the service he contracted a disease for which he draws a pension. After his return from the war he worked in a saw-mill till 1868, when he came to North Salem, this county, and for fifteen years was proprietor of the North Salem Saw-mill. In December, 1883, he began buying and shipping timber for an Indianapolis firm, and in February, 1885, he engaged in the mercantile business, having bought out Mr. W. J. K. P. Jones. He was married April 3, 1854, to Martha J. Gibson, and to them have been born five children—John F., Mollie, Thomas B., Annie B. and Mattie J. Mr. Lytle is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F., and also of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Levi Martin, a leading citizen of Eel River Township, was born March 10, 1826, in Union County, Ind., a son of James and Mary Martin, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Ohio. In 1833 his father came with his family to Hendricks

County, and entered 160 acres of land in Eel River Township, which he cleared, remaining here till his death in December, 1849. His wife survived him till October, 1879. Of their twelve children five are living—Jesse, William, Henry C., Oliver H. and Levi. Levi Martin came to this county with his parents in 1833, and was married March 20, 1850, to Emeline Fullen, daughter of Charles and Sarah Fullen, of Hendricks County. Of the six children born to this union, two are living—Charles F., married to Miranda F. Tucker, and Horace G., married to Libbie Russell. After a married life of over a quarter of a century Mrs. Martin died April 27, 1877, and for his second wife Mr. Martin married Mrs. Cassie Darnall, widow of the late Simpson B. Darnall, of Kokomo, Howard Co., Ind., and daughter of Philip and Eliza M. Smith, natives of Kentucky. Mr. Martin has a fine farm of 155 acres. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and politically he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Oliver P. Owen was born in Eel River Township, Hendricks County, Dec. 23, 1855, a son of Horatio (deceased) and Margaret Owen, who were natives of Kentucky. Horatio Owen came to this township in 1832 and entered a tract of land on which he remained till 1868, and then moved two miles southeast of that place within one mile of North Salem, where he resided until his death, in April, 1881. His widow is at present residing at North Salem, this county. Of their children three are living—James M., Oliver P. and Keziah. Oliver P. was reared to manhood on a farm and received a fair education. He has followed farming through life, and now has a pleasant home. He is the owner of 130 acres of land on which are good and substantial buildings. Nov. 21, 1880, he was married to Florence M. Duckworth, who was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Sept. 11, 1862, and is a daughter of James J. and Mary E. Duckworth, who were early settlers of this county. This union has been blessed with one child—Taylor W., born Dec. 5, 1882. Mrs. Owen has two sisters and one brother living—Sarah E., Lettie and George. Mr. Owen and his wife are both active members of the Methodist church.

Robert M. Page was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Feb. 18, 1838, a son of William and Elizabeth Page, natives of Virginia. They came to this county about 1832, and the following year settled in Eel River Township, remaining here till their decease. Ten children were born to them, of whom seven are living—McElender, Nancy, Andrew J., Jeremiah, Robert M., Demerius and

Williamson. Mr. Page, on coming to this township, entered over 100 acres of heavily-timbered land, which, in a few years, he by his industry and perseverance transformed into a well cultivated farm. Robert M., our subject, was thus reared to manhood amid the scenes of pioneer life, and from his youth he was obliged to share the labors of the farm. Aug. 15, 1861, he was married to Elizabeth Morphen, daughter of Benjamin and Jane Morphen, of Hendricks County, natives of Ohio and North Carolina respectively. To them has been born one son—Francis M. In 1864 Mr. Page enlisted in the One Hundred and Thirty-second Indiana Infantry, Company G, in the 100-days service. He was on duty principally in Alabama, and at the expiration of his term of enlistment he was honorably discharged. He owns a good farm situated in the southern part of this township. He is a member of the Christian church.

Joseph Plummer, a pioneer of Eel River Township, was born in Greene County, Ohio, Oct. 17, 1813, a son of Levi and Mary Plummer, the father a native of Maryland, and the mother of Indiana. In 1815 his parents came to Fayette County, Ind., and lived there five years, and thence moved to Morgan County, where they also remained five years, and in 1825 came to Hendricks County. Our subject was reared to manhood on a farm amid the stirring scenes of pioneer life, and received but a meagre education. Aug. 2, 1832, he was married in Morgan County, Ind., to Ann Day, and to them were born nine children—Mary, Martha, Thomas, Levi, Hannah, Fannie, John, Ann and Richard D. After a married life of over a quarter of a century, death entered his home taking his beloved wife Jan. 18, 1870. May 14, 1872, he was married to Lydia Burgan, daughter of Isaac and Sarah Burgan, who were among the early settlers of Hendricks County. In the spring of 1835 Mr. Plummer settled in the eastern portion of Eel River Township, where he has since lived. He owns 565 acres of good tillable land. Of Mr. Plummer it may be said that he is a self-made man, and according to his own statements he started life with virtually nothing but his strong arms and his determination to succeed.

Jeremiah F. Radford was born March 10, 1850, in Putnam County, Ky., and is a son of Jephtha (deceased) and Nancy J. Radford, who were natives of Kentucky. Of his father's family of thirteen children, five are now living—John W., Jeremiah F., Louisa, Nancy C. and Charles H. From his boyhood our subject

has devoted himself to agricultural pursuits, in which he has been eminently successful. He is the owner of a farm containing eighty-eight and a half acres in a fine state of cultivation, situated in the western part of this township, on which he settled in 1876. He received a fair English education in his youth, and Nov. 6, 1873, he was married to Miss Nancy A. Gillin, a daughter of Willis Y. Gillin, of Putnam County, Ind. They are the parents of one child—Freddie, born Aug. 3, 1879. Politically Mr. Radford casts his suffrage with the Democratic party.

Marquis De Lafayette Ribble, druggist, was born Sept. 5, 1857, in Marion County, Ind., a son of Samuel W. and Nancy Ribble. He was reared to manhood on a farm in his native county, and was there married March 16, 1881, to Miss Amand E. Duty, of Coles County, Ill. They are the parents of two children—Muriel B., born Feb. 17, 1882, and Nancy M., born Nov. 5, 1884. In the spring of 1883 Mr. Ribble came to North Salem, this county, and engaged in the drug business, being associated with Mr. J. J. Banta till March, 1884, when Mr. Banta retired from the firm, since which Mr. Ribble has carried on the business alone, and is meeting with gratifying success. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F. In politics he is a Democrat.

Washington Riggen, a retired farmer of North Salem, was born Dec. 22, 1812, in Mason County, Ky., a son of Rev. John W. and Elizabeth (Kelley) Riggen, natives of Maryland and Virginia respectively. He obtained a rudimentary education, and at the age of sixteen years began to learn the blacksmith's trade, which he followed about thirteen years. Feb. 21, 1833, he was married to Miss Mary Nettser, and of the nine children born to this union five are living—Henry V., John W. (a minister), Rice B., Alice and Maria E. May 1, 1864, Mr. Riggen married for his second wife Mrs. Anne R. Riggen, daughter of Sanford and Eleanor A. Wren. By her first husband Mrs. Riggen had nine children, seven of whom are now living—William H., Ann E., Elizabeth, Richard H., Caroline B., Sarah L. and Robert E. In the spring of 1864 Mr. Riggen came to Hendricks County and settled in the eastern part Eel River Township, where he remained till his removal to North Salem in the fall of 1882. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, in which he has served as Steward and Class-Leader. He has been a liberal contributor to both church and State enterprises, and enjoys the respect of his fellow citizens.

James Trotter was born in Virginia, and when two years of age came to Owen County, Ind., with his parents, who in 1828 settled near North Salem, in Eel River Township, Hendricks County. His father entered a large tract of 1,500 acres of land, and was actively engaged in forwarding the various enterprises which tended to develop the resources of the county, until his death, about 1850. James Trotter was married to Miss Sarah Whitt, a native of Virginia. Of a large number of children five are living—Elizabeth, William W., John C., Catherine and James M. He had served as Trustee of Eel River Township for nine years, and was prominently identified with many of the improvements made during his time in the township. He died Feb. 16, 1876, respected by all who knew him. James M., the youngest son, was born Feb. 3, 1841, in Eel River Township, where he was reared to manhood. He was married June 7, 1860, to Miss Nancy E. Crose, born Nov. 11, 1841, in Hendricks County, a daughter of Andrew and Nancy Crose, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of this county. To them have been born six children—John W., Florence R., James W., Gretta E., Mary C. and Retta M. Mr. Trotter has, with the exception of a short time spent in the South and at St. Paul, Minn., been a resident of Hendricks County. He has a pleasant farm of 100 acres in the eastern part of Eel River Township. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

John D. Trotter, deceased, was born Nov. 3, 1815, in Lee County, Va., and was a son of John and Nancy Trotter. He was reared to manhood in his native State, and having received a fair education he engaged in teaching school for a short time. He came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1839, and settled in Eel River Township. Dec. 16, 1841, he was married to Sarah Jones, who was born Dec. 10, 1821. Of the nine children born to this union seven are living—Richard J., Nancy, Horace A., John P., Catherine A., Charles Y. and Lee B. In 1870 Mr. Trotter moved to the farm where his widow still resides, and which contains eighty acres of land. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church at the time of his death, which occurred July 7, 1870. He was a member of the F. & A. M. and the I. O. O. F. societies, and in politics he was a Democrat.

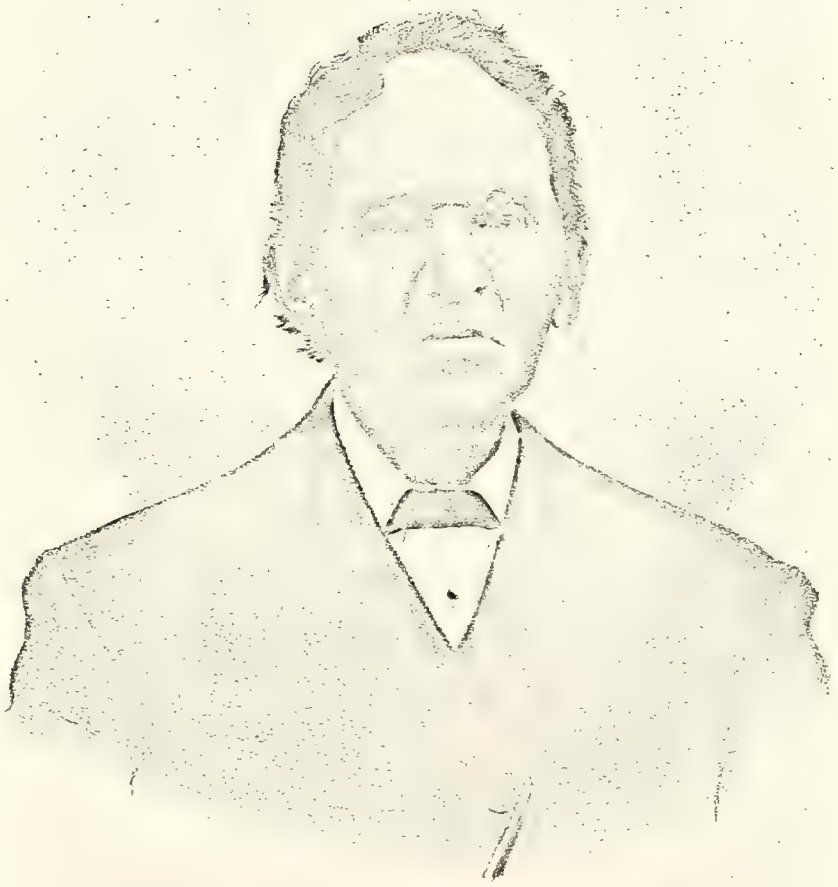
Dandridge Tucker, farmer and stock-raiser, Eel River Township, was born March 3, 1827, in Casey County, Ky., the only son of Lee and Miranda (Durham) Tucker. When seven years old his parents removed to Indiana, where his youth was spent in assist-

ing his father to clear and improve his farm, and in attending the subscription schools. He was married May 5, 1850, to Miss Catherine Davis, born March 11, 1830, in Montgomery County, Ky., a daughter of Nathan and Nancy (Kid) Davis, who came to Hendricks County in 1835. They are the parents of four children —David L., Nathan A., Miranda F. and Robert E. After his marriage he settled on his present farm, and has met with good success in his agricultural pursuits. Mr. Tucker is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife was a member of the Christian church till her death, which occurred Feb. 15, 1883. Politically Mr. Tucker is an active worker in the Republican party. In 1857 he was appointed Township Trustee under the old constitution, and was elected Treasurer of the Board, serving in this capacity until the new constitution was adopted. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and belongs to Danville Council and Chapter, and to Hazel Regg Lodge, No. 200, having held every office in the lodge many times. He is one of the oldest representatives in the Grand Lodge, and is also a member of the Masonic Veteran Association, which was organized in 1883.

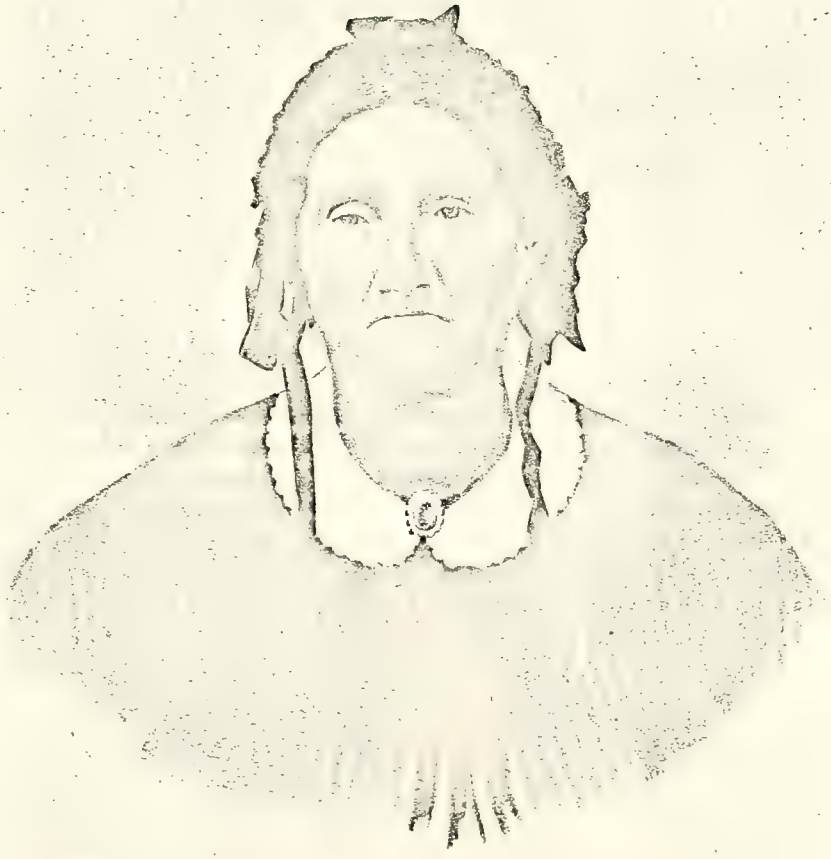
Lee Tucker, deceased, one of the worthy pioneers of Hendricks County, was a native of Virginia, born in Bedford County, May 4, 1803. He was the eldest son, and third child of a family of ten children of Dandridge and Nancy (Settles) Tucker, natives of Virginia. His father was the son of William Tucker who served in the Revolutionary war for seven years, during which time he with a friend, Captain Dandridge, obtained leave of absence, and returned to their homes and were married, each agreeing that the first son of the one should bear the name of the other. Hence the name Dandridge came into the Tucker family. William Tucker married a Miss Lee, a member of the same family of which the late General Robert E. Lee was a descendant. Our subject was eight years of age when his parents settled in Casey County, Ky., where he was reared to manhood on a farm, receiving such education as the schools of those early days afforded. He was married Feb. 7, 1826, to Miss Miranda Durham, a daughter of Thomas and Frances (Moss) Durham, natives of Virginia and Maryland respectively. They were pioneers of Kentucky, experiencing many of the Indian troubles in the settlement of that State. Mrs. Tucker was born in Mercer County, Ky., now Boyle County, Dec. 16, 1805. After his marriage Mr. Tucker resided on the old homestead, and continued his farming pursuits until the fall of

1834 when, on account of his opposition to slavery, he came to Indiana arriving there Sept. 12, 1834. He purchased 160 acres of unimproved land in Eel River Township, he being one of the first settlers. He then entered eighty acres of Government land, to which he subsequently added forty acres more where he began making his frontier home, and by his untiring industry he was highly successful. In 1826 he and his wife united with the Methodist Episcopal church, and he was soon after appointed Class-Leader, serving in that capacity until his removal to Indiana. He organized a church society consisting of six members, their place of worship being his house, and later he organized the first Sabbath-school in the township which was also held in the house of Mr. Tucker. He served as Class-Leader, Steward and Trustee until his death, and his house was always the home of the preachers. He was an earnest advocate of the cause of temperance all his life, and was the first man in his township to refuse to furnish intoxicants at his log rollings or in his harvest field. Politically he was an old-line Whig, but became a Republican on the organization of that party. He was always among the foremost to aid in every enterprise for the benefit of the community. He died June 23, 1884, his wife having died July 24, 1872, after living happily together for forty-four years. Two children were born to them—Dandridge and Lee Ann, wife of John Durham. Besides caring well for his own family he has reared eight orphan children who grew to be useful members of society.

Isaac N. Vannice was born in Hendricks County, Ind., May 28, 1839, a son of Lawrence and Caroline Vannice, natives of Kentucky, and early settlers of this county. His father at present resides at Danville, Ind. His mother is deceased. Of their nine children eight are living—Margaret L., Phœbe E., Harvey N., Isaac N., David M., William E., James O. and Mary E. Our subject received but a rudimentary education. He was reared a farmer and is one of the successful agriculturists of this township. Sept. 21, 1861, he was married to Sarah E., daughter of William and Catherine Davis, of this township. Of their eight children six are living—William H., OliverP., Ettie, Laura, Hattie M. and Ida M. Charles and Lilly are deceased. In 1875 Mr. Vannice came from Marion Township and settled on his present farm in this township. In August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in the Ninety-ninth Indiana Infantry, but was soon promoted to the rank of Sergeant, which position he held till 1865, when he was



Lee Tucker



Miranda Tucker

honorably discharged. He participated in many battles, among them being the siege of Vicksburg, Mission Ridge, siege of Atlanta, Fort McAllister, Goldsborough, and was with Sherman in his march to the sea. Mr. Vannice is a member of the I. O. O. F. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Joseph Waters, a pioneer farmer of Eel River Township, was born Nov. 30, 1814, in Lincoln County, Ky., a son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth Waters, the former a native of Maryland, and the latter of Kentucky. His parents were among the early settlers of this township, having located in the southern part on Rock Branch. Of their family of eleven children five are living—Samuel D., Nathan W., George H., Elizabeth and Joseph. Our subject was reared on a farm and obtained a limited education in the schools of his neighborhood. June 16, 1835, he was married to Julia A. Hocker, born Dec. 11, 1813, a daughter of George and Nancy Hocker, natives of Kentucky. To them have been born eleven children, of whom five are living—Nancy E., Sarah A., Owen H., George H. and Newton E. After his marriage Mr. Waters removed to Kentucky but returned in a short time to Hendricks County. He has followed farming through life, and now owns 144 acres of improved land. He settled on his present farm near North Salem in 1852. He was among the first Trustees of Eel River Township, and served creditably for one year. In politics he is a Democrat. Both he and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Francis M. White was born June 12, 1844, in Eel River Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. He is a son of Bloomfield and Mary White, of Danville, this county, who were among the early settlers of Eel River Township. Of his father's family of nine children, three are now living—Francis M., Margaret and Sarah E. In March, 1866, Mr. White was united in marriage with Amanda D. Davidson, daughter of Samuel and Catherine Davidson, of this county. Three children have been born to this union—William L., James D. and Estella. In June, 1863, Mr. White enlisted in the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Indiana Infantry, and participated in the battles of Nashville, Columbus, Franklin, siege of Atlanta and many others. He was honorably discharged in the fall of 1865. He is a member of the Jesse Ogden Post, G. A. R., at Danville. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. He has a fine farm of eighty acres, all under a good state of cultivation.

Abraham Whitenack, deceased, was born Oct. 31, 1824, in Warren County, Ohio, a son of Andrew and Katie Whitenack, natives of New Jersey. He received a fair education in his youth, and Jan. 25, 1855, he married Caroline E. Reynolds, daughter of William and Nancy (Snodgrass) Reynolds, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Virginia. To them have been born twelve children, of whom eight are now living—Ella, Llewellyn P., Isalona, Levona, Viola, Theresa, Oscar O. and Leon A. Mr. and Mrs. Whitenack settled in Hendricks County, Ind., in February, 1857, where Mr. Whitenack died Feb. 10, 1882. His widow still resides on the old homestead, and is an active worker in the Baptist church. Mr. Whitenack was a public-spirited man, and always encouraged the various enterprises which tended to develop the resources of his township.

Alexander M. Williams, one of the leading farmers and stock-raisers of this township, was born June 26, 1840, in Hendricks County, Ind. He was a son of James B. and Eliza Williams, who came to this county about 1837, settling in Marion Township, where they died. Our subject was reared to manhood on a farm, and in the management of which he has been very successful, and now owns a fine farm of 232 acres. Jan. 30, 1867, he was married to Rebecca A. Faussel, daughter of Isaac and Unity Faussel, of Hendricks County. To them was born one child—Harry W. Mrs. Williams died June 21, 1868, and he was again married July 20, 1871, to Martha A. Griggs, a native of Kentucky, born March 3, 1842, a daughter of David and Emiline Griggs. By this union there has been born five children—Emiline, Anne, Urban L., Flora and Dicy. In the fall of 1863 Mr. Williams enlisted in the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Indiana Infantry, under the command of General Scoville. He participated in the siege of Atlanta, the battles of Franklin and Nashville, Tenn., and numerous other engagements of minor importance, and was honorably discharged in September, 1865. He is a member of the G. A. R. Post at North Salem.

George S. Wren was born Sept. 11, 1819, in Montgomery County, Ky. His parents were Sanford and Eleanor Wren, natives of Virginia. They had a family of ten children, of whom six survive—Enoch S., John R., Thomas S., George S., Sarah A. and Anne R. Those deceased are—Andrew J., Richard W., Eliza and Lucinda. Our subject was reared to manhood in his native State. His father died when he was fifteen years old, and he was then

thrown on his own resources. He was married Dec. 9, 1841, to Caroline Davis, who was born in November, 1821, a daughter of Benjamin E. and Nancy Davis, the father a native of Virginia, and the mother of Kentucky. To them have been born six children—Eliza A., Sarah F., William Z. T., Benjamin F., Mary E. and Ida J. In 1852 Mr. Wren came, with his wife and four children, to Eel River Township, this county, and bought 160 acres of land. He has since added forty acres to his original purchase, and is now the owner of 200 acres of land, which he has gained by his own exertions. He has served his township as Trustee for two years. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a true Democrat.



CHAPTER XIV.

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP

DESCRIPTION.—EARLY HISTORY.—FIRST SCHOOLS.—TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS.—FIRST ELECTION.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—PROPERTY AND TAXATION.—STILESVILLE.—BUSINESS, CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Franklin is situated in the southwest corner of the county, and contains parts of township 14 north, ranges 1 and 2 west. It is bounded on the north by Clay Township, on the east by Liberty, on the south by Morgan and Putnam counties, and on the west by Putnam County. The township is rolling in the central, and level in the northwestern and southeastern portions. It is drained by Mill Creek and its tributaries in the central and western parts, and Mud Creek in the southeastern. The streams which pass through this township are small, but their valleys are wider and the extent of bottom lands along their banks is greater than that of the streams in any other part of Hendricks County. There is but little second-rate land in Franklin Township, and it possesses a much greater proportionate extent of alluvial lands than any other township in the county. So far as corn is concerned, Franklin Township is the Egypt of Hendricks County.

FIRST EVENTS.

The first settler in Franklin was Judge Nathan Kirk, who, without doubt, located on Mill Creek where the old Terre Haute road crosses it, in 1820, and kept a house of entertainment. The next settler of whom we can get any account was Jeremiah Stiles, the founder of Stilesville, in 1830. He settled there in 1823, and was closely followed by John Swart, John and Isaac Wilcox, John Eslinger, David Orsburn and Jacob Reese. It is not known when Franklin Township was organized but it was soon after the beginning of Hendricks County. Jere Stiles was the first Justice of the Peace. He laid out the town of Stilesville in 1830. Samuel Wick

was the first merchant in the place, and Dr. Mahan the first physician.

The first religious meetings in the township were held by the New Lights, and John Smart and Thomas Woods did the preaching. This denomination organized a church at Orsburn's horse-mill, which was the most noted place in the township until about 1835. At this mill the Christian church was organized by Thomas Lockhart, in 1832. There are at present five churches in the township—Christian, Methodist, Presbyterian, Missionary and Regular Baptist. Three of these are in the village of Stilesville.

In comparison with the other townships, it stands ninth in area, tenth in wealth, ninth in the number of inhabitants and eighth in the density of its population. It is the only township in the county that is not touched by a railroad.

The first school in Franklin Township was taught in 1831, by Jediah White, one mile south of Stilesville. The district consisted of two townships. Thomas Barker was successor to Mr. White in the school. He was a good teacher, of fair attainments, but addicted to the use of "tanglefoot." Often, at noon recess, he would go to the village and return much exhilarated, and would devote the afternoon to illustrated lessons in politeness, which the children enjoyed hugely. In 1831 Eli Lee taught the first school in Stilesville; in connection with this he also mended shoes. One day while a class was up rattling off its lesson, and the teacher was pegging away on a shoe, Luke Stiles, who had been sent out from the school to prepare some fuel, cut down a tree which fell the wrong way and came down with a crash across the school-house.

OFFICIAL.

Following are the names, with the years of election, of those who have held the various offices in Franklin Township since its organization:

Justices of the Peace: Jeremiah Stiles, 1830; Richard H. Van Dike, 1831; Wilcox, 1832; Joshua Pickett, M. P. Mitchell and B. R. Warmley, 1834; Nelson Woods and Isaac Wilcox, 1835; Berry Burks, 1838; Berry Burks, 1843; James Borders, 1845; Berry Burks, 1848; Alexander L. Masters and Absalom Snoddy, 1850; Henry McAllister, 1851; Absalom Snoddy and Christopher Wilson (contested, and David Scott chosen at special election), 1855; John Havens, 1856; Jeremiah Gentry, 1858; James W. Matlock and Charles W. McClure, 1859; Absalom Snoddy, Daniel McAninch

and John Mulholland, 1860; Absalom Snoddy, David Scott and Daniel McAninch, 1864; Absalom Snoddy, J. T. Pearcy and Daniel McAninch, 1868; Absalom Snoddy, O. E. Hume and Charles Ross, 1870; James W. Matlock, 1872; John R. Kelly, Elisha McAninch and Absalom Snoddy, 1874; Elisha McAninch and John Campbell, 1878; John H. Baldock, 1880; Elisha McAninch, E. N. Evans and W. H. Baldock, 1882; J. Q. Barrow, 1884.

Constables: William Shipley, 1831; Isaac Wilcox and George Hancock, 1832; Absalom Snoddy and Thomas M. Hults, 1833; Edward Shipley and Moses C. Hough, 1834; Edward Shipley and George Morris, 1835; James G. Hibbs and William Reece, 1836; William Garrison and Thomas Broadstreet, 1837; William Garrison and William R. Kirk, 1838; T. N. Morris and William R. Kirk, 1839; Jesse Garrison and Anderson M. Cleghorn, 1844; Absalom Snoddy and Anderson M. Cleghorn, 1845-'6; Jesse Garrison and William Bryant, 1847; Thomas J. Nichols and David Alley, 1848; Anderson M. Cleghorn and David Alley, 1849; Henry McAllister James R. Dickens, 1850; Jesse Garrison and A. G. Detrick, 1851; John W. Sharp and William Page, 1852; George Kreigh and Joseph H. Bryant, 1853; Solomon Stephens, 1854; Joseph S. Bryant, and C. A. Borders; 1855; James Vermillion and A. N. Hodson, 1856; David Allen and Richard Bryant, 1857; L. W. Stringer, 1858; David McNabb and O. E. McAffee, 1859-'60; W. B. Walls, Jacob Phillips and David McNabb, 1861; William A. Baldwin, 1862; L. Kinney, H. Cecil and A. N. Hodson, 1863; Samuel Swope, Joseph Walls and John Kelley, 1864; Preston Page and D. P. Bryant, 1866; J. M. Green, Lazarus Kinney and Joseph Walls, 1868; Joseph Walls, S. Evans and J. F. McAninch, 1869; J. Richardson, John Wilson and William A. Baldwin, 1870; John Richardson, and J. W. Matlock, 1872; O. E. Hume, John Richardson and A. A. Snoddy, 1874; B. F. Tignor, John Richardson and William McAninch, 1876; John Richardson and John Mahoney, 1878; William Appleby, John B. Bair and W. A. Baldwin, 1880; A. J. Harbaugh, and J. R. Coble, 1882; William Burris and A. J. Harbaugh, 1884.

Trustees: David Scott, 1854; George Kreigh, 1856; J. Williams, 1857; James Borders, 1858; Bluford Scott, 1859; William Tincher, 1860; Bluford Scott, 1861; M. Sells, 1862; J. Harrison, 1863; M. Sells, 1864; J. A. Milholland, 1866-'9; A. B. Bryant, 1870; Alpheus Harlan, 1872-'74; Casper Robards, 1876-'78; John W. Brown, 1880; J. R. Kelley, 1882; John A. Osborn, 1884.

Clerks: E. F. Rogers, 1856; J. S. Masters, 1857; A. L. Masters, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurers: J. W. Matlock, 1856–'7; Bluford Scott, 1858 (office abolished).

Assessors: Hezekiah Gentry, 1870–'72; Amos Hoak, 1874; Edward Humpston, 1876; James E. Humpston, 1878–'80; A. R. Williams, 1882.

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of the general election of 1831 (held Aug. 1, at Stilesville), gives the names of forty voters, which are here copied, unchanged, as a nearly complete list of the first settlers: William Shipley, Jonathan Sparks, Joseph Pette, Jacob Reace, Jerremiah Stiles, James Kelly, John Brown, George H. Keller, George Morris, George Hancock, Henry Reese, William Thomas, Peter Pearson, Thomas Wood, Edward Shipley, Samuel Wick, Daniel Austin, Lorenzoe D. Cleghorn, James Walls, Isaac Odle, William Scott, Carles Smith, Silas Rustin, William Wilcocks, Absalom Snoddy, Samuel Gerber, Monroe Cleghorn, Joseph Cleghorn, William Snoddy, James Prichett, Eli Lee, Frederick Cosner, William Becknel, Joshua Ruston, James Bray, James Wiece, John Hancock, Silas Bryant, Nicholas Osbourn and Garry Morris.

The vote at this election was counted by James Walls and Silas Bryant as judges, with Thomas Wood and John Hancock as clerks, and Jeremiah Stiles as inspector. They reported as follows: "We, the inspector and judges of this election, after being duly qualified, proceeded to receive, count and compare votes and find them as follows, viz.: For Governor, James G. Reed got twenty-two votes; Noah Noble got seventeen votes. For Lieutenant-Governor, Ross Smiley got twenty-two votes; Wallis (first name unknown) got twelve votes. For Congress, Ratliff Boon got twenty-two votes; John Law got eighteen votes. For Senitor, Willis G. Conduit got twenty-five votes; Levi Jessup got fourteen votes. For Representative, John Hannah got twenty votes; Lewis Mastin got twenty votes. For Sheriff, Thomas Nicols got twenty-seven votes. For Commissioner, John Woodard got twenty-nine votes; Alex. McCalment got twenty votes; Jacob Canady got seventeen votes; David Matlock got six votes and Reubin Claypool got four votes."

POLITICAL.

In politics Franklin was heavily Whig until 1856, and since then

has been Republican, generally two to one, as compared with the opposition vote. Following is the vote for President at each election since 1836:

1836—William H. Harrison..	88	63
Martin Van Buren.....	25	
1844—Henry Clay. 118		85
James K. Polk.....	33	
James G. Birney.....	5	
1848—Zachariah Taylor.....	88	60
Lewis Cass.....	28	
Martin Van Buren.....	19	
1852—Winfield Scott.....123		77
Franklin Pierce.....	46	
John P. Hale	1	
1856—John C. Fremont.....127		68
James Buchanan	59	
Millard Fillmore.....	1	
1860—Abraham Lincoln 135		77
Stephen A. Douglas....	58	
John C. Breckinridge..	5	
1864—Abraham Lincoln 125		67
George B. McClellan ..	58	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant.....192		87
Horatio Seymour.....105		
1872—Ulysses S. Grant.....197		124
Horace Greeley	73	
1876—Rutherford B. Hayes...217		123
Samuel J. Tilden.....	94	
Peter Cooper.....	12	
1880—James A. Garfield.....204		91
Winfield S. Hancock ..113		
James B. Weaver	9	
Neal Dow.....	1	
1884—James G. Blaine.....192		84
Grover Cleveland.....108		
Benjamin F. Butler....	4	
John P. St. John	3	

STATISTICAL.

The census of 1880 gave Franklin a population of 1,363, and a safe estimate now would be 1,500. The following statistics of property and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 18,910.80; value of same, $488,744; value of improvements, $50,720; value of lots, $4,337; value of improvements, $15,893; value of personal property, $189,758; total taxables, $749,452; polls, 212; dogs, 143; State tax, $1,005.34; county tax, $2,198.06; township tax, $299.78; tuition tax, $952.35; special school tax, $1,701.79; road tax, $1,498.90; endowment tax, $37.47; bridge tax, $749.45; total tax, $10,041.15; delinquent tax, $683.88.

STILESVILLE

was laid off as a village in 1828, and a small settlement started. The opening of the National Road through this county in 1830, passing directly through Stilesville, made this point of some importance. It was a station at which all emigrants to the great West aimed to take a dinner or a night's lodging. The village prospered, and, though in time it lost its relative importance, it has held its own in population, having now 350 inhabitants. There is not a village in Indiana that has a more orderly, intelligent and kindly population than Stilesville. All the place needs is a railroad, and this it may have in a few years. It has a daily mail and hack to the Vandalia Railroad, which is but five miles distant.

The present business firms of Stilesville are: Jacob Bruce, hack

and mail line; A. N. Crawford, blacksmith; Elder & Crawford, meat market; Mrs. Ellmore, millinery; William H. Ellmore, shoe shop; E. N. Evans, carpenter; B. M. Gentry, postoffice; Gentry Bros., general store; J. N. Green, physician; A. Heavenridge, druggist and physician; A. W. Johnson, boarding house; A. D. Kelley, merchant tailor; A. L. Masters, dry-goods; N. G. Masters, physician; W. McKenzie, saddlery and harness; Alvin Moudy, grocery; A. Osborne, druggist; W. A. Shoptaugh, hotel; Samuel Swope, undertaker; Tignor & Richardson, blacksmiths.

Stilesville has a fine new brick school building, which is now, in the spring of 1885, being completed at a cost of $5,000. It is two stories and a basement in height, and will have three rooms and a vestibule, with three teachers. This building, with the three churches, adds very much to the looks of the village.

RELIGIOUS.

The Missionary Baptist Church has been organized between forty-five and fifty years. The frame church first used was built in 1840. Among the early members of the society were Davis Boswell, Abraham Bland, James Walls, Moses Crawford, Josiah Garrin, their wives, and Mary Reese. The present fine brick church was completed in 1882, at a cost of $3,000. It has a handsome slate roof, and will seat 300 people. The membership is about seventy-five. Among the early pastors were Revs. John Jones, "Uncle Ben" Arnold, John Mugg, Jacob and John Rynearson.

The Christian Church was organized and their first house of worship was erected in 1842. This was a frame church, and cost $1,000. Among the first members were Daniel Osborne, John W. Bryant, John R. Robards, George W. Snoddy, James Snoddy and their families. After using their first church over thirty years, a nice brick one was erected, with neat slate roof, costing altogether $2,500. The membership of the society is approximately 100. Services are held monthly. George W. Snoddy preached over forty years, dying in April, 1882. Commencing somewhat before his death, Rev. A. J. Frank, of Greencastle, took charge of this parish, which he managed three years. Then Rev. A. M. Connor and a brother officiated for three months, after whom came Rev. Mr. Gilchrist, of Irvington, who remained nine months. He was the last regular pastor. The present officers of the society are: Elders, J. N. Green, Daniel Osborne, C. Robards

and J. W. Brown; Deacons, William A. McAninch, Jr., and William Page; Clerk, W. A. Shoptaugh.

The Methodist Episcopal Church has been organized at least forty years. Services were held for many years in the schoolhouse, and in 1850 they built their present church, at a cost of $1,600. It will seat about 200. Among the early members were Isaac Smart, William Cline, John Clark, John Richardson, James Borders, Joseph Bishop, Edward Jackson, Elisha McAninch and their wives. The ministers have been, in order, James Williams, Joseph Woods, J. F. Woodruff, Elias Gaskin,—Bridges, Miles Woods, W. W. Pewett, William Ginnis, Asa Beck and J. V. R. Miller. The last named, the present pastor, commenced his labors here in the fall of 1884. The present membership of the society is about fifty.

SOCIETIES.

Larabee Lodge, No. 131, *F. & A. M.*, was organized in May, 1852, and has now thirty-one members. The present officers are: James Pratt, W. M.; William Applebee, S. W.; John S. Ellmore, J. W.; A. Heavenridge, Sec.; William Page, Treas.; James Tincher, S. D.; William Ellmore, J. D.; W. A. McAninch, Tyler. The lodge meets the Monday evening on or preceding the full moon of each month.

Enoch Alexander Post, No. 265, *G. A. R.*, was mustered in the fall of 1883 with thirteen members. The membership has now increased to forty-seven. The present officials are: J. B. Garrison, Com.; L. S. Rector, S. V. C.; O. P. Bowen, J. V. C.; Alfred Benbow, Adj.; F. M. Osborne, O. D.; William Houston, Q. M.; A. N. Crawford, Chap.; Smith G. York, O. G.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

John Wesley Brown, section 26, Franklin Township, is a son of Amiel and Susannah Brown. He was born Sept. 26, 1836, on the farm where he now resides. He was married Sept. 26, 1859, to Sarah J. Smart, daughter of Isaac Smart, who came from Ohio to this township in 1851, at present living in Cass County, Mo. To them were born two children—Virgil died at the age of six months and Effie died at the age of two years. Mrs. Brown died Jan. 21, 1862, aged twenty-one years, and Mr. Brown married for his second wife Mrs. M. W. Critchfield, widow of J. G. Critchfield. She was born in Bourbon County, Ky., a daughter of Robert and

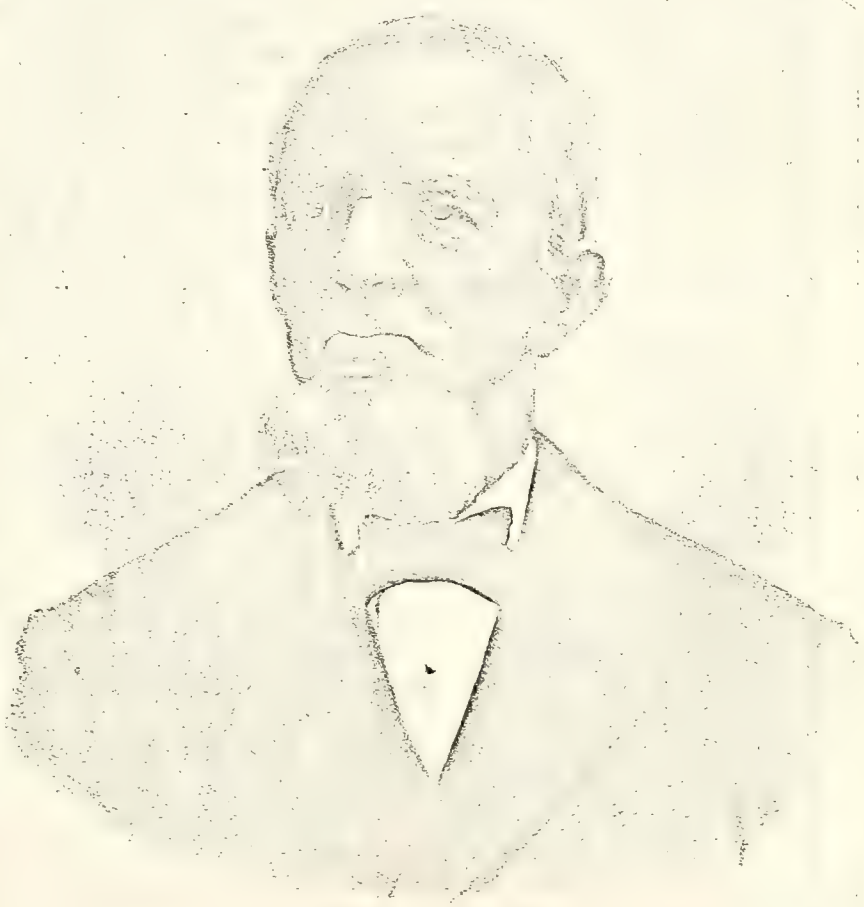
Eliza Turner. They have two children—Ora A. and Jessie W. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are consistent members of the Christian church. Mr. Brown has served acceptably as Township Trustee, and has been prominently identified with all enterprises for the good of his township. In politics he is a staunch Republican. Amiel Brown, father of our subject, was born Sept. 10, 1810, in Guilford County, N. C., and in 1826 his parents, James and Rebecca Brown, moved to Wayne County, Ind., from thence to Morgan County, and subsequently settled in Iowa, where they died. Amiel Brown was married in 1832 to Susannah Burris, a native of Highland County, Ohio, and a daughter of John Burris. They reared seven children—Mrs. Louisa Jane Crawford, died at Stilesville, May 22, 1884; John W., our subject; Mrs. Elizabeth A. Swope, a resident of Stilesville; Mrs. Mary F. Dunnington, deceased; Verlin G., living in Kansas; Mrs. Carrie E. Hollingsworth, deceased, and Laura P., residing at Stilesville. After his marriage Mr. Brown settled in Liberty Township, and in 1835 moved to Clay Township. He came to this township in 1844, settling on a farm on section 26, which contains 160 acres of excellent land and is now owned and occupied by our subject. Amiel Brown died at the old homestead April 13, 1869. His wife died Aug. 2, 1883, in her seventy-fourth year. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Bary M. Gentry, of the firm of Gentry Brothers, general merchants, Stilesville, Ind., is a representative of one of the pioneer families of Hendricks County. His father, Blaxton Gentry, was born in Culpeper, Va., June 1, 1766, and was reared in Culpeper and Lee counties. He was twice married. His first wife was a Miss Brush, who died in Virginia. He afterward moved with his children to Kentucky, where he was married in September, 1816, to Nancy Hough, a native of New Jersey, who moved with her parents to Kentucky when a child. In the autumn of 1832 Mr. Gentry came from Kentucky to Hendricks County, Ind., with a four-horse team. His family at that time consisted of eight children, the eldest of whom, Garland, the only child by his first marriage, was married and brought his wife and child. They located in what is now Franklin Township, Mr. Gentry buying 155 acres of land. They cleared and cultivated a farm where they reared their family, and where the father died April 9, 1845, and the mother May 23, 1853. They are buried on the homestead on land selected for that purpose by the father. Mr. Gentry was prom-

inently identified with the early history of Franklin Township. Politically he was in early life a Jackson Democrat, but in 1840 voted for General Harrison. He was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Seven children were born to this second marriage—Melvin A., Eliza J., Bary M., John W., Sarah Ann (deceased), Jeremiah and Hezekiah. Bary M. Gentry was born in Kentucky, Jan. 16, 1821. After attaining manhood he engaged in agricultural pursuits till 1871, and still owns a fine farm in Adams Township, Morgan County. He has accumulated a fine property by industry and frugality, being in limited circumstances when he started in life. In March, 1871, he became associated with his brother Hezekiah and established the general mercantile business in Stilesville, where they have built up a good trade which is constantly increasing. Mr. Gentry married Elizabeth J. Ludlow, a native of Kentucky, daughter of Nathaniel Ludlow. They have had a family of ten children, six of whom are living—Melvina A., Nancy J., Joanna, Harrison, Candace and John W. Mr. Gentry's brother Hezekiah was born in Kentucky, Aug. 16, 1830. He married Mary A. Wilcox, a native of Hendricks County, born Dec. 29, 1834. They have one daughter—Sarah A., born March 19, 1854, now the wife of James M. Tincher.

Jonathan N. Green, M. D., Stilesville, Ind., was born in Guilford County, N. C., Aug. 23, 1825, a son of John and Charity (Swaim) Green. In 1835 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on a farm near Plainfield. In 1837 they bought a farm in Center Township, where the father died in 1840. The mother survived her husband several years. They had a family of eight children, four of whom are living—Leno W., of Center Township; Martha, wife of John Lamb; Martin L., a Methodist minister, at West Lebanon, and Jonathan N. Dr. Green began the study of medicine in 1846 with Drs. Henry G. and David Todd, of Danville, and remained with them three years. He then located in Stilesville and began the practice of his profession. In the winter of 1857-'58 he attended lectures at Rush Medical College, Chicago, Ill., and graduated in the spring of the latter year. He has built up a large practice, having won the confidence and esteem of all who know him. He was married to Eva V. Pope, a native of Liberty Township, born in 1838, a daughter of James N. Pope, a pioneer of Hendricks County.

John A. Grimes, a resident of section 10, Franklin Township, was born Aug. 17, 1824, in North Carolina. His parents, John and



Asa Gray

Mary Grimes, were born, reared and married in that State and emigrated to this county in 1833, locating in this township. They brought four children with them—Elias, Elihu, William and John, of whom the latter is the only one now residing in this county. The father died here in 1855, his widow surviving him till 1868. John A. Grimes was married Oct. 17, 1849, to Rebecca Morgan, a native of Tennessee, whose parents settled in Hamilton County, Ind., where they died. Mr. and Mrs. Grimes have seven children —Oliver Morton, Charles F., Rozilla E., Hannah D., Ellsworth, Francis M. and Rhoda L., all living at home. Mr. Grimes is in comfortable circumstances, owning a fine farm of 137 acres. Politically he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Regular Baptist church.

Jehu Hadley is one of the most prominent farmers of Hendricks County. His farm is one of the best in the county, and none have required more labor to change from a state of nature to that of high productiveness. March 4, 1838, Mr. Hadley bought 320 acres of land on section 11, Franklin Township, at that time a swamp adjacent to Mill Creek, which flowed through it, a sluggish stream. The part of his purchase which was arable was covered with a heavy growth of timber. Old settlers pronounced the estate valueless and predicted starvation to the owner, but to-day it is the model farm of the county. This change has been wrought by incessant toil and perseverance. Two thousand rods of tile drainage, 400 rods of open ditch, one mile of levee on the banks of Mill Creek, indicate the character of the improvements. Every acre of the land is improved. The fine park and amphitheatre was built for the use of the old settlers, who have held their annual re-unions there for thirteen years, with an average attendance of 6,000 persons. Mr. Hadley at one time owned 650 acres, nearly all of which he improved. Probably no other man in Hendricks County has cleared and improved as much land as he. Part of this he has sold and part he has deeded to his children till his farm is now reduced to 200 acres. His beautiful brick residence, built in 1876, is a model of convenience and comfort, and cost, with surrounding out-buildings, over $10,000. No man in Hendricks County is more widely known, and certainly no one is more highly respected for the many qualities that combine to make a true manhood than Jehu Hadley. In deal he is more than just, he is generous. Honorable himself, he never distrusts a man till he has proved him. Liberal and charitable, he never refuses aid to a worthy man or

object, and for forty years the needy have known that in him they had a friend who never turned any empty-handed away. Strong in his likes and dislikes, he loves his friends but eschews his enemies. Mr. Hadley was born in Chatham County, N. C., Oct. 19, 1810, and in 1825 accompanied his parents, James T. and Mary (Richardson) Hadley, to Hendricks County and located in Center Township. He was married Aug. 3, 1837, to Jerusha Stiles, a native of Vermont, born July 19, 1819, daughter of Jeremiah and Sibyl Stiles. Her father was the founder of Stilesville, locating there in 1821. Mrs. Stiles died in January, 1828, and was the first married woman who died in that place. Mr. Stiles subsequently married again. He died of cholera, at Savannah, Mo. But three of his children are living—Mrs. Hadley, Mrs. Sibyl Whicker, and Lewis (son of the second marriage). One son, Luke, a physician, of Chicago, Ill., died in 1884. To Mr. and Mrs. Hadley have been born ten children—Mrs. Nancy Daggy, of Danville; Mrs. Mary Gibben, of Butler, Mo.; Henry, of Eel River Township; Sibyl, deceased, wife of William Wilson; George Washington and Marcus Lafayette, enlisted in the war of the Rebellion and died in the service; Mrs. Alice Matlock, of California; Mrs. Laura Masten, of this township; John and Jerusha (twins), at home. Mr. Hadley is a member of the Christian and Mrs. Hadley of the Missionary Baptist church.

Thomas Harrison, deceased, was born in North Carolina in 1800, and removed with his parents to Kentucky, where he married Nancy Bryan, a native of East Tennessee, born Nov. 28, 1807. In the fall of 1832 they moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on section 19, Franklin Township, where Mr. Harrison died Nov. 11, 1846. Mrs. Harrison still lives on the homestead, which contains 160 acres of valuable land. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison had a family of six children, three of whom are living—Mrs. Martha Walls, John and Mrs. Emeline Swinler. James died at the age of fifteen years, Nathan aged seventeen years and William aged forty years. The latter was married and left a widow and four children—Iva, Oscar, Ada and Wilmie. Mrs. William Harrison, whose maiden name was Eliza Bartholomew, daughter of Benjamin and Sabrina (Johnson) Bartholomew, lives on the homestead with Mrs. Harrison.

A. Heavenridge, M. D., Stilesville, Ind., was born in Union County, Ind., May 22, 1829. His father, William Heavenridge, born 1791, was a native of Louisiana, and when fifteen years of

age moved with his parents to Tennessee, and thence to Union County, Ind. He subsequently located in Henry County, and from there moved to Putnam County, and thence to that part of Morgan County which is now a part of Hendricks. He afterward moved to Wabash County, where he died Feb. 17, 1864. His wife died April 16, 1862. Our subject was reared on a farm, and March 1, 1853, began the study of medicine with Dr. Moody, of Stilesville, remaining with him two years. He attended two courses of lectures at Rush Medical College, Chicago, Ill., in the winters of 1854–'5 and 1857–'8, graduating in the spring of the latter year. He then located in Stilesville and, with the exception of three years spent in Putnam County, has since resided here. He is a close student of his profession and has built up a large practice. He was married to Sarah McKenzie, a native of Virginia, who removed with her parents to Kentucky, where her father died, and in 1844 she accompanied her mother to Putnam County, Ind., removing to Hendricks County in 1849. To Dr. and Mrs. Heavenridge have been born three children, but two of whom are living —Eugenia and Frank M. Gertrude died in childhood.

Melville F. McHaffie, section 29, Mill Creek Township, Putnam Co., Ind., is so prominently identified with the material and social interests of Hendricks County that its history could not be considered complete without mention of him. He was born in Knox County, Tenn., Dec. 27, 1826, a son of Andrew E. and Nancy (Woods) McHaffie. His mother died when he was three years of age leaving three children—Nancy E., widow of William P. Roberts; Melville F. and Thurza Jane, who died aged twelve years. In October, 1832, his father settled in Franklin Township, Hendricks County, three-fourths of a mile from Stilesville, living a short time in a tent. He bought 640 acres of Government land, coming to this county with some money compared to the majority of the early settlers. He improved his farm rapidly and soon had a good home. He married a second time, in August, 1838, in Blount County, Tenn., Nancy D. Kilburn. One child was born to them, Mary Angeline, now a resident of Stilesville. Andrew McHaffie was one of the prominent, enterprising citizens of Hendricks County, noted for his honorable dealings and benevolence. He died Oct. 17, 1863, aged sixty-five years and six months. His widow died in Arkansas in 1881. His father, John McHaffie, served nearly six years in the war of the Revolution, and was present at the surrender of Cornwallis, and for his gallantry won a

Captain's commission. He died in Tennessee, about thirty years after the close of the war, aged fifty-two years. He had moved to that State in 1801. His widow survived him many years and died at the residence of A. E. McHaffie, in Franklin Township. Melville F. McHaffie remained with his father till twenty-four years of age. He was married Aug. 15, 1850, to Mary Ann Thomas, a native of West Philadelphia, born July 16, 1830, daughter of Jonathan Thomas, who moved to Ohio, and died in Preble County. The mother subsequently married Theodore Long, and with him moved to Mill Creek Township, Putnam Co., Ind., where they both died March 4, 1851. Mr. McHaffie moved to a cabin on section 29, near their present residence. He at that time owned no land, his cabin being on his father's land. He has been very successful in all his business operations, and is now one of the largest land owners of Indiana. His home farm contains 1,000 acres, situated on sections 28 and 29, Mill Creek Township, and sections 20 and 21, Franklin Township, Hendricks County. His residence was built in 1872, at a cost of $10,000. He also owns nearly all of section 27, 160 acres of section 22 and eighty acres of section 8, Franklin Township. In 1858 he bought 1,153 acres of land, part of it improved, in Bates County, Mo. The latter he has sold at a profit of $10,000. Mr. and Mrs. McHaffie have had ten children, six of whom are living—Florence Alice, wife of Charles W. Bridges, of Indianapolis; George W., of Franklin Township; Inez B., wife of Dr. G. N. Masters, of Stilesville; Oscar S., Melville E. and Mary E., at home. Clarine Virginia married Thomas S. Boggess, of Macon, Miss., and died after fourteen months of married life. Andrew E. died aged seventeen years; Clarence V., aged two years, and Marcus, aged three and a half years. In politics Mr. McHaffie is a Democrat.

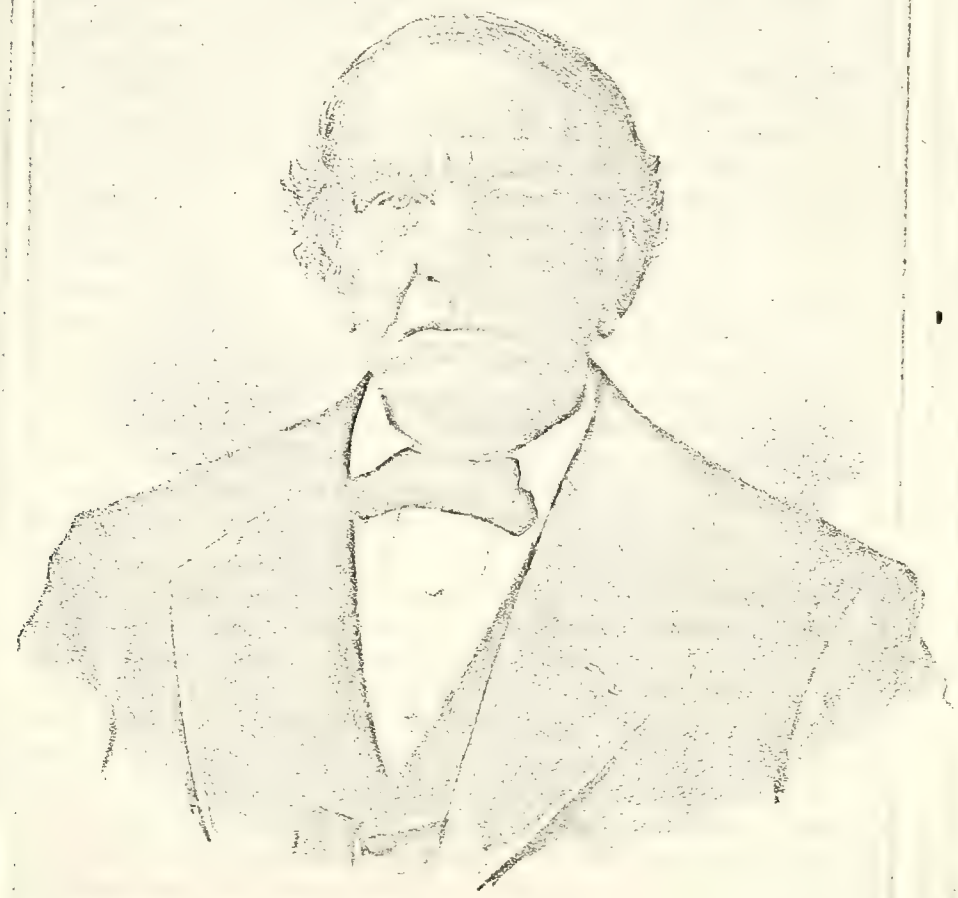
Jonathan L. Newman is one of the most prominent and successful farmers of Franklin Township, and a representative of one of the first families to settle in Hendricks County. His father, John Newman, was born in Guilford County, N. C., of Irish descent. He was reared in his native county, and there married Elizabeth Lacy, also a native of North Carolina, of English descent. In 1834 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and entered 480 acres of land on section 18, Franklin Township. He soon after returned to North Carolina, but in 1836 came again to Indiana and built a log cabin on the southeast quarter of the section. This cabin is still standing and is one of the oldest residences in Hendricks County.

In May, 1838, he moved his family to their frontier home, where he lived till his death in November, 1855, aged seventy-one years. He was a man of good education for the times. His opportunities for receiving instruction were limited, but he was fond of reading and thus acquired a fair knowledge of the literary and business world. He began life in meager circumstances, but accumulated a competency by his good management and practical business ability. In politics he was an Abolitionist. His wife survived him but eleven months, dying in October, 1856. Their family consisted of three children, two of whom, Jonathan L. and Mrs. Rachel Phillips, are living. Miriam is deceased. Jonathan L. Newman was born in Randolph County, N. C., in 1820, and was about eighteen years of age when he accompanied his parents to Hendricks County. He assisted his father in clearing and improving the farm, and succeeded him in its ownership. He has been successful in his pursuits and now owns 675 acres of valuable land. He married Maria C. Phillips, daughter of Eli Phillips. To them have been born four daughters—Harriet, wife of William G. Robinson; Mary E., wife of Frank Johnson; Martha E., at home, and Julia, wife of Harrison Shields. In politics Mr. Newman is a Democrat.

Dr. John A. Osborne, druggist, Stilesville, Ind., is a representative of one of the pioneer families of Hendricks County, a son of Hardin and Priscilla (Tincher) Osborne. Hardin Osborne was born in Rockcastle County, Ky., in 1804. His father, Nicholas Osborne, was a native of Virginia, and when a young man moved to Kentucky, where he married Susanna Roberts, and in 1824, moved with his family to Hendricks County, Ind., and located in Clay Township, entering the land now owned by Isaac Ratliff. Seven or eight years later he moved to Liberty Township where he died at the age of eighty-seven years. Hardin was the eldest of a large family. He was married near the present village of Amo, in August, 1829. Four or five years later he settled in Clay Township, where he died March 8, 1863. His widow is still living and makes her home with her children. They had a family of eleven children, eight sons and three daughters, nine of whom are living. Five sons served in the war of the Rebellion. Thomas J. was a member of the Ninety-ninth Indiana Infantry, and died at La Grange, Tenn., in January, 1863. Nicholas served three years, a member of the Seventieth Indiana Infantry. He was wounded in the left arm, and has never recovered from its effects.

Silas enlisted in October, 1861, in the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, and was killed in 1863, while with Colonel A. D. Streight on his raid through Georgia. William B. was a member of the same company and was captured while on the raid and imprisoned several months. He re-enlisted and served about five years. James H. served three years in the Seventieth Indiana Infantry. The other surviving children are—Mrs. Nancy Jane Bercham, of Lincoln, Neb.; Melinda, wife of William M. Reitzel; John A., George W., Henry C., and Mrs. Sudie Harrison, of Vigo County, Tenn. Dr. John A. Osborne was born in Liberty Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., May 6, 1841. When twenty-two years of age he began the study of medicine at Belleville, with Drs. Moore & Kennedy, and in 1864 attended lectures at Rush Medical College, Chicago, Ill. He graduated from the Indiana Medical College, Indianapolis, in 1871. He practiced two years in Clinton County, Ind., and then returned to Hendricks County, where he has since lived. In 1878 he was elected Recorder of Hendricks County and served four years. His health became impaired and he was unable to practice, and after the expiration of his term of office engaged in farming till Feb. 18, 1885, when he located in Stilesville, and became established in the drug business. He was married to Harriet W. Kay, a native of Ohio. They have three children—Maud, Inez and Harry.

David Reitzel was born in Guilford County, N. C., Nov. 21, 1806, a son of Henry and Catherine Reitzel, also natives of North Carolina, of German descent. He was reared in his native county and was there married April 1, 1830, to Deborah Marshall, a native of the same county. In 1831 he and his wife and infant son started for Indiana, the objective point being Parke County, but as that county was considered unhealthy located in Hendricks County. They were accompanied by Joshua Pickett, who also settled in Franklin Township. Mr. Reitzel entered 160 acres of land on section 7. No improvements had been made and he has made his present fine farm by his own industry and energy. He has added to his first entry till he now owns 300 acres, all well improved. He is one of the most substantial farmers of the county, having acquired a competency for his declining years. His wife died Aug. 6, 1849. They had a family of ten children—William M., Hannah C., Sarah C., Lucinda J., Martha Ann, Matild H., Martin L., John H., Eli F., Aaron R. Seven of these are now living. Hannah, wife of William McCormack, died Feb. 24, 1873; Martha



David Reitzel

A., wife of Oliver Saudess, died in 1862, and Eli F. died aged five years. March 7, 1850, Mr. Reitzel married Susan Lietzman, a native of Wythe County, Va., born Jan. 30, 1827. Two children were born to them—Saloma E. and David A. Mrs. Reitzel is a daughter of Charles and Mary Ann Lietzman, who settled in Danville in 1830. The father, a native of Germany, and a tanner by trade, died in 1840, and the mother died in 1871. Mrs. Reitzel is the only daughter living in a family of eight children, three of whom are dead—Catharine, Jane and James, the last named dying in infancy. Those living are—John, Theodore, Charles and William. Politically Mr. Reitzel was formerly a Whig, but has affiliated with the Republican party since its organization.

James Snoddy, one of the prominent pioneers of Hendricks County, was born in Bourbon County, Ky., Jan. 4, 1799, a son of John and Mary Snoddy, his father a native of North Carolina, and his mother of Vermont. In 1823 his parents moved to Owen County, Ind., where they died. Our subject was reared and educated in his native county. He was married in 1819 to Rachel Everman, a native of Ohio, born Nov. 18, 1803. Her mother died when she was a child, and her father subsequently moved to Kentucky, and later to Owen County, Ind., where he died. In 1820 our subject settled in Monroe County, Ind., and in 1830 came to Hendricks County and located on section 30, Franklin Township, entering a tract of 120 acres of wild land, where he lived till after the death of his wife, when he sold his farm and has made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Stringer. Mrs. Snoddy died Oct. 1, 1877. She was from girlhood a member of the Christian church. Mr. Snoddy is a member of the same denomination. In politics he votes the Republican ticket. Of his seven children, but one, Mrs. Mary E. Stringer, is living. The deceased are—John, Nancy, Moses W., Julian, Martha J. and James W.

Edmund Stringer was born in Bullitt County, Ky., Nov. 28, 1825. His parents, Thomas and Mary Stringer, came from that county to Indiana with their family of nine children, and settled in Hendricks County. The first year they lived near Stilesville, and then entered eighty acres of Government land in Adams Township, Morgan County, where they passed the rest of their lives. The father died June 17, 1847, aged eighty years, and the mother Jan. 3, 1854, aged seventy years. Of a family of nine children, five, Mrs. Susan Gentry, Mrs. Sylvia Clark, James, Lewis and Asa are deceased. The living are—Reuben, Edmund, Rich-

ard and Mrs. Minerva Hults. Edmund Stringer remained on the homestead till after the death of his parents, and succeeded them in its ownership, making it his home till 1869. He then lived two years on his father-in-law's farm, and in 1872 bought the farm where he now lives, on section 34, Franklin Township. His home contains seventy-nine acres of valuable land, and he also retains the old homestead in Morgan County. Mr. Stringer was married Oct. 3, 1858, to Mary Ellen Snoddy, a native of Hendricks County, born in this township May 26, 1833, daughter of James and Rachel Snoddy. They have two children—Eberle and Warren. Mr. and Mrs. Stringer are members of the Christian church. In politics he is a Democrat.

William Tincher, section 9, Franklin Township, was born in Monroe County, Ind., March 18, 1825, a son of John and Polly Tincher. His grandfather, Robert Tincher, was one of the first settlers of Clay Township, this county, and lived there till his death, his sons John, Robert, George and Obadiah also being early settlers of Hendricks County. John and Polly Tincher had a family of four children—Emeline, Rebecca, Robert and William, the latter being the only one living. The mother died in Putnam County, and the father subsequently married Mrs. Aseneth (Fox) Carter, widow of Aaron Carter, and to them were born four children—Mrs. Hannah Evans, of Illinois; Mrs. Mary J. De Pew, of Marion Township; Obadiah, of Guilford Township, and John, of Morgan County, Ind. The second wife died and the father married again. His third wife survives him. He died in June, 1842, aged thirty-eight years. William Tincher was married April 6, 1845, to Martha A. Fitts, a native of Indiana, born April 6, 1828, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Fitts. Her father died in Putnam County, and her mother at her residence, in 1880. Mr. and Mrs. Tincher have had eight children—John, enlisted in the war for the Union in the One Hundred and Seventeenth Indiana Infantry, and died at Knoxville, Tenn.; William H., resides in Kansas; Mrs. Eliza A. Woods, of this township; James M., of Stilesville; George W., at home; Sarah E., wife of Rev. Lewis S. Smith, a Methodist minister, now of Tippecanoe County; Harrison T., an attorney of Indianapolis; Flora A. and Charles D., at home. After his marriage Mr. Tincher lived near Coatesville till the spring of 1858, and then located on his present farm, where he owns 335 acres of valuable land. He is purely a self-made man. He was but seventeen years of age when his father died, and

since then has been obliged to rely on his own resources, but energy, frugality and business tact have been rewarded, and he is now one of Franklin Township's most substantial and reliable citizens. He has served his township efficiently as Trustee. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

James Walls, a pioneer of Franklin Township, was born in Wilkes County, N. C., and was there married to Mary Kennedy. In 1825 they moved to Indiana that they might provide a better home for their family. They located in Monroe County, and remained one season, but not being satisfied with the country determined to look further before making a permanent location. Accordingly, in the spring of 1826, Mr. Walls came to Hendricks County and entered eighty acres of land in Franklin Township, near the present site of Stilesville, now owned by his son John. He built a log cabin, into which he moved his family, and at once began the improvement of his land. By hard work on the part of himself and wife they improved their land and made a good home, gradually adding to the first purchase till they owned 200 acres. He was a man of strong force of character, and a worthy specimen of the honored pioneers, who converted the forests into fruitful fields. He died in the prime of his manhood, Nov. 22, 1841, his wife surviving him till Jan. 12, 1873. Their family consisted of ten children—Susan E., Reuben P., Mary Ann (deceased), Elizabeth and Sarah (twins, the latter deceased), Nancy L., Joseph, James, William and John.

Reuben P. Walls, section 19, Franklin Township, was born in North Carolina in 1824, the second of ten children of James and Mary (Kennedy) Walls. After the death of his father in 1841, he took charge of the farm, and with the assistance of his mother, who was a woman of fine executive ability, the work of improvement progressed. In 1862 he located on his present farm, where he owns 120 acres of fine land, all under cultivation. He was married Sept. 9, 1847, to Martha Harrison, a native of Knox County, Ky., born Jan. 27, 1828, daughter of Thomas Harrison, a pioneer of Hendricks County. Mr. and Mrs. Walls have had a family of eleven children, six of whom are living—Frances, Marion C., Howard W., Nancy, Lora E. and Alva J. James T. died at the age of twenty-six years, leaving a wife and two children; Mary Angeline, aged twenty-nine years; Clara E., aged twelve years; Alice, aged one year; and one daughter in infancy.

Joseph M. Woods, County Commissioner of Hendricks County,

was born in Franklin Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., March 27, 1845. He was reared a farmer, and educated at the district schools of his neighborhood until the spring of 1865, after which he attended the Danville Academy almost a year. In September, 1866, he entered the Asbury, now the De Pauw, University at Greencastle, Ind., which he attended three years, leaving at the close of the Freshman year in June, 1869. Mr. Woods was a son of Lorenzo N. and Catherine (Coble) Woods. After leaving school he taught in the district schools of Hendricks County for six years during the winter terms, farming the remainder of the year. In 1877 he discontinued teaching and has since followed farming exclusively in Franklin Township. In November, 1882, he was elected one of the County Commissioners of this county, and assumed the duties of the office in the following December. He was married Feb. 7, 1872, to Miss Eliza A., daughter of William and Martha (Fitz) Tincher, of Franklin Township, born Aug. 19, 1850. They have two children—Homer A. and Ernest. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church at Stilesville, of which he is Steward and Trustee.



CHAPTER XV.

GUILFORD TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION.—DRAINAGE.—EARLY SETTLEMENT.—FIRST POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS.—PROPERTY AND TAXATION.—PLAINFIELD.—BUSINESS, SCHOOLS, CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

The township of Guilford, the only one of the size of a Congressional township, occupies the southeastern corner of the county, and is bounded as follows: On the north by Washington Township, on the east by Marion County, on the south by Morgan County, and on the west by Liberty Township. It has the best natural drainage of any part of Hendricks County. White Lick passes through its center, the East Fork through the east side, Clark's Creek between them, and the West Fork and a small tributary to it passes through the west side. The uplands are only gently rolling, and are generally quite fertile, while along each of these streams are valleys of unsurpassed fertility. In these streams is gravel enough to macadamize all the roads in the county, and along their banks is grown corn enough to feed a city. Much of the upland along the Middle and the East forks was originally covered with walnut, poplar and maple trees, and is almost as good as bottom land. The only land in Guilford Township which may be called second rate for Hendricks County, is along the watershed between the East Fork and Clark's Creek, and on the highlands on the west side of the West Fork; and any one who will pass along the ridge will be able to controvert the idea that oak timber is growing scarce in this county.

FIRST SETTLERS.

Guilford was the first settled township in the county, and its occupancy dates back to 1820. In that year Samuel Herriman, James Dunn, Bat Ramsey, Harris Bay, John W. Bryant, and George Moore settled on White Lick, south of Plainfield, near the Morgan County line. Some of these settlers raised some corn and potatoes in 1820. In the spring of 1821 Noah Kellum, Thomas

Lockhart, a Mr. Plummer and Felix Belzer settled on the East Fork, and Matthew Lowder, Elias Hadley, Jesse Hockett and Robert Tomlinson, on White Lick, south of Plainfield. In the spring of 1823 David Carter settled in the northern part of the township, and was the first to locate in the neighborhood of Plainfield. In the same year, James Downard settled on the State farm.

The settling-up of Guilford Township was more rapid than that of any other portion of the county, so that in 1824 it contained more population than the other townships combined. A very large majority of the early comers were Friends. The township was named by Samuel Jessup, in honor of Guilford County, N. C., whence a large number of its settlers immigrated.

FIRST ELECTIONS.

Samuel Jessup was the first Justice of the Peace in Guilford Township and Hendricks County. He was elected in the autumn of 1822, under the jurisdiction of Morgan County, to which Hendricks County was attached for two years for judicial purposes, before its organization. Mr. Jessup's election was the result of the first political campaign in the county. John and Samuel Jessup, on East Fork, were candidates, and Gideon Wilson, up by Shiloh, was also a candidate. There were fifteen voters below and eight up in Mr. Wilson's neighborhood. A caucus was held in the Fairfield neighborhood, and it was found that there would be no election if all the candidates remained in the field, and as Samuel had the most votes, it was decided that John should withdraw from the race, which he did, and Samuel was elected.

The poll-book of the first general election held in Guilford Township (Aug. 7, 1826, at the house of John Jessup) gives a list of forty-two voters, which is here copied in full, as the best possible catalogue of the early settlers: Timothy Jessup, Thomas Lockhart, James McClure, John White, Noah Kellum, Isaac Sanders, Harmon Hiatt, Adin Ballard, Benjamin Sanders, Henry Bland, Robbert Tomblinson, Joseph Chandler, John Hiatt, Elihu Jackson, Joseph Ballard, Charles Reynolds, Prat W. Jessup, Joseph Jessup, Joel Jessup, John Hawkins, Lee Jessup, Abijah Pinson, John Jessup, Joseph P. Jessup, Levi Cook, Henry Reynolds, Timothy H. Jessup, James C. Tomblinson, Joseph Cloud, John Lemon, John Carson, David Stutesman, James Ritter, William Merritt, Solomon Edmunson, John Ballard, David Ballard, Robert Lemon, Joseph Hiatt, Jesse Kellum, Thomas R. Ballard and John Burris. The

vote in this township at that election was as follows: For Congressman, Thomas H. Blake, thirty-seven; Ratliff Boon, three. For Senator, Josiah F. Polk, twenty-one; Calvin Fletcher, fourteen; John W. Redding, two. For Representative, Thomas J. Matlock, thirty-nine; Isaiah Drury, two. For Sheriff, Robert Cooper, thirty-nine. For Coroner, James McClure, fifteen.

Two years later, at the presidential election of 1828, the number of votes had increased to seventy-two, of which number John Quincy Adams received sixty-nine and Andrew Jackson only three.

Another interesting election return bears date of April 5, 1852. The township voted on the question of granting liquor license, and seventy-nine votes were cast against the proposition, while not one was given for it.

POLITICAL.

Few communities in the world are as unequally divided in political sentiment as Guilford, which has been almost unanimous in its loyalty to the Whig party and its successor, the Republican party. The largest number of votes ever given the Democratic ticket was fifty-two, in 1836. In 1864, Lincoln received 575 votes, and McClelland one. Following is the vote for President at each election since 1828:

1828—John Quincy Adams	69	66
Andrew Jackson	3	
1832—Henry Clay	86	80
Andrew Jackson	6	
1836—William H. Harrison	165	113
Martin Van Buren	52	
1844—Henry Clay	236	208
James K. Polk	28	
James G. Birney	18	
1848—Zachariah Taylor	142	93
Martin Van Buren	49	
Lewis Cass	20	
1852—Winfield Scott	124	40
John P. Hale	84	
Franklin Pierce	36	
1856—John C. Fremont	301	269
James Buchanan	32	
Millard Fillmore	2	
1860—Abraham Lincoln	343	320
Stephen A. Douglas	23	
John C. Breckinridge	1	
John Bell	1	
1864—Abraham Lincoln	575	574
George B. McClellan	1	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant	675	670
Horatio Seymour	5	
1872—Ulysses S. Grant	525	507
Horace Greeley	18	
1876—Rutherford B. Hayes	641	616
Samuel J. Tilden	25	
Peter Cooper	19	
1880—James A. Garfield	521	474
Winfield S. Hancock	47	
James B. Weaver	12	
1884—James G. Blaine	454	406
Grover Cleveland	48	
John P. St. John	29	
Benjamin F. Butler	25	

OFFICIAL.

Following is, as nearly as possible, a complete list of those who have held the various township offices, together with the years of election:

Justices of the Peace: James McClure, 1829; Harmon Hiatt,

1830; Zadok Smith, 1834; Harmon Hiatt, James T. Downard and John Pinson, 1835; Joel Hodgen, 1836; Joel Hodgen and Washington Done, 1841; John Reagan, 1845; Joel Hodgen and Alexander Worth, 1847; James S. Odell and Carey Reagan, 1849; James G. Odell, 1850; Isaac Osborn, 1851; Milton Harvey, 1854; William Faulkner and Carey Reagan, 1855; Joseph Dennis, 1856; Perry Ransom, 1857; Isaac M. Shideler, 1859; Eli Johnson, 1860; Lafayette Oursler, 1863; Eli Johnson and Jesse N. Townron, 1864; Asa Martin, 1865; Ransom Wooten, 1866; Eli Watson, 1867; Berry A. Tomlinson and Solomon Shinafelt, 1868; Samuel M. Cook, 1869; James M. Odell and Morris K. Ellis, 1870; Jonathan L. Moffatt, 1872; Eli Johnson, 1873; Eli Johnson and John P. Ballard, 1876; Thomas Archey, 1878; Eli Johnson, 1880; Thomas B. Archer, 1882; Richard Duddy, 1884.

Constables: Granville P. Barker and William Bryant, 1836; Zimri Vestal, 1837; William Hamlet and Isaac Holton, 1838; William Bryant and John Shelley, 1839; Eli McCaslin, 1844; Eli McCaslin and John C. Johnson, 1845; Eli McCaslin and Line Brown, 1847; Coleman Francis, Rufus Ostler and Verlin Jones, 1848; John Moon and Eli McCaslin, 1849; John Dobbins and Barney A. Tomlinson, 1850; Willis H. Wilhite and William Glasscock, 1851; Benjamin McConaha, and John Tauksley, 1852; John Dobbins and William Moss, 1853; Joseph Talbot and Robert Edmonds, 1854; John Medaris, Loten Jenkins and George W. Stephens, 1855; Caleb Dalton, Isaac Sparks and Madison Lawrence, 1856; John D. Williams and B. A. Tomlinson, 1857; Milton Harvey and Joseph Cox, 1858; Carey Reagan and W. H. Wilhite, 1859; Perry Ransom and W. H. Wilhite, 1860; Perry Ransom and Amos Easterling, 1861; Joseph A. Cox and F. Shirley, 1862; Edward D. Stratton and John Sims, 1863; William H. Thompson and John Dobbins, 1864; John Dobbins and Isaac Sparks, 1865; Nathan Hubbard and Jonathan Mendenhall, 1866; Elijah Eddy and A. W. Greenlee, 1867; William N. Lakin and Elijah Eddy, 1868; David McNabb and Charles Doan, 1869; Thomas J. Stewart and Daniel McNabb, 1870; Thomas J. Stewart, 1872; Thomas Stewart and Henry Widdows, 1874; Thomas Stewart and William Lakin, 1876; William Lakin and William Stone, 1878; William Sorters and John Craig, 1880; William Sorters and Peter Bryant, 1882; Corry Edmonds, 1884.

Trustees: Charles Lowder, 1856; Elisha Hobbs, 1857; Jesse Hockett, 1858; Elisha Hobbs, 1859–'60; Carey Reagan, 1861–'64;

Dillon Haworth, 1865–'67; Carey Reagan, 1868–'74; Ebenezer Tomlinson, 1876–'78; David Hadley, 1880; Ebenezer Tomlinson, 1882–'84.

Clerks: Perry Ransome, 1856; Hiram Lindley, 1857; Elias Jessup, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurers: Solomon Blair, 1856; William F. Harvey, 1857–'58 (office abolished).

Assessors: Eli Overman, 1870; Hugh J. Jessup, 1872; Amos Hoak, 1874; Hugh J. Jessup, 1876–'82.

STATISTICAL.

The population of Guilford Township was determined by the census of 1880 to be 2,691. The following figures of property and taxation are for the year 1885: Acres of land assessed, 22,097.15; value of same, $707,188; value of improvements, $134,629; value of lots, $18,439; value of improvements, $67,735; value of personal property, $335,275; total taxables, $1,263,266; polls, 387; dogs, 213; State tax, $1,709.42; county tax, $3,734.68; township tax, $884.83; tuition tax, $2,623.25; special school tax, $3,351.68; road tax, $2,526.50; endowment tax, $63.16; bridge tax, $1,263.25; total tax, $18,836.64; delinquent tax, $1,311.39.

PLAINFIELD.

The second town in the county in size is Plainfield, pleasantly situated in a beautiful valley on the east bank of White Lick, on the Indianapolis & Terre Haute Railroad, now known as the Vandalia line. It was laid out by Elias Hadley and Levi Jessup in 1839. Thomas Worth built the first frame house in town, and Worth & Bro. were the first merchants.

Plainfield was duly incorporated as a town in 1839, when an election was held to choose five trustees. Following is the report of the officers of the election:

"We, the undersigned president and clerk chosen and qualified according to law, do hereby certify that we did, on the morning of the 25th day of May, 1839, lay off the said town into five districts, to wit: That the town lots lying east of Center street and north of the national road shall be known as the first district; that the lots lying east of Center street south of the national road shall be known as the second district; that the town lots lying between Center and Mills streets south of the national road, shall be known as the third district; that the town lots lying between Center and

Mills streets north of the national road, shall be known as the fourth district; and that the town lots lying west of Mills street shall be known as the fifth district.

"And we do further certify that David G. Worth, Eli K. Caviness, James M. Long, Andrew Prather and James M. Blair were duly elected Trustees of the town of Plainfield according to law.

"DAVID G. WORTH, *President.*

"Attest: ISAAC OSBORN, *Clerk.*"

At this election the following twenty-three persons voted: Daniel Berker, David G. Worth, M. G. Taylor, David Berker, Jesse Hacket, James M. Blair, A. C. Logan, A. Prather, Luther Sikes, James M. Long, James T. Downard, Eli K. Caviness, M. G. Corlew, Joel Hodgin, Huling Miller, Thomas J. Porth, Benjamin Lawrence, David Phillips, V. C. Githens, John Shelley, Isaac Osborn, Isaac Holton and William Osborn.

The town has no charter now, the same having been surrendered many years ago. It was found that the township government was best, on the ground of both efficiency and economy. Plainfield has never retrograded, for while its business is purely local, it has always been healthy and steady, and the population and wealth of the place have steadily increased. There are now nearly 1,000 inhabitants. The business firms of 1885 are enumerated in the following list:

Pleasant Allman, livery; Misses Allman, dressmaking; A. A. Brown, attorney; A. Carter, physician; H. T. Conde, agricultural implements; Douglass & Carter, saw-mill; Douglass & Strong, builders; W. C. Douglass, builder; Dennis & Adams, wagons and wood-work; Caleb Dalton, meat market; T. E. Evans, physician; Ellis & Sons, saw-mill; Robert Edmonds, builder; Teresa Ellis, dressmaker, G. W. Fogleman, builder; Miss Rosa Fogleman, dressmaker; Nerius Frazier, blacksmith; W. T. Fawcett, boots and shoes; Green & Hadley, druggists; Cyrus Green, station agent; T. B. Gulleter, physician; Miss C. A. Havens, dressmaker; Hiatt & Sons, saw and flouring mill; Harlan Hadley, livery; W. L. Hamar, dentist; B. G. Harlan, dentist; A. T. Harrison, editor Plainfield *Progress*; Anson Hobbs, grocery and hotel; Hiss & Carter, agricultural implements; S. Hiss, undertaker; I. A. Johnson, harness; Allen Jackson, livery and sale stable; Ellwood Johnson, greenhouse; Adam Jones, nursery; R. A. Kelley, barber; T. B. Kinnan, postoffice; A. M. Lewis & Co., hardware; Lawrence & Small, real estate and insurance; Robert Lewis, physician; McMil-

len & Son, dairy; P. F. Moore, grocer; Mrs. Newlin, boarding-house; S. A. Osborne, wagon shop; Charles Owens, blacksmith; Mit Phillips, druggist; A. M. Pritchett, builder; Frank Phillips, dry goods; T. Reagan, grocer; Jesse Reagan, physician; S. Smith, restaurant; O. W. Sullivan, shoe-shop; N. R. Schooley, coal dealer; Eli Spray, dairy; I. R. Sivage, livery; J. T. Strong, physician; E. J. Shaw, dry-goods; W. R. Snipes, grocer; F. W. Smith, physician; Wm. Townsend, grocer; Moses Tomlinson, jewelry, photography and mill; Will Tucker, barber; Tomlinson & Co., bankers; W. A. Watson, grocery; Wm. Wilkin, blacksmith; Ellwood Wasson, blacksmith, J. C. Worth, feed stable; Mrs. J. E. Walker, millinery and dressmaking; Mrs. A. Wagoner, millinery and dressmaking; Willis Wilhite, dry-goods; B. F. Worth, grocery and meat market; T. J. Worth, tin-shop.

SCHOOLS.

The town has a fine public-school building, two stories in height, erected in 1867 nd 1868, at a cost of $12,000. It contains six rooms, used by a many different instructors. J. R. Owens is now (1885) principal, and the assistants are Addison Moore, William Douglass, Sue McMillin, Ida Phillips and Mrs. Elva T. Carter. The enrollment reaches about 300 annually. The affairs of the school are well managed under Ebenzer Tomlinson's trusteeship.

Central Academy, located at Plainfield, is controlled by a Board of Trustees appointed by three Quarterly Meetings of the society of Friends—Plainfield, White Lick and Fairfield. There are eighteen Trustees, six from each Meeting. The school was organized in 1881, and is consequently four years old now. The academy building was completed in 1882, at a cost of $5,000. The school has no endowment, and is supported by the tuition fees. These, however, are very moderate, ranging from $7.80 to $9.00 per term, there being three terms in a year. The object of the academy is stated to be "to furnish such literary instruction as is generally given in the High Schools of our cities, joined, however, with a larger amount of Christian teaching than is common in such schools." There are three courses—the grammar school, the English and the Latin. The Principal is George W. White, A. B.

RELIGIOUS.

Of the the churches, there are several, all well supported.

The Christian Church was organized in March, 1830, with the

following as the first members: David F. Cox and wife (only ones now living), John Hadley, Jonathan Hadley, David Carter, Ezekiel Hornaday, Hiram Hornaday, Hiram Green, Abijah Cox, with their wives, and Alexander Shawver, seventeen in all. They soon built a hewed-log church, having first held their meetings in the settlers' cabins, and in that primitive structure, half a mile north of where is now Plainfield, they worshiped for five or six years. They then erected a frame church in the village, using the same for twenty years, when it was succeeded by the present brick structure, built on the site of the frame, at a cost of $3,000. Among the first ministers were Revs. Michael and Job Combs, Lewis Comer, John Secrest, ——— Oatman and John O'Kane. For the past two years their spiritual interests have been attended to by Rev. Urban Brewer, of Danville.

The Methodist Episcopal society has been organized some forty years, and has used the same building as a place of worship, continuously. Among the early members were O. H. Dennis (only one living), Riley Taylor and wife, Alexander Worth (founder of the society) and wife, William Owens, Sebastian Hiss, Fred Trucks and Mrs. Higgins. The church has now about 100 members, and the present pastor is H. H. Dunlavy, who commenced his labors here in September, 1884. He was preceded by Revs. G. W. Switzer (three years), Green (two years), Johnson (one year), Beard (two years) and Siddell (two years). The present Trustees are John Moore, S. Hiss and William Lakin; Stewards, Isaac A. Johnston and John Moore. The Sunday-school has forty members and meets before church services every Sunday morning, under the superintendency of John Moore.

The Western Yearly Meeting of Friends was organized in the ninth month, 1858, the first members being Eleazer Bales, Charles Moore, Matthew Stanley and Robert W. Hodson, and their families. Their house of worship was completed in 1858. It is of brick, and with the grounds, twelve acres, cost $14,000. In 1873 an unfortunate difference of opinion arose as to the doctrine and practice, which has permanently divided the society. The "conservatives" meet on the first and fourth days of each week for worship. Their Elders are Albert Maxwell and Davis Mecker; their Overseers, Joel D. Carter and Albert Maxwell. The "liberals" advocate a more active system of religious work. They also meet the first and fourth days of the week. Their Clerk is Josiah Morris; Treasurer, Moses Hadley; Elders and Overseers, Jesse Hor-

ney, Calvin Osborn, Elwood Stanton, Brazleton Hadley, Elwood Wasson and Jesse D. Hiatt. The "liberals" are in possession of the church property, the "conservatives" renting other quarters. The former won a suit brought in Circuit and Supreme Court, and are now defendants in a second suit, yet undetermined.

The Baptists have had a regular organization for some thirty years. Among the first members were Adam Jones and wife, Orrin Bonner and wife, Samuel McCormick and wife, William Douglass and wife and children. After a time the society purchased the church which had been occupied by the Friends, and used the same for a number of years. In August, 1884, they dedicated their present brick church, which cost $3,000. Services are held every alternate Sunday, the present minister being Rev. A. B. Chaffee, of Franklin. The membership of the society is about seventy. The Sunday-school is under charge of Henry Straughan.

The African Methodist Episcopal Church has been supported for some fifteen years. It met for a long time at the Morgan school-house, two and a half miles from Plainfield, and in 1879 commenced holding its services in the village. The church erected in that year cost about $600. There are about twenty-five members. Rev. Roberts has been the pastor for two years past. The colored Baptists also have an organization, with occasional services conducted by a clergyman from Indianapolis.

SOCIETIES.

Plainfield Lodge, No. 286, *F. & A. M.*, was organized Oct. 21, 1862, with the following officers: Amos Easterling, W. M.; Caleb Easterling, S. W.; Amos Alderson, J. W.; Madison Osborn, Secretary; Carey Regan, Treasurer; N. Y. Parsons, S. D.; William D. Cooper, J. D.; Thomas Powell, Tyler. The list of present officers is: William H. Morgan, W. M.; Allen Pritchett, S. W.; D. F. Cox, J. W.; Eb. Tomlinson, Treasurer; T. Reagan, Secretary; A. D. Krewson, S. D.; William C. Douglass, J. D.; Stephen Osborn, Tyler. The lodge has now a membership of thirty-three, and meets at Masonic Hall the Monday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

McCarty Lodge, No. 233, *I. O. O. F.*, has a membership of thirty-eight, and meets every Friday night at Odd Fellows Hall. The present officers are: N. M. Frazier, N. G.; N. Boggs, V. G.; M. Carter, Secretary; W. R. Snipes, Treasurer; T. B. Kinnan, P. G.

Virgil H. Lyon Post, No. 186, *G. A. R.*, was chartered June 11, 1883, with forty members. The present number of members is sixty-seven. The officers are: Taylor Reagan, Commander; I. A. Johnson, Adj.; John Walker, Q. M.; Anson Hobbs, S. V. C.; Henry Straughan, J. V. C.; Charles Doane, Chap. The post meets the first and third Monday evenings of each month, over Hobbs's grocery.

FRIENDSWOOD

is a station on the I. & V. Railroad, in the southeastern corner of the township, in the midst of the richest community and best improved farms in the county. Large quantities of milk and other dairy products are shipped thence to Indianapolis.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Harris Almond, eldest son of Matthew and Rebecca Almond, was born in Richmond County, N. C., Jan. 5, 1809. His father immigrated with his family to Indiana in the fall of 1811 and settled in what is now Wayne County where his wife died. He then removed to Winchester, Ind., where he remained four years, and in the fall of 1827 he located in Hendricks County, and in the fall of 1828 he removed to Bridgeport, Marion Co., Ind., where he resided twelve years. He then settled in Henry County, Iowa, where he died in 1876. He had a family of six children by his first wife and two by his second. Harris Almond, whose name heads this sketch, being the eldest son, he was obliged to assist his father on the farm, thus his educational advantages were limited, he having the benefit of school but a few months during the year. He was married in 1829 to Ruth Lakey, a native of Ohio. After marriage he settled on eighty acres of land in Marion County, going in debt for the land, which he afterward sold, and bought eighty acres in Washington Township and later bought another eighty acres adjoining, and on this land he resided about thirty-three years. His wife died April 12, 1841, leaving three children—Sarah J., wife of Samuel Weer; Pleasant and John. He was again married Oct. 17, 1841, to Anna Montgomery, and to this union were born two children, one dying in infancy and the other after reaching maturity. His wife died March 4, 1877, and he was married in October, 1877, to his present wife, Mrs. Parthena Tucker. She was the widow of George Tucker by whom she had seven children, four of whom survive. She is a native of Kentucky. Mr. Almond is now in his seventy-seventh year, and has been a member of the

Christian church for forty-eight years, of which he has been Deacon twenty-one years, and he has served as Trustee about thirty years. In politics he is a staunch Republican.

Pleasant Almond, a successful stock-raiser and business man of Plainfield, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Jan. 3, 1836, the eldest son of Harris and Ruth (Lakey) Almond, natives of North Carolina, who came with their parents in childhood to Indiana and were reared in Marion County. After their marriage they moved to Hendricks County, where they lived the remainder of their lives. Pleasant Almond was reared a farmer, receiving a common-school education. In 1857 he was married to Minerva J. Hadley, daughter of John and Edith Hadley. After his marriage he settled on a farm in Guilford Township a mile and a half east of Plainfield, on the National Road. Here he lived till 1881, and by industry and energy improved his land, till he has 200 acres under cultivation. He has made a specialty of stock-raising, having the best grades of English draft and Clydesdale horses, Jersey cattle and Poland-China hogs. In 1881 he left the farm and moved to Plainfield, where he has a pleasant home. His wife died in 1873, leaving three children—Theophilus, Roscoe and John H. In 1874 he married Mrs. Mary Osborn, widow of Madison Osborn. They have one daughter—Mary. Mr. and Mrs. Almond are members of the Christian church.

John M. Carter is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born May 16, 1832, the only son of David and Ruth (Hadley) Carter, natives of North Carolina, who moved to Ohio with their parents, where they were married, and in 1822 moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on a tract of heavily timbered land which is now the site of the town of Plainfield. David Carter at one time owned 600 acres of land and at the time of his death owned 500 acres. His wife died about 1871 and he in 1881. They were members of the Christian church, of which he was for several years an Elder. Their family consisted of nine children, one son and eight daughters —Jane, Matilda, Mary, Martha A., John M., Sarah, Orpha, Ara M. and Zipporah. John M. Carter spent his youth on his father's farm and after his marriage settled on a tract of wild land, of which he made a good farm, on which he lived till 1864, when he moved to Plainfield and engaged in the mercantile business. He afterward returned to his farm, and remained till 1870, when he again engaged in the mercantile business till 1874. He then lived on the farm till 1883, and since that year has lived retired from active

business. He still owns his farm in Washington Township, which contains 183 acres of valuable land, with a good residence and farm buildings, and is now occupied by his son. Mr. Carter has served four years as Township Clerk. He and his wife are members of the Christian church, of which for the past fifteen years he has served as Deacon, and at present is Superintendent of the Sunday-school. He was married in 1852 to Susan Wells, and to them have been born two children—David W., and Mary, wife of Dr. J. T. Strong. In politics Mr. Carter is a staunch Republican.

John Fullen, a prominent and successful business man of Plainfield, was born in Fayette County, Ind., Dec. 25, 1821, the second son of John and Jemima (Harrell) Fullen, natives of Virginia, who moved to Fayette County, Ind., in an early day. The father died in Fayette County, and John subsequently moved with his mother to Johnson County and settled on land entered by his father before his death. There he grew to manhood and remained till 1872, when he moved to Hendricks County and located in Plainfield, where he has since lived. He owns a fine farm of 200 acres in Johnson County, all under cultivation, and until his removal to Hendricks County he was successfully engaged in farming and stock-raising. He has accumulated a good property and is now living retired from active business life. He was married in 1841 to Rachel Smith, who died in Plainfield in 1881. They had a family of five sons and five daughters; four of the number are living. July 14, 1881, Mr. Fullen married Mary E. Barton. Mr. Fullen has been a member of the Baptist church since 1843 and for several years has been Deacon of his church. His wife is a member of the same denomination.

Elias Hadley, deceased, was one of the early settlers of Hendricks County. He was born in Chatham County, N. C., Aug. 5, 1809, a son of Jeremiah and Mary Hadley. When he was three years of age his parents moved to Butler County, Ohio, and subsequently to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Guilford Township, where they both died. Oct. 14, 1829, Elias Hadley was married, in Butler County, Ohio, to Miss Cox, daughter of Mordecai and Nancy Cox, a native of Butler County, born in 1814. After his marriage he settled on a tract of wild land which is now the site of Plainfield, but at that time was heavily timbered. He cleared and improved a farm, which he subsequently sold and bought one north of Plainfield, where he lived till 1874, when he rented his farm and moved to the village and lived retired from active busi-

ness till his death, Dec. 8, 1884. The farm contains 180 acres of valuable land, all under cultivation. To Mr. and Mrs. Hadley were born sixteen children, six sons and ten daughters, twelve of whom are living—S———, Hiram, Nancy, Mary, Jane, David, Enos, Emma, Susan, Addie, Oscar and Arthur. Mr. Hadley was a member of the Christian church fifty years and his wife is a member of the same denomination.

John Hanna, a son of James Parks Hanna, was born Sept. 3, 1827, in what is now a part of the city of Indianapolis. His father entered and improved eighty acres of land in Warren Township and there died Aug. 31, 1839, leaving a widow and five children, John being the eldest. The mother died in 1844. John and the children remained on the farm until 1846, when, at the instance of General Robert Hanna, their guardian, they broke up housekeeping that they might go to school. The subject of this sketch, determined to acquire an education, started for Greencastle in February, 1846, with only $4 in his pocket. He walked the entire distance, entered the university, got the position as janitor of the college, worked his way through college and graduated with honors in June, 1850. He then entered the law office of Judge Delaney R. Eckles and there finished the study of his profession. He then became the law partner of his preceptor and settled in Greencastle. He was elected Mayor of the city of his adoption and served three years. After Judge Eckles went upon the bench as Circuit Judge, Mr. Hanna formed a partnership with the Hon. John A. Matson, which continued until the spring of 1858 when he went to Kansas. He was the same year elected a member of the Territorial Legislature from the county of Lykins, now Miami, and served as such during the session of 1858-'9; was chairman of the judiciary committee, introduced and carried through the act abolishing and prohibiting slavery in the Territory; was an earnest-working Republican in politics. After remaining one year in Kansas he returned to Greencastle and resumed the practice of law. In the presidential canvass of 1860 he was the Republican elector of the Seventh District, and as such voted for Abraham Lincoln. Prior to the Chicago convention he had advocated the nomination of Edward Bates, of Missouri, for the Presidency. Afterward Mr. Bates became Lincoln's Attorney-General. Hon. Henry S. Lane and Schuyler Colfax recommended the appointment of Mr. Hanna for United States Attorney for the district of Indiana, and he was also recommended by Mr. Bates, and appointed a few days after the inaugu-

ration of President Lincoln. He served four years; then his re-appointment was ordered by Mr. Lincoln, although his name was not sent to the Senate until after the death of the President. He continued to serve until the split between Johnson (the successor of Lincoln) and the Republican party, when he denounced Johnson, and at a Johnson meeting held in Indianapolis he introduced a series of resolutions which was the immediate cause of his being removed, and Alfred Kilgore was appointed. This proves clearly that Mr. Hanna's political opinions were not in the market, to be transferred as merchandise. He furnished Mr Kilgore all the information desired as to the business of the office; assisted him in the trials the first term after his appointment. Mr. Hanna then formed a partnership with General Fred Knefler, of this city, in the practice of law, and has devoted his time entirely to the practice of his profession, except in the canvass of 1868, when he, at the request of his political friends, canvassed the county of Putnam as a candidate for the Legislature. Although defeated he ran ahead of the State ticket. Since 1868 he has made no political speeches, although known as a decided, out-spoken Republican in politics. His life at the bar has been a constant warfare and he has more than the usual share of hotly contested litigated cases. He has perhaps been engaged in as many jury trials as any lawyer of his age. As United States Attorney during the war his position was one requiring great labor, yet, without assistance, he managed to discharge his duties to the entire satisfaction of the Government. The prosecutions for violations of the draft laws, the revenue laws, confiscation acts, conspiracies, treasons and felonies were numerous, as the records of the court attest. As a successful prosecutor his record was satisfactory to those who gave him their influence. Since he commenced the practice of law in this city he has been engaged in a number of the most prominent murder cases for the defense, the Clem case perhaps being the most noted. His practice at present is remunerative. He still resides at Greencastle, where he has a lovely home near the town. His family library is the best in the county and the favorite resort of his children of evenings. He regards it as money well spent, and it is his boast that he never had a moment's concern about the whereabouts of his boys at night. His sons incline to be farmers rather than professional men. The oldest is now a farmer in Hendricks County. While attending the University Mr. Hanna became acquainted with Miss Mahala Sherfy, of Perrysville, Vermillion County, who

was attending the female collegiate seminary, then in charge of Mrs. Larabie, wife of Prof. William C. Larabie. Miss Sherfy and Mr. Hanna graduated from the same rostrum in June, 1850, and May, 1851, they were married. Mrs. Hanna was a woman of liberal education and superior intellect, and in the fullest sense of the word a true wife. As a Christian she was loved by her neighbors and idolized by her husband. She was the mother of seven children, one who died in infancy. She died in the spring of 1870, leaving her husband three sons and three daughters. Mr. Hanna remained a widower two years then married Mrs. Emma Pothorff, of Greencastle. They have now another son and daughter, eight in all. His children are devoted to him, and it seems a labor of love for him to work in their interest. His eldest child, a daughter, Lillie, graduated at the University two years ago. Mr. Hanna was, therefore, the first graduate of the institution that furnished a daughter for graduation. His second daughter and two of his sons are now attending the same University. He believes in giving girls equal chance with boys in the advantage of education, and, therefore, insisted that the University open its doors to both, which was finally done. The result has proven that the "honors" may be won by the so-called weaker sex if they are given an equal opportunity. Mr. Hanna's great success in his profession has demonstrated that he is a man of much more than ordinary natural ability, starting out a poor boy comparatively, without friends or money, working his way through college and attaining an enviable and high position both as a civil and criminal lawyer. It is certainly a great incentive to other poor young men to go and do likewise. Mr. Hanna's record shows that he has descended from an ancestry that had rendered service during the Revolution. His great-grandfather was a native of South Carolina and was there engaged during the entire struggle for American independence in behalf of liberty and the stars and stripes. He had a large family of sons. Mr. Hanna's grandfather, John Hanna, was one of the elder brothers. The late General Robert Hanna, the younger, and several more of the family removed to Brookville, Franklin County, early in the history of Indiana Territory. General Robert Hanna was a member of the convention that framed the first Constitution of the State in 1816. The father of the subject of this sketch was a mere boy at the time they first came to Indiana. They removed to Marion County in 1826. The grandfather settled on a farm near where the poor house now

stands in Wayne Township; his brother Joseph, a short distance from him on the Crawfordsville State road. James Parks Hanna, father of John, lived with his uncle, General Hanna, up to the time of his marriage with Miss Lydia Heward, of New Jersey. Four years ago Mr. Hanna removed the remains of his father and mother to Greencastle cemetery, where they will probably remain until that day when the graves and the sea will be called on to give up their dead. Mr. Hanna's record is one worthy of emulation, and should be inscribed in the pages of history.

In person he is about five feet eight inches in height, with a heavy, square frame, though not inclined to corpulency, dark hair, eyes and complexion, and seems to be in the full strength and vigor of manhood, plain and unassuming in manner. A stranger upon entering our court could at once single him out as one of the leading spirits of the Indianapolis bar.

In 1884 Mr. Hanna was nominated by the Republican convention for Representative in Congress from the capital city district, and was elected at the State election in October, defeating the Hon. Franklin Landers, the incumbent, and one of the most popular men in the district, 1,398 votes.

"Nothing is difficult beneath the sky,
Man only fails because he fails to try."

Alva W. Hornaday is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born in Washington Township, Oct. 8, 1845, the eldest son of Isaiah and Elvira Hornaday, his father a native of Ohio and his mother of North Carolina. They were married in Hendricks County, and settled in Washington Township, and then they moved to Brownsburgh, Lincoln Township, in 1875, where they now reside. Alva Hornaday was reared a farmer, attending the common schools of his district. He remained with his parents till his marriage, and then bought what is known as the old William Townsend farm, which contains 136 acres of choice land. His residence is a neat one-story frame building, and his farm buildings are among the best in the township. Mr. Hornaday is a thrifty and one of the representative agriculturists and stock-raisers of the county. He was married in 1875 to Ella E. Cox, daughter of James H. and Lillus Cox. They have one child—Elvira Belle Hornaday. Mr. and Mrs. Hornaday are members of the Christian church.

Asa Hunt is a native of Highland County, Ohio, born May 5, 1807, the fifth of seven children of Asa and Sarah (Gifford) Hunt.

In his youth he assisted his father on the farm, and later worked three years in a carding and woolen mill. When he was twenty years of age his father died; and the management of the farm devolved on him till the estate was settled by his elder brothers. He was married when twenty-three years of age, to Lydia Stephens, of Highland County. After his marriage he settled in Clinton County, Ohio, and twelve years later moved to Hancock County. In 1851 he moved to Hamilton County, Ind., where he lived twelve years, and thence to Indianapolis. He lived in Indianapolis five years and a half, and in 1870 exchanged his property there for property in Plainfield, where he has since lived. He owns one of the finest houses in Plainfield, built by Mack Shideler, located on Long Mound, one of the pleasantest sites in the township. To Mr. and Mrs. Hunt have been born six children—Mary A., Levi S., Cyrus A., Gideon, Eunice and Jesse L. They are members of the society of Friends. In politics he is a Republican.

Judge Alexander Little was one of the first settlers of Hendricks County. His parents, Thomas and Mary (Campbell) Little, came to the United States about 1770 and located in Virginia, removing later to Mercer County, Ky. Their family consisted of eight children—Molly, Nancy, Sally, John, Peggy, Jane, Thomas and Alexander. The mother died March 25, 1808, and the father Dec. 5, 1814. Alexander Little married Rachel, daughter of William and Ann Robinson, and to them were born twelve children—Anna, born Aug. 27, 1801, married Robert McKnight; Polly, born Jan. 20, 1803, married James Green; Patsy, born Oct. 30, 1804; Betsy, born May 4, 1806, married John Canary; John, born April 12, 1808, married Nancy Rawlings, who died and he afterward married Jane Beasley; Samuel, born April 26, 1810, married Rebecca Green; Rachel, born June 24, 1812, married James Richardson; William, born March 5, 1814, married Sarah Downard, who died and he subsequently married Mary Lee; Rebecca, born April 29, 1816, married three times—first, Josiah L. Wines; second, Jacob Welch, and third, Aaron Wilhite; Joseph, born Feb. 22, 1818, was killed when a young man by being thrown from a horse; Robert, born Dec. 23, 1819, married Mildred Thompson, and after her death Maria Worth; Sarah, born Oct. 22, 1823, married Joseph Simpson, who died and she then married John Wilhite. In an early day Judge Little and his family moved to Washington County, Ind., and in 1830 came to Hendricks County. While in Washington County he was a Lieutenant and then Major in the

first militia organization of the State. He held several offices of trust; was Associate Judge, and served several terms in the Territorial Legislature. After coming to Hendricks County he served one term of three years in the State Senate. He died July 26, 1849. His wife died Sept. 7, 1851.

Samuel Little is a native of Mercer County, Ky., born April 26, 1810. The day of his birth his father, Judge A. Little, started for Washington County, Ind., where he entered a tract of land. He cleared a small piece, planted it to corn and returned to Kentucky for his family, moving to Washington County the following June. In 1830 he moved to Hendricks County and settled in Liberty Township. Samuel Little was married in Washington County, to Rebecca Green, and in February, 1830, moved to Hendricks County and settled in Liberty Township, on the farm now owned by his son Thomas. To his original entry of eighty acres he added till he owned 400 acres of valuable land. He has been one of the most successful stock-raisers of the county, having some of the finest grades of cattle and hogs. In 1884 he left the farm and moved to Plainfield, where he has a pleasant home. His wife died in 1883. They had a family of eleven children; four died in infancy, and one, Joseph, after reaching maturity. The living are —Sarah, wife of Edward Crawford; Elizabeth, wife of Daniel Cox; Mary A., wife of Benjamin Edwardson; Robert and Thomas. Dec. 14, 1883, Mr. Little married Margaret A. McKnight, widow of Alexander McKnight, by whom she had eight children; four are living, two died in infancy, and two in adult age. Mr. Little has been a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church fifty years, and has served as Elder several years. His first wife was a member of the same denomination. His present wife is a member of the Old Presbyterian church. He has been President of the Plainfield and Cartersburg gravel road twenty years, and is one of the stockholders and Directors of the First National Bank of Danville.

William C. Mills, a prominent old settler of Hendricks County, was born in Wayne County, Ind., at the present site of Economy, May 8, 1816, the second son in the family of eight children of Henry and Hannah (Woodward) Mills, natives of North Carolina, the father born in March, 1780, and the mother Sept. 5, 1790. They moved from their native State to East Tennessee, and thence in 1814 to Indiana. They located near Richmond, and then moved to Economy, where they lived two years, but not liking Wayne County, returned to Tennessee; subsequently moved again

to Wayne County, where they lived till 1829, when they came to Hendricks County and settled on eighty acres of land on the farm now owned by Aaron Mills. The father died in 1833, in Morgan County, Ill., and the mother in 1862, near the same place. Five of their children are still living. Henry Mills was a valuable man in the new settlement. He was a natural mechanic, and handy with all kinds of tools. He was a good penman, and was often called upon to write deeds, contracts, wills, etc. He was a great reader and was well informed on all subjects of general interest. William C. Mills was about thirteen years of age when his parents moved to this county. He received a good education for the early day, but the greater part of his time was spent in assisting on the farm. He remained with his mother till his marriage, and then settled on a tract of land in the woods, on the Lick Fork, where he lived eight years. After clearing and improving his land, he sold it, and subsequently made several changes, and in the fall of 1855 bought the farm of Joseph Moffett, to which he moved in 1856. He owns about 800 acres of land, about 400 acres under cultivation and the rest good pasture land. Mr. Mills has made a specialty of stock-raising, which he has made a successful and lucrative business. He is a shrewd business man, an upright, honest citizen, and merits the success he has achieved. Mr. Mills was married in 1839 to Rebecca Hadley, a native of Randolph County, N. C., born April 3, 1820, daughter of John B. and Elizabeth Hadley, of Morgan County, Ind. They have had a family of ten children, six of whom are living—John H., Charles H., Amos H., Mary E., wife of Wayne Macy, Oliver H., and Aaron H. Mr. and Mrs. Mills are birthright members of the society of Friends.

Isaiah Sivage is a native of North Carolina, born near Elizabeth City, Sept. 18, 1826, a son of John and Ann Sivage, natives of the same State. When he was sixteen years of age he left his native State and came to Indiana, stopping the first winter in Richmond. He then removed to Hancock County, and in 1846 to Hendricks County, and found employment on a farm near Bridgeport. He was married in 1848 to Axie Hudson, and settled on Mill Creek, six miles southwest of Danville, in the woods, where he cleared and improved a farm. In the spring of 1860 he sold his farm and bought another of 140 acres, three and a half miles south of Plainfield, where he lived twenty-four years, and in 1884 rented his farm and moved to Plainfield, where he now has a livery and sale stable, and is also engaged in buying and shipping horses.

His wife died in 1856, leaving two children, both of whom died soon after. In 1860 he married Sarah Hadley, who died in 1864, leaving two children—Indiana and William E. Jan. 31, 1866, he married Eunice Lindley, daughter of Thomas and Mary Lindley, of Parke County, Ind. Mr. Sivage and his family are members of the society of Friends.

Ebenezer Tomlinson is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born May 26, 1826, the fifth son of James C. and Nancy A. (Doan) Tomlinson, natives of Guilford County, N. C., the father born in 1799 and the mother in 1800. In 1819 James C. Tomlinson and his wife moved to Hendricks County and settled about five miles south of Plainfield, in the woods, and made for themselves a home where they have lived about sixty-six years. They reared a family of eleven children, eight of whom are living. Ebenezer Tomlinson was reared in his native county, receiving his education in the common schools. Attaining his majority he engaged in agricultural pursuits, which he followed till 1865, when he left the farm and engaged in the dry-goods business in Plainfield till 1881, when he organized Tomlinson & Co.'s Bank, of Plainfield, of which he is the principal owner and controller of the business. He has been a successful business man, and owns two farms and his residence in the village of Plainfield. In 1876 he was elected Township Trustee and served two terms, and in 1882 was again elected and is still an incumbent of the office. He was married Feb. 6, 1852, to Miss Damsel Watson, of Brownsburg, Hendricks County. To them have been born two children—Terrillus B. (deceased), and Tennessee, now the wife of Milton Phillips. Mr. Tomlinson is a member of the Masonic fraternity, Plainfield Lodge, No. 287. He is a member of the society of Friends. His wife is a member of the Missionary Baptist church.

William A. Watson, grocer, Plainfield, Ind., is a native of Jefferson County, Ind., born in January, 1834, a son of Ebenezer and Ann Watson, his father a native of Virginia and his mother of Kentucky. In 1839 his parents moved to Hendricks County, and settled in Brown Township, where the mother died in 1874 and the father in 1884. The latter was well and favorably known in the county, and for nine years served as County Commissioner. He died at the advanced age of eighty-four years. His family consisted of nine children, four sons and five daughters, all of whom lived till maturity. William A. Watson was reared in Brown Township, on his father's farm, receiving a good education. He

followed agricultural pursuits till 1874, when he sold his farm and moved to Indianapolis, but in March, 1875, returned to Hendricks County and located in Plainfield, buying an interest in the flouring mill. He subsequently sold his interest in the mill and has since been engaged in the grocery business. He keeps a full line of groceries and provisions, and has built up a good trade. He was married in 1855 to Susannah Funkhouser, and to them have been born three children. Mr. and Mrs. Watson are members of the Missionary Baptist church, of which he is Trustee and Treasurer.

John R. Weer, a prominent and enterprising farmer of Guilford Township, was born in Warren County, Ohio, Feb. 22, 1831, a son of Elijah and Margaret (Cox) Weer, natives of North Carolina, who settled in Washington Township, this county, in 1832, where the father died in 1850, and the mother in 1865. They were active members of the Christian church, he serving as Elder several years. Their children were ten in number—Emily, Samuel, John R., David, Hiram, Harris, Julia, Elizabeth, Martha and Amanda J. John R. Weer was reared on his father's farm, in Washington Township. After the death of his father he took charge of the farm, and after his marriage bought the interests of the rest of the heirs. In addition to the 120 acres entered by his father, he now owns 215 acres which makes a fine farm of 335 acres. He has made a specialty of stock-raising and in 1884 fattened 121 head of Poland-China hogs. He has been one of the most successful horse-breeders in the township. In 1882 he moved to Plainfield, giving the management of his farm to his son-in-law, George Carr. He was married in 1853 to Emma Gunn, daughter of John and Lydia Gunn. They have three children—Martha A., wife of Theodore Walton; Lydia, wife of George Carr, and Ernest E. Mr. and Mrs. Weer are members of the Christian church, of which he is an Elder and Trustee.

CHAPTER XVI.

LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION.— FIRST SETTLEMENT AND EARLY HISTORY.— REMINISCENCES OF JOSHUA MARSHALL.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS.— STATISTICS. — CLAYTON. —BELLEVILLE. —CARTERSBURG.—CENTRE VALLEY.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Liberty Township is in the southern part of the county, and is bounded as follows: On the north by Center and Washington, on the east by Guilford, on the south by Morgan County and on the west by Franklin and Clay. It comprises about forty-nine square miles, in townships 14 and 15 north, ranges 1 east and 1 west. It is the largest township in the county. The surface in the northern and eastern portions is high and rolling, while the southwestern portion is low, level, and in places inclined to be swampy. East Fork crosses the northeast corner of the township near Clayton, and passes out of it near the southwestern corner. The natural drainage of the higher portions of the township is excellent, and the small streams or branches generally afford an abundance of pure water the season through. Mud Creek Valley, in the southwest, is of easy drainage on account of the large proportion of sand in the soil. The lands of the township are fertile throughout and well cultivated, and the most extensive farmers in the county live in it.

EARLY HISTORY.

The first settlement was made in October, 1822, on the National Road east of Belleville, by William and Thomas Hinton, James Thompson and Robert McCracken. The first ground was cleared on the Pearson farm. William Pope and his son, James N., who was then sixteen years old, came in the spring of 1823, which year brought into the township George Matlock, James R. Barlow, Samuel Hopkins, William Brown, William Ballard, and if not in the same year, soon came David Demoss, John Cook, Moses Crawford, John Hanna, Thomas Cooper, George Coble and Jonathan Pitts. William Hinton taught the first school in the township

and county in the fall of 1823, in a school-house which had been built that fall, one-half mile south of Cartersburg.

Thomas Hinton was the first Justice of the Peace, and William Pope, a Baptist minister, did the first preaching, and organized the first Baptist church in Hendricks County, in his own house, in the autumn of 1823.

The first brick dwelling house in the county was built in 1830, for Jesse Cook, just south of Belleville, by Joseph V. Pope and William Hinton. The act authorizing the organization of Hendricks County designated the house of William Ballard, which was on the old Terre Haute road, south of Belleville, as the place of holding the courts, but William Ballard died before the county was organized, and George Matlock, who kept tavern on this road a mile east of Mr. Ballard's, laid off a town which he called Hillsboro, and made a strong effort to get the county seat located there; but failing in this, and meeting his death in 1825 in an affray with his brother-in-law, the Hillsboro enterprise was a failure.

In connection with the early history of Liberty Township, Joshua Marshall, now of Kirkville, Iowa, writes:

"In the autumn of 1826 my father, William Marshall, of Surrey County, N. C., emigrated to Indiana and settled in the south part of Hendricks County, I being then in my nineteenth year. Evan Davis, my brother-in-law, with his family, came at the same time and settled near by. At that time most of the land belonged to the Government, and settlements were scattering. We frequently went as far as five miles to help each other raise our log cabins and stables. A few settlers had preceded us—Edward and Joseph Hobson, William Rushton, John Cook and sons—Levi, Jesse and Stephen, with their families—Edmond Cooper, Jefferson Matlock, Rev. Wm. Pope, Thomas Irons, Judge Little, William Herron, William Townsend, Joshua Hadley, Bowater Bales and others.

"Not having saw-mills, we felled a nice tall gray ash and cut it into 4 x 6 lengths, split out puncheons, dressed the ends to a uniform thickness and then laid them on sleepers. They were jointed with saw and ax, and made a good floor. We split our clapboards for roofing and door shutters. We had plenty of elbow room, and were anxious for our neighbors to help build our cabins and roll logs so as to get them out of our way, in order to raise a little corn for bread and to feed our stock. We were mostly poor, yet contented, and looked forward to better days and more conveniences. We were all neighborly and kind to each other.

"Danville had been laid out into lots and a few cabins were being built. David Matlock and others had settled near by and were opening farms. Religious privileges were scarce, not a church or school-house, to my knowledge, being then in the county. The Friends had formed a society and worshiped in a log house near Mooresville, in Morgan County. Rev. Mr. Pope, a Baptist minister, then living near where Cartersburg now is, preached frequently in his own house to attentive, though small, audiences; and we were glad thus to meet, hear preaching, and form each others acquaintance. In the spring of 1829 Joseph Tarkington, a Methodist minister, established a preaching place at the house of Edmond Cooper, then residing on Mud Creek, at the crossing of the Indianapolis and Terre Haute road, and there a class was formed of six members—Evan and Rebecca Davis, Mother Cooper and two daughters, and Hannah Snodgrass. Shortly after this, in June, 1829, at a two-days meeting held in Putnam County, I joined the church and invited Rev. John Murser to come to Hendricks County and preach at my house. At the appointed time he came, and seven joined the church. Three weeks later he came again and seven more joined. Thus a society was formed in the settlement where Salem church now stands. In August of the same year Evan Davis, Father Crutchfield, Bowater Bales, myself and a few others commenced work on a hewed-log church, which was raised in the presence of an 'assembled multitude.' About this time Evan Davis built a saw-mill on White Lick, and there we had our lumber sawed out for flooring and seating. Evan Davis was Class-Leader and I was assistant. By Christmas there were seventy-five members. In the summer of 1884 I visited Salem church, and found the old log church had been removed and in its stead was a beautiful frame building, nicely painted and finished inside and out. Near by stood a handsome brick school-house. Surely this wilderness has 'budded and blossomed like the rose.'"

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of the general election of Aug. 2, 1830, gives the names of thirty-nine voters in Liberty Township, and these probably include most of the first settlers. The names are here copied as recorded in that document, which is more than half a century old: Evin Davis, Joshua Marshall, Jacob Harper, Abraham Woodward, Lewis Coopper, Samuel Gwin, Thomas Coopper, Ed-

mand Coopper, Cornelious Coopper, George Dawes, William Rushton, George Rushton, John Cook, Jonathan Mills, William Allen, James Hiuett, George Rushton, Michael Kerkum, Jesse Allen, William Cawerby, William Marshall, Nathan Snodgrass, Joshua Rushton, Joel Wilson, Silous Grigory, Boyeter Bails, Cornelious Jonson, Jesse Rushton, Joshua B. Hadley, Robert Coopper, John Mills, Thomas Harper, William Townsend, Nathan Cook, Robert H. Irvin, Silous Rushton, Martain Coopper, Eli Moon and Jesse Whippo.

The vote at this election was as follows: For Representative, Alexander Worth, twenty-four; Gideon Johnston, thirteen; for Associate Judges, Samuel Jessup, thirty-four; Elijah Anderson, twenty-three; James Downard, ten; for Clerk, Simon T. Hadley, thirty-eight; for Recorder, Simon T. Hadley, thirty-eight; for Commissioner, James Trotter, thirty-two; for Coroner, Isaac Williams, eight; for School Commissioner, Harmon Hiatt, thirty-three.

POLITICAL.

In the days of the Whig party, Liberty Township distinguished itself for heavy Whig majorities; and since 1856 it has been as loyally Republican. Following is the vote of the township at each presidential election:

1832—Andrew Jackson.....	56	20
Henry Clay.....	36	
1836—Wm. Henry Harrison..	155	130
Martin Van Buren.....	25	
1844—Henry Clay.....	246	169
James K. Polk.....	77	
James G. Birney.	3	
1848—Zachary Taylor.....	199	106
Lewis Cass.....	93	
Martin Van Buren.....	8	
1852—Winfield Scott.....	210	101
Franklin Pierce.....	109	
John P. Hale.....	9	
1856—John C. Fremont.....	247	147
James Buchanan.....	100	
Millard Fillmore.....	21	
1860—Abraham Lincoln.....	277	187
Stephen A. Douglas....	90	
John C. Breckinridge..	8	
John Bell.....	7	
1864—Abraham Lincoln.....	335	270
George B. McClellan...	65	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant.....	400	269
Horatio Seymour.....	131	
1872—Ulysses S. Grant.....	354	205
Horace Greeley.....	149	
1876—Rutherford B. Hayes...	352	167
Samuel J. Tilden.....	185	
Peter Cooper.....	44	
1880—James A. Garfield.....	419	243
Winfield S. Hancock...	176	
James B. Weaver.....	30	
1884—James G. Blaine.....	387	198
Grover Cleveland.....	189	
Benjamin F. Butler....	19	
John P. St. John.....	18	

OFFICIAL.

The following lists are of those who have been incumbents of the various township offices, together with the years of their election:

Justices of the Peace: James Grice, 1829; Robert Cooper, 1831; James Green, 1833; William T. Matlock, 1835; James S.

Odell and J. S. Wills, 1836; Clayton T. Swindler, 1841; John W. Bryan, 1845; Nathan Meredith, 1847; John W. Bryan, 1849; Nathan Meredith and Clayton T. Swindler, 1851; Amos S. Wills, 1854; Jacob S. Redmond and Elisha Franklin, 1855; Amos S. Wills and Samuel J. Banta, 1858; Elisha Franklin and J. F. Powell, 1859; John P. McCormick, 1860; Amos S. Wills, 1862; Elisha Franklin, 1863; William Williams, 1864; Amos S. Wills and Abraham Bland, 1866; W. W. Irons, 1868; H. A. Marley, 1869; Amos S. Wills and Abraham Bland, 1870; Elisha Franklin and J. Ballard, 1872; Amos S. Wills and H. C. Harper, 1874; Amos Elmore and H. F. Swindler, 1876; Amos S. Wills and D. H. Watts, 1878; John Glover and Reuben Franklin, 1880; Alvin Graves, R. C. Franklin and William Shepherd, 1882; Dan Watts and M. F. Jones, 1884.

Constables: Goodwin Taylor and Blueford Wilson, 1832; Joseph Herron and Goodwin Taylor, 1833; Joel Richardson and Goodwin Taylor, 1834–'5; Goodwin Taylor and John McMullen, 1836; Joseph Herron and Archibald McMichael, 1837; John J. McMullen and Joshua D. Parker, 1838; Joshua D. Parker and G. W. Wills, 1839; John J. McMullen and Alexander Masters, 1844; Jacob R. Odell and John J. McMullen, 1846; Joel Jelf and Herbert Fansler, 1847; Joel Jelf and John J. McMullen, 1848; Joel Jelf and W. R. Lawhead, 1849; Benjamin Hiatt and John J. McMullen, 1850; Herbert Fansler and John J. McMullen, 1852; Herbert Fansler and Nathaniel Case, 1853; Thomas Canay, Asbury Ungles and John J. McMullen, 1854; G. W. Wills, H. Cook and Herbert Fansler, 1855; John J. McMullen, Thomas Hannah and Alfred Richardson, 1856; William Cox, John J. McMullen and Alfred Hadley, 1857; D. N. Hopwood, L. H. Kennedy and Henderson Cook, 1858; Squire Faulkner, William Cornett and W. W. Jones, 1859; William P. Cornett, John M. Cook and T. J. Kirtley, 1860; James J. Wills, William P. Cornett and John M. Cook, 1861; J. O. Riley, William J. Morgan and Joel Jelf, 1862; F. M. Cook, Jeremiah Johnson and A. S. McCormick, 1863; William Poulter, William J. Morgan and William H. Hussey, 1864; William J. Morgan, Zim Cook and Wes. McClure, 1865; J. S. Rhodes, D. C. Hooks and H. Pearson, 1866; Robert G. Little, E. W. Farmer and John A. Roberts, 1867; C. G. Cantley, J. F. Martin and J. A. Fricker, 1868; J. L. Rhodes, 1869; C. G. Curtley, William W. Jones and John Dore, 1870; G. Adams and John Wills, 1872; John Worrell and John B. Cook, 1874; John Glover

and Charles Maddox, 1876; John Glover, O. Winstead and Wes. Sawyer, 1878; James Sims, Oliver Winstead and Amos Marker, 1880; Fred Oakley, J. W. Bishop and George Esmon, 1882; George McHaffie and William Cline, 1884.

Trustees: Reuben A. Coverdale, 1856; Milo H. Moon, 1857, Young Short, 1858; Risdon C. Moore, 1859–'67; Daniel Cox, 1868; Alfred Hadley, 1869; Risdon C. Moore, 1870–'72; Alfred Hadley, 1874–'76; R. E. Reid, 1878; William C. Swindler, 1880–'82; Elisha Franklin, 1884.

Clerk: Taliaferro B. Miller, 1856–'58 (office abolished).

Treasurer: Risdon C. Moore, 1856–'58 (office abolished).

Assessors: Y. W. Short, 1870; James T. Walls, 1872; William C. Mitchell, 1874; W. J. Morgan, 1876; Elisha Franklin, 1878–'82.

CENSUS REPORT.

By the United States Census of 1880. the population of Liberty Township is 2,604. The following figures concerning property and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 30,654.81; value of same, $875,587; value of improvements, $166,874; value of lots, $9,386; value of improvements, $25,904; value of personalty, $397,450; total taxables, $1,475,201; polls, 440; dogs, 210; State tax, $1,990.24; county tax, $4,349.30; township tax, $885.12; tuition tax, $2,765.36; special school tax, $7,596; road tax, $2,212.80; endowment tax, $73.76; bridge tax, $1,475.20; total taxes, $24,433.14; delinquent tax, $1,074.39.

CLAYTON.

Clayton is the largest village in Liberty Township, having 500 inhabitants. It is situated on the Vandalia Railroad, in the northwestern part of the township, on sections 33 and 34. It was platted in 1851, by George W. Wills, and contains about eleven acres, which tract was purchased from Elizabeth Wills. Its first name was Claysville, in honor of the Kentucky statesman, and had its name afterward changed because there was already a postoffice in the State by that name. The first house was built by Thomas Potts, and the second by Lewis T. Pounds, both frame structures. The first store was opened by Parker & Foote, the second by Richard and James Worrel, and the third by Morrison & Thomas, in which the first postoffice was kept by Benjamin F. Thomas, about 1852. The first hotel was built by George W. Wills, and was run by Ephraim Hartsuck.

The first church was erected by the Cumberland Presbyterians upon a lot in the south part of the village, donated by Richard Worrel. The second was built by the Missionary Baptists in what was then the northwest corner of the village. The work was done by Amos S. Wills, and the cost was $1,200. This has since been replaced with a fine brick church, at a cost of $3,300, in size 40 x 60 feet, on the old site. The third church was the Christian, built in 1864 and dedicated the following year. It cost $2,300 and is 38 x 48 feet in size. The Methodist Episopal church was built in 1867, at a cost of $3,300, and is a substantial brick edifice.

The first physician was Dr. Lyon, following whom came Dr. C. T. Lawrence, The first Justice of the Peace was Amos S. Wills, elected in 1852. The first flouring mill was built in 1852 by John Miles and James Worrel. This mill has been remodeled and refitted, having now the roller process. The proprietors, Clark & Harrison, have an extensive business.

The first school was taught in 1852 in a frame building which is used now as a wagon shop. The present school building is a beautiful two-story structure, which contains six rooms. Its cost was $15,000.

The only elevator at Clayton was built by Johnson Bros. in 1882. It is 24 x 60 feet on the ground and sixty feet in height. Its capacity is 30,000 bushels.

RELIGIOUS.

The oldest religious society, as before mentioned, is the *Cumberland Presbyterian*, organized about 1852, by Rev. Samuel Mitchell, with the following first members: Samuel Little and wife, A. T. Scott and wife, H. Smith and wife, John Alexander and wife and John Countt and wife. Their first house of worship was a frame structure erected in the south part of Clayton, in 1852, at a cost of $600, which was occupied till 1872, when it was moved to its present site, repaired, and for some time it was used by different denominations as a church. Samuel Little and Zach. Reagan were the first Elders of this society. The present Elders are Samuel Little and William Reagan. The present membership is about thirty-five. The pastor is Rev. Mr. Witherspoon.

The Missionary Baptist Church was founded March 11, 1854, by John Vawter, Jacob Rynearson, M. Elliot, Davis Boswell and Moses Crawford, who held letters of dismissal from the Belleville church, and a number of others, fifty-eight in all. The first Trus-

tees elected were Richard Worrel, Francis Edmonson and John Rynearson. Rev. Joseph Roberts was called as the first pastor. Richard Worrel, Hiram Norman and James Glover were elected Deacons.

The Christian Church was organized Dec. 7, 1863, by Rev. Thomas Lockhart and O. P. Badger. Samuel B. Hall and John R. Ballard were chosen as the first Elders, and George Acton and James Ferguson, Deacons. The charter members were sixty-three in number. The church built in 1865 cost $2,650. The pastors of the church have been Revs. Thomas Lockhart, O. P. Badger, Jemerson, Sherman, Canfield, Miller, Jewel, Frank and Brewer. The membership at present (1885), under Rev. Urban C. Brewer, numbers seventy-five. Elder Thomas Lockhart, now in his ninety-third year, has aided in the conversion of 7,000 souls, a wonderful record.

MASONIC.

Clayton Lodge, No. 463, *F. & A. M.*, was organized May 29, 1873, with the following charter members: John Harrison, James H. Rynearson, William E. Howland, Thomas F. Dryden, Nelson Sowder, Amos S. Wills, John N. Wills and W. C. Mitchell. The first officers appointed by the Grand Lodge, at Indianapolis, were: Amos S. Wills, W. M.; James H. Rynearson, S. W., and Thomas F. Dryden, J. W. The first meeting was held in a hall built over the wagon-shop of Stephen Scott. Later the members built a larger hall over the store owned by John Harrison, and fitted the same up in a complete and elegant manner. The present membership is twenty, and the officers are: William Brown, W. M.; C. O. Haines, S. W.; D. B. Wills, J. W.; Edner Johnson, Treas.; Thomas F. Dryden, Sec.; Alfred Worrel, S. D.; A. T. Wills, J. D.

BELLEVILLE,

the oldest town in the county, after Danville, was laid out by William H. Hinton, Lazarus B. Wilson and Obadiah Harris, in 1829. This was about the time of the construction of the Cumberland Road, and Belleville grew rapidly in population and importance. It soon became the center of learning and style for all the county and, in those days, if a starchy young gentleman or lady was seen anywhere in the north part of the county, he was considered to be from Belleville. But with the completion of the Indianapolis & Terre Haute Railroad, in 1850, passing more than a mile north of

the village, Belleville's greatness began passing away, and now it has little but its history to boast of.

The first house was built by William H. Hinton, who kept also the first store. The first resident physician was Dr. B. B. Bartholomew, now of Danville. The village contains three religious organizations, the Methodist, Christian and Baptist. There are but two church buildings, however, belonging to the first two denominations mentioned. There are two stores, the proprietors being respectively W. J. Cope and Hamrick & White, two blacksmith shops and a wagon-shop. The population is about 250.

The White Lick Church (Baptist) was the first of any denomination organized in Hendricks County. It was formed March 27, 1824, by Elder William Pope, with the following members: Thomas Hinton and wife, James Thompson and wife and Chris. Pope. This little band met at the house of Elder Pope for several years, and in 1831 built a church at Belleville—a frame building 30 x 40. After a number of years the church was divided, a portion going to Clayton and organizing the Missionary Baptist church. Many of the first members having died, the Belleville church went down, and but one or two members now survive. The church building, too, has been torn down.

Belleville Lodge, No. 205, I. O. O. F., was organized in April, 1859, by John O. Gilliland, Dr. L. H. Kennedy, James T. McCurdy, Z. S. Reagan and Dr. R. C. Moore. The last named was chosen the first N. G.; John O. Gilliland, V. G.; L. H. Kennedy, Sec., and James T. McCurdy, Treas.

CARTERSBURG

is on section 31, in the northeast corner of the township, and is a station on the Vandalia Railroad, to the construction of which it owes its existence. It was laid out in 1850, by John Carter, after whom it was named. The first house was built by David Carter; the first store by Simon Hornaday, who occupied it with a stock of merchandise and was also the first Postmaster. The first hotel was kept by David Carter. The present house of entertainment is kept by Harvey Rawlings. The pioneer blacksmith shop was opened by David Stutesman. The present merchants of the place are: Phillip & Pruitt and Coe & Cox. Messrs. Cox & Clark also deal in grain. The village has 200 inhabitants and maintains two religious organizations.

RELIGIOUS.

The Methodist Episcopal Church was formed in the winter of 1856–'7, by Rev. Jesse Woodward, with John Biddle, William Little, Richard Poe and their wives, Mrs. Brady and others as first members. Their house of worship was built in 1857, at a cost of $750. It is 30 x 42 feet in size, frame, and located in the northwest part of the village. There are at present about seventy members. The Sunday-school has sixty-five pupils, and is in a prosperous condition under the superintendency of James A. Clark. The present Trustees of the church are: J. McCormick, John Biddle and Harvey Rawlings. The Stewards are: J. McCormick and George Silch. The present pastor is Rev. J. Dunlavy.

The Baptist Church was constituted March 21, 1864, with Rev. R. M. Parks as pastor, and the following first members: H. D. McCormick and wife Jane, R. T. McCormick and wife Sarah E., A. S. McCormick and wife Matilda, Christine, William, Nancy, Sudy, Cynthia and Moses Tomlinson, James and Sarah Hayden, John A. and Sarah Veatch, Isabel Silch, Joseph K. and Elizabeth Little, Hazzard and Margaret J. Woodhurst, Anna Martin, Sarah A. Snodgrass, Oliver P. Garr, Susan Dilley, Charles Maddox, Greenberry Baker (who united with the church in his ninetieth year), James Roach, George Hufford and Hannah Owens. R. T. McCormick was chosen the first Clerk. The society has a frame church, 34 x 44 feet, erected in 1868, at a cost of $700. The present membership is 105. A. S. McCormick is Clerk; J. A. Veatch, Moderator; J. K. Little, James Hayden, J. A. Veatch, A. S. McCormick and S. M. Pearson, Trustees. The pastors have been, in succession, Revs. R. M. Parks, B. A. Melson, W. Trent, J. W. Sherrill, F. M. Buchan and J. W. Crews. The society is in a prosperous condition, and the church is undergoing repairs which will cost nearly as much as the building itself.

CENTER VALLEY

is a postoffice on section 25, in the southern part of the township. There is no village at that point.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Alfred W. Carter, a successful farmer of Liberty Township, was born in Lincoln County, Ky., April 18, 1833, the second son of John and Martha (Alford) Carter. His father was born in 1801

and died in 1864. His mother was born in 1808 and died in 1878. Their family consisted of eight children, five sons and three daughters. When twenty years of age Alfred W. Carter left home and came to Hendricks County, Ind., having, when he reached here, but $1.35 in money. He worked by the month during the summer, and in the winter attended school, until he had $150 and a horse. Prior to coming to Hendricks County his entire schooling had been but nine months. He was married in 1856 to Mary J. Short, daughter of Young and Elizabeth Short, of Belleville. After his marriage he rented land in different parts of the county till 1860. He bought three acres of land, with house, one-half mile west of Clayton, where he was living at the breaking out of the Rebellion. In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company C, Seventieth Indiana Infantry, and served till June, 1865. He participated in the battles of the Atlanta campaign, and thence went to Washington, D. C., where he was mustered out. After his return home, he bought forty acres of land on which he lived about eighteen months, when he sold it, and in 1869 bought forty acres which is a part of his present home. He now owns 151½ acres of choice land with a good brick residence and convenient farm buildings. His wife died in 1867. Of their five children, only two are living—Dora F., wife of William Harrison, and Lawrence E. Elizabeth, died in infancy in 1857; Warren G., died July 14, 1884, aged twenty-four years; Lucy, died in infancy in 1862. In 1869 he married Mrs. Margaret J. Hamilton, who died in November, 1878, leaving one daughter—Nellie G. In 1880 he married Mrs. Nancy J. Lewalen, and to them has been born one daughter—Mabel. Mr. Carter and his wife are members of the Christian church, of which he has been Elder and Trustee. Mr. Carter has traveled over half the States and Territories in the Union and is very well known. He is known throughout the country as a successful farmer and reliable business man. He has been associated with the courts continuously for the past ten years, having acted as administrator, guardian and Commissioner. He has executed official bonds to the amount of $15,000, and for the faithful performance of such trusts he has won the confidence and esteem of all who come in contact with him.

Daniel Cox, son of Abijah and Sarah (Carter) Cox, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born July 28, 1827. His parents were natives of North Carolina, his father of Randolph County, born Sept. 27, 1800, and his mother of Chatham County, born in 1799.



Yours Truly
Thos. H. Dryden M.D.

In 1822 Abijah Cox and his wife moved to Indiana and settled in Richmond, Wayne County, where he had a brother. While there, when absent from home, their cabin was entered and a chest containing $300, given him by his father, taken away. This left him with nothing but his horses and wagon. In 1824 he went to Hendricks County and settled on section 28, Guilford Township, where he entered eighty acres of land, which he improved and afterward sold, and bought 160 acres in Washington Township, where he lived till his death in 1851. His wife survived him till 1863. They were members of the society of Friends, but were excommunicated for marrying out of the church. They subsequently joined the Christian church and remained consistent members the rest of their lives. They had a family of seven children, three of whom are living. Daniel Cox remained with his parents till manhood. He was given a good education and taught two years. He then learned the tanner's trade, at which he worked two years, when his father died and he then took charge of the homestead for his mother. He was married in April, 1852, to Elizabeth Little, who was born May 10, 1833, a daughter of Samuel Little. Mr. Cox is Treasurer of the Indiana Horticultural Society, and President of the Hendricks County Agricultural and Horticultural Society, also President of the Farmers' Co-operative Insurance Company, representing $1,750,000. He and his wife are members of the Christian church, of which he is an Elder.

Thomas F. Dryden, M. D., Clayton, Ind., is a native of Ohio, born in Adams County, Oct. 20, 1835, the eldest son of Isaac and Martha (Bowles) Dryden, his father a native of Delaware and his mother of Virginia. When he was about four years of age his father died and his youth was spent on a farm, attending the district schools. He came to Indiana in 1852, and worked on a farm some time. Having from his boyhood had a desire to become a physician he hailed with delight the opportunity given him to study medicine with Dr. Hutchison, of Mooresville. He afterward attended a course of lectures at the medical department of the Michigan University, Ann Arbor. He then went to Detroit, Mich., where he was a private pupil of Dr. William Brodie, an eminent surgeon, remaining with him about six months. He subsequently entered the Ohio Medical College, Cincinnati, from which he graduated in 1859. In addition to his degree of M. D., he in 1875 had an honorary degree conferred on him by the Indiana Medical College, and has certificates from the chemical

and pharmaceutical department at Ann Arbor, and the clinical department at Detroit. He began the practice of his profession at Northfield, Boone Co., Ind., in 1859, remaining there till the breaking out of the Rebellion, when he enlisted in the three-months service as a private. He afterward entered the three-years service as Hospital Steward of the Fifteenth Indiana Infantry, but always acted in the capacity of Assistant Surgeon or Surgeon. He was at many important engagements, among others Rich Mountain, Shiloh, Murfreesboro and Mission Ridge. He was mustered out June 25, 1864, but was immediately appointed Post Surgeon at Johnsonville, Tenn., where he remained till August, 1865. He then returned to Indiana and lived in Morgan County till June, 1866, when he located in Clayton, where he has built up a large practice, and has made an enviable reputation both as a physician and surgeon. Dr. Dryden was married in 1868 to Mrs. Sarah E. Johnson, a lady of culture and refinement. She died in 1872, leaving no children. Dr. Dryden is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church; also of the Masonic fraternity, Clayton Lodge, No. 463. In politics he is a Republican.

Theodore R. Gilleland, teacher in the intermediate department of Cartersburg graded schools, is one of the oldest teachers in Hendricks County. He was born in Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 6, 1846, the only son of John O. and Nancy J. (Pope) Gilleland, and grandson of William Pope. In 1851 his parents moved to Hendricks County, where, in connection with working at his trade (plasterer), his father engaged in farming. He attended in his boyhood the district schools, and later, the Belleville Academy, and in the spring of 1877, a term at the State Normal School, at Terre Haute. He commenced teaching in 1868 and has taught nine years in Belleville, five years in Brownsburg and three years in Cartersburg. He has been a successful disciplinarian and instructor and has a reputation second to none in the county. In addition to teaching he carries on a small farm on section 31, Liberty Township. He was married Feb. 26, 1874, to Amanda M. Wilson, of Danville. They have two children—Daisy I. and Raymond I. Mr. Gilleland is a member of Belleville Lodge, No. 205, I. O. O. F.

John Harrison, merchant, Clayton, Ind., is a native of Knox County, Ky., born Oct. 30, 1830. He was the eldest of seven children of Thomas and Nancy (Bryan) Harrison, his father a native of North Carolina and his mother of Tennessee. In December, 1832, Thomas Harrison moved to Hendricks County, Ind.,

and located on a tract of heavily timbered land in Liberty Township, where he lived till his death in 1846. His wife still lives on the old homestead, aged seventy-eight years. She was hurt while milking a cow about sixteen years ago, and is still lame from its effects, but with this exception has good health. Of their children two daughters and our subject are the only ones living. John Harrison was but two years of age when his parents moved to Hendricks County. He was reared on his father's farm and in his boyhood attended the district schools. On reaching manhood he engaged in dealing in live stock, and although having but limited means he was successful, and by 1867 had acquired sufficient means to buy the store and stock of goods of J. R. Ballard. He was associated with A. N. Clark, under the firm name of Clark & Harrison, four years. He then bought Mr. Clark's interest and conducted the business alone till 1880, when he sold a half interest to his former partner and the firm has since been Clark & Harrison. They carry a full line of general merchandise and have one of the best stores in the county. Their store, which was erected by Mr. Harrison in 1874, is a two-story frame building, 22 x 60 feet in size, the upper floor used as a Masonic Hall. Mr. Harrison has built two residences in Clayton, the last, in which he lives, being a model of taste and convenience. He was married in 1862 to Margaret E. Clark, a native of Putnam County, Ind., a sister of A. N. Clark. They have had two children, but one of whom—Katie M., is living. Mr. Harrison is a member of the Masonic fraternity, Clayton Lodge, No. 463. He and his wife and daughter are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Horace Hunt, druggist, Clayton, Ind., is the second son of Alford and Jane Hunt. He spent his youth on his father's farm north of the village of Clayton, receiving his early education in the district schools and later attending the Central Normal College, Danville. After leaving school he was employed by Hunt & Rowe, dealers in buggies and farm implements, in Delphi, the county seat of Carroll County, Ind., a year, and in 1884 bought the stock and fixtures of T. J. Allen, druggist, Clayton. He carries a full line of drugs, medicines, paints, oils, glass, varnish and toilet articles. He is a young man of good business ability, and his steady habits and uprightness have gained him many friends. He owns a fine farm of 102 acres two miles north of Clayton, in Center Township, on which are good buildings and a pleasant two-story residence.

William W. Irons, resident of Cartersburg, Ind., is a native of

Liberty Township, born May 29, 1835, the fourth son of Thomas and Sarah (Franks) Irons. He spent his boyhood and youth on his father's farm, and was given a good education, completing it at the old seminary in Belleville, where he was assistant teacher one term. After leaving school he was employed in the clerk's office at Danville, by his brother John, two years. He was married in 1856 to Miss Mary W. Clark, daughter of Edmund Clark, an ex-Sheriff and Treasurer of Hendricks County. After his marriage he went to Indianapolis, where he remained till the breaking out of the Rebellion, when he enlisted in Company A, Seventh Indiana Infantry. After his return from the war he moved to Hendricks County and settled on the farm in Liberty Township, which is now owned by John A. Miles. He has been engaged in the commission business in Indianapolis since 1876. He has a family of four children.

Albert Johnson, merchant and grain-dealer, Clayton, Ind., is a native of Marion County, Ind., born Sept. 19, 1843, the eighth of nine children of Jeremiah and Susannah Johnson, his father a native of Connecticut and his mother of Virginia. His parents moved to Indiana in 1821 and settled in Indianapolis, and in the spring of 1855 moved to Hendricks County. The mother died in 1863 and the father in 1876. Albert Johnson received his early education in his native county and later attended the academy at Danville. After leaving school he engaged in farming till 1876 when he located in the village of Clayton and began dealing in grain, and in 1880 opened a general store in company with his brother Edwin. Their store building, which was erected by themselves, is 38 x 60 feet in size, two stories high, and is arranged conveniently for their business. The upper floor is used as a public hall. Their grain elevator, located on the line of the Vandalia Railway, has a capacity of 30,000 bushels of wheat. Mr. Johnson was married in 1867 to Miss Mary E. Snoddy, of Morgan County, Ind., and to them have been born three children—Gertrude, Emma and Arthur A. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are members of the Christian church, of which he is a Trustee.

Jeremiah Johnson, son of Aholiab and Hannah Johnson, was born at Killingly, Windham Co., Conn., Aug. 23, 1792, and in 1795 or 1796 he removed with his parents to Stafford, Tolland Co., Conn. With the exception of about three years, when he lived with his mother's father, Jeremiah Bacon, at Middletown, Conn., he continued to live with his father and work at farming and getting such education as the common schools then afforded, some-

times teaching district schools in the winter, till he was about twenty-one years of age. In 1813, during the war with Great Britain, he served as a volunteer in the militia of Connecticut for about seventy days, guarding the port at New London and vicinity, for which service he long afterward obtained bounty land from the United States Government. After the close of his military service he went South as far as Washington, seeking his fortune, and for a short time worked on the new Capitol the old one having been burned by the British, but believing there was some easier way of getting a living he soon left and went to Baltimore where he shipped on board a private armed sloop for a cruise. Soon taking a dislike to that kind of life he was discharged at one of the West India Islands called Virgin Gorda, whence he returned to his father's home in Stafford. There he taught the district school, numbering not less than 100 scholars, for one term, and early in the spring of 1815 he started with a small trunk, containing a few articles of wearing apparel and about $50 in money, for the great New West leaving the balance of his savings placed on interest. He traveled by mail stage to Philadelphia, whence, after placing his trunk on board one of the large wagons then constantly passing between Philadelphia and Pittsburg, he traveled on foot to the latter place. At Pittsburg, in company with another Eastern man, he constructed a flat-boat and loaded it with coal and floated down the Ohio River to Cincinnati when boat and cargo were sold for what he could get. From Cincinnati he very soon went to a recently settled German village about twenty miles northwest of that city where he taught the young Germans the English language and such other rudiments of education as circumstances permitted, till the time when the authorities of Indiana fixed the site of the present Indianapolis for the capital of that State. Soon after he learned that fact he hired a couple of men with each a four-horse team, loaded them with provisions and such other articles as were necessary in a new settlement, and leaving his German friends started through the then unbroken forest for the future city, fording streams and cutting their way through the woods, being guided by a small compass. After much time and enduring many hardships he at length reached the place of his destination. Here he detained his teamsters till they, together with such assistance as those already there could afford, had built him a log cabin, being the third in that place. His first dining table was the head of a flour

barrel, his first plate a clean maple chip, and his first bedstead was framed into a corner of the cabin. He at once commenced dealing in provisions, groceries, powder, lead, etc. When the first brick court-house was built (used for a State House for several years) he took the contract for the brick work and in company with John Johnson, who came there from Virginia, and one of whose daughters afterward became his wife, made the brick and completed his contract to the acceptance of the authorities. At that time money was a very scarce article, and the State obligations with which he was paid for his work were at a heavy discount, and had it not been for the money due him in Connecticut which was collected and sent to him as fast as possible, he probably would have become bankrupt. He was generally reasonably successful in business though sometimes suffered serious losses, as when bringing a boat-load of salt up the Wabash River the boat suddenly sunk and boat, salt, and wearing apparel of himself and assistants were a total loss, leaving him and his companions to beg their way home over 100 miles. He invested his savings in land at Government prices, which of course advanced in value as the county became settled. When the National Road was laid out west from Indianapolis he laid out the village of Bridgeport on land which he owned, and built a hotel, steam mill, and store. When the plank road was built, he took an active interest in it and gave the right of way through all his land and ground for a depot at Bridgeport and much otherwise to encourage the building of the railroad. He was active and energetic in business and did much in promoting the cause of education and agriculture in the State, importing improved breeds of cattle from other States. His ancestors were of pure English stock and according to the tradition of the family some of them left England and settled in Massachusetts on the restoration of Charles II., on account of their participation in the civil war as soldiers and partisans of Cromwell. He reared a family of nine children, seven sons and two daughters. He survived his wife and daughters several years and died at Clayton, Hendricks County, March 20, 1876.

J. Sherry Jones, telegraph operator and agent for the "Vandalia Line," at Clayton, Ind., is a native of Hendricks County, born June 13, 1858, the third son of Adam and Harriett Jones, natives of England, who came to America in 1849, and settled in Plainfield, Hendricks Co., Ind., in 1855, where our subject was born and reared. He received a good education, completing it at

the Plainfield High School, and learned the art of telegraphy in the railroad office of that place, under the direction of Cyrus Green. After completing his studies he was employed in the railroad office at Brownstown, Ill., and in January, 1883, was transferred to Clayton, where, in addition to the duties of operator, he has charge of the passenger and freight departments of the railroad. He is also a silversmith by trade, and carries on a general repairing business when not engaged with the duties of his position.

William Little, deceased, was a native of Kentucky, born March 5, 1814, the third son of Alexander and Rachel Little, who were among the first settlers of Hendricks County, locating south of Cartersburg. After reaching manhood Mr. Little engaged in farming and stock-raising, and accumulated a large property, owning at the time of his death 430 acres of land, 150 acres being the homestead. He was married in 1840 to Sarah Downard, who died June 18, 1858, leaving seven children—Ann J., James A., Joseph K., Leonard W., Isabelle E., Cynthia E. and Clay M. In 1859 he married Mary E. Rarden, daughter of Asbury and Catherine Rarden, and to them was born one daughter—Hattie M., wife of Samuel Holderman, of Hendricks County. Mr. Little died Jan. 29, 1876. He was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and one of the most liberal and earnest workers at the time the church at Cartersburg was built. Mrs. Little has been a member of the same church twenty-five years.

Frank H. Martin, hardware merchant and dealer in agricultural implements, Clayton, Ind., is a native of Hendricks County, born Oct. 7, 1860, the eldest son of J. F. and Julia A. (Hunt) Martin, his father a native of Kentucky and his mother of Indiana. He spent his youth on his father's farm, receiving his early education in the district schools and later attending the Danville Normal School a year. After leaving school he engaged in the dry-goods business in Clayton a year, and in 1883 became established in his present business, locating on the west side of the square. His is the only exclusive hardware store in Clayton, and he has built up a good trade. He is a young man of strict business integrity and his close attention to his pursuits and fair dealing have won him many friends. He was married in 1883 to Laura V., daughter of Thomas A. Borders, of Hendricks County.

Charles W. McClure is a native of East Tennessee, born Sept. 2, 1826, the third son of a family of ten children of William and

Fanny (Rose) McClure, natives of Virginia. In the spring of 1830 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on a tract of wild land two miles southwest of Clayton. The mother died in the spring of 1850, and the following fall when the father was rolling logs the chain broke and a log fell on him, crushing him in such a manner that he lived only a few hours. Charles W. McClure was reared and educated in Hendricks County, remaining with his parents till manhood. He then engaged in farming at which he has been uniformly successful. He was married in 1851 to Edna Hiatt, daughter of Harmon and Martha (Boyd) Hiatt. After his marriage he went to Iowa and remained three years, and in 1854 returned to Hendricks County, and located on his present farm, which contains eighty acres of valuable land with a good residence and farm buildings. Mr. and Mrs. McClure have had six children—Laura E., wife of Melvin Harkrider; Elizabeth, wife of Reed Pick; Fannie V., Charles A., William A. and James W. Mr. McClure is a member of Clayton Lodge, No. 463, A. F. & A. M. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mrs. McClure's father, Harmon Hiatt, was born in Grayson County, Va., Nov. 20, 1796, and her mother, Martha Boyd, was born Aug. 18, 1792, a daughter of John Boyd, a hero of the Revolutionary war. They were married July 25, 1819, and in 1822 moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Guilford Township removing to Liberty Township in 1834. The father died in 1849, and the mother July 24, 1882. They had a family of eight children, five sons and three daughters, of whom two sons and one daughter are living, all in Indiana.

Amos D. McCormick, farmer and stock-raiser, Liberty Township, is a native of Fayette County, Ind., born near Connersville, Aug. 23, 1819, a son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Case) McCormick, his father a native of Pennsylvania, born in 1789, and his mother a native of Kentucky. Samuel McCormick moved with his parents to Ohio when a boy, and was there married. He located in Preble County after his marriage, and later moved to Butler County, and thence, in 1812, to Fayette County, Ind. He helped to build a fort on the present site of Connersville, but owing to Indian troubles returned to Ohio, but a year later moved again to Fayette County, and in 1820 to Indianapolis, where he cleared fifteen acres of land, which is now included in the public square. In 1836 he moved to Hendricks County, and settled near where our subject now lives. In 1864 he moved to Cartersburg, and in 1866 returned to the farm

where he died in June, 1867. His wife died in 1834. Their family consisted of eight sons and two daughters—John, Jacob, William, Dorcas, Archibald, Amos D., James, Thomas, Elizabeth, and a son not named, of whom but two sons are living. In 1838 he married Matilda Clark, who survived him till July, 1870, and to this union were born four children—Samuel L., Harvey, Virrinda and Riley. He was a member of the Baptist church, and for many years was a preacher in the denomination. Amos D. McCormick was reared in Marion County, Ind., and there received the greater part of his education, completing it in Hendricks County. Since reaching manhood he has given his attention to agricultural pursuits and now has a good farm of eighty-four acres. He was married in 1838 to Susannah Jordan, daughter of Aquila and Elizabeth Jordan, early settlers of Hendricks County, where the father died July 8, 1844, and the mother in December, 1864. To Mr. and Mrs. McCormick have been born two sons—Aquila S. and John W.

John Miles, a pioneer of Liberty Township, who has done much toward the development of this county, is a native of Pasquotank County, N. C., born Jan. 30, 1814, a son of Thomas and Sarah Miles. He was left an orphan at the age of seven years, when he was bound out to Thomas Pritchett, with whom he moved to Washington County, Ind. On account of the abuse he received from Pritchett he was released. He was bound out to another party to learn the blacksmith's trade, but not liking this pursuit he was again released. He then went to work on the farm of Thomas Irons for 25 cents per day, and at the end of three years he had saved from his earnings enough to enter eighty acres of land. He still continued to work for Mr. Irons, and at the end of four years became his partner, they engaging as contractors on what was the Clay County Canal, which they followed successfully about three years. He then bought 145 acres, on which he at present resides. He was married in the spring of 1840 to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John and Mary Hollingshead, when he settled with his bride on the farm, where they have since resided, their house being a small log cabin. Mr. Miles has been very successful in his farming pursuits, and by his industry and economy he has acquired a large property. He has provided for his family of three sons and three daughters, and still owns 1,500 acres of land. His surplus means he loans out to his neighbors. Beside his farming pursuits he at the same time traded in stock, dealing in cattle, hogs and

mules. This being before the days of railroads, his stock was driven to market on foot, over poor roads and in all kinds of weather. While not being a member of any church he has always been a liberal supporter of them, being among the most liberal contributors.

John A. Miles, one of the leading farmers of Liberty Township, was born on the old homestead in this township, Dec. 29, 1844, a son of John and Elizabeth (Hollingshead) Miles. He was reared on the farm, and received a good education, completing it at the High Schools of Belleville and Danville. Attaining his majority he began life for himself and engaged in farming and stock-raising. He has been one of the most successful stock-raisers of the county, and has a good grade of horses, cattle and hogs. His farm contains 700 acres of land, situated on the National Road, in a high state of cultivation. His residence, a large two-story brick, built in 1876, is a model of convenience and architectural beauty. His farm buildings are among the best in the township. Mr. Miles was married in 1873 to Flora, daughter of W. H. Fritts, of Owen County, Ind. They have four children—Victoria M., Nettie R., Mattie E. and John. Mr. Miles is a member of Belleville Lodge, No. 65, F. & A. M.

Thomas J. Miles, a prominent and successful farmer of Liberty Township, is a native of Hendricks County, born Sept. 24, 1842, the eldest son of John and Elizabeth (Hollingshead) Miles. His youth was spent in assisting his father on the farm, and three months of the year, when his services were not needed at home he attended the district schools. He remained with his parents till twenty-three years of age, when he began life for himself and engaged in farming and stock-raising. He has been successful and now owns 555 acres of choice land, and his stock are of the best grades. He was married in 1871 to Talitha Tudor, of Morgan County, Ind., and settled on the farm adjoining his present home. He afterward bought the 375 acres which comprises his homestead and built his brick residence, which is one of the best in the township, where he has lived since 1876. Mr. Miles is a liberal, public spirited and enterprising citizen and is one of the foremost to assist any laudable enterprise. In 1863 he enlisted in Company H, Fifty-fourth Indiana Infantry, and served his country four months. He has a family of five children—Horace G., Mary M., Jefferson W. T., Ruth A. and John R.

Risdon C. Moore, M. D., Belleville, Ind., is a native of North



Respectfully
A. E. Rogers
County Superintendent

Carolina, born in Guilford County, April 3, 1820, the youngest of ten children of Thomas and Ann K. (Goldberry) Moore, natives of Maryland. In 1830 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Guilford Township, where they lived till their death. He was reared on a pioneer farm, and in his youth attended the old log-cabin schools. When seventeen years of age he began the study of medicine with his brother, S. G. Moore, a physician of Belleville, and took his first course of lectures at the Kentucky Medical College, Louisville. He began his practice at Belleville, and in 1849 attended a course of lectures at Rush Medical College, Chicago, Ill., from which he graduated in 1850. He then returned to Belleville, where he has since lived and has built up a large practice. He has been a hard student and has excelled in his profession, having now a reputation second to none in the county. He was married in 1846 to Emeline Green, who died in 1856 leaving one daughter, now deceased. In 1860 he married Allie R. Banta, daughter of Cornelius Banta. To them have been born ten children. Dr. Moore is a member of Belleville Lodge, No. 65, F. & A. M. and Belleville Lodge, No. 205, I.O.O.F. He and his wife are member of the Christian church.

Addison E. Rogers, Superintendent of the public schools of Hendricks County, is a native of this county, born March 5, 1846, the youngest but one of nine children of Henry and Mary (Hadley) Rogers, natives of North Carolina, who settled in Liberty Township, Hendricks County, in 1844. His mother died in 1855. He was reared on a farm, attending in his boyhood the district schools and later the schools of Clayton and Danville Academy. Upon reaching his majority he began his career as a teacher, teaching his first school in Franklin Township, this county, in 1866–'67. He was a successful instructor and disciplinarian and gained an enviable reputation in his profession. In June, 1883, he was elected to his present position for a term of two years, and was re-elected in 1885. He gives his entire attention to the duties of his office and has elevated the grade of the schools of the county in a marked degree since holding the position of Superintendent, and his painstaking and efficient management is recognized by all interested in the welfare and advancement of the educational interests of the county. Mr. Rogers was married in 1867 to Miss Mary E. Henderson, daughter of William and Amanda Henderson of Hendricks County. He is a member of the Odd Fellows' fraternity and the Grand Army of the Republic.

Henry Rogers was born in Chatham County, N. C., Nov. 17, 1808, a son of Henry and Nancy Rogers, natives of Virginia, and grandson of Joseph Rogers. He remained with his parents till his marriage, when, having been reared to the life of a farmer, he engaged in the vocation for himself. In the fall of 1839 he moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on what is his present valuable farm, at that time a tract of timber land very little cleared. He bought 160 acres of land for $1,365, all on time, but by hard work and economy he succeeded in paying for it, and now has a competency for his declining years. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Hadley, died in 1850, leaving nine sons, seven of whom are living—Cyrus, born Nov. 12, 1830; George F., born Dec. 29, 1831; Zeno, Jan. 24, 1834 (now deceased); Thomas, Nov. 11, 1835; Job, Oct. 27, 1838; William, Sept. 13, 1840 (deceased); Solon R., June 2, 1843; Addison E., March 5, 1846; Moses C., June 18, 1848. He afterward married Elinor Lindley, a native of Chatham County, N. C., born in 1815. They have three children—Mary E., born June 8, 1854; Nancy J., born Feb. 16, 1856, and James H., born Jan. 20, 1860. In 1851 Mr. Rogers joined the society of Friends, his wife being a birthright member of that society.

Rev. John Rynerson, deceased, was born in Mercer County, Ky., Jan. 2, 1805. He spent his youth on a farm, obtaining a good education, and subsequently taught several terms of school. He moved to Hendricks County, Ind., when a young man, and located in Belleville, and was one of the contractors of the National Road. He subsequently returned to Kentucky, but four years later came again to Hendricks County, where, having entered the ministry of the Baptist church, he was instrumental in establishing the church of his choice. He again located in Belleville, and organized a church, of which he was pastor several years. He died in 1864, having lived a useful life, and endeared himself to the hearts of the people he served. He was twice married. His first wife, Elizabeth Cunningham, whom he married in Kentucky, died in 1850. They had a family of eleven children. In 1851 he married Sarah Goss, daughter of George and Mary (Arnold) Goss, early settlers of Owen County, from North Carolina. The Goss family were the first settlers of the town which bears their name. To the second marriage of Mr. Rynerson were born five children, four of whom are living—George G., Jessie F., wife of Winfield Eaton, of Morgan County, Ind., Merlin M. and Eddie V. Mrs. Ryner-

son lives on the old homestead which before its subdivision contained 240 acres of valuable land. She is a member of the Missionary Baptist church.

William Shepherd, a successful farmer of Liberty Township, was born in Fleming County, Ky., Feb. 28, 1828, the fifth of ten children of Solomon and Margaret (Tout) Shepherd, natives of the same county, of English parentage. In the fall of 1833 his parents moved to Hendricks County, and settled a mile south of Danville, but a year later bought eighty acres of wild land of Richard Thompson, three miles south of Danville. This land they cleared and cultivated and made their home the rest of their lives. The father died in August, 1851, aged sixty-three years, and the mother in 1860 aged sixty years. They were earnest Christians, members of the Methodist Episcopal church. But four of their ten children are living. William Shepherd was five years of age when his parents moved to Hendricks County, and was reared on a frontier farm, his youth being spent in assisting his father in the work of clearing and cultivating his land. The first school he attended was taught in a log cabin, and was of the most primitive sort. His education was limited, as schools were few in the county at that time and his services were required on the farm. He remained at home till his twenty-third year, when he was married to Melissa Downs, daughter of Daniel and Mary Downs, of North Carolina, but later of Hendricks County. After his marriage he settled on the farm where he has since lived, which at that time was mostly unimproved. He has cleared his land, and now has a good farm of forty acres, with a pleasant residence and comfortable farm buildings. To Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd have been born three children; but two are living—Sarah A., wife of A. H. Terhune, and Cora A., wife of William Weesner. In politics Mr. Shepherd is a Republican. He was elected Justice of the Peace in 1880, but refused to qualify. He and his wife are members of the Missionary Baptist church.

Amos Stewart Wills, one of the pioneers of Hendricks County, was born in Montgomery County, Ky., Jan. 1, 1809, the eldest of four children of Michael and Elizabeth Wills. His parents were natives of Maryland. They moved to Kentucky in a very early day where the father died, leaving our subject to the care of a widowed mother when a mere child. His youth was passed on a farm and in attending school. When he grew to manhood he worked at the carpenter's trade in connection with farming. He

was married May 12, 1831, to Miss Lucinda D. Tatman, of Montgomery County, Ky. Sept. 1, 1831, they started for Hendricks County, Ind., in a wagon drawn by oxen, arriving at their destination on the 15th of the same month. He had previously sent $100 to his uncle, John Darnell, who entered eighty acres of land for him. He then purchased another tract of eighty acres in Liberty Township and proceeded to clear his farm, on which he resided about forty years, his farm at that time containing 240 acres. He then disposed of this land, and bought his present little farm of seventeen and a half acres, with good brick residence, just beyond the town limits of Clayton. Mr. Wills was first elected Justice of the Peace in 1840 and served five years when he was appointed Assessor of Hendricks County. In 1852 he was again elected Justice of the Peace, which office he has held to the present time, serving as such in all thirty-eight years. To Mr. and Mrs. Wills have been born thirteen children, of whom five sons and three daughters are living. This old couple have lived contentedly together for over fifty years and together they experienced all phases of pioneer life. They are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Wills has been a member of the Masonic fraternity since 1847. In politics he was a Whig, and on the organization of the Republicans he affiliated with that party. He is a strong temperance advocate.



CHAPTER XVII.

LINCOLN TOWNSHIP.

GEOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION.—PIONEER HISTORY.—FIRST RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—TOWNSHIP JUSTICES, CONSTABLES, TRUSTEES AND ASSESSORS.—STATISTICS OF PROPERTY AND TAXATION.—BROWNSBURG.—BUSINESS, CHURCHES, LODGES, ETC.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Lincoln, one of the smallest townships in the county, is bounded on the north by Middle and Brown, on the east by Marion County, on the south by Washington, and on the west by Middle. It was organized by act of the county commissioners in 1863, by a division of Brown Township into two very near equal parts. The surface of Lincoln is almost a level plain, except in the western part, along White Lick, where the land is broken and rolling. The land along the stream is rich. The level portion has a very diversified soil; the black alluvial part is very rich and productive, while some of its clay soil is third rate in its advantages for production.

FIRST EVENTS.

The first settlement in the territory of Lincoln Township was made by James Brown, in the autumn of 1824. Previous to 1830 the following came: G. W. Tyler, William Harris, Daniel and Thomas Newman, Daniel Brown, William Merritt, Robison Turpin, Caleb Shirley, John Given, Larkin Dollahite, James Shirley and Thomas Nash; also Harvey and T. H. Barlow, who settled with their father Enoch just outside the limits of Brownsburg, in 1828. In 1830 and soon after Asa McDaniel and sons, Joel Smith and sons and Peter Metsker settled in the neighborhood of Brownsburg.

The first Justice of the Peace was Edward Railsback.

Swaim's tavern, on the road two miles east of Brownsburg, was a general resort for many years, especially for those of the settlers who were convivially inclined.

In the year 1828 or '29, the Regular Baptists built a church at the cross-roads south of Thomas Newham's, in which Archibald Thorne taught, in the same year, the first school in the township. Thomas Newham, D. D. Brown, V. J. Brown, William Harris, Mrs. Rice and some others were pupils of this school. The next school district organized was near Brownsburg, where Jesse Smith taught first in 1832, in the log house which still stands at the toll gate, one-half mile west of town. Rev. Thomas Sparks began his education at this school. The church organized in the meeting house just referred to was the first church organization in the township, and among the earliest of Hendricks County. This congregation worshiped here for several years, and then built them a new house on the farm of Mr. Swaim, the proximity of which to a tavern proved disastrous to the morals of many of the brethren, and the congregation was dissolved and re-organized at Salem, three miles below, where the church still exists.

POLITICAL.

In politics Lincoln was Republican until about fifteen years ago, since when it has gone Democratic. Following is the vote for President at each election:

1864—Abraham Lincoln	147	54	1880—Winfield S. Hancock	188	49
George B. McClellan	93		James A. Garfield	139	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant	168	24	James B. Weaver	7	
Horatio Seymour	144		1884—Grover Cleveland	195	25
1872—Ulysses S. Grant	168	3	James G. Blaine	170	
Horace Greeley	165		Benjamin F. Butler	13	
1876—Samuel J. Tilden	209	42			
Rutherford B. Hayes	167				
Peter Cooper	8				

OFFICIAL.

Following are the names of those who have been elected to the more important township offices, with the years in which they were chosen:

Justices of the Peace: Jacob P. Welshans and William M. Brown, 1863; Harrison S. Turpin, 1865; W. E. Brumfield and William Hylton, 1866; Thomas W. Morgan and John W. Smith, 1867; Robison Turpin, 1868; Isaac C. Nash, 1869; William B. Hoagland and Jacob Miller, 1870; Israel L. C. Bray, 1872; Isaac W. Gray, 1874; Joseph M. Tolle, 1876; Isaac W. Gray, 1878; Joseph M. Tolle, 1880; Charles W. Tyler, 1882; Joseph M. Tolle and Robert Miller, 1884.

Constables: William P. Jones and Israel L. C. Bray, 1863;

Will Rob. Smith and Israel L. C. Bray, 1864; Heath and Henry Stewart, 1865; H. R. Barlow and Thomas W. Wingate, 1866; John Davidson and Josiah McDaniel, 1867; Josiah McDaniel and John Rainey, 1868; Benjamin F. Logan and Simeon Tharpe, 1869; H. G. Turpin and Robert A. Watts, 1870; Benjamin F. Logan and Daniel South, 1872; Redding Bray and Charles Ridgeway, 1874; Benjamin F. Logan and Redding Bray, 1876; William J. Eblin and John Garvey, 1878; Edward Hughes and Solomon B. McClain, 1880; Philip E. Stevensonand Benjamin F. Anderson, 1882; Everson Eaton, Horace Cook and Thomas Gorner, 1884.

Trustees: Simpson B. Darnell, 1863; Lewis S. Hunter, 1864; Jesse R. Cope, 1865-'66; John W. Parker, 1867-'68; James A. C. Dobson, 1869-'70; John W. Parker, 1872-'76; Stephen H. Thomas, 1878; Albert W. Davidson, 1880-'82; J. F. Lingeman, 1884.

Assessors: Robert V. Franklin, 1870; John S. McClain, 1872; William G. Mitchell, 1874; John W. Davidson, 1876-'78; Theodore Stout, 1880; Alvin M. Brown, 1882.

CENSUS REPORT.

By the census of 1880, the population of Lincoln Township was 1,610. The following statistics of property and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 14,812.64; value of same, $400,525; value of improvements, $132,483; value of lots, $16,558; value of improvements, $28,377; value of personalty, $228,692; total taxables, $806.35; polls, 279; dogs, 174; State tax, $1,107.45; county tax, $2,416.60; township tax, $632.37; tuition tax, $870.24; special school tax, $1,224.92; road tax, $1,264.74; endowment tax, $40.32; bridge tax, $806.64; total tax, $10,595.11; delinquent tax, $1,128.22.

BROWNSBURG.

The village of Brownsburg, with 800 inhabitants, is on section 11, in the northern part of the township, and is a station on the I., B. & W. Railroad. It was laid out by William Harris in 1835, and named by him Harrisburg, but the name was changed to Brownsburg when the postoffice was established. B. M. Logan was the first merchant at Brownsburg.

Brownsburg was incorporated in 1848, in which year the Board of Commissioners of Hendricks County ordered the following officers elected: Chairman, clerk and five trustees. The election was held June 24, 1848, and resulted in the choice of the following: Chairman, Henry H. Moore; Clerk, T. J. White; Trustees:

First Ward, William M. Dinwiddie; Second Ward, T. J. White; Third Ward, Sam Betts; Fourth Ward, Gaten Mcnifee; Fifth Ward, James Davidson. Ten votes only were cast at this first election.

The corporation died after some years, but in 1870 it was revived.

Brownsburg's business firms in 1885 are:

Mrs. T. D. Anderson, millinery; T. D. Anderson, blacksmith; James Bonney, druggist; Bell & Watts, hardware; O. F. Brown, wagon-maker and blacksmith; A. G. Bohannon, livery; Cook & Co., saw-mill and fence factory; Owen Clark, shoe shop; Cope & Hunt, general store; John Dugan, grocery; W. F. Dinwiddie, grocery and postoffice; Ellis Bros., tile factory; Grandison Eaton, brick yard, Charles Forshee, wagon-maker and blacksmith; M. D. Green, druggist; J. W. Griffith, barber; James Hogan, grocer; Mrs. Hunt, millinery and dress-making; E. C. Keen, meat market; Joseph H. Kelley, barber; Mary Langsdale, dress-making; O. D. Lumkins, furniture and undertaking; Charles Miller, shoe shop; S. W. McDonald & Bro., general store; Thomas O'Day, grocer; Malachi Quinn, grocer; D. W. Sparks, grocer; Smith & Hawkins, grist and saw mill; C. L. Tomlinson, livery; J. M. Toll, general store; Samuel W. Watts, grocer; Hugh Young, grocer.

The medical profession is represented by Joel T. Barker, A. W. Davidson, T. A. Graham and J. L. Marsh (Hom.). The attorneys are J. H. Johnson, John R. Jones and John R. Sheehan.

RELIGIOUS.

Christian Church.—The oldest and leading church in Brownsburg, and the second formed in the township, is the Christian, which was organized in 1835, by Thomas Lockhart, with seventeen members. John L. Parker and V. Cress were the elders. The society now uses a brick church built in 1859, at a cost of $1,500. It will accommodate 400 people. The membership is very large—about 250. Services are held monthly, Rev. Mr. Gilchrist, of Irvington, being the present pastor. He was preceded by J. V. Ludwig, of Greencastle, A. J. Frank, of Greencastle, and John Camfield, of Indianapolis. The present Elders and Overseers are: J. A. C. Dobson and B. O. Davidson; Clerk, L. S. Hunter; Deacons, Charles Tyler, Theodore Crull, Charles Harmon and Everett Hopkins. The Sunday-school has 100 members, and is in charge of Jesse R. Cope.

The Methodist Episcopal Church was the second organized in

the village. They have a brick church, which is about ten years old. The society, however, is small, and not in a prosperous condition. The oldest member living is Mrs. Forshee. Occasional services are now held by Rev. Mr. Warren, of Clermont. Revs. I. P. Patch, T. M. Webb and John B. Demott have filled the pulpit here during the last few years.

The Presbyterian Church was organized by George Long, who raised money to build a church in 1865. This cost $2,300. Among those who have served as pastors here are Revs. Beach, McKee, and Mayo. The pulpit at present is filled by Rev. H. L. Dickerson. The membership of the society is about twenty.

St. Malachy's Catholic Church's oldest record bears date Aug. 26, 1867, and was made by Rev. D. J. McMullen, through whose exertions the church was built. Very Rev. Aug. Bessonies was there Feb. 20, 1869, and the first resident priest commenced his labors there Oct. 20, 1869. He was succeeded, after a time, by Rev. Dennis O'Donovan. The latter served some years at this point, and then exchanged with Rev. Thomas Logan, of Greencastle, where he remained a year or two. Returning in 1877 he found the parish in debt for certain improvements made by Father Logan, and O'Donovan denied the validity of the debt. Bishop Chatard took the opposite view, and to secure the creditors gave a mortgage on the church property. Father O'Donovan contested the right of the Bishop to mortgage the property, but the court decided for the Bishop. The latter then asked, and obtained from the Supreme Court, a writ of ejectment against the priest, who also lost a subsequent suit for $50,000 damages for loss of employment, etc. During these troubles, mass was regularly held at private houses or in a rented hall, by Revs. Patrick Shepherd, Casper Seiler, Charles Curran and E. J. Spelman. The last named is the present pastor, and came here in April, 1881. Father Spelman was born in Cincinnati, Sept. 28, 1850; was ordained priest by Bishop de St. Palais at New Albany, April 3, 1873; was assistant priest at St. John's Church, Indianapolis, until January, 1875, and pastor at Rushville till July 26, 1880, when sickness compelled him to resign. He then remained at Indianapolis until appointed to this charge. His congregation includes eighty-five families. Services are held every Sunday.

SOCIETIES.

Brownsburg Lodge, No. 188, *I. O. O. F.*, was organized in

1857. Of the members of that organization, there are now living Jacob P. Welshans, J. H. McQuown (charter members), J. A. C. Dobson, Hughes White, Isaac Long and S. W. Potts. The lodge ceased meeting at the opening of the civil war, but was revived in 1866, since when it has prospered. It has now forty members, and meets at Odd Fellows Hall every Wednesday night. The present officers are: S. W. Watts, N. G.; E. C. Keen, V. G.; A. N. Crouch, Sec.; J. H. McQuown, Treas.; J. A. C. Dobson, T. H. Barlow and J. H. Johnson, Trustees.

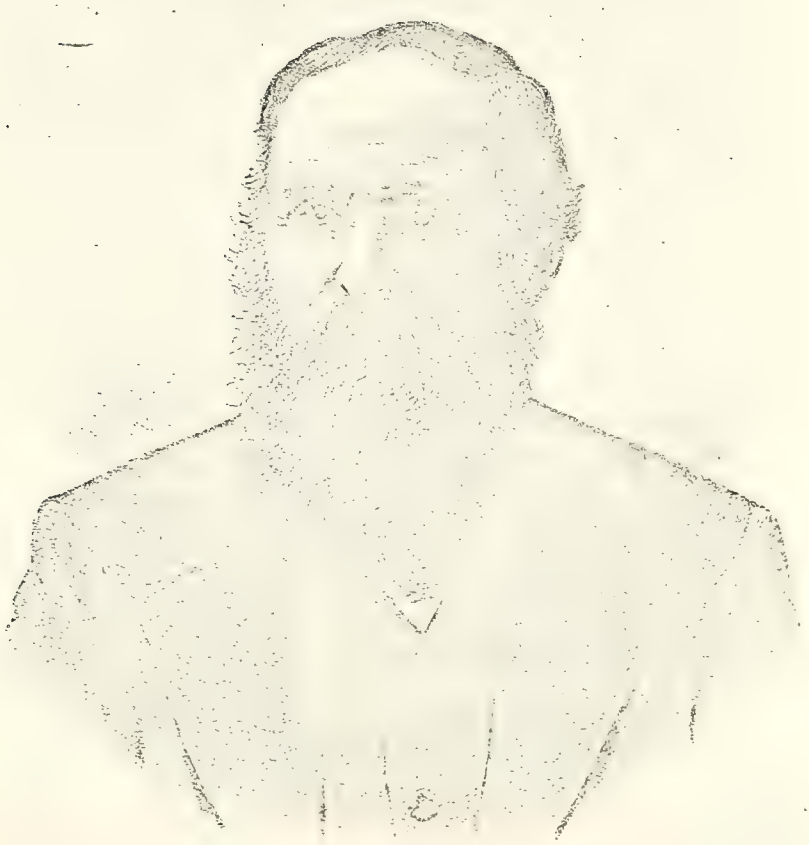
Brownsburg Lodge, No. 241, *F. & A. M.*, was organized in 1859, with the following members: J. T. Davidson, H. W. White, J. P. Welshans, William Harris, William McDaniel, Joseph Holloway and S. M. Potts. The lodge now has a membership of from sixty-five to seventy, and meets at Masonic Hall on Thursday evening on or before each full moon. The officers are: B. P. Jones, W. M.; John Ridgeway, S. W.; J. H. Johnson, J. W.; C. W. Tyler, Treas.; J. M. Tolle, Sec.; James Ellis, S. D.; A. B. Smith, J. D.; Horace Cook, Tyler.

John A. Hollett Post, No. 242, *G. A. R.*, was mustered in the fall of 1883, with eleven members, and named after a gallant soldier of the Seventy-ninth Indiana. It has now a membership of about thirty, and meets the first and third Tuesday of each month at Grand Army Hall. The present officers are: W. A. Ellis, Com.; Nathan Cook, S. V. C.; J. T. B. Hollett, J. V. C.; Sidney Cook, Q. M.; S. W. Watts, Adj.; G. W. McCrory, O. D.; J. A. C. Dobson, Chap.; Horace Cook, O. G.

The Trustees of the village of Brownsburg for 1885 are Robert Bell, James Bonney and A. W. Davidson. The School Trustees are Dr. J. T. Barker, F. M. Hughes and Jesse R. Cope.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

John C. Adams, deceased, was born June 19, 1817, in Harrison County, Ky. When a boy he came with his parents, James and Eleanor Adams, to Putnam County, Ind., where he was married Sept. 29, 1847, to Sarah E. Park, a daughter of John and Melinda Park, of Putnam County, formerly of Kentucky. To Mr. and Mrs. Adams were born nine children—Malinda E., Sarah J., Francis N., John A., Margaret E., Dulcena, James M., Letha H. and Mary E. Margaret E. and Dulcena are deceased. Mr. Adams's death occurred in August, 1865. He was a kind husband and father and was universally respected. His widow still resides on the



S. Harrison. Barlow

home farm which contains eighty acres. She is a member of the Christian church.

Theophilus H. Barlow was born in Harrison County, Ky., Feb. 1, 1820, a son of Enoch and Jane Barlow. In 1828 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in the northern part of Washington Township, on land entered by his father in 1826. He is the only one living of a family of twelve children. He was reared and educated in Hendricks County, and is now one of the leading agriculturists of Lincoln Township. He owns 223 acres of land, all under cultivation, and his improvements are among the best in the township. He was married Aug. 24, 1842, to Susan A., daughter of John and Elizabeth Moberly, early settlers of Hendricks County. They have had eleven children, two of whom are living—Mary A., now Mrs. Robert Bell, of Brownsburg, and Abbie Z. Mrs. Bell has nine children—Clyde W., Lloyd T., Ernest E. and Grace I. (twins), Nellie S., Charles H., Zoe M., Estelle C. and Clara P. Eliza J., wife of Aaron N. Crouch, died Dec. 25, 1879, leaving three children—Estella May, William H. and Joanah S. Enoch M. died March 6, 1870, aged twenty-two years. Theophilus died Oct. 4, 1863, aged nine years. William Harvey died Sept. 4, 1864, aged seven years. Gillum L. was killed by a run-away team May 29, 1871, aged ten years. Charles A. died Feb. 1, 1881, aged sixteen years. Three died in infancy. Mr. Barlow and his family are members of the Presbyterian church, which he has served as Elder twenty-five years. He is a member of Brownsburg Lodge, No. 188, I. O. O. F. In politics he is a Republican.

Volney J. Brown was born Feb. 1, 1817, in Scott County, Ky., a son of Daniel and Elizabeth Brown, natives of New Jersey and Delaware respectively. They moved to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1828, and settled in Lincoln Township where the father entered 160 acres of timber land, and endured many discomforts in his pioneer home. To his parents were born ten children, but two now living—Volney J. and George. Volney J. came to this county with his parents when a boy and was here reared to manhood. He has worked at the carpenter's trade for many years, but his chief occupation through life has been farming, and he now owns a good farm of 140 acres, under a high state of cultivation. March 25, 1841, he was married to Susan Butler, born in Franklin County, Ind., April 12, 1816, a daughter of William and Nancy Butler. They have had five children—William M., Isaac H. (deceased),

Ellis E., Jane V. and Lazena (deceased). Mr. and Mrs. Brown are members of the Christian church.

John Corliss, son of Michael and Hannah Corliss, is a native of County Galway, Ireland. When he was about fifteen years of age he immigrated to America, and settled in Hendricks County, Ind. He has always followed farming pursuits and now owns a good farm of ninety-six acres, situated in Union Township, this county. He was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Greeley, a daughter of John and Bridget Greeley, and to them were born nine children, six of whom survive. Those living are—Michael, John, Mary T., Thomas, Delia and Patrick. Mr. Corliss is a consistent member of the Roman Catholic church. In politics he is a Democrat.

Mrs. Maria Davis, daughter of Daniel and Annie (Smith) Newham, was born Oct. 16, 1818, in Scott County, Ky. When very young she removed with her parents to Hendricks County, Ind., where she was reared. April 16, 1840, she was married in this county to Thornton F. Gorham and to them were born six children—John A., Daniel S., William, Thomas J., Priscilla and Thornton. Thomas J. is deceased. Mr. Gorham died in January, 1853, and our subject was again married, this time to James Davis, in August, 1860. Mr. Davis died in December, 1878, leaving Mrs. Davis owner of a good farm of 100 acres in Lincoln Township. Mrs. Davis is a member of the Regular Baptist church.

Benjamin O. Davison was born Oct. 2, 1833, in Hamilton County, Ohio, a son of Robert and Mary Davison, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Kentucky. In 1837 they came to Hendricks County, Ind., from Ohio, settling near Brownsburg where his father entered 160 acres of uncultivated land. Here they experienced some of the discomforts of pioneer life. Seven children were born to them of whom four are living—Sarah A., Margaret E., John W. and our subject. The latter was reared on a farm in this county. He was married April 10, 1856, to Theressa Shirley, daughter of William P. Shirley, an early settler of Hendricks County. They have three children—William P., Thomas J. and Carrie E. Mr. Davison lived on his farm, one mile north of Brownsburg, until the fall of 1881, when he retired to Brownsburg. He owns a good farm of 125 acres, all under a high state of cultivation. For several years he has served as Elder in the Christian church. Politically he is practically independent.

Grandison Eaton is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Sept. 13, 1837, a son of Greenup and Mahala Eaton, early settlers

of Hendricks County from Kentucky. He was reared and educated in his native county and in his youth learned the bricklayer's trade, which he has followed the greater part of the time, and at one time was engaged in contracting and built some of the best houses in the township. He owns a fine farm of 100 acres, which he superintends in addition to working at his trade. In August, 1861, Mr. Eaton enlisted in Company B, Seventh Indiana Infantry, and served till August, 1864. He participated in some of the most important battles of the war, among them being Greenbriar, Winchester, Cedar Mountain, second Bull Run, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Petersburg and Spottsylvania Court-House. In January, 1865, Mr. Eaton was married to Mary F. Lawler, of Hendricks County. They are members of the Christian church. Mr. Eaton has been a member of the Village Council three years.

John W. Griffith, one of the prominent business men of Brownsburg, was born in Putnam County, Ind., March 10, 1835, a son of Samuel and Camelia R. (Witty) Griffith. His father was one of the pioneers of Putnam County, locating there in 1820. He died at Vicksburg, Miss., of cholera in 1837. The mother is now the wife of John Conley, of Franklin County, Ill. When fourteen years of age our subject began to work as a farm hand which he continued two years. When sixteen years old he went to Greencastle and began learning the barber's trade, serving an apprenticeship of three years. He then worked as a journeyman about ten years visiting mainly the towns on the Mississippi River. He has been a resident of Brownsburg since 1876, where he has built up a good trade. He is thoroughly conversant with all branches of his trade in addition to which he carries a stock of jewelry and does a watch-repairing business. Mr. Griffith was married Nov. 18, 1863, to Rebecca Steepleton, of Edgar County, Ill. Of the eight children born to them but two, the eldest and youngest, are living—Camelia E. and Carl. Mr. Griffith enlisted in July, 1861, in Company C, Eighth Illinois Infantry, and participated in the battles of Fort Donelson, Vicksburg Raymond, Jackson and others of less importance. He was a faithful soldier and was honorably discharged in August, 1864. Before the war he was a Democrat in politics but since the war has given his suffrage to the Republican party and is one of the most earnest workers in its ranks. He is a member of the Christian church.

James G. Hoadley was born in September, 1824, in New Haven

County, Conn., a son of Alvah and Aurelia Hoadley, who moved to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1838, and the following spring settled in Lincoln Township. Mr. Hoadley was reared on a farm and received but a limited education. He has been a resident of this township since coming here with his parents in 1839, with the exception of one year spent at Pittsboro, and one year at Amo, where he was engaged in the mercantile business. He was married in August, 1846, to Miss Elizabeth Larsh, of this county, formerly of Kentucky. They have four children—Alva T., Sarah E., Cerena and Mary. Mr. Hoadley is one of Lincoln Township's leading farmers. He owns 193 acres of land in this county and eighty acres in La Porte County. In politics he casts his suffrage with the Democratic party. He is a member of the Christian church.

Wiley G. Hull, son of Jesse and Mary Hull, was born May 11, 1840, near Zanesville, Ohio. His parents had a family of eight children of whom only two survive—Wiley G. and Giles. Wiley G. was brought to Indiana by his parents at a very early age, and when he was nine years of age he was left an orphan. He then lived with Dr. Levi Ritter, of Pleasant Garden, Putnam County, for several years, and at the age of fourteen he began to learn the blacksmith's trade with William Wilkin, of Plainfield, Hendricks County, with whom he remained several years. In September, 1861, he enlisted at St. Louis in the Second Missouri Cavalry and participated in numerous battles and skirmishes, among which were Chattanooga, Prairie-De-Hand, Little Missouri, Selma, Kirkville and Memphis. He was slightly wounded during the campaign and his constitution was greatly impaired. He was honorably discharged in September, 1865. Jan. 25, 1866, he was married to Jane Walker, a daughter of Joseph Walker (deceased). Nine children have been born to them, six now living—Sarah L., Wade, Ollie, Haskett, Oscar and Ada. Flora, Iva and Laura are deceased. Mr. Hull is at present living on his farm in the northeast part of Lincoln Township. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He also belongs to the Christian church.

William Hylton, a prominent farmer and stock-raiser of Lincoln Township, was born in Grayson County, Va., July 5, 1829, a son of Samuel and Elizabeth Hylton, natives of Virginia. His parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1835, and for a short time lived near Cartersburg, then removed to Washington Township where the father died in January, 1842. Of a family of six chil-

dren, but two are living—William and Tamanda J. Wesley, Eli, Stephen and Nancy E. are deceased. William Hylton was reared and educated in Hendricks County. His early life was spent on a farm and since attaining manhood he has engaged in agricultural pursuits. He owns a fine farm of 160 acres and his residence and farm buildings are comfortable and commodious. He was married in September, 1850, to Margaret J. Barlow, daughter of John and Martha Barlow, early settlers of Montgomery County. To them have been born nine children, but five of whom are living—Theodra A., Viola, Lillie B., Maggie and William H. Charles W., John S., Martha and Mary E. are deceased. Mr. Hylton has been prominently identified with the Presbyterian church many years, and is serving as Deacon and Elder at the present time. He has served as Commissioner of Hendricks County three years.

William M. Jenkins was born in Guilford County, N. C., Oct. 15, 1833, a son of John and Rebecca Jenkins, early settlers of Hendricks County. He was reared on a farm, receiving a good education in the public schools. He remained at home till April, 1861, when he enlisted in Company A, Seventh Indiana Infantry, and served three months. In February, 1862, he enlisted in the Sixty-third Indiana Infantry and served till the following August, when he was discharged on account of ill-health. He then returned to Hendricks County, and has since devoted his attention to agriculture. He has a good farm of seventy-five acres on section 22, Lincoln Township, all under cultivation. Mr. Jenkins was married in January, 1863, to Hannah L. Reed, who died in March, 1867, leaving two children—Luella W. and John L. In November, 1876, he married Elizabeth J., daughter of James W. and Rachel Townsend, of Fountain County, Ind. To them have been born three children—George M., Katie A. and Susan L. Mrs. Jenkins is a member of the Presbyterian church.

Dr. John L. Marsh was born in Brown Township, Hancock County, Dec. 27, 1851. His father, Jonas Marsh, was one of the first settlers of the county having moved from East Tennessee to the county in 1837 and lived continuously upon the same farm until his death in 1877. During this time he helped to clear the forests, drain the swamps, make roads and convert the wilderness into broad grain fields. He reared a large family of children and gave them a liberal education. Some are graduates of Asbury University and all have occupied prominent positions in the social and political affairs of the county. One son has been County

Clerk eight years and is now a prominent attorney at Greenfield; another son is an attorney, and the youngest is a physician, the others being farmers. To his children he bequeathed a record of a sterling character and Quaker honesty which he in turn received from his father who was a Quaker of the strictest faith. John L. Marsh, the youngest son, at the age of eighteen entered the office of Dr. William Trees as a medical student. In 1872 and 1873 he attended a course of lectures in the Louisville Medical College and was in attendance at the United States Marine Hospital for the remainder of the year. The next year he attended the Ohio Medical College receiving the degree of M. D. at the close of the term. He was the youngest member of the graduating class being just twenty-one years old. After leaving college, in 1874, he located in Warrington, Hancock County, and commenced practice with his preceptor. In 1877 he moved to Greenfield where most of his relatives lived, and where he built up a fine practice. Not being satisfied he determined to move to Indianapolis but friends persuaded him to go to Brownsburg as it was close to the city and otherwise desirable. This he did in the fall of 1881, and has practiced medicine at this place for the past four years. During this time he has enjoyed a fine practice built up among strangers and without assistance, opposed by the local profession on account of his liberal ideas and belief in progressive medicine, as his idea of medical practice is to use any remedy in any manner that will most speedily cure disease and relieve suffering. In 1879 he commenced the publication of a medical journal at Greenfield, devoted to liberal medicine. This proved a success and soon gained a good circulation. The next year it was moved to Indianapolis where it is still being published with some modifications by its original editor in conjunction with other parties. The office of publication is 118 North Illinois street, at which place the Doctor has a consultation office. In 1883 the Beach Medical College was organized on a liberal basis, and the chair of physiology was given to Dr. Marsh, which position he still retains, as the college has proven a success financially and otherwise. The Doctor's motto of professional life has been to be honest and upright with his patrons and to never slander or speak slightingly of other practitioners but to attend strictly to his own business. The Doctor's social life has been a pleasant one. In 1875 he married Laura E. Trees, daughter of John W. Trees, of Warrington, Ind., who has contributed largely to his success in life. She

attends to her domestic duties to the almost entire exclusion of fashionable life and sees that home is what it should be. During the ten years of married life three children have been born to them. Florence, the eldest, died at the age of four years and this was the greatest affliction the family has sustained as she was a child of unusual promise. Mabel, the next, is now five years old and is a beautiful and intelligent child, having her mind enriched by travel and contact with people until her knowledge is greater than many grown people. Katie is the baby and bids fair to make another Florence. The Doctor each year leaves the cares of business and with his family takes a trip to some of the fishing resorts and spends a few days in boyhood pleasures and takes a renewed lease on life. They have a nice residence with his office near by, in one of the best localities in Brownsburg.

James M. Metsker was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Feb. 3, 1856, a son of Peter and Elizabeth Metsker, pioneers of this county. He was reared and educated in his native county and since attaining manhood has devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits, owning now a fine farm, on section 28, Lincoln Township. Mr. Metsker was married April 14, 1880, to Mira A. Barlow, daughter of Harvey and Sarah J. Barlow. To them have been born three children—Robert L., Eva M. and Alpha G. Mr. and Mrs. Metsker are members of the Presbyterian church, and among the prominent young people of Lincoln Township.

William H. H. Metsker is a native of Hendricks County, born April 3, 1849, a son of Peter and Elizabeth Metsker, his father a native of Ohio and his mother of Delaware. His parents were early settlers of Hendricks County and were prominent in assisting in its development. His father died in December, 1884, and his mother is still a resident of Lincoln Township. They had a family of eight children, but four of whom are living—John T., William H. H., James M. and Mary. W. H. H. Metsker was reared a farmer, a vocation he has followed since attaining manhood. He has been successful in his pursuits and now owns 165½ acres of valuable land on section 22, Lincoln Township. He was married Dec. 21, 1871, to Melinda J. Merritt, daughter of George W. Merritt, of Washington Township. They have six children—Nora M., Cora E., Ora L., Mary E., Lillie M. and Charles O. Mr. and Mrs. Metsker are members of the Presbyterian church.

Isaac C. Nash, a pioneer of Lincoln Township, was born March 27, 1817, in Madison County, Ohio. His parents were Thomas

and Hannah Nash, natives of Pennsylvania and Virginia respectively. They emigrated to Indiana in 1825, and lived one year in Marion County. They then came to Hendricks County, locating on White Lick Creek in Lincoln Township, where they entered eighty acres of land. About 1845 they moved to Missouri, remaining there till their death. Of the nine children born to them six are living—Margaret, Elizabeth, Isaac C., Mary S., Sarah A. and Daniel. George, Richard and Jeremiah are deceased. Our subject came to this county with his parents when a boy and was here reared to maturity. He was first married Jan. 28, 1841, to Cilicia Wilson, daughter of William and Nancy Wilson. They have had nine children—William J., Mary E., Clarinda, Thomas J., Edward F., George A., Cilicia, John and Albertus. John and Albertus are deceased. Mrs. Nash died Dec. 13, 1860, and Mr. Nash was again married in April, 1864, to Eliza J. Faucett, daughter of Joseph and Rebecca Faucett, early settlers of Hendricks County. In 1843 Mr. Nash settled on section 2, this township, and now owns 220 acres of land. He is a member of the Presbyterian church and has served as Elder several years. His wife is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Charles W. Neal, a prominent farmer of Lincoln Township, was born in Bourbon County, Ky., March 29, 1834, a son of Nathaniel and Sallie Neal. His mother died when he was a year old, and when he was nine his father died. His early life was spent in his native State and in Illinois, and in 1864 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and located in the southern part of Lincoln Township where he has since lived. He owns a large farm of 400 acres, and his improvements are unexcelled in this county. Mr. Neal was married July 4, 1861, to Emma S. Bradley, of Kentucky. Four children have been born to them—Tabner, Claude, Forest, and Lorenzo; the latter is deceased. In politics Mr. Neal is a Democrat.

Thomas Newham, a pioneer of Lincoln Township, was born Oct. 30, 1816, in Scott County, Ky., a son of Daniel and Annie Newham, the former a native of Maryland, and the latter of North Carolina. In the fall of 1826 his parents moved to Hendricks County from Marion County, Ind., where they had located a short time. They then settled on section 20, Lincoln Township, where they lived till their death, and where our subject yet resides. Here he was reared to manhood, receiving but little education, as his services were required on the farm. He now has a good farm of

130 acres of land under a high state of cultivation. In 1844 he was married to Miss Nancy Turner, of Boone County, and to them were born two children, both of whom are deceased. Mrs. Newham died in 1849, and he was married to Miss Nancy (Larimore) Morgan, of Marion County. Of eight children born to them only one survives—Robert F. Mr. Newham has held the office of School Director.

John K. Y. Patterson, son of Francis and Margaret (Ross) Patterson, was born in Fleming County, Ky., Feb. 7, 1813. His parents moved with their family to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1835, remaining here till their death. Of their family of five children, but two survive—John K. Y. and Susan. John K. Y. was married in August, 1835, to Miss Arie Shockley, daughter of James B. Shockley, of Fleming County, Ky. To them have been born ten children—James H., Francis M., William E., John W., Silas, Rosanna, Esther, Margaret E. (deceased), America and Carrie. Mr. Patterson saw much of pioneer life in his youth. He has been engaged in agricultural pursuits from his youth and has met with success. He has a farm of 196 acres of land, and resides in the western part of Lincoln Township.

Emanuel Prebster was born June 15, 1813, in Scioto County, Ohio. His parents were John and Christena Prebster, natives of Germany. They were the parents of six children, of whom three are living—Reuben, Christian, and Emanuel, our subject. The latter came to Hendricks County, Ind., with his father's family, who entered a large tract of wild land in Lincoln Township, at that time known as Brown Township. His educational facilities were very limited, he being obliged to help his father on the farm from his boyhood. Oct. 8, 1850, he was married to Mrs. Mary (Milby) Hollett, born March 24, 1821, in North Carolina, a daughter of Thomas Milby, and widow to the late Mark Hollett. To Mr. and Mrs. Prebster were born three children—Eliza C., Anderson and Everson. Mr. Prebster has been successful in his agricultural pursuits and now owns a good farm of 150 acres. In politics he is a Republican. In 1873, having for some time previous been afflicted with a rheumatic swelling in the knee, he had one of his limbs amputated above the knee.

Robert Salmon, a native of Ohio, was born in Hamilton County, Feb. 13, 1818, and was a son of Jeremiah and Nancy Salmon. His father was a native of Pennsylvania, and his mother of Ohio. They had a family of nine children, of whom only four are living—

Robert, Jeremiah, Margaret and Nancy A. Robert Salmon was married in his native county, April 29, 1840, to Priscilla Pines, who died in 1867. They had a family of eleven children seven of whom survive—Hester A., Nancy, Susan, Clarkson, Benjamin, Jeremiah and George. Mr. Salmon married for his second wife in November, 1867, Mrs. Eliza A. (Surber) Prebster, widow of the late Frederick Prebster, of this county. Mr. Salmon is a member of the United Brethren church, and is a liberal contributor to both church and State enterprises. He resides on his farm in the northern part of this township.

William Todd, one of the representative citizens of Lincoln Township, is a native of Chillicothe, Ohio, born Oct. 2, 1816, a son of James and Mary A. Todd. When he was two years of age his parents moved to Switzerland County, Ind., where they both died. Three of their seven children are living—William, Henry and Rose. Those deceased are—Prilly, Matilda, John and Harriat. William Todd was reared in Switzerland County. In 1836 he came to Hendricks County, and soon after went to Boone County and entered forty acres of land, subsequently buying forty acres adjoining. He lived in Boone County till the fall of 1842, when he came to Hendricks County and located in the southern part of Lincoln Township, where he lived nearly forty years. In the fall of 1880 he retired from the active labors of the farm and moved to Brownsburg, where he has a pleasant home. His farm of 115 acres is under a high state of cultivation, and the improvements are among the best in Lincoln Township. He has been an energetic, frugal man, and is now reaping the reward of his early years of toil. Mr. Todd was married Sept. 12, 1839, to Leanna Newham, who was born May 26, 1820, a daughter of Daniel and Annie Newham, early settlers of Hendricks County. They have one child—Mary A., now Mrs. William Renick, of Brownsburg, this county. In politics Mr. Todd is a Democrat.

Lincoln C. Tomlinson, proprietor of the livery, feed and sale stables, Brownsburg, Ind., is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born March 28, 1859, a son of John and Harriett Tomlinson, of Plainfield. He was reared and educated in his native county, and is one of the prominent young business men of Brownsburg. He was married June 29, 1881, to Allie De Happard, of Brownsburg.

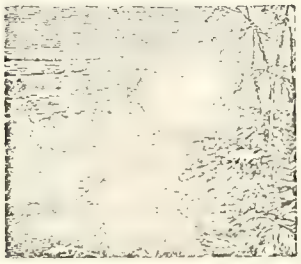
Anderson Turpin, son of Robison and Rachel Turpin, was born in Scott County, Ky., in October, 1831. In 1834 he came with his parents to Hendricks County, Ind., where he was reared to

manhood. Nov. 20, 1853, he was united in marriage to Miss Louisa E. Rupard, of Clark County, Ky. Six children have been born to them—Wilkerson, Mary E., William H., Martha E., Rachel A. and Ora A. Mary E. and Ora A. are deceased. Mr. Turpin is the owner of a fine farm of eighty acres and is meeting with success in his agricultural pursuits. He and his wife are earnest members of the Christian church.

Henry Turpin was born Jan. 11, 1835, in Hendricks County, Ind., a son of Robison and Rachel Turpin, natives of Kentucky. His parents came to this county in 1834, and settled on a tract of timbered land in the southern part of Lincoln Township, residing here till their death, which occurred in 1880. Nine children were born to them, seven of whom are living—Anderson, Henry, Harvey, Doctor, Martha, Jacob and Elizabeth M. Henry Turpin was reared on a farm. He received a fair education, and for a short time was engaged in teaching school. In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company I, Seventh Indiana Infantry, and participated in the battles of second Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg, and a number of others. He received a wound in the shoulder at the battle of the Wilderness in May, 1864, which disabled him for two months. At the end of that time he again reported for duty and was recruited into Company G, which subsequently became consolidated with the Twentieth Indiana Infantry. He was present at Lee's surrender to General Grant. He was honorably discharged in June, 1865, when he returned home, and Nov. 28, of the same year, he was married to Amelia E. Brock, of Decatur County, Ind., formerly of Kentucky. They have three children—Cora B., William C. and George H. Mr. Turpin ranks among the leading farmers of Lincoln Township, and is the owner of 200 acres of land. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Preston Tyler, retired farmer, was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Sept. 4, 1833, a son of George and Lucinda Tyler, natives of Kentucky. His father was one of the early settlers of Hendricks County, and entered 120 acres of Government land in Lincoln Township, which he made his home till his death. His family consisted of ten children, seven of whom are living—Lutitia, Susan, Preston, Benjamin F., Charles W., Lydia and Melinda. Kittie, Alfred and George are deceased. Preston Tyler was reared and educated in his native county, and has always made it his home with the exception of ten years spent in Marion County,

He has been a successful agriculturist, and owns a fine farm of seventy-one and a half acres, but since 1880 has lived in Brownsburg. He was married Dec. 15, 1854, to Allie Smith, daughter of Thomas and Susan Smith. They have one son—Willis, born May 26, 1864. In February, 1865, Mr. Tyler enlisted at Indianapolis in Company I, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Indiana Infantry, and served till the following September. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.



CHAPTER XVIII.

MARION TOWNSHIP.

GEOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION.—PIONEERS.—NEW WINCHESTER.—CHURCHES.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—JUSTICES, CONSTABLES, ASSESSORS, TRUSTEES, ETC.—STATISTICS.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

This township is bounded on the north by Eel River, on the east by Center and Clay, on the south by Clay, and on the west by Putnam County. The surface is for the most part undulating, and in some places nearly flat. The streams are all mere branches, which put out from springs and flow toward both Eel River and Mill Creek. There is a clay subsoil throughout the entire extent of the township, and much of the land is second-class for grain, but it is all first-class for the grasses. Little gravel is found in this township, and, consequently, there has been but very little improvement of the highways, which get very bad in long continued wet weather. The farmers of Marion Township fully realize the advantages of their soil for the production of grasses, and have a larger acreage in open and woodland pasture than any other township, and send to market a larger number of the fat cattle and sheep than any other township in the county.

In every new country the settlements are first formed on the streams, and in Hendricks County it began on White Lick, south of Plainfield, and then followed up White Lick and its East and West forks, and then spread out over the country like a fan, and, therefore, those townships farthest from the streams were last in settling, and Marion Township did not have a single settler within its borders until nearly two years after the county was organized. The first settlers were Thomas Samuels, Xury West, John and Isaac Hays, and Daniel, Thomas and David Higgins, who settled in the township from 1826 to 1827. From 1828 to 1832, Paul Faught, Moses Cavett, William Blackketter, William and Harvey Buntain, G. W. Turner, Wesley Morgan, Peter Vannice, Thomas Chadd, John Hancock, James McCown and William Hays settled in different portions of the township.

New Winchester was laid out in 1832 by Wesley Morgan and James Bronaugh. It is situated a little west of the center of the township and seven miles west of Danville, on the Rockville road. It contains about 100 inhabitants, and is a place of little importance. There is a postoffice, the only one in the township, and a store, kept by J. O. Kennedy. Edward Scott keeps a blacksmith-shop, and L. H. Rich is a shoemaker. There are two physicians, William Robbins and T. T. Brazier. There are also three churches, the only ones in the township. The oldest is the Christian, which has a congregation of about 100. The present pastor is Rev. D. Collins, of North Salem. He was preceded by Revs. Oliver P. Badger, Canfield and Heckethorne. Services are held the first Sunday in each month. The next oldest church is the Baptist, with an attendance of 125. The pastor is Rev. Alex. Mayhall, of New Maysville, who was preceded by Revs. Sherrill, Keller and Layton. Services are held the third Sunday in each month. The Cumberland Presbyterian church has a congregation of perhaps ninety. Rev. Morton Long, the pastor, resides here. Before him were Revs. Hawkins and Van Dyne. An Odd Fellows' lodge was maintained here for several years, but died about 1881.

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of the general election of Aug. 3, 1836, held at New Williamsburgh, gives the names of thirty-one voters, which afford a partial list of the first settlers. Here are the names, as written on this document: William Hodges, Elijah Sutton, David Fox, Henry Tomlinson, William Bailey, Abraham Lewis, Alexander Bryant, William Tomlinson, James Turner, Bradford Samuel, R. W. Shannon, Jeremiah Culbertson, Joseph Lewis, Jr., James Maccoun, John Higgins, Jacob Fox, Henry Bland, William Hayworth, John Mahan, John Robins, Jordan Denny, William Robins, John Vicory, Joseph Robins, Wesley Morgan, Hiram Tomlinson, B. S. B. Parker, Moses Tomlinson, Jeremiah Hunt, Martin Hancock and Thomas Higgins.

At this election Jacob B. Lowe, for Congress, received fifteen votes, and George L. Kinnard, fourteen; Christian C. Nave, for Representative, received fourteen votes, James Anderson, thirteen, and Job Osborn, three; Edmund Clark, for Sheriff, received twenty-three votes, and James Siggerson, seven; Henry H. Marvin, for Probate Judge, received twenty-four votes.

POLITICAL.

The political sentiment of the people of Marion Township has been rather variable. From 1836 to 1852 it was Whig by diminishing majorities; in 1856 it was carried by the Democrats; then until after the war it worshiped the Republican gods; and from 1868 to the present time it has been loyal to the Democratic party. Following is the vote at each presidential election:

1836—William H. Harrison.. 43	34	1864—Abraham Lincoln.....130	39
Martin VanBuren.. ... 9		George B. McClellan... 91	
1844—Henry Clay..... 64	58	1868—Horatio Seymour... ..163	39
James K. Polk..... 6		Ulysses S. Grant.....124	
1848—Zachary Taylor.....122	39	1872—Horace Greeley.....157	28
Lewis Cass..... 83		Ulysses S. Grant.....129	
Martin VanBuren..... 8		1876—Samuel J. Tilden.... .179	56
1852—Winfield Scott..... 99	3	Rutherford B. Hays....123	
Franklin Pierce..... 96		Peter Cooper..... 5	
John P. Hale..... 2		1880—Winfield S. Hancock...188	49
1856—James Buchanan.....134	40	James A. Garfield.....139	
John C. Fremont 94		James B. Weaver 7	
Millard Fillmore..... 16		1884—Grover Cleveland.....185	59
1860—Abraham Lincoln.....137	34	James G Blaine.....126	
Stephen A. Douglas....103		Benjamin F. Butler.... 2	
John C. Breckenridge.. 30		John P. St. John..... 1	
John Bell..... 8			

OFFICIAL.

Following are the names of those who have been selected Justices, Constables, etc., for Marion Township, together with the years in which they were chosen:

Justices of the Peace: Harmon Brittain and Samuel Shannon, 1833; Job Turner, 1838; David Higgins, 1843; Lemmon Christie, 1843; Lemmon Christie, 1848; George M. Brown, 1851; Henry C. Harper, 1853; Benjamin Robins, 1854; William Kirkpatrick, 1855; James Sheets and Elisha Bailey, 1858; B. F. Faught, 1862; Joseph H. Sellers, 1863; W. W. Graham and C. R. Harper, 1866; John A. Orth, 1867; John Armstrong and James Crews, 1870; W. W. Graham and G. Washington Turner, 1872; G. Washington Turner and Anthony W. Kelly, 1874; Joseph Allison and Anthony W. Kelly, 1878; Joseph Allison and John Q. Hill, 1882.

Constables: John Hayes and Alexander West, 1833; Nathaniel Brittain and James Turner, 1834; Thomas C. Gray and James Turner, 1835; Nathaniel Brittain and James Turner, 1836; Thomas C. Gray and James Turner, 1837-'8; Robert Parsons and F. Taylor, 1839; Jeremiah Culbertson and George M. Turner, 1844; Michael Higgins and Jeremiah Culbertson, 1845-'6; David Griggs and

Jeremiah Culbertson, 1847; Levi Armstrong and Jeremiah Culbertson, 1848; Andrew Atkins and Jeremiah Culbertson, 1849; Jeremiah Culbertson, 1850; Jeremiah Culbertson and James Lymes, 1851; Jeremiah Culbertson and William Hampton, 1852; J. B. Proctor and William Hampton, 1853; William Hampton and Elijah Tinder, 1854; William Hampton and W. Stewart Robbins, 1855; Michael Higgins, Sr., and Daniel Higgins, 1856; Washington A. West and Daniel Higgins, Sr., 1857; Xury E. West and James Turner, 1858; George L. Thompson and Georgaway Sullivan, 1859, Toliver Stephenson and George P. Turner, 1860; Toliver Stephenson and Richard F. Harper, 1861; W. F. Parker and Logan Brown, 1862; S. P. Thrift and William Bales, 1863; S. P. Thrift and James Hemphill, 1864; Richard F. Harper and Logan Brown, 1865; John M. Mundy and Alfred McCoy, 1866; H. C. Hays and James Crews, 1867; James Crews and John M. Mundy, 1868; James Crews and Thomas B. Hankins, 1869; Austin Bohannon and Henry Dooley, 1870; Austin Bohannon and John R. Shannon, 1872; A. Dooley and James A. Bohannon, 1874; Robert Armstrong and James A. Bohannon, 1876; Joseph T. Waters and James A. Bohannon, 1878; James A. Bohannon and James Crews, 1880; James Montgomery and James Crews, 1882; James Fields and J. F. Bailey, 1884.

Trustees: Ricco Trowbridge, 1856; William Pinson, Sr., 1857; James Sharp, 1858; John N. Shirley, 1859; Aaron T. Dooley, 1860-'1; Michael Higgins, 1862-'3; Levi Armstrong, 1864-'5; Michael Higgins, 1866; Levi Armstrong, 1867; John Bayne, 1868-'9; H. E. West, 1870-'2; Michael Higgins, 1874; William Byrd, 1876-'8; William W. Graham, 1880-'82; A. W. Kelly, 1884.

Clerks: Reuben S. Ward, 1856-'7; William Byrd, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurers: William H. Faught, 1856-'7; Michael Higgins, 1858 (office abolished).

Assessors: Joseph Allison, 1870; C. M. Griggs, 1872; William C. Mitchell, 1874; Richard F. Harper, 1876-'8; Samuel M. Tinder, 1880; M. P. West, 1882.

STATISTICAL.

The population of Marion Township by the census of 1880 was 1,298. The following statistics of property and taxation are for the year 1885: Acres of land assessed, 24,470.88; value of same, $655,635; value of improvements, $77,972; value of lots, $646; value

of improvements, $2,246; value of personalty, $184,263; total taxable property, $920,762; polls, 243; dogs, 187; State tax, $1,225.34; county tax, $2,680.77; township tax, $919.90; tuition tax, $1,164.59; special school tax, $612.67; road tax, $1,839.80; endowment tax, $46; bridge tax, $919.90; total taxes, $11,373.26; delinquent taxes, $730.70.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Lewis Blackketter was born in Putnam County, Ind., Oct. 16, 1825, a son of William and Elizabeth (Clounch) Blackketter, with whom he lived till manhood, accompanying them to Hendricks County when five years of age. He lived on the homestead till 1865, when he, with the rest of the family, moved to Missouri, and with them returned to Hendricks County in 1871, and has since lived on section 17, where he has a pleasant home. He was married Oct. 1, 1848, to Elizabeth Alexander, a native of Hamilton County, Ohio, born Jan. 1, 1827, daughter of Robert Alexander. They have three children—Wesley, living with his parents; George W., of this township, and Spicey Jane, wife of Edmund Williams, also of Marion Township. In politics and religion Mr. Blackketter adheres to the faith of his father, being a Republican in the former, and his entire family being members of the Christian church.

William Blackketter was born in Mecklenburg County, Va., Feb. 19, 1795, and when a boy accompanied his father to Mercer County, Ky. At the age of nineteen years he enlisted in the Kentucky militia and was one of the heroes that fought under Jackson at Orleans. He went down the river from Louisville, Ky., to New Orleans in a flat-boat. After the war he returned to Mercer County, Ky., walking all the way. Jan. 27, 1820, he was married to Elizabeth Clounch, a native of that county, born Nov. 20, 1800. In 1821 they moved to Jackson County, Ind., thence in 1824 to Greencastle, Putnam County, then a place of three cabins. Borrowing a few boards he made him a camp by a log and lived there six weeks, till he raised a cabin, working part of the time at 12½ cents per day for meat and bread for his family. In the fall of 1825 he bought a tract of Government land three miles from Greencastle, where they lived till 1830, when he entered 240 acres of land in Marion Township, Hendricks County, on which they lived till the fall of 1865. They then sold their farm and removed to Northern Missouri, but in September, 1871, returned to Hendricks County and bought his old farm again, where they still live in the enjoy-

ment of a fair degree of health. They have shared each other's joys and sorrows sixty-five years, and in this time have lived in three States and experienced many privations and hardships incident to pioneer life. Their family consisted of six children, all of whom reached maturity—Jane, deceased, was the wife of William Alexander; Lewis, of this township; Lucinda, wife of Isaac McReynolds; Alvin, deceased; Emily and Wesley. In politics Mr. Blackketter is a Republican. He and his family are members of the Christian church.

Henry H. Buntain, son of William and Leaner (Wilson) Buntain, was born in Mercer County, Ky., Nov. 23, 1818. He was reared a farmer and has followed that avocation most of his life. He was also engaged in the manufacture of brick in the early days of this county. He came with his parents to this county from Kentucky in 1832 and lived with them till his marriage in 1837 to Frances Robbins. She was born in North Carolina, Sept. 6, 1819, a daughter of William and Leah Robbins, natives of North Carolina, who settled in Hendricks County in the spring of 1833. Her father died April 16, 1871, aged about ninety years, his wife having died a few years previous from a paralytic stroke. Their children were—John and Benjamin, deceased; Mrs. Elizabeth Denny, living in this township; Mrs. Lourany Barnard, of Putnam County; Mrs. Frances Buntain; Mrs. Polly Higgins, Jacob, Mettie, Joab, all deceased; William, of Putnam County; Mrs. Eunice Wright and Mrs. Selma Steel, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Buntain have seven children living—Benjamin C., at home; Mrs. Mary C. Dooley, of this township; Mrs. Leaner L. Wright, also of this township, whose first husband died in Tennessee while serving in the late war; Mrs. Martha E. McCoun, of this county; John H., Sarah E. and Charles L., all at home. Joseph E. died, aged twenty-two years; Ruth Ida died at the age of four years, and one child died in infancy. Mr. Buntain is an ardent Republican, as was also his father, who left Kentucky because of his antipathy to slavery. He has served one term as County Commissioner and several terms as Trustee of Union Township. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 142, F. & A. M. His entire family are members of the Christian church. Our subject's father was born where Harrodsburg now stands, in the historic "Harrod's Fort." He and his wife are both deceased. They were the parents of the following children—Mrs. Sarah Keller, died in Kansas; Mrs. Julia Ann Christie, lives in Putnam County; James V., lives in Buchanan County, Mo.; Henry

H., our subject; Theodore, a resident of New Winchester, Ind.; Mrs. Martha Weddle, died in this county; Mary J., lives in New Winchester, where she owns property; William H., resides at Danville; John A., of this county, and Mrs. Nancy B. Goodwin, a widow residing in Kansas.

Benjamin R. Dodson, deceased, one of the early settlers of Marion Township, was born and reared in Wayne County, Ky. He came to Hendricks County when a young man, but subsequently returned to Kentucky and married Lethena Thompson, a native of Madison County, that State. He then came again to Indiana and settled on section 25, Marion Township, on an eighty-acre tract entered from the Government. A few years later he moved to section 31, Center Township, where he lived till his death, Aug. 20, 1880, aged eighty-one years. His first wife died in 1840. Their children were three in number—Jesse T., John R. (deceased), and Thomas M. He subsequently married Lucinda Lockhart, who at her death left four children—Larkin G., Stockton and Mrs. Mary Wise. His third wife was Catherine Lockhart, and to them were born five children—William, Mrs. Helena Beason, Mrs. Alice Conn, Catherine and Nora. Mrs. Dodson is living in Montgomery County, this State.

Jesse T. Dodson, son of Benjamin R. and Lethena (Thompson) Dodson, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born in Center Township, Dec. 31, 1835. He was a member of his father's family till his marriage, assisting in the work on the farm. After his marriage he settled on land of his father's on section 36, Marion Township, where he has since lived. He has a pleasant home and is one of the representative citizens of the township. Mr. Dodson was married Dec. 22, 1857, to Arthusa R. Wylie, a native of Garrard County, Ky., born Oct. 9, 1839, daughter of David and Jemima Wylie. Mr. and Mrs. Dodson have no children. They are members of the Baptist church. In politics he is a Democrat.

Aaron T. Dooley, a prominent citizen of Hendricks County, was born in Franklin County, Ky., June 28, 1832. His father, Thomas S. Dooley, was a native of Virginia, but was reared in Kentucky, and died in that State in 1869. His mother was a native of Kentucky and died in 1848. He came to Indiana in 1851 and located in Marion Township. He enlisted in the war of the Rebellion and was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Company C, Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, commanded by Colonel A. D. Streight. His first engagement was at Stone River, May 3, 1863. They were

captured and the officers were taken to Libby Prison, where they were kept in close confinement till March 12, 1865, when he was exchanged, and was soon after mustered out of the service. Since his return from the war he has lived on section 28, Marion Township, where he owns a pleasant home. He was elected Trustee of his township in 1860 and 1861. In 1876 he was elected Commissioner of Hendricks County, and after serving efficiently three years was re-elected in 1879. He was married Nov. 23, 1853, to Elizabeth ————, and to them were born two children—Nancy, died in 1860, and Mary, married A. Thompson and died leaving two children. Mrs. Dooley died in 1860, and in 1861 Mr. Dooley married Malinda E. West. They have eight children; all are at home—Levi, Clarence, Lillie, Ira, Daisy A., William, Elizabeth and Virgil. Mr. and Mrs. Dooley are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F.

William W. Graham, a prominent citizen of Marion Township, was born in Mercer County, Ky., Nov. 14, 1834. His parents settled on section 16, this township, in November, 1840, his father buying 240 acres of land (school lands) in that section. Of their children, four were born in Kentucky, our subject being the eldest. James died in Kentucky, aged one year; Frederick died at the age of seven years, and Samuel enlisted in the Eighteenth Missouri Infantry in August, 1861, and died in camp at Laclede, Mo., Oct. 28, 1861. Three of their children were born in this township—John, Nancy Ellen (wife of Warren Hardwick) and Joshua. The father, Young W. Graham, died in April, 1846, aged thirty-five years. After his death the family only retained eighty acres, which is now the home of his widow and her son Joshua. William W. remained with his mother till his marriage to Susan A. Stephenson, which occurred Jan. 1, 1857. She was born Feb. 25, 1839, in Clark County, Ky. Her mother died in Kentucky and her father married again, and about 1841 came to this township. Mr. and Mrs. Graham lived a short time on the Rynerson farm and in October, 1858, moved to Putnam County, Mo., where Mr. Graham bought sixty acres of land. In September, 1861, they returned to this township and lived on rented land till the spring of 1865 when he bought property in the village of New Winchester, on which he has since resided. In addition to his residence property he also owns a small farm about a half mile from the village. In 1869-'70 he was engaged in the mercantile business here.

Mr. Graham was elected Justice of the Peace in 1866, and has held that office at different times about seven years. In 1880 he was elected Township Trustee and re-elected in 1882. In politics he is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Missionary Baptist church.

Abner Greenlee, deceased, was born April 19, 1794, in Virginia, where he was reared. His father, John Greenlee, having died in Virginia, he came with his widowed mother to this county, and in 1826 settled in Putnam County, Ind. In 1827 he married Mary B., daughter of James Christie, a Virginian, one of the early pioneers of Putnam County, where he died. They had a family of five children—Eliza Jane, died in 1851, aged nineteen years; James, residing on the old homestead; William, of Clay Township; Mrs. Rebecca Atcheson, of Illinois, and Mary Elizabeth, died in 1851, aged two years. After his marriage Mr. Greenlee bought eighty acres of Government land on section 20, to which he added by subsequent purchases till he owned 270 acres in this township and 160 acres in Clay Township. He resided on section 20 till his death, which occurred June 21, 1877, aged eighty-two, after a married life of fifty years spent on the pioneer farm located by him in 1827. His widow is still living on the homestead, with her son James, aged seventy-eight years.

James Greenlee, son of Abner and Mary Greenlee, was born on the place which he now owns and occupies, Feb. 5, 1836. He was married March 2, 1856, to Elizabeth Bryant, born in Hendricks County, Dec. 25, 1834, daughter of Anderson and Sarah Bryant. Her parents came to this county in 1827, where her father died Oct. 14, 1884. Her mother still survives, aged seventy-one years. Mr. and Mrs. Greenlee have six children—Mrs. Martha Ellen Bird, of Franklin Township; Woodson E., of Illinois; James W., of this township; John N. M.; Tighlman A. and Eliza Jane, all at home. Mr. Greenlee owns 138 acres of land where he resides, also a small tract of ten acres a half mile from his home. He is a member of the Methodist church. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party.

Edom R. Hadley, one of the prominent citizens of Marion Township, was born Aug. 17, 1819, in Chatham County, N. C. His parents, James T. and Mary (Richardson) Hadley, settled in Center Township in 1825, bringing with them a family of eight children, our subject being the sixth child. His father brought considerable means to the pioneer settlement, and was a man of thrift

and energy. Edom R. Hadley was reared to a farm life and was given the advantage of such schooling as could be obtained in those early days. He lived under the home roof till Sept. 10, 1846, when he was married to Miss Louisana, daughter of Peter C. and Sarah A. (Smith) Vannice. She was born Feb. 7, 1829. They have three children—Louisa Jane, wife of George W. House, residing in Greensburg, Decatur Co., Ind.; Milton M., graduated from Lincoln University, in Logan County, Ill., in 1883, and is now principal of the public schools, of Chestnut, Ill.; and Charlie E., residing in Center Township. After his marriage Mr. Hadley made his home in Eel River Township till 1850, where he owned a farm of 240 acres. He then sold that property and bought a farm of 252 acres in Center Township, remaining there till the fall of 1867, when he settled in his present home, on section 29, this township. He has a well-improved farm of 280 acres and a beautiful home—the reward of a life of industry combined with frugality. Mr. Hadley is Republican in politics. Himself, wife and sons are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

Tillman Hadley, son of William T. and Beulah Hadley, was born April 13, 1839, on the old homestead in this township, where his grandfather settled in 1829. He was reared a farmer and has always followed that avocation. He remained at home till 1861 when he went to Clarke County, Iowa. At the end of a year he returned home, and Feb. 28, 1863, he was married to Susannah Jane Coffin, born in 1843, in Hendricks County, Ind. Her father, Charles Coffin, came to this county when a young man and was here married. Her parents are deceased. Two children were born to this union—Melworth K., who died at the age of sixteen years, and Julia Vashti, now a resident of Texas. Mrs. Hadley died Nov. 19, 1866, aged twenty-three years. Mr. Hadley married again Sept. 8, 1869, to Hannah Hadley, a native of Clay Township, this county, and daughter of Nathan and Olive Hadley, of Clay Township. To them were born six children, all of whom are living—Luther, Olive, Beulah, Smithie, William and Paul. Mr. Hadley resides on section 13, where he has a farm of 400 acres of excellent land, 100 acres of which is in Clay Township. He also owns the White corner property and a dwelling house on West Marion street, in Danville, and three and a half sections of land in Crosby County, Texas. He is a member of the society of Friends. Politically he is a Republican.

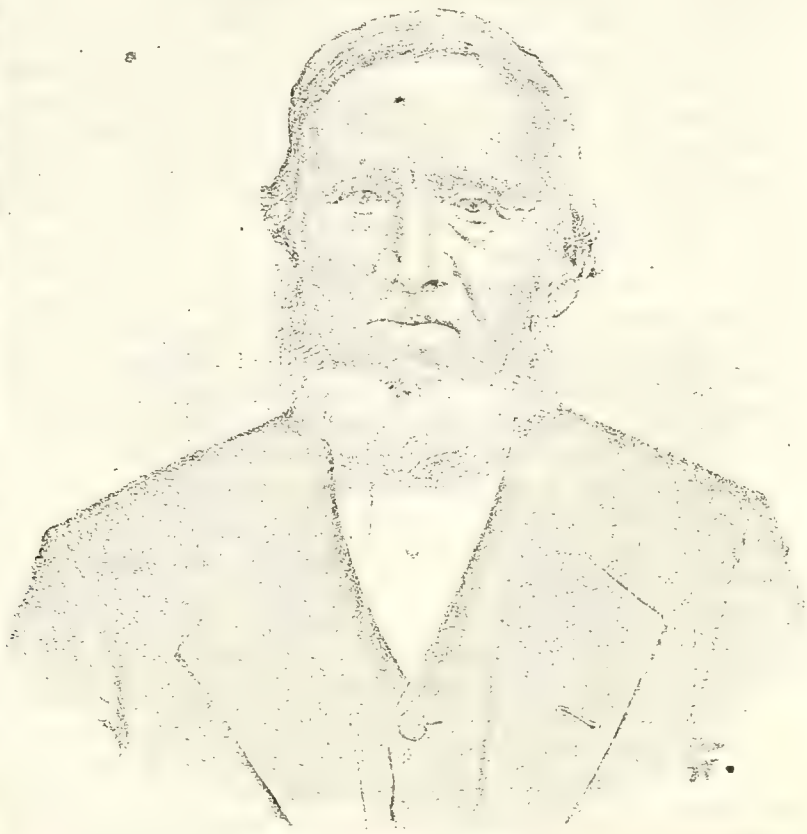
William T. Hadley, a representative of one of the most promi-

nent pioneer families of Hendricks County, resides on section 13, Marion Township, on the original entry made by his father, Simon Hadley, in 1829. Simon Hadley was born in North Carolina, the tenth month, 6th, 1765, and was married fifth month, 10th, 1787, to Elizabeth Thompson, a native of the same State, born eighth month, 7th, 1770. In 1829, with two sons, Thomas and William, aged nineteen and fifteen years, respectively, they came to Marion Township and bought eighty acres of land on section 13, ten acres of which had been partially cleared and a rude cabin built. Here the father, aided by his sons, rapidly made a farm, and soon after bought 172 acres of the Government. Here the father died fourth month, 3d, 1843, and the mother eighth month, 16th, 1844. They had a family of fourteen children, all born in North Carolina, William being the only one now living in Hendricks County. Two sons, Thomas and William, accompanied their parents to this county; four, James T., Joshua T., Simon T. and John T., subsequently; Jonathan settled in Clinton County, Ohio; four daughters, Martha Thompson, Sarah Hadley, Elizabeth Hadley and Mary Hadley, settled in Morgan County, Ind., and one daughter, Ruth Hadley, remained in North Carolina. Simon Hadley was a strong anti-slavery man, and a birthright member of the society of Friends. His firm principles and good life endeared him to the hearts of the pioneers, and he is still remembered by all who remain of the early settlers. The home of his parents has always been the home of William T. Hadley, although his finely improved farm of 200 acres, his beautiful residence and other improvements bear no resemblance to the rude cabin amid the stumps and brush in which life here was commenced. He is one of Marion Township's most prominent citizens, a man of good principles, kind, hospitable and charitable, a valuable member of society, and universally respected for his upright life and honorable dealings. In politics he is a Republican. In religion he is a member of the society of Friends. He was married eleventh month, 12th, 1837, to Beulah Hunt, a native of North Carolina, born sixth month, 30th, 1816, daughter of Zimri Hunt, an early settler of Hendricks County. Mrs. Hadley died first month, 23d, 1843, leaving two children—Tillman, who now lives near his father, and Daniel, who died at the age of twenty-two years. Tenth month, 1st, 1843, Mr. Hadley married Ruth Moody, who was born tenth month, 20th, 1822, a daughter of John and Mary Moody, who came from North Carolina and settled in Parke County, Ind., in the fall of

1829. To them have been born three children—Harriet S. Stanley, of Clay Township; Martha, who died in her seventeenth year, and Mary E. Hodson, who settled in Clay Township and died twelfth month, 21st, 1869, in her twentieth year.

Franklin Haynes was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., April 7, 1823, a son of Charles and Maria Haynes. In 1826 he removed with his parents to Clinton County, Ohio, where he grew to manhood and was there married Sept. 12, 1846, to Lydia Nedry, a native of that county, born July 16, 1830. They have eleven children living—Mrs. Eva Downard, residing in Kansas; Mrs. Eliza Blanton, of Indianapolis; Mrs. Alice Christie, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Benjamin, living at home; James and Alfred, of this township; Oliver, of New Salem; Charlie, at home; Edmund, of Kansas, and Wilson and Franklin, at home. Mr. Haynes followed farming in Clinton County, Ohio, until June, 1858, with the exception of three years, when he was engaged in the mercantile trade. He then bought a farm, known as the Jim Maccoun farm, in this township, where he lived six years, and after several changes he settled on his present farm on section 31 in 1871. His farm contains 284 acres of land all of which is well cultivated and is one of the best in the township. Since his residence in the township he has been extensively engaged in buying and shipping all kinds of live stock, and his large farm is also devoted to raising stock, his son Benjamin being associated with him in the business. His shipments during the year 1884 amounted to $125,000. Politically Mr. Haynes is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. His parents came to Hendricks County and settled in Center Township in 1858 where both died, the father at the age of seventy-two years, and the mother several years later aged seventy-two years. Of their children, Charles and William live at Danville; Thomas resides in Indianapolis; Samuel in Kansas; Asa remained in Ohio; their eldest daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Howlan, and Mrs. Amanda Henson, reside in Kansas; Mrs. Mary Bowsman resides in Danville; Mrs. Almira Haines, of Clayton, this county; Enoch died in Kansas, and Mrs. Zuba Martin died in Clinton County, Ohio.

Henry H. Hays, son of John and Catherine Hays, was born June 29, 1824, in Mercer County, Ky. He came with his parents to this township in 1827, where he was reared to manhood. He was married Feb. 9, 1848, to Mary E. Rose, a native of Mercer County, Ky., born Aug. 27, 1831. Her parents, Lewis A. and



Anderson Hedge.

Flora Rose, settled in this township in 1834, where her father died. Her mother is still living in Danville. Mr. and Mrs. Hays have eight children living—Lewis, of Clay County, Ill.; Mrs. Sarah Weekly and Mrs. Ettie Underwood, also of Clay County, Ill.; John M., of Center Township, this county; Arthur, of this township; Scott, at home; Mrs. Laura Underwood, of this township, and Kate, at home. In April, 1847, Mr. Hays settled in his present home on section 15, where he owns a fine farm of 160 acres. Mr. Hays and his family are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He was one of the charter members of Danville Lodge, A. F. & A. M. His parents were natives of Virginia, but went to Kentucky in early life where they were married. In 1827 John Hays came to this county with his wife and two children, Mrs. Sarah Faught (deceased) and our subject. He settled in this township on section 30, entering eighty-seven acres of land from the Government. During their residence of one year in Bartholomew County, Ind., their third child, John Harvey, was born, and now lives on section 33, this township. Six children were born to them in this township—George, deceased; Mrs. Sarah Riley, deceased; James, on section 29, this township; Eliza, wife of A. W. Kelly; John Thomas, of Center Township, and Mrs. Catherine Christy, deceased. The father owned at one time 414 acres of land which he made by his own exertions, having, after paying for his small land entry, but 50 cents on which to begin life in his new forest home. He died at his home on section 6 in March, 1871, aged seventy-one years. His widow yet resides on the old homestead.

Anderson Hedge, section 28, Marion Township, was born in the State of Virginia, Nov. 23, 1823, and was five years of age when his parents, William and Lucinda Hedge, moved to Hendricks County, Ind. They settled in Marion Township, where the father died a few years later. The mother survived till 1858, and lived to see her children all married and settled in homes of their own. Her children were twelve in number—James, Mrs. Perlina Farmer, George, Mrs. Mary Wright, John, David, Mrs. Melinda Robbins, Mrs. Anna Gibson, Crockett, Harrison, Anderson, and Mrs. Lucinda Bales. Five of the family are living—James (the eldest, aged eighty-two years), John, Mrs. Robbins, Harrison and Anderson. Anderson Hedge was married Aug. 29, 1846, to Leah Dodd, a native of Floyd County, Va., born June 14, 1824, daughter of John P. and Sarah Dodd, early settlers of Marion Township. About a

year after their marriage, in the fall of 1847, Mr. Hedge bought eighty acres of his present farm, and they began making for themselves a home. In 1856 he added 120 acres to his original purchase, and now has one of the best improved farms in the township. The log cabin has given place to a fine residence and a forest to cultivated fields. In 1884 Mr. Hedge embarked in a new enterprise which promises to be a successful venture. He built a dam across a small stream which runs across one corner of his farm and stocked the pond with about 1,500 German carp. Mr. and Mrs. Hedge have had six children, but two of whom, Charles A. and Otie S., are living. Charles was born in 1862. He married Mollie Gill and lives on a part of the homestead. Otie, born in 1865, married Linnie Wright and lives with his parents. James M. died in 1860, aged sixteen months; Sarah C., in 1866, aged nineteen years; John W., in 1866, aged seventeen years; Clara P., in 1878, aged twenty-eight years. The latter was the wife of John G. Ridpath, and left two children—John William and Sarah A. In politics Mr. Hedge is a Democrat. He takes an active interest in politics and has cast all his votes in the same precinct. He is in the strictest sense an honorable man, his word at all times being as good as his bond.

Michael Higgins was born in Putnam County, Ind., Aug. 5, 1823, a son of David and Helen (Mudd) Higgins, the former a native of Kentucky, born in 1795, and his mother of Maryland. They were married in Kentucky and soon after moved to Lawrence County, Ind., and later to Jefferson Township, Putnam County, and in March, 1831, came to Hendricks County and settled on the southeast quarter of section 33, Marion Township, on land entered by his brother Thomas in 1828. He became one of the most prosperous citizens of the county, adding to his first purchase till he owned a landed estate of 500 acres. His family consisted of eight children, three born in Putnam and five in Hendricks County—David, of Edgar County, Ill.; Michael; Mrs. Eliza Ann Cavett, of Lucas County, Iowa; John A., of Colorado; Mrs. Elizabeth Parker, of Saline County, Kas.; Mrs. Helen Aldrich, deceased; Mrs. Nancy Carter, of Hendricks County; and Mary Jane, deceased. Daniel Higgins died in 1851, and Mrs. Higgins several years later, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Carter, aged seventy-seven years. Michael Higgins was married Oct. 7, 1847, to Elizabeth Plaster, who was born Sept. 30, 1822, daughter of William Plaster, an early settler of Middle Township, where he died in 1880, his

wife surviving him but a short time. Mr. and Mrs. Higgins have a family of six children—William T., David A., Mrs. Nancy Jane Wilson, Mrs. Cassandra Hunt, Charles E. and May. The eldest four are married and settled near the homestead, in Marion Township. Mrs. Higgins died Aug. 15, 1883. Mr. Higgins is the largest land-owner in Marion Township, his title deeds showing the proprietorship of 880 acres of valuable land, including the greater part of his father's property. He is one of the reliable citizens of the township, and has served his townsmen as Trustee and Treasurer. In politics he is a Democrat.

Daniel Hunt was born in Guilford County, N. C., Dec. 25, 1825, a son of Zimri and Rebecca Hunt, pioneers of Hendricks County, locating on section 2, Marion Township, in November, 1827, with their six children—Beulah, deceased wife of William Hadley; Stephen, died in the service during the late war; Mary, deceased wife of Israel Harlan; Asenath, married Goldsmith Harlan, and resides in Parke County, Ind.; Ithamar, deceased, and Daniel, our subject. Five children were born to them in this township—Mrs. Anna Pike, of Clay Township; Mrs. Lydia Moore, of Putnam County; Mrs. Jennette Huddleston, a widow residing in Colorado; Mrs. Rebecca Hackins, deceased, and Zimri, Jr., of this township. Zimri Hunt, during his life, cleared two farms, and lived to enjoy his life of toil. He died at the age of seventy-seven years, July 4, 1871, being in religious belief a Quaker. His wife died Aug. 13, 1877, aged seventy-nine years. Daniel Hunt began to work for himself at the age of twenty years, and was employed on different farms about five years, and out of his savings he bought 106 acres of timbered land on sections 18 and 19 of which land he yet retains sixty-six acres. He lived on and improved his land three years before his marriage, which occurred March 19, 1854, to Ellen Hunter. She was born in Putnam County, Ind., in 1834, and was a daughter of Charles Hunter, an early settler of that county. They have three children—Bedial Jamal, wife of F. P. Wright, living in Missouri; Charles Zimri, of Clay Township, and Lydia Ellen, at home. Mr. Hunt has lived on section 19 since 1854. The home farm contains 213 acres of land. He also owns other land, making in all 445 acres, most of which is improved, all being acquired by his own industry and economy. Mr. Hunt was reared a Whig, in politics, and since the organization of the Republican party he has voted that ticket. He is a worthy citizen and has the confidence and esteem of all his neighbors.

Ithamar Hunt, son of Asher and Jane (Hunt) Hunt, was born in Marion Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., March 17, 1820. He was reared on the home farm, remaining with his parents till about twenty-five years of age. He was married in 1846 to Frances Jane, a native of Kentucky, daughter of John Bush, an early settler of this township. They have nine children—Eri, residing in the Territory of New Mexico; Mrs. Elizabeth Martin; Henry, on part of the home farm; John, in Brown County, Ind.; Mrs. Angeline Higgins; Perry, in this township; Rosa, at home; Clara, wife of Emory King, of Grant County, Ind.; and Elmer, at home. Mrs. Hunt died July 13, 1874, aged forty-eight years. Mr. Hunt's home farm includes his father's homestead, and contains 396 acres, all on section 2. He also owns a farm of 160 acres on section 14, forty acres on section 12, and forty acres in another part of the county. Politically, Mr. Hunt is a Republican. His father, Asher Hunt, was born and reared in North Carolina, and in 1788 he married Jane Hunt, a distant relative. He settled in Sullivan County, Ind., in 1818, where his wife died in 1828. He married again in that county, his second wife being Abigail Foster, and to this union was born one child—Mrs. Martha Jane Ranford, who died in Illinois. After a residence of eighteen years in Sullivan County, Mr. Hunt came to this county in 1836. He settled on section 2, this township, where he bought eighty acres of land, of which a few acres had been cleared and a cabin and log stable built. Mrs. Abigail Hunt died in this township in 1846, and Mr. Hunt was again married to Mrs. Nancy (Brown) Wilson, widow of Thomas Wilson. She died about ten years after her marriage. Mr. Hunt had eight children by his first marriage, of whom only three survive—Mrs. Rhoda Johnson, of Sullivan County; Ithamar, our subject, and Mrs. Melinda Stevenson. Mr. Hunt commenced life with little capital, but at one time owned 160 acres, which he acquired by his own industry and economy. He died on the homestead in this county in 1872. He was reared a Quaker. In politics he was a Republican.

Anthony W. Kelly, son of William and Malinda Kelly, was born on the homestead where he now lives, Jan. 11, 1835. He has always lived on the farm, which with the exception of forty-six acres, he now owns. In addition to this he owns 120 acres; all is under a good state of cultivation. He is an enterprising, intelligent citizen, and has been successful in his chosen vocation. He was married May 2, 1858, to Enza Hays, a native of Marion Town-

ship, born June, 1837, daughter of John Hays, an early settler of this township. They have had six children, four of whom are living—Allen, John, William and Malinda. James Grant died aged three years, and Charles Albert, aged one year. In politics Mr. Kelly is a Republican, and an ardent supporter of the principles of the party.

William Kelly was born in Greene County, Tenn., July 30, 1809. In October, 1831, he accompanied his two married sisters, Mrs. Elizabeth Houston and Mrs. Margaret Lemming and their husbands, to Hendricks County, and bought 160 acres of Government land on section 17, Marion Township. In the fall of 1834, on account of failing health, he engaged in the mercantile business at New Winchester, but did not regain his health, and died Sept. 28, 1840. He was one of the most active and enterprising of the early settlers, and for some time served as Justice of the Peace. He was married March 13, 1832, to Malinda West, a native of Wayne County, Ky., who came with her parents, Alexander and Sarah West, to Hendricks County in October, 1831, locating on section 16, Marion Township, where her mother died in 1839. Her father died in Missouri in 1860. Mr. and Mrs. Kelly had a family of five children—Mrs. Sarah I. Tincher, Anthony W., Mrs. Margaret A. Hays, Mrs. Mary Hays (deceased), and William R. Mrs. Kelly was married June 23, 1853, to Stephen Stephenson, who died July 13, 1875. She is still living on the homestead, on section 16, Marion Township, and is one of the few remaining old settlers of 1831.

J. O. Kennedy, general merchant at New Winchester, was born March 20, 1827, in Liberty Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., a son of Jacob Kennedy, one of the pioneers of this county. He has always been a resident of this county, and in 1871 he engaged in his present business at New Winchester. He was married to Melissa F. Roach, a native of Kentucky. They have two children—Benjamin F. and Nannie. Jacob Kennedy was born in Virginia in 1797, and when a small boy removed with his parents to Wood ford County, Ky., where he was reared and married. His wife was Isabella Combs, a cousin of General Leslie Combs. They had two children—Dr. L. H. Kennedy and our subject. He came to Hendricks County with his family in 1825, and settled in Liberty Township, remaining there about fifteen years. When he arrived in this county he had but $4, but by industry and economy he earned enough to buy a farm, and later bought a farm in Guilford

Township, where he lived forty-five years. His wife died in Liberty Township, aged seventy-six years, since which he has made his home with his son in Danville. He is now eighty-eight years of age. Dr. L. H. Kennedy was born in Kentucky, July 16, 1823, and came with his parents in October, 1825. He worked on a farm till twenty-four years of age, and helped clear a farm of 100 acres. He began the study of medicine at Belleville in 1847, with Dr. Moore, and graduated from Rush Medical College, Chicago, Ill., in 1855. He began his practice with Dr. Moore in 1850, remaining with him about twenty years. He located in Danville in 1869, where he has built up a good practice.

Henry F. Kurtz, one of the prominent farmers of Marion Township, resides on section 28, where he has 343 acres of valuable land and one of the best residences in the township. In 1854 he bought eighty acres of unimproved land of James Hadley, and a few years later forty acres of cleared land of Dow Wright, and eighty acres of timber of William Bird, and since then the rest of his farm, which was only partially cleared. In addition to the homestead he owns an improved farm of 123 acres near New Winchester, and has given his son Jacob a farm of eighty acres adjoining the home. He is a thoroughly practical farmer and has been successful in all his pursuits. He was born in Nelson County, Ky., Feb. 10, 1828, a son of Jacob and Allutia Kurtz, the former a native of Kentucky, of Holland descent, born Dec. 22, 1790, and the latter a native of Maryland, born March 3, 1793. His parents settled in Putnam County, Ind., in the summer of 1828, and made that county their home till death. The father died June 15, 1874, and the mother Feb. 29, 1876. They reared a large family of whom six are living—William F., George W., Jacob H., Henry F., Mrs. Mary Allen and Mrs. Sarah A. Cassiday. Our subject was married Oct. 9, 1851, to Margaret L. Vannice, a native of Hendricks County, born May 2, 1834, a daughter of Lawrence and Caroline (Adams) Vannice, who settled in Marion Township in 1833. Her mother died Sept. 17, 1837, and her father is now living in Danville. Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz have six children—Mrs. Frances Underwood, Jacob L., Mrs. Eliza Hadley, Mrs. Jennie Hadley, Charles and Oscar. The family are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Mr. Kurtz, like his father, was originally a Whig and now affiliates with the Republican party.

Jacob F. Kurtz was born in Floyd Township, Putnam Co., Ind., in 1833, a son of Jacob and Allutia Kurtz, who were pioneers of

that county, who emigrated from Kentucky in the year 1828. He was reared a farmer, which occupation he has always followed, living with his parents till their death, he and his wife caring for them in their last years. His father had been an invalid and walked on crutches for over thirty years. He died at the advanced age of eighty-three years. His wife was an active woman till a year previous to her death at the age of eighty-two years, when she became as helpless as a little child. Our subject then became owner of the homestead, on which he lived till 1878, a period of forty-five years. He was married March 27, 1855, to Eliza Cassity, born Nov. 19, 1838, a daughter of David H. and Susan Cassity. Her parents came from Kentucky and settled in Putnam County, Ind., in an early day. Her mother died, and her father afterward married Mrs. Sarah Ann (Kurtz) Graham, a sister of Mr. Kurtz. Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz have two children—Edwin M. and Laura Ellen. Edwin M. was born Sept. 30, 1856, and was married Sept. 18, 1884, to Mary Florence Somers, a native of Putnam County, born March 9, 1859, daughter of William C. and Mary Somers, of Kansas. Laura Ellen was born April 14, 1861, and was married Sept. 27, 1882, to Henry Underwood, a son of Joseph and Lucretia Underwood, of Putnam County. In 1882 Mr. Kurtz bought the Edmund Hadley homestead, one of the oldest places in that part of Hendricks County. His homestead contains 173 acres of well cultivated land, and his residence and farm buildings are good. Since his occupancy he has remodeled both house and barn. Politically Mr. Kurtz is a Republican. He and his family are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

George Montgomery was born July 22, 1812, in North Carolina, a son of Samuel and Mary Montgomery, who were born, reared and married in the State of North Carolina. His parents immigrated to Virginia in 1818, residing there till 1836, when they came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Lincoln Township. Their three youngest children came with them to this county—Anna and David now deceased, and Tyra, now a resident of Mattoon, Ill. Their son William settled in Randolph County, Ind.; James, another son, died in Lincoln Township, and Robert now resides in Missouri. The father, Samuel Montgomery, died at his home in Lincoln Township, in 1874. His widow died a few years later at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Anna Allman. George Montgomery, whose name heads this sketch, was married March 13, 1834, in Virginia, to Nancy Sturman, born Feb. 27,

1815, a native of Virginia. In 1835 they settled near Plainfield this county, and lived on rented land two years. In 1837 they purchased forty acres in Guilford Township, where they lived till 1840, when in the fall of that year they settled in their present home on section 34, Marion Township, and which contains 360 acres of valuable land. Mrs. Montgomery's death occurred April 8, 1881; since which the household has been in charge of her two eldest daughters—Julia and Hannah, and two more thorough, intelligent and energetic housekeepers are seldom found. Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery had the following children—Julia, born March 9, 1835; Hannah, born Dec. 31, 1838; Jonathan (deceased); James, born Dec. 14, 1840, and married Jan. 19, 1862, to Margaret F. Tharp, who died July 19, 1869, leaving three children—George B. McClellan, Louisa C. and Erasmus D. T. James Montgomery was again married to Sarah E. Baker, a native of Putnam County, by whom he has three children—Nancy Jane, William O. and Florence May. He resides on part of his father's farm, and since the spring of 1882 he has been engaged in the manufacture of drainage tile. The rest of Mr. Montgomery's family are—Harlen, residing in Taylor County, Iowa; Samuel Thomas (deceased), Mary Jane (deceased), and Tyra, born Dec. 9, 1852, living on part of his father's farm. He was married Aug. 4, 1878, to Amanda E. Wilson, who was born and reared in Putnam County, Ind. They have two children—Maud Alice and Grace Ann. Our subject is a firm believer in the doctrines of the Baptist church. In politics he is a staunch Democrat.

Harvey Munday was born in Mercer County, Ky., Feb. 21, 1810, a son of Henry and Nancy Munday. His father was born in Virginia and died in Kentucky, aged seventy-five years, and his mother, a native of Kentucky, died in this township, at New Winchester, aged eighty-two years. In August, 1833, Harvey Munday was married in his native county to Caroline Coghill, a native of the same county, born in 1815, who died April 10, 1854. Their children were—Ann Mary, died at the age of three years; John H. and Thomas J., residents of this county; Joseph A. and James M. (twins) enlisted in the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, the former killed at the battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn., and the latter served nearly five years, and is now living in Kentucky; Benjamin F. and Reuben S., living in Missouri; William J., of this township, and George H., of Missouri. In October following his marriage Mr. Munday moved to Hendricks County, living at Danville the first

few months. He was a man of limited means, but possessed good health and energy. He worked at the blacksmith's trade at Danville till 1834. He removed to New Maysville, Putnam County, in February, 1834, and in the fall of 1843 bought a piece of land near the town, where he carried on farming in connection with his trade. He returned to this county, locating in his present home in the fall of 1847. His residence is on sections 17 and 18, and his farm, containing 160 acres, was brought from a forest to a well cultivated farm. Oct. 15, 1854, Mr. Munday married for his second wife Matilda Hankins, born in Shelby County, Ky., in 1820. She came with her parents to this county in 1839. Her father died at the home of Mr. Munday in 1862, and her mother died in Center Township, April 23, 1885, at the advanced age of ninety-six years. Mr. Munday has three children by his last marriage—Mrs. Martha V. Yount, Mrs. Judith Ellen Graham, and Woodson, living with his parents. In politics Mr. Munday is a Democrat. He has been a member of the regular Baptist church since 1839.

William Robbins, M. D., was born Jan. 16, 1843, in Marion Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. His parents, John and Lydia (Parsons) Robbins, were among the pioneer settlers of this township. He lived at home till his enlistment, Aug. 16, 1861, in Company B, Seventh Indiana Infantry. He was wounded in the first battle of Bull Run, on account of which he was discharged, and returned home. Regaining his strength he again went into the service and was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Company I, Ninth Indiana Infantry. He was in the Army of the Cumberland, and in March, 1863, he was promoted to Captain of his company. In the retreat of General Hood after Nashville his regiment did gallant service, and also on many other occasions. He was honorably discharged at the close of the war and returned home. He was married while home on furlough, Jan. 1, 1863, to Marcella Hamrick, born Dec. 4, 1845, and daughter of William and Jane Hamrick, her father a resident of Center Township, and her mother deceased. They have had three children—Charles M., born March 7, 1866; James B., born July 13, 1867, and died Dec. 18, 1874, and Laura J., born April 13, 1869, and died March 10, 1870. Dr. Robbins commenced the study of medicine with Dr. T. J. Adams, of North Salem, in 1871, and in 1872 attended the Indiana Medical College at Indianapolis, and again attended in 1879, receiving his diploma. He began his practice at Gaynor City, Mo., in 1873, and in 1875 returned to this county and lived

on his farm in Eel River Township till 1878. He then located at New Winchester and resumed his medical practice. Politically he is a radical Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. The Doctor is a member of Defiance Lodge, No. 148, I. O. O. F., at Defiance, Mo.

Willis Slavens, section 19, Marion Township, is a native of Hendricks County, born in Eel River Township, Nov. 1, 1835. His parents, James and Mary Slavens, were pioneers of Eel River Township, locating there in 1828, soon after their marriage. The mother died in 1846 and the father in 1851, aged forty-four years. They had a family of nine children—Harvey, a member of the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, died at Nashville, Tenn., in 1862; Mrs. Nancy Dean, Willis, Jesse, Milton, Mrs. Mary Wright, William, John and Reuben. Left orphans at an early age, the children were obliged to depend on themselves for maintenance, and Willis worked as a farm hand till twenty years of age, and the next six years was employed as engineer in a saw-mill. He was married March 14, 1868, to Mary A. Ragan, daughter of James and Lucy Ragan. She was born Nov. 23, 1847, on the homestead of her parents, where she now lives. Her parents were natives of Kentucky and pioneer settlers of Marion Township. Her mother died June 14, 1871, aged forty-nine years, and her father Aug. 6, 1871, aged fifty years. Of a large family of children Mrs. Slavens is the eldest, and the only daughter living. Five sons are living—John S., a physician of Avon; Zachariah, of North Salem; Abner, of Nebraska; James B., of Richmond, Ind., and William H., with Mrs. Slavens. After his marriage Mr. Slavens settled on the Ragan homestead, and had the care of the family, and he and his wife succeeded to the ownership of the residence portion of the property. They have one child—Della, born May 11, 1870. Mr. Slavens enlisted Sept. 22, 1861, in Company A, Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, of which his brother Harvey was Lieutenant, and after serving nine months was discharged on account of ill-health. Jan. 4, 1864, he again enlisted, and served in the Ninth Cavalry till Aug. 28, 1865. In politics Mr. Slavens is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 142, F. & A. M.

James F. Tinder, son of Jeremiah and Kittie Tinder, was born in Marion Township, this county, May 19, 1840. He lived at home till Feb. 22, 1866, when he was married to Martha C. Faught, a native of Eel River Township, and daughter of Jacob C. Faught, a

deceased merchant of North Salem. Mr. and Mrs. Tinder have three children—Oscar, Della and Kittie. Mr. Tinder settled on his present farm immediately after his marriage. The farm was formerly known as the William Pierson place, and now contains 236 acres of land, all under a fine state of cultivation, with good farm buildings. Mr. Tinder is active in all that tends to the general welfare of his township. He is energetic and enterprising and highly respected throughout the county. In politics he votes the Democratic ticket.

Franklin Underwood was born in Decatur County, Ind., March 1, 1826, and was in his tenth year when his parents, John and Rebecca Underwood, settled in this township. He lived at home till his marriage, in the fall of 1850, to Catherine Martin, a native of Shelby County, Ky., and daughter of Benjamin Martin. Three children were born to them—Mrs. Rebecca Beckley, of this township; Mrs. Sarah L. Christie, of Putnam County, and Clarissa, who died Sept. 21, 1867, in her thirteenth year. Mrs. Underwood died Aug. 13, 1859, aged thirty-three years, and Oct. 28, 1860, Mr. Underwood married Ellie Christie, born Aug. 31, 1832, in Shelby County, Ky., a daughter of William Christie, Sr. She came to this county with her parents, both now deceased, when she was two years of age. One son was born to this union—Marshall C., born in 1863, living at home. Mr. Underwood resides in section 31, where he has one of the finest farms in his neighborhood. His home farm contains 400 acres, the west half of which is in Putnam County. He also owns eighty acres in Putnam County, one and a half miles from his residence. In politics he affiliates with the Democratic party. He and his wife are members of the Regular Baptist church.

John Underwood, deceased, was a native of Shelby County, Ky., born in 1795. He was married in his native county to Rebecca Radford, a native of Virginia, coming to Kentucky when a child. He came with his wife and six children to this township in the fall of 1835, having previously lived in Decatur County, Ind., nine years after leaving Kentucky. Mr. Underwood devoted his attention to the introduction of blue grass, and converting his lands into stock farming, he being the first man in the township to drive fat stock to market to Indianapolis. He died May 24, 1861, aged sixty-six years, his widow surviving him about six years. They were the parents of the following children—William, deceased; Mrs. Charlotte McMurry, of Normal, Ill.; Mrs. Elizabeth Carver,

of Putnam County, Ind.; Mrs. Catherine Darnell, deceased; Mrs. Sally Soper, of Hendricks County, and Mrs. Ellen Bridges, deceased, the latter being the only one born in this county. Mr. Underwood owned, at the time of his death, a farm of 325 acres.

John F. Underwood is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born in Marion Township, Feb. 20, 1849, a son of William and Harriet L. Underwood, and grandson of John Underwood, one of the early settlers of this township. William Underwood was born in Kentucky, in 1823, and accompanied his father to Hendricks County. He was here married, March 20, 1847, to Harriet West, who was born April 7, 1830, a daughter of Isaac and Polly West. They commenced housekeeping on section 10, Marion Township, and there made a home, where he died in September, 1875. He had a farm of 700 acres and was one of the most prosperous citizens of the county. The mother still lives on the homestead with her son, Obadiah. John F. is the eldest of their six children, the others being William, Mrs. Mary E. Higgins, Obadiah, Mrs. Angeline Christie and Robert, all residents of Marion Township. John F. Underwood was married Jan. 23, 1873, to Caroline F. Kurtz, daughter of Henry F. Kurtz. They have two children—Carrie and Lourie. In 1880 Mr. Underwood bought what is known as the G. W. Turner farm, which contains 200 acres of improved land, located on section 27. In politics Mr. Underwood is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, making its motto the rule of his life. He is one of the most prominent and influential citizens of the township.

Peter C. Vannice, one of the early settlers of this township, was born in Mercer County, Ky., July 17, 1801, and was married in that county Feb. 14, 1828, to Sarah Ann Smith, born in Mercer County, Dec. 11, 1810. In 1831 they came to this county and settled on section 30, Marion Township, bringing with them from Kentucky two children—Louisiana, now wife of Edom R. Hadley, and William H., a resident of Lucas County, Iowa. Nine children were born to them in this township—Samuel N. and Mrs. Joanna Allen, both of Lucas County, Iowa; Sarah, wife of Rev. W. T. Ferguson, of Morgan County, Ind.; Mrs. Amanda J. Trotter, of Marion County, Iowa; Milton B., of this township; James R., died aged six years; Ellen, died aged three years; Henry S., died aged twelve years, and Ellen, wife of Rev. O. C. Hawkins, of

Lucas County, Iowa. Peter C. Vannice, in early days, was a Whig, but from the organization of the Republican party he has voted that ticket. Both he and wife are members of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, and are respected by all who know them. Our subject's parents were Peter and Deborah (De Motte) Vannice, natives of New Jersey, his father of Holland and his mother of French Huguenot descent. His mother's ancestors were driven from France at the time of the massacre of St. Bartholomew.

Jonathan Walton was born in Washington County, Pa., Jan. 9, 1837, a son of John and Eliza Walton, who were both natives of Pennsylvania. With their four sons they moved to Ripley County, Ind., in the summer of 1837, where the father died and was buried Jan. 9, 1845. His widow, some years later, married Stephen Gowin and to this union were born six children—Love J., deceased; Mrs. Adaline Slavins, of Kansas; Oliver and James B., residing in this township; Mrs. Cynthia Robbins, of Missouri, and Mrs. Anna Crose, of this township. The children by her former marriage were—Warren, of Ripley County; William, a member of the Ninety-ninth Indiana Infantry, died in the service; Amos, served in the Seventh Indiana Infantry, now living in Madison County, Iowa, and Jonathan, our subject. The family moved to Hendricks County in 1853, locating on section 34, where Mr. Gowin died in the spring of 1880. His widow is living in this township with her youngest daughter, Mrs. Anna Crose. Jonathan Walton lived with his mother and step-father till his marriage to Miss Cynthia Robbins, which occurred Oct. 9, 1859. After his marriage he made his home on section 34, on part of the John Robbins homestead. He has prospered in his agricultural pursuits, and now owns a farm of 188 acres, also a fine residence property in North Salem. He is a member of North Salem Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F., and politically he is a Republican. To Mr. and Mrs. Walton have been born three children—Emma C., their eldest, died at the age of eighteen months; John Gavin, born March, 1863, and Bertha, born in November, 1870. Mrs. Walton's grandparents came to this county in 1833. Her father was born in North Carolina, June 16, 1809, and was there married in June, 1829, to Lydia Parsons, who was born Dec. 27, 1808. They had eleven children, of whom six are living—Mrs. Mary Jones, of Eel River Township; Mrs. Martha Davis, same township; Mrs. Cynthia Walton, this township; William, this township; Mrs. Susan Robbins and Mrs. Jose-

phine Davis, of Eel River Township. Those deceased are—Newton Catherine, John and Barnabas. John Robbins was a prominent citizen of this county, and served satisfactorily as County Commissioner several terms. His death occurred March 5, 1881. His widow is living on the old homestead with her son-in-law, Jonathan Walton, which has been her home for fifty-two years.



CHAPTER XIX.

MIDDLE TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION.—SETTLEMENT.—PITTSBORO.—BUSINESS.—CHURCHES, ETC.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS.—STATISTICS.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Middle Township is bounded on the north by Boone County, on the east by Brown and Lincoln townships, on the south by Lincoln, Washington and Center, and on the west by Center and Union. It is very deficient in natural drainage, but easily drained by artificial means. It has no stream too large to be called a branch; its surface is the nearest a plain of any township in the county; its soil is for the most part very productive, and Indian corn is the staple; wheat and oats are, however, very profitable crops.

FIRST SETTLEMENT.

The first clearing in the township was made in 1830 by Lemuel McBee, in the western part of the town of Pittsboro. Within three years from the date of Mr. McBee's settlement, the following well-known citizens settled in the central and southern portions of the township: Ed. Poynter, Elijah Thompson, Adam Spicklemire, Stephen Hale, Samuel Hill, James Wells, Jonas Lipe, John and Jacob Holtsclaw, Aaron Spicklemire, Benjamin Davis and Hezekiah Demick. In no part of Hendricks County did the pioneers have a harder fight with primeval nature, or endure more hardships, than in Middle Township. The forests were very heavy and the undergrowth of bushes almost impenetrable. The township was organized in 1833. James Parks was the first Justice of the Peace, and Alfred Lineberry taught the first school, in 1835, on Samuel Hill's farm, for $10 per month.

PITTSBORO.

Pittsboro was laid out in 1834 by Simon T. Hadley and William L. Matlock. It was first called by Mr. Hadley, Pittsburg, and afterward changed to Pittsboro to have the name of the town

and postoffice agree. It is the only village and postoffice in the township, and contains about 600 inhabitants. Owing to the location here of the extensive stave factory of Daniel Feely, which furnishes continuous employment for nearly 100 laborers, Pittsboro has been for ten years, in proportion to its size, the most prosperous village in Hendricks County. It is situated on the I., B. & W. Railroad, twenty miles from Indianapolis, and is the terminus of the Indianapolis and Brownsburg pike.

The firms doing business in Pittsboro in 1885 are: Thomas Allen, general store; James Adams, blacksmith; Charles Alston, blacksmith; Adams & Walters, agricultural implements; Jacob Bell, shoemaker; Louis Burglin, wagon and blacksmith shop; J. A. Cox, Central House; Isaac Dillon, Dillon House; R. T. Dorman, general store; Daniel Feely, stave factory; O. W. Hill, Postmaster; Hiram Huddleston, livery stable; Mrs. Linton, millinery; Meal & Bradley, agricultural implements; William Spaulding wagon shop; W. J. Shirley, general store; A. C. Weaver, general store; Weaver & Bromfield, flouring mill; Isaac B. Waters, furniture and undertaking.

ODD FELLOWS.

Pittsboro Lodge, No. 342, I. O. O. F., was organized Jan. 22, 1870, by J. N. Shirley, W. N. Crabb, L. S. Watts, James Q. Adams, Amos Hoak and J. M. McLean. It has now a membership of nearly thirty, and meets at its hall every Saturday evening. It was an outgrowth of the Brownsburg lodge, and has in turn been weakened by the organization of another lodge, at Lizton. The present officers are: N. McCurdy, N. G.; James Hardwick, V. G.; W. J. Linton, Secretary; F. McCabe, Treasurer; H. Hoak, D. G. M.

RELIGIOUS.

The Christian Church, or "Church of God in Christ," was organized Feb. 25, 1854. A church was built the same year, at a cost of $2,000. It is now used as a residence. The first Trustees were Joseph Wells, Dennis Clark, John L. Parker, Stephen Hale and Asa Veach. The present church was built in 1872, and is valued at $2,000. Rev. U. C. Brewer, of Danville, preaches here the first Sunday of each month. The membership is perhaps 200. Previous pastors have been Rev. Wallace Tharpe and Elder Connor.

The Methodist Episcopal people have had a society here for

some forty years. Their present frame church, the second used by them, was built in 1868, at a cost of $2,000. No regular services are held at present writing. Rev. Mr. Green, of Danville, held monthly services in the fall of 1884. The membership is not large, the congregation being about 100.

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of Middle Township for the presidential election of 1852 gives the names of 139 voters, which are here copied, as affording a very good list of the old settlers: Asa T. Hoadley, John Nelson, W. O. Parker, W. G. Parker, I. M. Candiff, I. C. Parker, G. L. Thompson, Barney Ball, Calloway Nosler, G. W. Firestone, William B. McDonnell, James Pace, Lafayette J. Job, Boston Woslen, Austin Pierson, L. Cannon Pointer, Edward Pointer, Alfred Huddleston, Perry R. Darnell, Thomas S. Roberts, Joshua F. Hutchins, John A. Long, Thomas J. C. Sparks, Greenup Kennedy, Jeremiah Spicklemire, Joshua Kennedy, William Williams, Edward Reynolds, Benjamin Newman, Thomas Walker, James G. Hoadley, Eldred Huff, Jacob Gregg, John P. Foster, James Chadwick, Thomas Gatson, Thomas C. Gatson, Henry Caywood, Adam Thompson, David Roy, Jonathan D. Parks, Augustus Newman, John L. Parker, John A. Gregg, William Crab, Henry Carter, Solomon Veach, Richard Myers, Andrew J. Jordan, George Sliver, Noble Jenkins, Henry Hughs, Balaam Wells, Samuel Hill, Beverly J. Edwards, John Gregg, John Caywood, Biah Dillon, John Kitts, Benjamin G. Waters, Thomas Veach, George W. Jordan, William McCuitt, Evan Thompson, Harmon McCaslin, William J. Roberts, James A. Blair, Zachariah Geong, William A. Jones, Abraham Spicklemire, Thomas Roy, William J. May, Jacob Hughs, Simon Wells, William Wood, Asa Caywood, William J. Foster, William Selch, Stephen F. Huddleston, John C. Cochran, Hugh Robinson, Raphael Smith, J. T. Pratt, William Job, John McNally, Charles Coffin, Clark Benton, Thomas J. Weaver, Gordon Reynolds, Lewis Nosler, Asa Veach, David A. Jenkins, William Ray, William Thompson, William S. Walter, Samuel P. Pointer, William E. Walter, John W. Shepherd, Aaron Spicklemire, William Patterson, Oliver Wells, Nelson Faught, Nathaniel Hilton, James M. Parker, Joseph Wells, Joseph Faught, Alexander F. Smith, Sier Thompson, William E. Newman, James W. Thompson, James W. Reynolds, Perry Newman, George J. Davis, Jonas Lipe, Thomas Richardson, James N. Spicklemire, William C. Gregg,

James W. Lout, George Faught, William Dillon, John Cundift, William Hale, Greenville Spicklemire, Aaron V. Keith, Levi Buchanan, Nicholas Loller, Henry Lamb, Joseph Lyons, Jacob Hale, William Gregg, J. M. Fronk, Benjamin Griffith, Thomas A. Blake, William D. Emmons, Lewis Holtsclaw, Alexander Adams, Oliver W. Hill and, James N. Lout.

POLITICAL.

In political sentiment the majority in Middle Township has been successively Democratic, Whig, Democratic, Republican, and lastly Democratic. Following is the vote for President since 1844.

1844—James K. Polk	57	25	1868—Ulysses S. Grant	154	30
Henry Clay	32		Horatio Seymour	124	
1848—Lewis Cass	119	35	1872—Ulysses S. Grant	156	30
Zachariah Taylor	84		Horace Greeley	126	
Martin Van Buren	8		Charles O'Conor	2	
1852—Winfield Scott	70	3	1876—Samuel J. Tilden	202	45
Franklin Pierce	67		Rutherford B. Hayes	157	
1856—James Buchanan	118	51	Peter Cooper	40	
John C. Fremont	67		1880—Winfield S. Hancock	223	60
Millard Fillmore	4		James A. Garfield	163	
1860—Stephen A. Douglas	104	10	James B. Weaver	25	
Abraham Lincoln	94		1884—Grover Cleveland	224	47
John C. Breckinridge	19		James G. Blaine	177	
John Bell	1		Benjamin F. Butler	18	
1864—Abraham Lincoln	110	17			
George B. McClellan	93				

OFFICIAL.

Those who have been justices, constables, trustees, clerks, treasurers and assessors of Middle Township are here enumerated, together with the years in which they were respectively elected:

Justices of the Peace: James Parks, 1834; Archibald Alexander, 1835; James William Hooper, 1837; David S. Buzzard, 1838; James William Hooper, 1842; David S. Buzzard, 1843; Alexander Pollock, 1845–'7; David S. Buzzard, 1848; Alexander Adams, 1851; Jacob M. Duzan, 1854; Thomas A. Blake, 1855; Lewis Pearcy, 1857; Elias Leach, 1858; James M. Tout, 1861; James A. Blair, Oliver P. Peters and Balaam Wells, 1862; Nelson Faught, 1865; B. Wells, 1866; Mahlon Thompson, 1867; B. G. Waters, 1868; John B. Rainey, 1869; John P. Smith, 1870; William S. Marsh and James M. Wills, 1872; J. A. Jordan, 1874; James M. Wills and C. W. Edwards, 1876; Jacob M. Dusanne, 1878; J. B. Walters, 1880; Marcus L. Murry, 1882; Isaac Waters, 1884.

Constables: Larkin J. Dollarhide, 1833; Albert Thompson, 1835; Elias Leach and Albert Thompson, 1838; Elias Leach and

Thomas J. Weaver, 1839; Abram Spicklemire and Boston Nausler, 1844; William McBee and William A. Long, 1845; Caleb Lamb and Solomon Adams, 1846; Aaron V. Keith and Solomon Adams, 1848; Aaron V. Keith and Solomon Adams, 1849; William D. Amos and Solomon Adams, 1850; John Shepherd and William McCuitt, 1851; Elias Leach and Thomas D. Newman, 1852; Elias Leach, 1853; Clark L. Benton and Oliver W. Hill, 1854; Clark L. Benton and Austin Pierson, 1855-'6; Isaac B. Waters and William C. Gregg, 1857; Joseph M. McVey and William Gulley, 1858; Georgaway Sullivan and Oliver W. Hill, 1860; N. W. Doan and William Gulley, 1861; William J. Linton and William Gulley, 1862; William J. Linton and Israel Hendrickson, 1863; Enoch W. King and Israel Hendrickson, 1864; Jesse S. Painter and L. S. Watts, 1865; G. L. Thompson and L. S. Watts, 1866; G. L. Thompson and James Pearcy, 1867; William J. Linton and John P. Smith, 1868; R. F. Rainey and William H. Spalding, 1869; William H. Spalding and Alfred Waters, 1870; Alfred Waters and Matthew M. Adams, 1872; G. L. Thompson and J. A. Smith, 1874; G. L. Thompson and Harvey Jones, 1876; William H. Spalding and James M. Waters, 1878; William Spalding and Daniel Kennedy, 1880; Hiram Huddleston and John Murry, 1882; Elijah Dickerson and Samuel McBee, 1884.

Trustees: James N. Tout, 1855; David Ray, 1856; James N. Tout, 1857; James A. Blair, 1858; John N. Shirley, 1860-'2, Jonas Lipe, 1863; Silas Davidson, 1864; Amos C. Weaver, 1865-'6; William G. Parker, 1867-'8; Lewis Thornbrough, 1869; John N. Shirley, 1870-'2; H. Hoak, 1874; B. A. Acton, 1876; Daniel Feeley, 1878-'80; Austin Pierson, 1882-'84.

Clerks: Clark L. Benton, 1855; Thomas A. Blake, 1856; Greenville N. Spicklemire, 1857; Elias Leach, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurers: Asa T. Hoadley, 1855-'7; John L. Shirley, 1858; (office abolished).

Assessors: Alfred Stanley, 1870; J. B. Walters, 1872; William C. Mitchell, 1874; George Brent, 1876-'8; Lee A. Lemmon, 1880-'2.

STATISTICS.

The population of Middle Township was in 1880, by the United States census, 1,828. The following statistics of population, wealth and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 19,604.29; value of same, $461,843; value of improvements, $90,140; value of lots,

$2,574; value of improvements, $6,510; value of personalty, $175,443; total taxable wealth, $736,510; polls, 314; dogs, 204; State tax, $1,040.80; county tax, $2,265.82; township tax, $441.90; tuition tax, $1,256.93; special school tax, $1,109.60; road tax, $1,473; endowment tax, $36.82; bridge tax, $736.50; total taxes, $10,048.07; delinquent taxes, $1,102.68.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

James H. Brill, M. D., was born in Fredericks County, Va., Dec. 13, 1843, a son of John H. and Sarah A. Brill. In 1852 his parents moved to Hendricks County, and settled near Belleville, in Liberty Township, where they lived till 1867, then moved to Charlton County, Mo., where the mother died in 1870. James H. Brill was reared on a farm and upon reaching manhood he learned the blacksmith's trade, which he followed about three years. Not liking the business and having early had a desire to be a physician, in the fall of 1868 he entered Asbury University, (now DePauw) where he remained a year, thus laying the foundation for his future life of usefulness. In the spring of 1869 he began the study of medicine with Dr. L. H. Kennedy, of Danville, remaining with him till the fall of 1870, when he entered the Miami Medical College, at Cincinnati, and attended the entire five-months session. The summer of 1871 he spent in Danville with his former preceptor, and the following fall again entered Miami College, from which he graduated in March, 1872. He located in Pittsboro where he has built up a large practice. He is a close student of his profession and is recognized by all as one of the most successful and reliable practitioners of the county. He is a member of the Hendricks County Medical Society, the State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. His residence is just outside the corporation of Pittsboro, where he owns 182 acres of valuable land. He also owns a quarter-section in Nebraska. He has given considerable attention to breeding blooded cattle of the Hereford and Aberdeen Angus varieties, and was the first to introduce the pure breeds in Hendricks County. Dr. Brill was married Oct. 10, 1872, to Alice Alexander, daughter of James P. Alexander. They have two children—Ada, born May 13, 1875, and Ernest, born April 19, 1879. Dr. Brill is a member of the Masonic fraternity; also a member of the Christian church.

Fletcher Carter, a prominent young farmer of Middle Township, is a native of Marion County, Ind., a son of John V. and Diana

Carter. He is the second of six children, the others being Emma (deceased), William J., John H., Flora A. and Mary J. Fletcher Carter was reared on a farm, attending in his boyhood the common schools, and later the commercial department of Butler University, Indianapolis. He was married Dec. 25, 1876, to Mary M. Applegate, daughter of Milton B. and Margaret Applegate. In the spring of 1877 he settled on his present farm of 100 acres in Middle Township, where he is successfully engaged in his chosen vocation. He is an enterprising young man, and one of the most influential and prosperous citizens of the township. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. They have two children—Wilbert and Earl.

Silas Davidson is a native of Hendricks County, born April 7, 1839, a son of John and Nancy Davidson, natives of Kentucky. His parents were among the first settlers of Middle Township, and endured all the privations and hardships of pioneer life. They entered eighty acres of heavily timbered land, which they cleared and made their home till death. But two of their five children are living—Silas and William. Silas Davidson was reared and educated in his native county, remaining at home till after the breaking out of the war of the Rebellion. In August, 1861, he enlisted in Company B, Seventh Indiana Infantry, and participated in the battles of Greenbriar, Winchester, Fort Republic, and others. He was wounded in the right foot, making amputation at the ankle necessary. He was captured and sent to a Confederate hospital at Charlotteville, Va., where he remained three months. He was then confined in Libby and other prisons a short time, when he was paroled and sent to Washington where he received his discharge in October, 1862. He was married March 26, 1868, to Martha Baker, daughter of Nathan Baker, of Center Township. To them have been born four children—Carrie E., Mary E., Orpha E. and Archibald F. Mr. Davidson is a member of Pittsboro Lodge, No. 342, I. O. O. F. He has a good farm of 106 acres and is a representative citizen of his township.

Daniel Feely was born in Niagara County, N. Y., Nov. 8, 1843, a son of Martin and Mary (Cox) Feely. He was reared in his native county, and in the spring of 1864 came to Indiana and for four years was employed as a stave cutter in Allen County; then went to Indianapolis and in the fall of 1869 removed to Boone County, where he engaged in the manufacture of staves in company with J. E. McKendry and Robert Bracken three years, when

Mr. Bracken became sole proprietor, the other two gentlemen retiring from the firm. In the spring of 1873 Mr. Feely came to Hendricks County and established a factory in Pittsboro, which has been one of the leading industries of the town. In former years he employed 100 hands in the various departments but owing to the somewhat limited demand for staves at present, his force is reduced to about thirty. Mr. Feely resides in Pittsboro, where he has a fine farm of 190 acres adjoining town. In addition to this he owns other tracts in Indiana and Iowa. He is one of the wealthiest citizens of the township, and is liberal with his means in the promotion of all enterprises of public benefit. He has served as Trustee of the township four years. He is a member of the Masonic and Odd Fellows' orders, in both of which he takes a great interest. Mr. Feely was married Aug. 30, 1871, to Rhoda M. (Roberts) Long, daughter of William W. Roberts, one of Montgomery County's early citizens.

James R. Hale, a successful farmer and tile manufacturer, of Middle Township, located near Rainstown, is a native of Hendricks County, born Oct. 15, 1846, a son of Stephen and Sarah Hale, early settlers of the county. Four of a family of ten children are living—John, Susan, Christopher J. and James R. The father died in 18—, and the mother is still a resident of this township. James R. Hale was reared and educated in his native county, and Dec. 8, 1864, married Susan McClintock, daughter of Hezekiah McClintock, one of Hendricks' pioneers. To them have been born six children, but two of whom, George W. and Nila D., are living. Sarah S., Mollie E., Ettie A. and Urban G. are deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Hale are members of the Christian church. In politics he is a Republican.

Samuel Hill was born in Guilford County, N. C., Feb. 22, 1806, a son of Joseph and Nancy Hill. His mother died when he was quite young, and when thirteen years of age he was apprenticed to learn the blacksmith's trade, serving four years. When seventeen years of age he went to Orange, now Alamance County, N. C., where he remained several years. He subsequently came to Hendricks County, Ind., and was one of the first settlers of Middle Township. He entered a half-section of land, of which he has made one of the best farms in the township. He has experienced all the phases of pioneer life and has assisted materially in transforming Middle Township from its wild, uncultivated state to its present condition of thrifty farms and prosperous villages. Mr.

Hill has been twice married—first to Rebecca Hornaday, daughter of Lewis and Rebecca Hornaday. To them were born seven children, five of whom are living—Oliver W., John C., Daniel F., Mary J. and Eliza Z. The deceased are Samira A. and William W. Mrs. Hill died and Mr. Hill married Mrs. Catherine (Hambleton) Clark, widow of Edmund Clark. In politics Mr. Hill is a Republican.

Daniel F. Holtsclaw, son of John and Ann Holtsclaw, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Nov. 4, 1843. He was reared to manhood in his native county, and April 17, 1862, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary J. West, a daughter of William and Sarah West, of this county, the former deceased. They have a family of five children, whose names are—William C., Edward G., Lloyd C., Charles O. and Newton F. Mr. Holtsclaw is the owner of a fine farm of about ninety-two acres all in a good state of cultivation. He belongs to the Odd Fellows' Lodge at Pittsboro, Ind. He is a member of the Christian church. In politics he is a Republican.

Marshall Holtsclaw, a prominent farmer of Middle Township, was born in Pulaski County, Ky., Oct. 25, 1832, a son of John and Annie Holtsclaw. In 1834 his parents moved to Montgomery County, Ind., and thence in 1835 to Hendricks County, and settled near where our subject now lives. His father was married twice. By the first wife were born three children—Louis, John, and Francis J., and by the second, seven, five of whom are living—Marshall, Green L., Daniel F., Surelda, and Mary A. Marshall was reared and educated in Hendricks County, remaining with his parents till manhood. He is one of the successful agriculturists of the township, owning a good farm of 135 acres. He was married in August, 1854, to Elizabeth H. Stevens, of Parke County, Ind., and to them was born one child—Annie E. Mrs. Holtsclaw died July, 1857, and July 25, 1866, Mr. Holtsclaw married Sallie A., daughter of William West. Three children have been born to them, but two of whom are living—Ora V. and Effie M. In April, 1861, Mr. Holtsclaw enlisted in Company A, Seventh Indiana Infantry, in the three-months service, and engaged in the battles of Philippi, Laurel Hill, and Carrick's Ford, W. Va. In February, 1862, he enlisted in Company A, Fifty-third Infantry, and participated in many of the important engagements of the war, among others the siege of Corinth and Vicksburg, and was wounded at Hatchie River. He was discharged in

February, 1864, and re-enlisted in the same company and regiment and participated in the Atlanta campaign. At Kenesaw Mountain he was wounded and was in the hospital at Rome, Ga., eight weeks. He joined his regiment and with them marched to the sea, and participated in the siege of Savannah and battle of Bentonville, N. C.; was present at the surrender of General Johnston; was commissioned Second Lieutenant for good and faithful service; received his final discharge at Louisville, Ky., in July, 1865. In politics Mr. Holtsclaw is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Amos Hoak, farmer and stock-raiser, Middle Township, was born in Lancaster County, Pa., Dec. 3, 1831, a son of Martin and Elizabeth Hoak, natives of Pennsylvania. He is the third of a family of eight children—Daniel, Henry, Amos, Hannah, Martha, Jonathan, Joseph and Isaac. He was reared on a farm in his native State, and in 1854 immigrated to Montgomery County, Ohio, where he engaged in the nursery business six years. In 1860 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled on a farm in Middle Township, where he now has 100 acres of improved land. In 1875 he formed a partnership with his brother Henry in the mercantile business at Pittsboro, the firm name being H. & A. Hoak. They continued in business till the fall of 1880, when they sold out to Oliver W. Hill. Mr. Hoak has served his township as Assessor four years. He is one of the successful and enterprising business men of the township, lending his influence to all worthy projects. He was married Dec. 24, 1861, to Margaret J. (McLeod) Hale, daughter of William McLeod. They have had four children—Ida M., Nettie, Harry and William, deceased. Mr. Hoak has been a member of the Masonic and Odd Fellows' orders for several years.

Enos C. Hornaday is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Oct. 20, 1839, a son of Simon and Eliza Hornaday. Simon Hornaday was a native of North Carolina, and when about eighteen years of age immigrated to Warren County, Ohio, and thence, a short time later, to Hendricks County, Ind., and entered forty acres of land in Liberty Township. He was one of the first settlers, and became one of the prominent citizens of the county. He served as Commissioner of Hendricks County six years. He was twice married; first, to Eliza Syntmeyer, by whom he had five children, three of whom are living—Enos C., Edom M. and Elizabeth. His second wife was Martha Polk, and to them were born three children—Elvira, Samantha and Eva. Mr. Hornaday died

in March, 1880. Enos C. Hornaday was reared in Hendricks County. His early education was obtained in the common schools, and later in the Wabash College, at Crawfordsville, Ind. While at Crawfordsville the Rebellion broke out and the call was issued for volunteers for the three-months service, and in April, 1861, he enlisted in Company I, Eleventh Indiana Infantry. At the expiration of the three months he re-enlisted in the same company for three years. He participated in many hard-fought battles, among them Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Vicksburg, Champion Hills and Jackson. His regiment was first assigned to the Army of the Tennessee, and later was transferred to the Army of the Gulf, and finally to Sheridan's command, in the Shenandoah Valley, where he was discharged in August, 1864. He returned home and again assumed the responsibilities of a civilian. He has been prominently identified with the interests of the county, and in 1880 was elected County Treasurer, assuming the duties of his office in September, 1881. He performed the duties of his office faithfully and efficiently two years, his residence during this time being in Danville. His home in Middle Township is pleasantly located, the farm containing seventy-three acres of cultivated land. Mr. Hornaday was married Feb. 13, 1879, to Viola C. Dillon, of Boone County. They have two children—Herbert P., born June 17, 1880, and Erie E., born June 9, 1883. Mr. and Mrs. Hornaday are members of the Christian church.

John A. Hufford, one of the successful agriculturists of Middle Township, is a native of Hendricks County, born in January, 1834, a son of Joel and Louisa J. Hufford, who settled in this county in 1832. He is the second of six children, but two of whom beside himself are living—Gideon F. and David J. Adaline, William N., and Amanda J. are deceased. John A. was reared on a farm, receiving a practical education in the common schools. He has been successful in his pursuits and now owns a good farm of 157½ acres. He was married Oct. 25, 1855, to Julia A. Parker, daughter of William O. Parker. To them were born three children—William J., Charles, and Mary J. (deceased). Mrs. Hufford died and Mr. Hufford subsequently married, in April, 1882, Mary Gentry, daughter of Harvey Gentry. He is a member of the Baptist and his wife of the Christian church.

John W. Hughes is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Sept. 8, 1845, a son of Henry and Margaret Hughes, early settlers of Middle Township, and here the father died in 1866. He was

reared and educated in his native county, and since reaching manhood has given his attention to agriculture. He owns a good farm of sixty-six acres, his home being one of the pleasantest in the township. He was married Nov. 10, 1869, to Susan C. Blair, a native of Hendricks County, born May 23, 1852, daughter of James A. and Amenia Blair. Four children have been born to them—Harry E., Muratt W., Iva M., and one deceased.

Luther W. Job was born in Putnam County, Ind., Jan. 24, 1836, a son of William and Mary Job. His parents were natives of North Carolina, and among the early settlers of Putnam County. They moved to Danville, Center Township, in 1860, where they lived until 1879, then moved to Nebraska where the father died in September, 1880. The mother died July 28, 1885. They had a family of fourteen children, seven of whom are living—Perlina P., Luther W., Noah W., Alfred P., Isaiah S., Nancy E. and James P. Three sons were soldiers in the war of the Rebellion. Noah W. was a member of Company B, Seventh Indiana Infantry, and after serving two years and eight months was captured and incarcerated in Libby and Andersonville prisons seven months. He was wounded twice, in the hip and in the forehead. Alfred P. served twelve months in the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, and Lafayette (now deceased) served one year in Company B, Tenth Indiana Infantry. Luther W. Job was reared a farmer, and has always given his attention to agriculture. In 1859 he settled in the eastern part of Middle Township, where he now owns ninety-five acres of valuable land, well improved. He was married Sept. 23, 1858, to Martha E. Junken, born Oct. 17, 1839, daughter of Noble and Jane Junken. They have two children—Mollie, now Mrs. J. B. Hale, born Sept. 3, 1859, and Eva, born March 8, 1873. Mr. Job is a member of Pittsboro Lodge, No. 342, I. O. O. F. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mrs. Job's parents were natives of Virginia, and among the early settlers of Wayne County. In 1839 they moved to Hendricks County, and settled in Middle Township, where the father died Sept. 13, 1875. They reared a family of four children, of whom three are living—Moses H., Martha E. and John F.

William A. Jones, one of the earliest settlers of Middle Township, is a native of Kentucky, born May 31, 1812, a son of Allen and Elizabeth (Campbell) Jones. His parents came to Hendricks County in 1827, and here he grew to manhood. On attaining his majority he entered forty acres of wild land, which he improved

and to which he has added till he now has a fine farm of 200 acres. He was married May 2, 1833, to Hannah E. Bray, and to them were born eight children, five of whom are living—Richard B., Allen E., Thomas B., William S. and Hannah. Mary, Elizabeth and Rhoda are deceased. His wife died in September, 1876, and in September, 1878, he married Mary A. Wright, of Virginia. In politics Mr. Jones is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church.

John A. Jordan, son of George W. and Tabitha Jordan, is a native of Hendricks County, born Nov. 3, 1843. He is the youngest of five children, but four of whom are living, the others being William T., Susan A. and Mary A. He was reared on his father's farm, remaining at home until after the breaking out of the war of the Rebellion, when, in August, 1862, he enlisted in defense of the Union and was assigned to Company H, Ninety-ninth Indiana Infantry. He participated in the battes at Vicksburg, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Dalton, Resaca, the Atlanta campaign and march to the sea, serving till June, 1865. After his discharge he returned to his native county, and turned his attention to agriculture, at which he has prospered and now owns 105 acres of valuable land in the northern part of Middle Township. He was married Jan. 9, 1870, to Amelia M. Dillon, of Boone County, Ind., and to them have been born four children, three of whom are living—Vietta J., born Sept. 21, 1871; Ida B., May 16, 1873, and Carrie E., Sept. 22, 1875. Mr. Jordan has served as Justice of the Peace four years. He is an active member of the Christian church and has been an Elder several years.

Henry T. Kirk was born in Harrison County, Ohio, June 11, 1842, a son of Vochiel and Susannah Kirk. In 1843 his parents moved to Noble County, Ohio, and thence, in 1855, to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Brownsburg, where his father died in 1880 and his mother in 1883. To them were born nine children, but five of whom are living—Isaac, William, Van Buren, Sarah J. and Henry T. Our subject was reared a farmer, remaining at home till his enlistment, in October, 1861, in the defense of the Union. He was assigned to Company A, Fifty-first Indiana Infantry, Fourth Corps, Army of the Cumberland, and participated in the battles at Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Corinth, Murfreesboro, Gallatin, Day's Gap, Crooked Creek, Cedar Mountain, Perryville, Franklin, Nashville, Overton Hills, Columbia and others of minor importance. He was discharged in January, 1864, and immediately

re-enlisted and served till December, 1865. He was married Oct. 14, 1865, to Mary Potts, daughter of Thomas and Mahala Potts, early settlers of Hendricks County. They have had eight children, but four of whom are living—William T., Franklin T., Mary R. and George H. Maud, Eva M., Lou and Harry M. are deceased. Mr. Kirk has a pleasant home in Middle Township, his farm containing eighty acres of well-improved land. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Francis Martin is a native of Kentucky, born Jan. 7, 1832, a son of Williamson and Nancy Martin. He was reared in his native State, and there received a fair education. About 1851 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and was employed in saw and grist mills till the breaking out of the civil war. In April, 1861, he enlisted in the Eleventh Indiana Infantry for three months, and in August re-enlisted. He participated in the battles of Fort Henry, Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Port Gibson, Champion Hills, siege of Vicksburg and others of minor importance. He was discharged in the fall of 1864 and returned to Hendricks County. He then followed milling in Clayton, Monrovia and Mooresville till 1873, when he located in Middle Township, where he has since followed agricultural pursuits, and now owns a good farm of eighty acres. Mr. Martin was married Dec. 24, 1873, to Nancy J. Prather, daughter of Wesley A. and Arthusa W. Prather. They have two children —Daisy and Grant. Mr. Martin's political affiliations are with the Republican party.

Dudley H. Parker was born in Hendricks County, Ind., March 16, 1844, a son of James M. and Maria Parker, natives of Kentucky. In 1834 his parents moved to Jefferson County, Ind., and thence in 1835 to Hendricks County, where the father died in November, 1882, and the mother in July, 1884. But two of their five children are living—Sallie F. and Dudley H. They were prominent members of the Christian church. Dudley H. Parker was reared in his native township, receiving his early education in the district schools. In the fall of 1859 he entered the Northwestern Christian University, at Indianapolis, an institution he attended till June, 1862, when he enlisted in Company A, Fifty-first Indiana Infantry. He participated in the siege of Nashville, battle of Dalton, and others of minor importance. In July, 1865, the Fourth Corps, of which the Fifty-first formed a part, was sent to Texas, where they remained till mustered out in January, 1866. Sept. 14, 1868, Mr. Parker was married to Maria A. Procter,

daughter of William and Sallie Procter. To them have been born seven children, five of whom are living—Oscar S., Aggie, Nettie, Ettie and an infant unnamed. Mr. Parker remained in Hendricks County a year after his marriage and then moved to Johnson County, Kas., where for about three years he worked at the carpenter's trade. Thence to McPherson, Kas., and was associated with Wallace Gleason in the drug business eight months. In 1874 he returned to Hendricks County, where he now has a good farm of eighty acres. Mr. Parker is a member of the Masonic fraternity.

Ellis L. Parker was born in Middle Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., Feb. 10, 1849, a son of John L. and Nancy Parker. He received the rudiments of his education in the district schools of his native township, and in the fall of 1865 entered the Northwestern Christian University (now Butler University), at Indianapolis, where he remained a school year, and in 1867 returned to the same school. After leaving school he taught for a time and then turned his attention to agriculture, at which he has been successful, and now owns a good farm of eighty acres. Mr. Parker was married Nov. 21, 1876, to Nancy Salmon, daughter of Robert Salmon, of Lincoln Township. To them have been born four children—Bruce, Mary, Maude and Claude.

Henry R. Parker is a native of Hendricks County, born in February, 1836, a son of John L. and Nancy Parker, who settled in Middle Township in 1835, and here the father died in October, 1875. Six of a family of thirteen children are living—John C., Jane, Henry R., Sarah, Wesley and Ellis L. Henry R. Parker was reared and educated in his native township. He is one of the most intelligent and thrifty farmers of the township and has accumulated as a result of his industry and enterprise 200 acres of valuable land. He was married Dec. 25, 1860, to Adaline Carter, daughter of Harlan and Esther Carter. They have five children—John H., William C., Lurena, Richard and Nancy E. Mr. and Mrs. Parker are members of the Christian church.

William Patterson is a native of Monmouth County, N. J., born May 27, 1818, a son of William and Rebecca Patterson. In 1836 he accompanied his parents to Wayne County, Ind., and later to Hendricks County, locating in Brown Township, where they both died. Three of a family of eight children are living—James, Catherine and William. William Patterson was reared a farmer, receiving but a limited education. In 1851 he came to Hendricks County and settled in Middle Township, where he has

since lived. He has been industrious and frugal, and has accumulated a good property. His farm contains 160 acres of valuable land, and his improvements are among the best in the township. Mr. Patterson was married Oct. 4, 1851, to Amelia Lauhorn, daughter of Thomas Lauhorn, of Marion County, Ind. To them have been born eleven children, of whom seven are living—John W., Thomas J., Vinson, William H., Mary A., Rebecca and Dora E. In politics Mr. Patterson is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church.

Austin Pierson, one of the leading citizens of Middle Township, was born June 12, 1826, in Shelby County, Ky. He was a son of William and Nancy Pierson, who were natives of Virginia. From Kentucky they came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1834, locating in Marion Township, where the father died. He was County Commissioner of this county. They were the parents of ten children, eight of whom survive—Augustus, Thomas, John, William, Austin, Sarah, Elizabeth and Nancy. Our subject was reared to manhood in this county, receiving but a limited education, and was here married, March 6, 1851, to Miss Mary J. Smith, of Hendricks County. They have had a family of twelve children. Those living are—James M., Mereen, George B., Joseph M., Robert E., Nancy E., Sarah, Mary and Ann E. Henry, Harvey and Oliver are deceased. Mr. Pierson settled where he now resides, in the fall of 1851. He has met with success in his agricultural pursuits and is the owner of 160 acres of land. He is at present serving his second term as Township Trustee.

William Ray was born in Randolph County, N. C., Feb. 14, 1822, a son of Presley and Dica Ray. He was reared on a farm in his native county, receiving a common-school education. After reaching manhood he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and was here married, in January, 1847, to Annie Osborn, daughter of Mathew and Jane Osborn, early settlers of Hendricks County. After his marriage he settled in Middle Township, on the farm where he has since lived, which contains 125¾ acres of well cultivated land. He has been energetic and enterprising, and is one of the prosperous farmers of the township. To Mr. and Mrs. Ray have been born twelve children, seven of whom are living—Charles F., Dica J., Presley E., Elijah, Mathew C., Allison E. and William T. In politics Mr. Ray is a Republican.

Tetmaney M. Shaffner was born in Orange, now Alamance, County, N. C., Sept. 10, 1835, a son of Frederick and Susan (Davi-

son) Shoffner. His father was twice married and had a family of nine children, of whom our subject is the only one living. He was reared in his native State and there married, in August, 1853, Mary Kivett. To them were born eight children, but six of whom are living—Joseph C., Robert P., William J., Eliza J., Sallie and Minnie. Mr. Shoffner was an uncompromising Union man during the war of the Rebellion, and was fearless in expressing his loyal sentiments, and in 1868 was chosen for two years a member of the North Carolina Legislature, representing the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, and while there introduced the celebrated "Shoffner Bill" for the suppression of the "Ku Klux", and in the face of much opposition finally secured its passage. His sentiments naturally incurred the enmity of the "Klan" who several times laid their plans to kill him, but each time were unsuccessful in carrying them out. Deeming it unwise, on account of the feeling toward him, to remain in his native State, in 1870 he moved to Hendricks County, Ind. After living in different parts of the county he finally located in the southern part of Middle Township, where he now has a fine farm of eighty acres. He has taken an active interest in the affairs of the county and State, and is one of Hendricks' most valued citizens.

Alexander F. Smith was born in Henry County, Ky., Nov. 15, 1824, a son of James and Hannah Smith. In 1837 his parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Center Township, where they both died. They had a family of eight children—Robert, Sarah, Alexander F., George, James D., Susan, Elizabeth and William. Three, Robert, George and William, are deceased. William was First Lieutenant of Company A, Fifty-third Indiana Infantry, in the war of the Rebellion, and was killed at Atlanta, Ga. Mr. Smith grew to manhood in Center Township, and assisted his father in clearing and improving a frontier farm. In 1855 he moved to Middle Township, and located on the farm where he now lives. He owns 280 acres of choice land, and is one of the most enterprising and influential citizens of the township. He was married Sept. 28, 1848, to Nancy Worrell, a native of Virginia, born Nov. 16, 1827, daughter of William and Patsey Worrell. To them was born one son, James M., born July, 1849. Mrs. Smith died Jan. 16, 1878. James M. was married Sept. 26, 1872, to Delilah Hollingsworth, who was born May 6, 1854, daughter of Samuel V. Hollingsworth, and has four children—Bernice A., born Feb. 6, 1875; Foster V., March 14, 1878; Irwin P., Feb. 23, 1880, and Charles P., April 9, 1884. He is the owner of 151 acres of fine

land, his residence being on the old homestead with his father.

Alfred Stanley, a prominent farmer and stock-raiser of Middle Township, is a native of Hendricks County, born March 31, 1836. His parents, Isaac and Mary Stanley, were natives of North Carolina, and settled near Stilesville, this county, in an early day. Their family consisted of seven children, only two of whom, Alfred and Susan, are living. The deceased are—John, Moses, Calvin, Thomas and Rachel. Alfred Stanley is one of the successful and enterprising farmers of Middle Township. He has a fine farm of 260 acres, and his improvements are unsurpassed in the county. He was married Sept. 10, 1857, to Phœbe Plasters, daughter of William and Mary Plasters, early settlers of this county. They have a family of five children—Tillman H., George W., Mary M., John M. and Franklin. Mr. Stanley has served as Assessor of Middle Township two years. He is a member of the Masonic and Odd Fellows fraternities.

Lewis Thornbrugh was born Jan. 7, 1813, and is a native of Ohio. His parents were William and Elizabeth Thornbrugh and were among the early settlers of Washington Township, Hendricks Co., Ind. Our subject was twice married, his first wife being Miss Annie Schengh, by whom he had five children—Mary E., Samuel, Angeline, Emiline and Mildred, the latter deceased. After the death of his first wife, Mr. Thornbrugh was married to Mrs. Fannie Nash, widow of Richard Nash, of Brown Township, this county. To this union were born two children—Albert and John. Mr. Thornbrugh is the owner of 120 acres of land. He is a member of the Regular Baptist church.

Calvin Warrick was born in Rush County, Ind., Oct. 19, 1840, a son of Edward H. and Ruth Warrick, his father a native of Delaware and his mother of Virginia. In 1845 his parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., and lived in Brown Township till 1856, then moved to Middle Township, near Pittsboro, where the father died in October, 1864. In 1880 the mother went to Nebraska where she still lives with one of her sons. They had a family of eight children—Samuel, Ann, Calvin, Amos, Esther E., Mary J., Hattie and Madora A. Calvin Warrick was reared in Hendricks County, remaining with his parents till manhood. In September, 1861, he enlisted in Company B, Seventh Indiana Infantry. His regiment was assigned to the Army of the Potomac, and participated in many of the most severe battles of the Eastern army, among them being Greenbriar, Edinburg, Winchester, Gettysburg,

Antietam, second Bull Run, and White Sulphur Springs. He was discharged in September, 1864, and upon his return home engaged in agricultural pursuits. He now has a fine farm of 200 acres, all well improved. Mr. Warrick was married in December, 1865, to Evaline Smith, daughter of Joel and Susan Smith, early settlers of Hendricks County. To them have been born five children—Shiles M., William E., Oliver C., Edward H. and Mary M. In politics Mr. Warrick is a Republican. He has served his township as Assessor several terms. He and his wife are members of the Missionary Baptist church.

George W. Wills was born in Montgomery County, Ky., Jan. 16, 1814, a son of Michael and Elizabeth Wills. When he was an infant his father died, and when eighteen years of age he came with his mother and other members of the family to Hendricks County, Ind., and for a short time lived in Center Township, south of Danville. He then bought land in Liberty Township, on which the present village of Clayton was built, where he lived about twenty years, when he returned to Center Township, and in 1862 settled in Middle Township, where he has since lived, his farm containing eighty acres of valuable land. Mr. Wills was married in January, 1837, to Frances H. Mershon, daughter of Daniel and Effie Mershon, early settlers of Hendricks County. To them have been born nine children, eight of whom are living—James M., Sylvester S., William F., Louisa J., Miriam A., Henry C., Simpson B. and Jesse T. Mrs. Wills died March 30, 1881. Mr. Wills is a member of the Christian church.

James M. Wills, of Pittsboro, was born Feb. 26, 1838, on the present site of the town of Clayton, in Hendricks County, when it was nothing but a wilderness, and lived there until he was twenty years of age. He attended the district schools of that day; never attended but two terms of three months each of free school. Although with limited opportunities he qualified himself to teach common schools and worked on the farm with his parents through the summer and taught school through the fall and winter until the war broke out, at $1.15 per day. Aug. 7, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company C, Seventieth Indiana Infantry, and was mustered into the service Aug. 12. He followed all the varied fortunes of the regiment, serving gallantly till his discharge, June 8, 1865. After his discharge from the army Mr. Wills went on the farm and worked through the summer and taught school in the fall and winter of 1865 and 1866, and on the 16th

day of May, 1867, was married to Miss Mary A. Dillon, of Pittsboro. In March, 1869, he moved to Pittsboro and engaged in the drug business with Amos C. Weaver until January, 1880. In 1881 he engaged in the dry-goods business with A. C. Weaver, continuing a year. In 1880 he bought a half interest in the tile works at Pittsboro, which he has since conducted. He makes a fine quality of tile, and ships a great proportion of it to Illinois. In 1872 he was elected Justice of the Peace and served until April, 1877, when he was admitted to the Hendricks County bar to practice law. In October, 1877, he was commissioned Notary Public, and has served continually ever since to the entire satisfaction of all that had notarial work to do, both in fees and quality of work. On the 10th day of January, 1885, through the influence of Senator Benjamin Harrison, his old regimental commander, he was appointed to a clerkship in the United States Railway Mail Service from Pittsburg, Pa., to St. Louis, Mo., but on account of his wife's ill-health he declined to serve. June 6, 1885, the commissioners of Hendricks County appointed him as Justice of the Peace of Middle Township. In the spring of 1882, he was a candidate before the Republican Nominating Convention for Recorder of Hendricks County, but was defeated by A. A. Parsons, the present worthy encumbent and a wounded soldier. Mr. Wills has two children—Ethel, born June 29, 1870, and Jewell, born Dec. 7, 1882.



CHAPTER XX.

UNION TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION. — PIONEER SETTLEMENT. — LIZTON. — BUSINESS AND CHURCHES. — POLITICAL HISTORY. — TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS. — STATISTICS. — BIOGRAPHICAL.

This township, in the northern tier of townships, is bounded on the north by Boone County, on the east by Middle Township, on the south by Center, and on the west by Eel River. The surface of Union Township is generally level, but it has some rolling surface in the southwest and northwest corners. It has the poorest natural drainage of any township in the county, but most of its surface is susceptible of easy artificial drainage. In the fertility of its soil it is unsurpassed by any other portion of the county. Corn is the leading production. Since the opening through it, in 1869, of the I., B. & W. Railroad, its excellent timber has been the source of much prosperity.

The first settlement in the township was made on the farm which Mr. Veiley has since owned, by John Matlock and John Fowler, about the year 1828. Isaac Veiley entered the land where Lizton stands, in 1828, but did not move to the settlement until 1831. Among those who settled in the township before 1835 are Archibald Alexander, James and William Leak and their sons, William Montgomery, John Pritchett, Claiborne Davis and the Plummers. Owing to the poor natural drainage, the bad condition of the roads, and the very many inconveniences of this locality, the settlement grew very slowly until 1840, at which date the cabins were very scattering, and the clearings very small. Since that time the development of the country and the increase of population has been rapid.

One of the advantages of the pioneer was that the stock brought with them would live in the woods all winter and usually do well. This was especially so with swine, and soon after the arrival of the first settlers wild hogs became very abundant in the woods, and all those who had ever had a hog to go astray—as what man had not?

—had a lawful claim upon the common herd. In the autumn of the year, after the acorns and other mast began falling, these hogs became fat, and were hunted down by the settlers with dog and gun, like the bears and the deer.

The settlers often caught them in traps. When desirable to capture them alive, this was always necessary, and was accomplished by making a log pen so high that they could not jump over, and arranging a trap door, to which a string was fastened. Corn was then scattered in trails in different directions through the woods to entice the swine into the pen, when a man secreted high in a tree top would spring the trap and the swine were caught.

As soon as enough persons could be got together to make a hearing, Gilbert Harney and John Harris, of the Christian church, began preaching in the settlement; and in 1837 Gilbert Harney organized, at the house of Archibald Alexander, a church, with Mr. Alexander, Joseph P. Lewis, Samuel C. Carrington and their wives, and a few others, as members. The present church was built about 1875. Rev. U. C. Brewer, of Danville, conducts services here the fourth Sunday of each month. The Methodist Episcopal society date from 1833, when a class was formed at the house of William Montgomery, who was leader. Among the members were Mr. Plummer, Sally Bargan, Claiborne Davis and John Pritchett. The church is a half a mile south of Lizton. Services are held every two weeks by Rev. Mr. Smith, of Jamestown.

LIZTON,

the only village in the township, was laid out by Jesse Veiley in 1837, and named by him New Elizabeth, in honor of Mrs. Veiley. The name was contracted to Lizton when the postoffice was established. Its population is about 275. An Odd Fellows' lodge thrived here for some time, but is now defunct. Those now doing business at Lizton are comprised in the following list:

T. P. Burk, physician; J. R. Dowden, dentist; J. M. Delany, grocer; A. H. Davis, druggist; Fowler & Bro., tile factory; M. M. Herbster, druggist; Joseph Haley, blacksmith; Mrs. Francis Hedge, millinery; O. P. Johnson, physician; J. H. Kendall, wagon shop; D. B. Leak, Lizton Hotel; Osborn & Ross, grist-mill; W. M. Osborn, gunsmith; D. A. Reynolds, jewelry; Shepherd & Logan, saw-mill; M. C. Shipp, general store; J. W. Thompson, Jr., general store; W. C. Tharp, hardware; C. S. Tout, Postmaster and express agent.

Lizton has a fine school building, completed in 1884, at a cost of $2,500. A six-months school is held here. J. W. Trotter is Principal, assisted by Luella Sanders and one other teacher.

RAINSTOWN

is a station and postoffice in the eastern part of the township. The postoffice and only store is kept by J. D. King.

FIRST ELECTION.

The poll-book of this township for the presidential election in 1852 gives the names of fifty-one voters, which are here copied, as affording a partial list of the old settlers of Union Township: Jackson Griffith, R. D. Northcutt, Melzer Ward, William F. Darnell, James Leak, Benjamin G. Hiatt, John Prichett, Claiborne Davidson, Tyra Stocker, Meredith Leach, Philip Stickelman, George Wilson, Solomon Adams, J. P. Lewis, William Northcutt, James Reed, Ezekiel Davidson, Joseph Edwards, Parry Burk, E. Hutchins, James Adams, William Joseph, Thomas Northcutt, John A. Leach, Henry Lewis, Thomas C. Prichett, Benjamin L. Rainy, Dr. Buzzard, John Gregory, R. S. McDaniel, James E. Montgomery, William Hines, James Dingemore, John D. Fear, William D. Lane, S. T. Lewis, John D. Hiatt, William S. Johnson, Anderson Leach, Isaac Burnett, Samuel T. Scott, Thomas C. Parker, Larkin C. Eperson, Samuel Reynolds, Enos Leach, Leland Leak, John Nouringer, Francis A. Scott, Johnson Brookshire and J. H. Herrick.

OFFICIAL.

Following is a list of those who have served Union Township in an official capacity, together with the years in which they were respectively chosen:

Justices of the Peace: James Tharpe, 1851; David S. Buzzard, 1853; James Tharpe, 1855; David S. Buzzard, 1857; Abraham Hamilton, 1859; James Tharpe, 1860; Thomas B. Hall, 1861; Molar McVey, 1864; Thomas B. Hall and Lawrence Leak, 1865; Jesse K. Johnson, 1866–'7; Isaac Burnett, 1868; Thomas B. Hall, 1869; Isaac Burnett, 1870; Thomas B. Hall, 1872; Mizeal English, 1874; Isaac Burnett, 1876; H. C. Ulen and Lafayette Daugherty, 1880; E. P. Logan and John W. Northcutt, 1882.

Constables: Benjamin Wells and Solomon Adams, 1851; Lemich Robbins and Solomon Adams, 1852; William Clark and

Thomas Northcutt, 1853; Solomon Adams, 1854; Park Brittain and James Reed, 1855; John B. Rainey, 1856-'7; John B. Rainey and James M. Cundiff, 1858; John B. Rainey and Allen Hayden, 1859; John B. Rainey and John W. Hall, 1860; Solomon Adams and W. H. Richardson, 1861; W. J. Lowry and John B. Rainey, 1862; R. J. Pearce and William S. Abney, 1863; William F. Darnall and John Hall, 1864; L. C. Northcutt and J. B. Leak, 1865; Leander Tollen and John W. Northcutt, 1866; Henry Leak and Leander Pollen, 1867; H. B. Leak and G. L. Leak, 1868; Hickman Hall and Lewis C. Northcutt, 1869; William Pierce and Lewis C. Northcutt, 1870; Alpheus Bramble and David Dugan, 1872; Frank Anders and William Montgomery, 1874; James F. Andrews and William J. Scott, 1876; Charles T. Bronaugh and J. W. Shafer, 1878; Charles Tout and James Lyons, 1880; Henry B. Leak and Benjamin Harress, 1882; John Rutledge and John Belcher, 1884.

Trustees: Landrum F. Leak, 1858; William Buzzard, 1859; Johnson Vanarsdale, 1860; D. C. Lane, 1861; Johnson Vanarsdale, 1862; Francis A. Scott, 1863-'4; James Shockley, 1865-'7; James L. Leak, 1868; Johnson Vanarsdale, 1869; George W. Shirley, 1870-'2; William Brown, 1874-'6; George W. Leak, 1878; James E. Scott, 1880-'2; John T. R. Hooker, 1884.

Clerk: Allen Hayden, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurer: James L. Leak, 1858 (office abolished).

Assessors: Jesse R. Johnson, 1870; L. C. Northcutt, 1872; William C. Mitchell, 1874; James W. Wick, 1876; J. W. Hickman, 1878; R. W. Blake, 1880; James S. Jones, 1882.

POLITICAL.

Union has given a substantial Democratic majority at every important election since it was organized. Following is the vote for President since 1852:

1852—Franklin Pierce	81	33	1872—Horace Greeley	176	38
Winfield Scott	48		Ulysses S. Grant	138	
1856—James Buchanan	169	127	1876—Samuel J. Tilden	187	78
John C. Fremont	42		Rutherford B. Hayes	109	
1860—Stephen A. Douglas	139	86	Peter Cooper	24	
Abraham Lincoln	53		1880—Winfield S. Hancock	164	40
John C. Breckinridge	24		James A. Garfield	124	
John Bell	3		James B. Weaver	35	
1864—George B. McClellan	112	45	1884—Grover Cleveland	190	50
Abraham Lincoln	67		James G. Blaine	140	
1868—Horatio Seymour	150	66	Benjamin F. Butler	19	
Ulysses S. Grant	84		John P. St. John	2	

STATISTICS.

By the census of 1880, the population of Union Township was 1,545. The following statistics of property and taxation are for 1885: Acres of land assessed, 15,074.96; value of same, $378,774; value of improvements, $97,952; value of lots, $2,650; value of improvements, $8,978; value of personalty, $156,341; total taxable wealth, $644,695; polls, 252; dogs, 139; State tax, $899.60; county tax, $1,960.45; township tax, $386.82; tuition tax, $965.58; special school tax, $1,997.10; road tax $1,289.40; endowment tax, $32.23; bridge tax, $644.70; total taxes, $9,601.32; delinquent taxes, $1,364.99.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

John Bailey, son of Peter and Elizabeth Bailey, was born in Butler County, Ohio, Sept. 19, 1827. When he was six years old his parents moved to Shelby County, Ind. His father was twice married, and has six children surviving by his first wife—Nicholas, Susan, John, Lydia, Henry and Absalom; and two children by his second wife—George F. and Saloma. Our subject was reared to maturity in Shelby County, and was there married in October, 1847, to Catherine Endy, and to them were born four children—Elizabeth, Eve A., Marian, and Sarah (deceased). Mrs. Bailey died in January, 1856, and Mr. Bailey married for his second wife, Rebecca J. Reed in July, 1856. Nine children were born to this union, seven now living—Mary M., George W., Peter N., Susan E., Minetta, Nora E. and Eddie. In 1862 Mr. Bailey came to Hendricks County and settled in Union Township, where he owns eighty acres of land, all of which is well cultivated. Politically Mr. Bailey is a Democrat.

Robert W. Blake was born Dec. 8, 1825, in Stokes County, N. C., a son of John and Elizabeth Blake. His parents came to Putnam County, Ind., about the year 1830, remaining there till 1849, when they moved to Hendricks County and settled in Eel River Township, where the father died in April, 1857. Robert W. Blake was reared to manhood on a farm amid the scenes of pioneer life. He has always followed the avocation of a farmer, and now owns 180 acres of land all of which is in a good state of cultivation. He was married May 21, 1854, to Miss Sarah F. Spears, who died in June, 1867, leaving two children—Benjamin K. and Narcissa M. Mr. Blake married for his second wife, Miss Letie Harbert, by whom he had two children—George R. and Wilmetta (deceased).

Mr. Blake settled in Union Township in the fall of 1854. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Robert Bronaugh, only son of Thomas and Cynthia Bronaugh, was born Nov. 8, 1819, in Lincoln County, Ky. When he was three years of age his mother died, after which his father was twice married. In 1833 his father moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and made his home near New Winchester for about fourteen years. He then moved to Missouri, where he died. Our subject accompanied his father to Hendricks County, remaining here till 1842. He then returned to Kentucky, and there married Miss Mary Taylor. Eight children have been born to them, six of whom are living—Elizabeth C., George T., Charles T., Mary V., John W., and James T. After his marriage Mr. Bronaugh resided in Garrard County, Ky., till 1863, when he returned to Hendricks County, Ind., and in 1864 settled on the place where he still resides, in Union Township, where he has 100 acres of well-cultivated land. Mr. Bronaugh is a member of the Odd Fellows order.

William C. Dowden was born June 13, 1826, in Woodford County, Ky., a son of Thomas and Elizabeth Dowden, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Virginia. In 1847 he came to Jefferson County, Ind., where he learned the stone-cutter's trade at which he worked for many years. In 1853 he went to Decatur County, where he was married Feb. 3, 1859, to Miss Amanda J. Pearce. Five children have been born to them, two sons and three daughters—William W., James M., Sarah E., Ida A. and Annie. Annie is deceased. In the spring of 1882 Mr. Dowden removed with his family to Hendricks County, locating in Union Township where he owns eighty acres of well-improved land. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Reuben J. Foster, son of Joshua and Aletha (Johnson) Foster, was born in Butler County, Ohio, March 22, 1836. His parents were natives of Virginia. They came to Indiana in 1837, and were among the early settlers of Decatur County. Of a family of nine children born to them only three survive. The names of those living are —Nancy C., Joshua and Reuben J. Our subject was reared to manhood in Decatur County, and in 1858 came to Hendricks County. In February, 1859, he was married to Miss Margaret Gentry, who was born Jan. 16, 1842, a daughter of Martin and Elizabeth Gentry, early settlers of this county. Five children have been born to them—Sarah J., Isaac W., Pleasant D., Edgar T. and Iva M. They have also one adopted son—Robert C. Mr.

Foster has a farm of 116 acres of well-cultivated land. He is a Democrat in politics. He and his wife are earnest members of the Regular Baptist church.

Stephan Fowler, son of Robert and Mary Fowler, is a native of Yorkshire, England, born Feb. 7, 1836. He received a fair education, attending school till he was fourteen years old, when he took a position as wool grader in a woolen factory, remaining there till he was twenty-one years of age. In the spring of 1857 he took passage from Liverpool, and after a five-weeks voyage, he landed in New York. Shortly after his arrival he went to Pennsylvania, remaining there till 1859, in which year he came to Marion County. After remaining there about a year he moved to Hendricks County, and in 1864 he located in his present residence, near Rainstown. He is the owner of 222 acres of land which he has acquired by his own perseverance and industry. He was married in England, Sept. 12, 1855, to Sarah Wise, daughter of John Wise, of Yorkshire, England. They had a family of nine children, six now living—Cora A., born Aug. 30, 1857; Alfred, born Aug. 13, 1860; Robert P., born Nov. 19, 1862; Louisa, born Sept. 12, 1864; Margaret, born July 26, 1866, and John W., born May 17, 1868. Three are deceased—Mary, Hiram and George. Mr. Fowler's first wife died Oct. 1, 1875, and he was again married April 12, 1876, to Mrs. Josie E. Lincoln, widow of the late George Lincoln. Mr. Fowler enlisted in February, 1865, in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Indiana Infantry, in Company G, and was on guard duty principally, in Tennessee. He was honorably discharged in the following September. He is a member of the Odd Fellows order.

John W. French, son of George W. and Elizabeth French, was born Jan. 10, 1840, and is a native of Miami County, Ohio. When he was thirteen years old his parents moved to Marion County, Ind., with their family, remaining there several years, then removed to Boone County, Ind., where they still reside. They had a family of eleven children, nine of whom yet survive—Samuel L., Eliza, Nathan, Mary A., George W., John W., Benjamin F., Edward A. and Melissa J. The deceased are—Sarah and Hannah. In October, 1862, Mr. French enlisted in Company F, Tenth Indiana Infantry, and participated in the engagements at Mills Springs and Perryville. He was wounded at the former engagement, which disabled him for a short time, after which he again joined his regiment and served till December, 1863, when he was discharged.

Mr. French resides in the northern part of Union Township and is the owner of 210 acres of land.

James H. Groover, one of the representative farmers of Union Township, was born May 27, 1819, in Bath County, Ky. He was a son of William E. and Ellen Groover, his mother dying when he was five years old. While he was yet a boy his father moved to Rush County, Ind., remaining there several years. In the fall of 1837 they removed to Hendricks County, and settled in Union Township, where his father entered eighty acres of timbered land and here they endured the hardships and privations of a pioneer life. Our subject's educational advantages were rather limited, he having to help his father on the farm. He has followed the avocation of a farmer all his life, in which he has been quite successful, now owning 533 acres of land. Mr. Groover was married to Miss Nancy Hendricks, and to them were born twelve children, of whom eight survive—John, James W., Levi B., Ellis B., Edna A., Melissa, Emma M. and Francis M.

Asa Hale is a native of North Carolina, born Aug. 15, 1821, a son of Henry and Phœbe Hale. In 1825 his parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Center Township, where they both died. Of the seven children born to them, four are living—Asa, Mary, Lucinda and John B. Asa Hale was reared in Hendricks County. He received a good education and when a young man taught school a short time. He then engaged in farming, entering forty acres of land from the Government. To this he has added till he now owns 140 acres. Mr. Hale was married March 18, 1847, to Lydia A. Coffin. To them were born two children—Milton H. and Joseph C. Mrs. Hale died Aug. 6, 1881. Mr. Hale is a member of the society of Friends. In politics he is a Republican.

Thomas B. Hall was born in Boyle County, Ky., Dec. 30, 1818, a son of Thomas and Lavina Hall, who came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1844, and settled in Eel River Township, where they both died. Eleven children were born to them, eight of whom are living—Samuel B., Tilatha, Adaline, Thomas B., Sarah, William, James and Carroll K. The deceased are—John, Merritt and Elizabeth. Thomas B. Hall accompanied his parents to Hendricks County, but soon after returned to Kentucky and remained till 1850, when he came again to the county and in the fall of 1851 settled on section 30, Union Township, where he now has a fine farm of 100 acres. He was married Aug. 30, 1839, to Maria Hick-

man, of Boyle County, Ky., and to them were born eight children, three of whom, Douglass, Bertha and Mary F., are living. Maria R., Lavina, Cleopatra, John T. and Hickman B. are deceased. Mrs. Hall died in September, 1873, and in September, 1874, Mr. Hall married Mary F. (Tinder) Dodson, widow of John R. Dodson, of Hendricks County. Mr. and Mrs. Hall are members of the Christian church. He has been a prominent citizen of the township and has served several years as Justice of the Peace.

William H. Hunt, deceased, was born April 12, 1818, in Fleming County, Ky., where he was reared to manhood. He came to Hendricks County, Ind., in an early day and was married to Miss Martha H. Blair. To them were born eight children, six of whom are living—John W., Joseph C., Sarah H., Charles T., James B. and Henry W. Mrs. Hunt died in August, 1863, and in March, 1868, Mr. Hunt married Mrs. Mahala R. (Wren) Myers, a daughter of John B. Wren, and to this union were born two children—Napoleon B. and Ira B. Mr. Hunt died in November, 1882. His widow resides on her farm in Union Township. She is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mrs. Hunt was formerly married to Mr. Myers and to them were born four children, of whom only two—John B. and Louisa—are living. Mr. Myers served with the Twelfth Kansas Volunteers during the late war, and died in April, 1862.

James A. Johnson, deceased, was born in the year 1829, and was a native of Kentucky. When a youth he came with his parents, Edward and Mary A. Johnson, to Hendricks County, Ind. He was married Dec. 7, 1858, to Miss Mary C. Davis, daughter of Jesse and Minerva Davis, of Eel River Township, this county. To this union were born four children—Armada A., Ida M., Lincoln C. and Charley E. Mr. Johnson died April 18, 1880. He was an indulgent husband and an affectionate father, and was respected by all who knew him. His widow resides in the western part of Union Township, this county, and is the owner of a farm of fifty acres. She is a member of the Christian church.

Elisha P. Jones is a native of Bartholomew County, Ind., born Jan. 18, 1841, a son of Aquilla and Harriet Jones. In his boyhood he accompanied his parents to Indianapolis, where he grew to manhood. His father is the present Postmaster of Indianapolis. From 1862 till 1868 he was engaged in the wholesale grocery business and in 1868 went to Columbus and in company with Mr. Guinn engaged in the clothing and dry-goods business about sixteen

months. He then lived at Carbon, Clay County, a few months, and from 1871 till 1873 engaged in the retail grocery business at Indianapolis. He subsequently moved to Illinois, where he lost an extensive crop in the flood of 1875. In the spring of 1876 he returned to Indiana and lived in Porter County till the fall of 1877 when he came to Hendricks County and located in Union Township. He has a fine farm of 186 acres and is one of the most enterprising and prosperous citizens of the township. Mr. Jones was married Nov. 1, 1869, to Mary Webb, of Indianapolis. They have two children—Harry C. and Warren S.

James M. Leach was born in Hendricks County, Ind., Feb. 9, 1834, and is a son of Enos and Elizabeth Leach, natives of Kentucky, the former deceased. They settled in Hendricks County, Ind., in Union Township, in the fall of 1831, where the father entered 200 acres of land. They had a family of seven children—Mary, Luciuda, Sarah, Matilda, James M., Eliza J. and Margaret S. Sarah is deceased. Our subject was reared to manhood in this county, receiving but a rudimentary education. March 17, 1859, he was married to Miss Elizabeth Hamilton, daughter of Abraham Hamilton, of Hendricks County. Seven of the nine children born to them are living—John E., William L., Margaret C., Minnie J., Carrie E., James H. and Fannie E. Abraham S. and Herbert H. are deceased. Mr. Leach is one of the leading agriculturists in Hendricks County. He has a good farm of 271 acres of land and has one of the finest residences in Union Township. He and his wife are members of the Christian church, of which he has served as Elder for several years.

George W. Leak was born in Bracken County, Ky., Oct. 18, 1828, a son of William and Eliza Leak. In 1833 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Union Township, where his father entered a quarter-section of land, making it their home till death. The father died Sept. 11, 1845, and the mother April 24, 1864. Five of a family of six children are living—Elizabeth, George W., Thomas J., Harriett A. and Sarah J. George W. Leach has been identified with Hendricks County since five years of age, and has witnessed the development of the country, changing, as it has, from a wild uncultivated state to that of advanced civilization. He has always taken an interest in the welfare of his county, and has assisted in every way in his power to advance her wealth and prosperity. He has a fine farm of 223 acres, which he has improved and now has under cultivation. Mr.

Leak was married Jan. 10, 1850, to Sarah Leach, daughter of Enos Leach. To them were born six children, but three—Lucinda, James T. and Alonzo—are living. Matilda J., Elizabeth A. and Edward are deceased. Mrs. Leak died Feb. 3, 1868. In February, 1869, Mr. Leak married Ann Burnett, daughter of Isaac Burnett, formerly of Lizton. They have had four children—Hattie, George, Bertha and Emma, the latter deceased. Mr. Leak has served his township two years as Trustee. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Landrum Leak was born in Bracken County, Ky., Jan. 3, 1818. In 1834 his parents, James and Elizabeth Leak, came to Hendricks County, and settled on a tract of heavily timbered land, near the present home of our subject, where they lived till their death. Landrum Leak was reared a farmer, receiving but a limited education. He is one of the enterprising and reliable agriculturists of Union Township, owning eighty acres of good land. He has served his township a year as Trustee. Mr. Leak was married in August, 1840, to Evalina Martin, daughter of James Martin. To them were born two children; but one, James, is living. Mrs. Leak died in September, 1845, and in April, 1847, Mr. Leak married Sarah A. Leach, daughter of John and Nancy Leach. They have four children—Evaline, William L., George B. and Joena. Mr. and Mrs. Leak are members of the Christian church.

Leland Leak, deceased, was born in Bracken County, Ky., May 3, 1813, a son of James and Elizabeth Leak, and brother of Landrum Leak, a prominent farmer of Union Township. He was married Jan. 6, 1839, to Minerva Fear, who was born Dec. 10, 1820, a daughter of John D. and Sarah Fear, early settlers of Eel River Township, this county. To them were born two children—Sarah E. and John J. Mrs. Leak resides on the old homestead, in Union Township. She is one of the most esteemed citizens of the township, and an active member of the Christian church. Her parents were prominent among the pioneers of the county, experiencing all the privations and hardships incident to the early days of the township. Of the twelve children born to them but four are living—Patsey, Sarah, Harriet and Minerva.

Joseph M. McVey, deceased, was born Dec. 8, 1819, in Kentucky, and was a son of John and Sallie McVey. He was reared to manhood in his native State, and was there married to Miss Mary J. Bradshaw, April 8, 1846, who was a daughter of Alexander and Jane Bradshaw, of Kentucky. This union has been blessed with

seven children, as follows—Marion, Sallie, Frank C., Robert P., Ruth A., Joseph M. and Austin L. In 1854 Mr. McVey came with his family to Hendricks County, Ind., and resided for two years in Middle Township, when he returned to his native State, remaining there one year. He then lived a short time in Cass County, Mo., and in 1858 returned to this county and settled in Union Township. Being a man of remarkable energy and industry he converted what was at the time of his settlement a swamp into a good yielding farm. He added to his original property from time to time until, at the time of his death, he owned 580 acres. For several years he dealt quite extensively in stock, and for about nineteen years was a partner in a large cotton press manufacturing establishment at Mobile, Ala. He served for a short time as Justice of the Peace. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity. His death occurred Sept. 19, 1871. His widow resides on the old homestead, and is the owner of 100 acres of well-improved land.

James E. Montgomery, a pioneer of Union Township, was born in Morgan County, Ky., in May, 1813. His parents, William and Sarah Montgomery, came to Hendricks County, Ind., in 1828, settling in the woods, on the farm now owned by our subject, where they experienced all the hardships and privations of pioneer life. James E. has followed agricultural pursuits from his youth, and now owns eighty acres of land. He was married to Rebecca Tharp, who is now deceased. She was a daughter of the late John Tharp, of this county. They were the parents of seven children, of whom only two, John and Ella, survive. Mr. Montgomery is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Anderson Odom is a native of Catawba County, N. C., born March 29, 1848, a son of Eli and Michel Odom. He was reared in his native State, and there married Jemima Shook. They have had six children, five of whom are living—William A., Ova S., John H., Simeon and Lillie. In March, 1875, Mr. Odom left North Carolina and moved to Indiana, locating in Marion County, where he lived till February, 1881, when he moved to Hendricks County, and settled in the northern part of Union Township, where he owns a good farm of 126 acres. He is an enterprising citizen and has assisted materially in the improvement of the land in his neighborhood. In politics he is a Democrat.

David Osborn, a pioneer of Union Township, was born in Virginia, Feb. 11, 1812, a son of Richard and Rachel Osborn. When he was a child his parents moved to Guilford County, N. C., where

they remained till the fall of 1834, when he accompanied them to Hendricks County, Ind. They lived near Plainfield several years, and subsequently moved to Iowa, where they died. Of a large family of children but five are living—David, William, Esther, Rebecca and Polly. David Osborn returned to North Carolina in 1835, and married Abigail Newman, and soon after came again to Hendricks County, and in 1838 located on the farm on section 15, Union Township, where he has since lived. He owns 187 acres of valuable land, and his improvements are among the best in the county. He has taken an active interest in all public affairs, and has served his township as Trustee. In politics he is a Republican. Of the seven children born to his first marriage but four are living—William, Abigail, Polly and John. His wife died and subsequently he married Elizabeth Wilson, daughter of William Wilson. They have one child—Lyda. Mr. and Mrs. Osborn are members of the Society of Friends.

Aaron Overstreet, son of James and Susan Overstreet, was born Jan. 19, 1826, in Casey County, Ky. His parents' family consisted of six children—Maria, John, Rebecca, James, Aaron and Parmelia. Aaron was reared to maturity in his native State and received but a limited education. He was married Dec. 24, 1850, to Miss Catherine Elder, and to them were born twelve children, nine of whom are living—Susan M., Fred. W., John G., Martha J., Aaron S., Legrand F., Lilian G., Lee and Oliver P. In the spring of 1852 Mr. Overstreet came to Hendricks County, and after living in several different parts of the county, finally settled in Union Township, where he still resides and owns sixty-three acres of land. In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company G, Ninety-ninth Indiana Infantry, and participated in the battles of Jacksonville, Chattanooga, the surrender of Vicksburg, the Atlanta campaign, and Sherman's march to the sea. He received an honorable discharge in August, 1865. In politics he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Hiram Rains, one of the enterprising business men of Union Township, was born in October, 1824, in Fayette County, Ind. His parents, James and Elizabeth Rains, were natives of North Carolina, who settled in Marion County, Ind., in 1828, and remained there until their death. Our subject received a fair education, and Sept. 25, 1851, he was married to Miss Sarah Owens, a daughter of Benjamin and Esther Owens, of this county, the former being deceased. Two children have been born to them—Martha

A. and Flora. Flora is deceased. Mr. Rains besides being quite an extensive landowner, has large lumber interests with his brother, Levi Rains, in Tennessee. In 1870 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and for many years was extensively engaged in the manufacture of building material, having in his employ at one time as many as thirty workmen. His works were at Rainstown, which place was called after its energetic founder.

Moses H. Rawlings, a prominent farmer of Union Township, was born April 26, 1838, in Garrard County, Ky., a son of William D. and Sarah M. Rawlings, the former a native of Maryland, and the latter of New Jersey, now deceased. His parents came to this county among the early settlers and entered a quarter-section of land. Of eight children born to them five are living—William H., Susan, Martha A., Mary and Moses H. The latter was eight years of age when his parents moved to Hendricks County and there he was reared to manhood. Nov. 4, 1858, he was married to Martha J. Leach, of this county, a daughter of Meredith Leach (deceased). To them have been born seven children of whom five are living—William D., James L., Grace B., Letice and Elbert H. Mr. Rawlings is the owner of 330 acres of land. He is a member of the Odd Fellows order, and in politics he is a Republican. He is identified with the Methodist Episcopal church.

Simeon Richmond, deceased, was born in June, 1811, in Butler County, Ohio, and was a son of Jonathan and Barbara Richmond. He was reared to manhood in his native State, and in November, 1835, he was married to Nancy Linch, born July 8, 1814, a daughter of Abram and Unity Linch, who were natives of Virginia. Eleven children were born to them, eight of whom are living—George T., Mary E., Abram L., John H., Simeon B., Unity H., Nancy A. and William F. About the year 1850 Mr. and Mrs. Richmond came with their family to Decatur County, Ind., and there remained till the spring of 1865, when they moved to Hendricks County and settled in Union Township. Mr. Richmond died in November, 1883. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, serving as Class-Leader for several years. Mrs. Richmond is a member of the same church. She still resides on the old homestead which contains sixty acres of land.

Francis A. Scott, a native of Virginia, was born Dec. 13, 1816. His parents were John and Elizabeth Scott, who came to Hendricks County and settled in Eel River Township in 1833. They were the parents of twelve children, of whom five are living—Martha,

Nancy, Francis A., Samuel T. and John. The subject of this sketch was reared to manhood on a farm and received but a limited education. He has been a successful agriculturist, and at present is the owner of 400 acres of land. He was married Sept. 29, 1839, to Miss Melinda Montgomery, and to them were born eight children—Elizabeth, Sarah, Polly, Martha, William, John, James and Eliza (deceased). Mrs. Scott died in October, 1863, and Jan. 12, 1868, Mr. Scott was married to Miss Hannah Plummer, a daughter of Joseph Plummer, of Eel River Township. To this union was born one child—Annie, now deceased. Mr. Scott located on his present farm in Union Township in 1864. He has served his township as Trustee. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

John Shockley, deceased, was a native of Montgomery County, Ky., born Jan. 17, 1820. He was reared in his native State and when a young man his parents settled in Rush County, Ind. March 16, 1840, he was married in Rush County to Miss Barbara Hilligoss. To them were born ten children, of whom only four are now living —William M., Jacob, Sarah and Indiana. The names of the deceased are—Anne, Joseph H., Francis M., Thomas J., James, and one who died in infancy, unnamed. Mr. Shockley settled in Union Township, on the farm where his widow still resides, in 1855. His tragic death which occurred in July, 1878, is still fresh in the minds of our citizens. His death was caused by an explosion, while he was engaged in threshing grain in Eel River Township, this county. Mrs. Shockley is the owner of forty acres of land. She is a member of the Christian church.

Joab Simmons was born in Shelby County, Ind., June 7, 1834, a son of Augustus and Margaret Simmons. When he was nine years old his mother died and his father subsequently married Catherine Thompson. He was reared in his native county, and was there married in February, 1857, to Rachel Sexton, a native of the same county. To them were born three children, but two of whom are living—Mary A. and Viola. Mr. Simmons owns a pleasant home in Union Township, his farm containing 108 acres of well-improved land. He in politics is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. Mr. Simmons was a soldier in the war of the Rebellion, serving from March till July, 1865, a member of Company D, Thirty-third Indiana Infantry.

Joshua S. Tharp, son of James and Mary Tharp, was born Nov. 8, 1838, in Hendricks County, Ind. His parents were natives of

Kentucky and early settlers of this county, coming here in 1829. His father still resides in Center Township. Of their children, eight are living—Stephen W., John, Rebecca, Joshua S., Mary E., Sarah C., James T. and Lydia E. Joshua S. Tharp was reared to manhood on a farm, his education being obtained in the schools of his neighborhood. He has followed farming through life and now owns 120 acres of improved land where he resides, in Union Township, on which he located in 1875. Aug. 31, 1860, he was married to Miss Mary J. Faussett, who died in March, 1884. She was a daughter of Robert Faussett, who was formerly of Hendricks County, now of Nebraska. To Mr. and Mrs. Tharp were born ten children, seven now living—Isaac W., Arie O., William R., Cora E., Geneva, Zettie F. and Harry E. Those deceased are—Charles W., James W. and Mary J. Mr. Tharp is a member of the Regular Baptist church. Politically he is a Democrat.

George W. Wheat, a son of James and Mary Wheat, was born March 27, 1823, in Warren County, Ohio, and was there reared to maturity. In the fall of 1842 he located in Montgomery County, Ind., remaining there till the fall of 1862, when he settled in Hendricks County and for many years engaged at the cooper's trade. His first wife was Miss Mary E. Dorsey, of Baltimore, Md., by whom he had four children—Hannah E., Grant, James P., and Sarah F. (deceased). He was subsequently married to Miss Euphama Davidson, of Rush County, Ind. Two children have been born to this union—William R. and Ernest. In February, 1865, Mr. Wheat joined Company C, Thirty-third Indiana Regiment, and served five months, when he was discharged on account of disability. Mr. Wheat is the owner of sixty-six acres of land in Union Township. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. In politics he is a Republican.

CHAPTER XXI.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

DESCRIPTION.—EARLY HISTORY.—POLITICAL HISTORY.—OFFICIAL.—POPULATION, PROPERTY, AND TAXATION.—BIOGRAPHICAL.

Washington Township is bounded on the north by Middle and Lincoln townships, on the east by Marion County, on the south by Guilford and Liberty townships, and on the west by Center. White Lick runs across the west side of this township, and the East Fork touches the southeast corner. Along White Lick the land is rolling and fertile; the central and eastern portion of the township is very level, but not swampy. The prevailing timber was beech and hickory, and the soil is mostly clay, and better adapted to the grasses than to the production of grain.

In most portions of Washington Township, the production of good crops requires more labor than in any other township in the county.

EARLY HISTORY.

The first settlement in Washington Township was made in the northeast corner, near Shiloh Church, by Robert Wilson, Gideon Wilson and Elish Kise, in the year 1822. The next year Daniel Tryer, Aaron Homan, the Griggses, Joseph Fausett and others, came into the same neighborhood and in the same year, 1823, James Dunn, John Givens, Abner Dunn—for whom Abner's Creek, was named—and some others, settled on the west side of the township on Abner's Creek. James Dunn settled on the Isham Thompson place, on the Rockville road. Among those who came into the township within the next few years were David Cox, Alex. McCammock, Enoch Barlow and his sons Harvey and Harrison, the Thornberrys, Hurons, Huffords and Gossetts.

This township was one of the four which was organized at the same time the county was, and received its name in honor of the "Father of his Country," at the suggestion of Aaron Homan, who was the first Justice of the Peace in the township, and married the

second couple who were married in Hendricks County. Mr. Homan is still living.

The first church organized in Washington Township was at the house of Robert Wilson, in 1823. This is now the Shiloh Church, and it was the first Methodist Episcopal church organization in the county, and the fourth one of any denomination. There are now in Washington Township three Methodist Episcopal churches—Shiloh and Wesley and Barlett's chapels—and two Regular Baptist—Abner's Creek and Salem. The Indianapolis & St. Louis Railroad passes nearly through the center of the township, and the only postoffice in it is at the village of Avon, a station on this railroad.

FIRST ELECTION.

The first general election was held Aug. 7, 1826, at the house of Daniel C. Hults, when eleven persons voted. These are recorded on the poll-book as Sidney Williams, Daniel C. Hults, James Merit, Joseph Runyon, Isaac Williamson, Daniel B. Tryer, James Higginbotham, Joseph Philips, William S. Merrill, Robert Wilson and John Triggs. For Congressman, Thomas H. Blake received nine votes, and Ratliff Boon, two; for Senator, Calvin Fletcher received nine and J. F. Polk, two; for Representative, Isaiah Drury received eight and John Sims, three; for Sheriff, Robert Cooper received eleven; and for Coroner, William S. Merrill received two.

POLITICAL.

Politically Washington was always Whig, and since the death of that party, Republican. It never gave a Democratic majority except in 1832, which was before the name Whig was used by the followers of Henry Clay. Following is the vote for President at each election:

1832—Andrew Jackson	27	15
Henry Clay	12	
1844—Henry Clay	21	6
James K. Polk	15	
1848—Zachary Taylor	95	2
Lewis Cass	93	
Martin Van Buren	16	
1852—Winfield Scott	108	15
Franklin Pierce	93	
John P. Hale	9	
1856—John C. Fremont	181	57
James Buchanan	124	
1860—Abraham Lincoln	189	96
Stephen A. Douglas	93	
John C. Breckinridge	8	
John Bell	2	
1864—Abraham Lincoln	184	99
George B. McClellan	85	
1868—Ulysses S. Grant	201	98
Horatio Seymour	103	
1872—Ulysses S. Grant	201	101
Horace Greeley	100	
1876—Rutherford B. Hayes	207	83
Samuel J. Tilden	124	
Peter Cooper	9	
1880—James A. Garfield	235	117
Winfield S. Hancock	118	
James B. Weaver	8	
1884—James G. Blaine	220	109
Grover Cleveland	111	
Benjamin F. Butler	13	
John P. St. John	9	

OFFICIAL.

We give here a list of those who have been chosen Justices, Constables, etc., in Washington Township, together with the years in which they were elected:

Justices of the Peace: Young Em Read Wilson, 1830; David Vestal, 1833; Payne Harding, 1835; Henry Miller, 1836; Samuel Barker, 1837; Seth Huron, 1841-'47; Elisha Hornaday, 1848-'53; Seth Huron, 1855; Henderson Ferree, 1857; Seth Huron, 1859; Henderson Ferree, 1861; Seth Huron, 1863; R. T. S. Cloud, 1865; J. W. Hardin, 1866; J. C. Ferree and Joel Zimmerman, 1868; D. D. Frazer, 1869; A. W. Gossett and Sam V. Hollingsworth, 1870; Barney Gossett, 1872; Moses Williams, 1874; Barney Gossett and George Guthrie, 1876; William R. Barker, 1878; Barney Gossett and William C. Hadley, 1880; Samuel Hollingsworth, 1882; George P. Wilson and Seth T. Huron, 1884.

Constables: William McCalmant and Samuel Shockley, 1832; Payne Harding and Samuel Barker, 1833; Eli Watson and Thomas McLane, 1834; Eli Watson and Benjamin Mourning, 1835; William McCane and Samuel Barker, 1836; Willis Miller and Eli Watson, 1837; William C. Kise and Scott Miller, 1838-'39; Joseph H. Gilbert and Richard Triggs, 1844; Commodore P. Williams and Eli Watson, 1845; Commodore P. Williams and Shadrach Morris, 1846; Commodore P. Williams and Gilbert Palmer, 1848; Commodore P. Williams and Shadrach Morris, 1849; Commodore P. Williams and John W. Jordan, 1851-'52; James V. McLain and Henry Johnson, 1853; Samuel Barker and Joseph W. Jourdain, 1854; Samuel Barker, 1855; Commodore P. Williams and Samuel Barker, 1856; David Hufford and William Brittain, 1857; Granville Tolbert and William J. Merritt, 1858; W. R. Barker and E. J. Caywood, 1859; William J. Merritt and William Barker, 1860; Barkley Moore and William Gilliland, 1861; J. S. Wamsler and William Gossett, 1862; James T. Huron and R. Johnson, 1863; W. R. Barker and James T. Huron, 1864; W. R. Barker and J. H. King, 1865; John C. Ferree and Hiram Hadley, 1866; William Gilliland and John Ferree, 1867; J. H. King and C. P. Williams, 1868; M. B. Applegate and Berryman Hooten, 1869; Henry Fitch and John W. McClain, 1870; P. H. Newland and Michael Enliss, 1872; Henry Spray and William R. Barker, 1874; William Parsons and William Barker, 1876; William Parsons and McKendree Smith, 1878; S. T. Huron and George Gray, 1880; John

H. King and Henry Spray, 1882; Daniel S. Barker and William Barker, 1884.

Trustees: Isaac H. Pierson, 1856; Abram Hoadley, 1857; D. F. Cox, 1858; B. A. Huron, 1859-'66; Enos Hadley, 1867-'69; James H. Cox, 1870-'74; Clark Blair, 1876-'78; L. W. Jenkins, 1880; Joseph Winings, 1882-'84.

Clerks: James Campbell, 1856; J. M. Carter, 1857; John Johnson, 1858 (office abolished).

Treasurers: Walter T. Ross, 1856; B. A. Huron, 1857-'58 (office abolished).

Assessors: A. J. Johnson, 1870; Thomas Gossett, 1872; Amos Hoak, 1874; Thomas Gossett, 1876-'78; Joseph Winings, 1880; Zimri W. Cox, 1882.

STATISTICS.

By the census of 1880, the population of Washington Township was 1, 502. The following statistics of wealth and taxation are for the year 1885: Acres of land assessed, 23,981.80; value of same, $629,155; value of improvements, $148,536; value of personalty, $266,042; total taxable wealth, $1,043,733; polls, 281; dogs, 234; State tax, $1,392.95; county tax, $3,046.90; township tax, $626.24; tuition tax, $1,635.85; special school tax, $2,227.97; road tax, $2,609.35; endowment tax, $52.18; bridge tax, $1,043.71; total taxes, $14,888.40; delinquent taxes, $717.89.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Clark Blair, County Commissioner of Hendricks County, Ind., was born near Stilesville, this county, March 25, 1836, a son of Lindsey and Rachel M. (Hodson) Blair. His father is one of the pioneers of this county, having come from North Carolina with his father, Solomon Blair, in 1820. His mother also came at a very early date with her father, Jesse Hodson, settling near Amo, in Clay Township. Our subject was reared near and in Plainfield and received most of his education in the schools of that place. His father died when he was seventeen years old, and he being the eldest son was obliged to superintend the farm. Previous to his father's death he clerked two years in the drug store of Craighead & Browning, in Indianapolis, Ind., after which, in the fall of 1852, he entered the Plainfield Academy, remaining there till his father died. Jan. 31, 1858, he was married to Marian Sanders, daughter of Benjamin and Lucinda Sanders, of Washington Township, who were among

the first families of the county. His wife died in April, 1872, leaving four children—Benjamin L., traveling salesman for a wholesale house in San Francisco, Cal.; Willet B., a farmer in Washington Township; Eddie E. and Flora Alice, still at home. He was again married, in May, 1873, to Miss Sarah M. Cox, of Guilford Township, and to them have been born five children—Effie May, George Porter, Mary E., Arthur A. and Ines S. After his first marriage he left his home and settled on a farm in Washington Township, on which he lived but a short time, when he purchased the farm adjoining, where he has since followed agricultural pursuits. In October, 1876, he was elected a Trustee of Washington Township, which office he held by re-election two terms. In the fall of 1880 he was elected one of the Commissioners of this county and was re-elected to serve another term. Mr. Blair is a Master Mason and has served as Secretary of Bridgeport Lodge, No. 162, A. F. & A. M., two years. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which he has been Steward and Class-Leader a number of years. His wife is a member of the society of Friends.

Henry Bradford, one of the most prominent farmers of Washington Township, is a native of Hardy County, Va., born Oct. 19, 1817, a son of George W. and Elizabeth Bradford, also natives of Virginia. Reared on a farm in his native county he had but limited educational advantages. In 1838 he immigrated to Clinton County, Ohio, where for some time he worked as a farm hand. Jan. 6, 1842, he married Sarah Hawkins, born Dec. 29, 1823, daughter of Jehu and Susannah Hawkins, the former a native of South Carolina and the latter of Ohio. About 1850 Mr. Bradford left Clinton County and moved to Hendricks County, Ind., locating in Washington Township, where he now owns a fine farm of 160 acres, all under cultivation. Commencing life in limited circumstances he has by his industry and strict integrity accumulated a competency and is now one of the most prosperous citizens of the township. To Mr. and Mrs. Bradford have been born nine children—Susanna, born Oct. 8, 1842; Elizabeth A., born July 29, 1844, died Aug. 15, 1865; Charity A., born June 24, 1847, died Sept. 7, 1847; Mary J., born Oct. 3, 1848, died July 29, 1877; Layton M., born Oct. 22, 1851; Isaac H., born Jan. 30, 1854; Eli J., born Feb. 26, 1856, died May 1, 1873; Jehu H., born Dec. 24, 1858; John H., born April 10, 1864. In politics Mr. Bradford is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the society of Friends.

John Casserly, farmer, Washington Township, is a native of

County Galway, Ireland, born in July, 1843, a son of Thomas and Mary Casserly. In 1850 his father came to the United States and located in Hendricks County, Ind., and in the spring of 1851, the mother with her two sons, John and Michael, followed him to this country. They settled in Washington Township and became prominently identified with its interests. John Casserly was reared in Washington Township and since reaching manhood has been numbered among the most enterprising and successful agriculturists of the county. His fine farm of 100 acres shows the result of thrift and good management, and his farm buildings are among the best in the township. Mr. Casserly was married in June, 1861, to Ellen Mooney, daughter of Michael Mooney. Eleven children have been born to them, but nine of whom are living—Michael, John, Mary, Thomas, Patrick, Martin, Lobina, Ellen and Timothy. Mr. Casserly and his family are members of the Catholic church.

Zimri W. Cox was born Nov. 6, 1835, in Hendricks County, Ind., a son of David F. and Elizabeth Cox. He was reared and educated in this county, remaining with his parents till manhood. In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company I, Sixty-third Indiana Infantry, and was assigned to the Army of the Cumberland. He participated in many hotly contested battles, some of the more important being Buzzard's Roost, Resaca, seige of Atlanta, Nashville, Franklin and Spring Hill. He was discharged in July, 1865, and since his return home has given his attention to agricultural pursuits. He now owns a good farm of seventy-one and a half acres in Washington Township. He has served his township four years as Assessor. Mr. Cox was married April 4, 1872, to Elizabeth R. Wyer, daughter of Philip Wyer. To them have been born three children—David F., Byron N. and Charles E. The latter is deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Cox are members of the Christian church. He is a member of Virgil Lyon Post, No. 186, G. A. R.

Willis M. Davis, farmer, Washington Township, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Jan. 27, 1841, a son of James and Ann Davis, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Hendricks County. The mother died in Washington Township in 1863, and the father in 1880. Six of their nine children are living—Sarah, Lydia, Josephine, Thornton S., John H., and Willis M. Our subject was reared a farmer, receiving a common-school education. He has been successful in his pursuits and now owns a fine farm

of 120 acres. He was married in September, 1864, to Mary E. John, who died in April, 1867, leaving one child—Charles H., born in 1866. In February, 1875, Mr. Davis married Mary J. Larimore, of Marion County, Ind., and to them have been born two children—Ellis L. and Vestal C. Mr. Davis is a member of the Odd Fellow's order, Lodge No. 372.

Michael A. Euliss is a native of North Carolina, born in Alamance County, August, 1841, a son of William and Nellie Euliss. He was reared in his native county, where he received but limited educational advantages. In 1870 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and in 1875 bought the farm where he has since lived, which contains 100 acres of good land, with a pleasant residence and good farm buildings. He was married Feb. 15, 1875, to Mollie Hornaday, daughter of Isaiah and Elvira Hornaday. They have a family of four children—Evert I., Thomas V., Virginia D. and Carl. Mr. Euliss is a member of Brownsburg Lodge, F. & A. M. He and his wife are members of the Christian church. In politics he is a Republican.

Jesse Fausset, a prominent pioneer of Washington Township, was born in West Virginia, April 21, 1819, a son of Charles and Jemima (Reed) Fausset, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Virginia. In 1819 his parents moved to Franklin County, Ind., where he was reared and educated. His mother died Oct. 1, 1845, and his father Nov. 21, 1878. They had a family of eight children—Robert, Jesse, Benjamin, Rebecca, Alpheus, Phœbe A., Isaac and Jacob. The two latter are deceased. Jesse Fausset was married Feb. 6, 1844, to Margaret J. Freeland, daughter of Thomas Freeland, of Franklin County. To them were born three children—Eliza J., born Jan. 23, 1845; Charlotte E., July 11, 1847, died May 7, 1860, and Francis N., born Aug. 26, 1851. Sept. 21, 1856, Jesse Fausset married Louisa Holton, daughter of Isaac Holton. His wife died Jan. 19, 1863, leaving one child—Jemima L., born Jan. 14, 1861. Oct. 24, 1867, he married Elizabeth Van Ausdall, daughter of Silas Van Ausdall, of Butler County, Ohio. They have had three children—Charles S., born Dec. 8, 1869; James O., born Nov. 21, 1872, died April 7, 1873, and Rebecca A., born Jan. 9, 1874, died Jan. 26, 1877. Jesse Fausset moved to Hendricks County in 1862, and settled in Washington Township, where he owns 115½ acres of cultivated land. In politics he is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

George A. Gibbs, a pioneer of Washington Township, is a native of North Carolina, born Aug. 2, 1822, a son of Thomas and Tabitha Gibbs, natives of Virginia. In 1826 his parents moved to Morgan County, Ind., and in 1830 to Hendricks County, and settled in Washington Township, where they both died. George A. is the only surviving member of a family of three children. He was reared and educated in this county, and since attaining his majority has engaged in agricultural pursuits. He is a self-made man. Beginning life in limited circumstances he has accumulated a good property, now owning 270 acres of improved land. He was married Sept. 20, 1842, to Louisa Hubbard, and to them have been born eleven children—Henry H., Melvin C., Andrew J., Eliza J., Mary E., Thomas A., William S., John H., Rosetta F., Lydia J. and Dollie A. In politics Mr. Gibbs is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a liberal supporter of his church and of all interests of benefit to his county.

Henry H. Gibbs is a native of Washington Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., born Feb. 12, 1845, the eldest son of George A. and Louisa (Hubbard) Gibbs. He was reared in his native township, where he had but limited educational advantages. In August, 1863, he enlisted in the war of the Rebellion, and served six months, principally in Tennessee and Kentucky. His vocation through life has been agriculture, at which he has been mainly successful. In 1880 he located on his present farm where he owns 160 acres of valuable land. Mr. Gibbs was married Jan. 16, 1868, to Elizabeth Van Trese. To them have been born nine children —Ella H., Charles E., Effie M., George G., William C., Melvin C., Minnie, Ada and Grace. In politics Mr. Gibbs is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

John W. Gladden was born in Marion County, Ind., March 1, 1828, a son of William and Eve (Negley) Gladden. William Gladden was a native of Pennsylvania, and when a child accompanied his parents to Maryland, where he was reared. When he was twenty-two years of age he came West and for thee years taught school in Butler County, Ohio. He then removed to Marion County, Ind., and entered 400 acres of land, which he improved, enduring all the hardships of pioneer life. After a life of usefulness he died Jan. 29, 1884, his wife surviving him but one day. They were buried in the same grave in Shiloh Methodist Church Ceme-

tery, in this township. Of ten children born to them, nine grew to maturity, and six are still living—William N., John W., Alfred H., George L., Hannah O. and David F. Mr. Gladden was recognized as one of the best mathematicians of Indiana, and was often called on to solve knotty problems. John W. Gladden was reared in his native county. In 1856 he moved to Hendricks County, and settled in Washington Township where he has since been successfully engaged in farming and dairying. He owns 142 acres of land in Hendricks County, and thirty-seven acres in Marion County. Mr. Gladden was married Jan. 25, 1849, to Mary McCalmert, daughter of Wilson and Lydia McCalmert. They have had four children—Jane M., born June 14, 1852; Alice C., Feb. 8, 1854; Margaret S., Nov. 9, 1855; and William A., September, 1857. Mr. and Mrs. Gladden are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Barney Gossett is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Oct. 30, 1841, a son of Joseph and Hannah (Walton) Gossett, natives of North Carolina, who accompanied their parents to Hendricks County, in 1835. They were married in this county and settled a mile south of Avon, in Washington Township, where the father died in 1848, and the mother in 1868. Of their five children, three are living—Nelson, Barney and Rachel E. After the father's death the mother married John Milton, by whom she had one child—John F. They endured many hardships and privations incident to pioneer life, but were industrious, energetic citizens, and respected by all who knew them. Barney was reared in his native county, remaining with his mother till manhood. When the civil war broke out he enlisted in defense of the Union, in September, 1861, in Company I, Seventh Indiana Infantry, and was assigned to the Army of the Potomac. He participated in many severe engagements, some of the more important being Antietam, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Petersburg, second Bull Run, Winchester, Fredericksburg and Greenbriar. He was honorably discharged in September, 1864. After his return home he engaged in agricultural pursuits, and now has a fine farm of 190 acres. He was married in June, 1865, to Mary A. Richards, a native of Hendricks County, born November, 1841, daughter of Joseph and Abigail Richards, natives of Ohio, who settled in this county in 1838. They have two children—Ella E., born Feb. 28, 1869, and John B., Feb. 22, 1877. Mr. and Mrs. Gossett are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Gossett has served Wash-

ington Township as Justice of the Peace twelve years. He is a member of Virgil H. Lyon Post, No. 186, G. A. R.

Enos Hadley, an influential and successful farmer and stock-raiser of Washington Township, is a native of Hendricks County, born near Plainfield, June 10, 1825, a son of Jonathan and Ara Hadley. His parents came to Hendricks County in the fall of 1823, and entered eighty acres of Government land, which they began to improve and make a home. They were prominent among the early settlers of the county, earnest members of the Christian church, and honored members of society. Their family consisted of nine children, but four of whom are living—Enos, Harlan, William C. and John V. Enos Hadley was reared on a frontier farm and was early inured to the hardships of the life of a pioneer. He received a fair education for the early days, and taught several terms. Since leaving home he has been successful in his pursuits and now has a fine farm of 230 acres where he has lived since 1850. He was married Nov. 14, 1850, to Susan Smith, a daughter of James and Hannah Smith, early settlers of Hendricks County, from Kentucky. To them have been born nine children—Jonathan S., Eliza E., James A., Horace E., Cassius C., Clara B., Robert S., Enos W. and Lester B.; the latter is deceased. Mr. Hadley has served as Trustee of Washington Township three terms, and as Commissioner of Hendricks County one term. In politics he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Harlan Hadley is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born in Guilford Township, Oct. 14, 1829, a son of Jonathan and Ara Hadley. He was married June 6, 1852, to Rebecca Oursler, and to them were born four children—George W., Mary C., Alice and Ada (deceased). Mrs. Hadley died July 23, 1859, and Oct. 9, 1860, Mr. Hadley married Mary A. Ross, who died July 26, 1875, leaving three children—Cora E., William and Charles. Nov. 1, 1877, he married Mrs. Nancy (McCown) Talbott. They have two children—John M. and Harlan C. Mr. Hadley is a man of fine business ability and has accumulated a good property. He has a fine farm of 800 acres under cultivation, and is one of the most extensive stock-raisers and dealers in Hendricks County. He also conducts a profitable livery business in Plainfield, of which place he is one of the most substantial and respected citizens. Mr. Hadley is a member of Lodge No. 287, F. & A. M. In politics he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Albert A. Hollingsworth is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born Dec. 7, 1844, a son of Mersey N. and Mary A. Hollingsworth, his father a native of Ohio and his mother of Pennsylvania. There were twelve children in his father's family, nine of whom are living—Asbury S., Albert A., John T., Samuel J., Mersey M., Maria L., Mary E., Sally A. and Emily J. Albert A. Hollingsworth was reared and educated in his native township. In July, 1862, he enlisted in the Fifty-fourth Indiana Infantry for three months, and was discharged the following September. In February, 1865, he enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Indiana Infantry, and served till the close of the war. He was assigned duty at Columbia and Pulaski, Tenn. After his return home he gave his attention to agricultural pursuits, at which he has been successful. In 1876 he located on his present farm, where he owns 155 acres of valuable land, all under cultivation. April 13, 1869, he married Fidelia B. C. Towles, daughter of Robert and Harriet A. Towles. To them have been born six children —Harriet A., Ira A., Albert A., Nettie M., and an infant deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Hollingsworth are members of the Baptist church at Plainfield.

Enos Huron, a prominent farmer of Washington Township, is a native of Warren County, Ohio, born Sept. 5, 1832, a son of Seth and Matilda (Ross) Huron. When he was an infant his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and here he was reared and educated, attending the early subscription schools. Since attaining manhood he has devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits, and now owns 105 acres of valuable land, and his improvements are among the best in the township. He was married in November, 1857, to Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Forkner. To them have been born eight children, five of whom are living—Louisa J., Rosella, Alva W., Nancy M. and Sarah G. Lewis B., Mary A. and an infant are deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Huron have been prominently identified with the Methodist Episcopal church many years. He is a liberal supporter of all interests of benefit to his church, or that tend toward the welfare of his county.

Seth Huron, deceased, was born in Warren County, Ohio, May 10, 1803, and died in Hendricks County, Ind., in July, 1876. He was a son of Othniel and Bethiah Huron. He remained with his parents till manhood, in his native county, where he was married to Matilda Ross. To them were born nine children—Mary E., Martha J., Enos, Othniel, Eli, Seth J., Louisa, Ann and James T.;

the last two are deceased. Mrs. Huron died, and Aug. 30, 1852, Mr. Huron married Mary McLane, daughter of James McLane, an early settler of Hendricks County. They had a family of six children, five of whom are living—Sarah D., Nancy M., William B., Hezekiah H. and Phœbe L. In 1832 Mr. Huron moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and settled in Washington Township, where he passed the rest of his life. He was a prominent citizen of the township, and served twenty-seven years as Justice of the Peace. He was a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church, as is also Mrs. Huron. She resides on the old homestead, which contains eighty acres of valuable land, situated on the Rockville road.

Seth T. Huron is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born in Washington Township, June 26, 1850, a son of Benjamin A. and Katherine Huron. He was reared and educated in his native county, and for about four years was one of its corps of school-teachers. In 1872 he went to Atchison, Kas., where he was employed as clerk in a store two years, and in 1874 returned to Hendricks County. He has devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits and now owns a fine farm near Avon. In the spring of 1884 he was elected Justice of the Peace, and assumed the duties of his office the following November. Mr. Huron was married Aug. 2, 1876, to Mary E. Farmer, daughter of David Farmer, formerly of Hendricks County, now of Putnam County, Mo. To them have been born four children—Mary E., born May 3, 1877; Frank P., born June 16, 1880, died March 16, 1881; Irma R., born April 30, 1882, and Flora F., born Dec. 23, 1884. Mr. and Mrs. Huron are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, and he is serving his second year as Superintendent of the Sunday-school, at Wesley Chapel. His parents, who were among the first settlers of the county, still live on the farm they entered from the Government, more than fifty years ago. Their children, nine in number, have all been school-teachers (as was also the father), and are now all scattered, from Florida to Kansas, leaving the old folks "alone in the old house at home."

Lotan W. Jenkins, a prominent farmer and stock-raiser of Washington Township, was born in Randolph County, N. C., Nov. 3, 1823, a son of John and Rebecca Jenkins. In the fall of 1833 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., and after several removals, finally, in 1838, made a permanent settlement in Washington Township, on the farm now owned by our subject. John

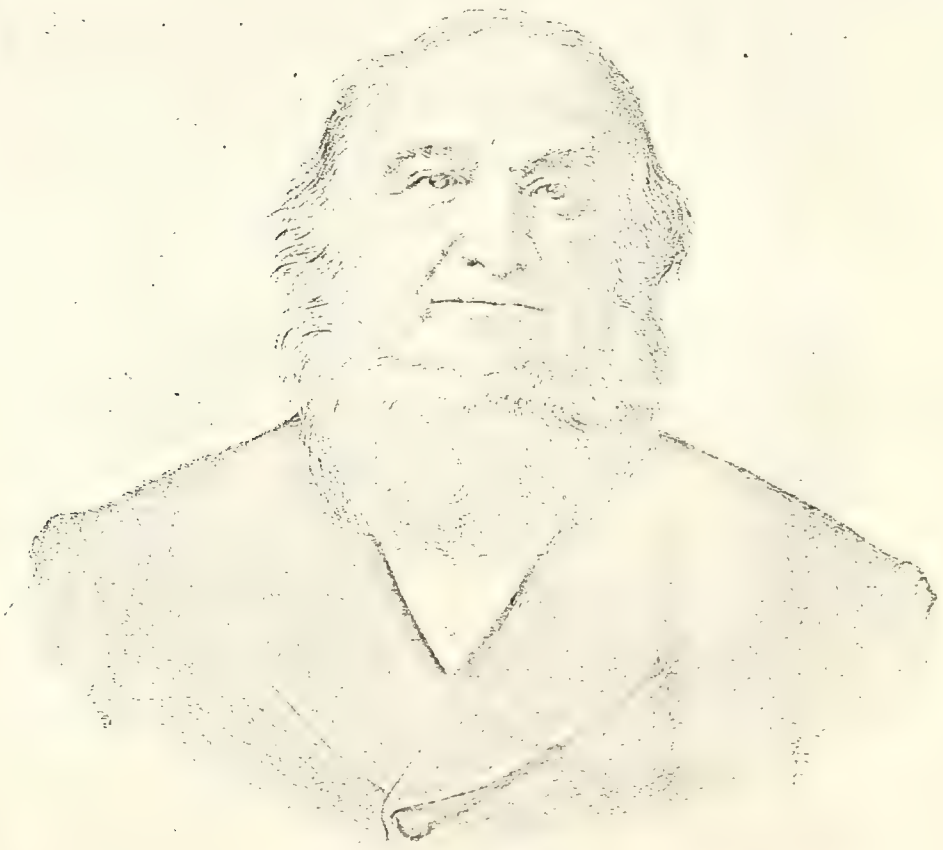
Jenkins was a fair representative of the pioneers of Hendricks County, a sturdy, noble race of men, the results of whose toil and perseverance have proved a blessing to their descendants. He died in September, 1842, his wife surviving him till September, 1882. Their family consisted of nine children, but four of whom are living—Lotan W., William M., Mary D. and Elizabeth V. The deceased are—Laura A., Louisa, Jane M., David W. and Rachel. Lotan W. Jenkins was reared in Hendricks County, receiving a good education. After leaving school he taught about nine years in the winter, working on the farm in the summer. In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company K, Seventy-ninth Indiana Infantry, Army of the Cumberland. He was captured at Chickamauga, Sept. 20, 1863, and was taken to Richmond and confined six weeks in Libby and Smith & Pemberton prisons; was then transferred to Danville, Va., thence in May to Andersonville, and in October to Miller Prison, Ga., where he remained till Nov. 19, 1864, when he was taken to Savannah and exchanged. He was then sent to Annapolis, Md., and after a month's confinement in the hospital was granted a furlough for thirty days. At the expiration of his furlough he reported for duty at Camp Chase, Ohio, where on account of his enfeebled condition he was in the hospital a month, and was then detailed a clerk in Major Warren's office, remaining there till his discharge in June, 1865. After his return home he settled on the homestead with his mother, which he now owns. His home is one of the pleasantest in the township, and contains 280 acres of valuable land. In 1870 he was elected Clerk of Hendricks County, assuming the duties of his office in July, 1872, and served four years with efficiency. He has also served his township as Trustee and Assessor. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Jenkins was married Aug. 4, 1874, to Sarah Dennis, who was born Aug. 12, 1844, a daughter of Burr P. and Nancy Dennis. To them have been born four children—David W., born Aug. 4, 1876; Mary L., July 4, 1879; Annie L., July 13, 1882, and Lotan D., Aug. 27, 1884. Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Ellis W. Jessup, a prominent farmer of Washington Township, was born Nov. 15, 1824, in Wayne County, Ind. His parents, Abraham and Hannah Jessup, were natives of North Carolina, and in their youth moved to Wayne County, Ind., where they were married. In 1833 they moved to Hamilton County, where the mother died in September, 1840, and the father in July, 1852.

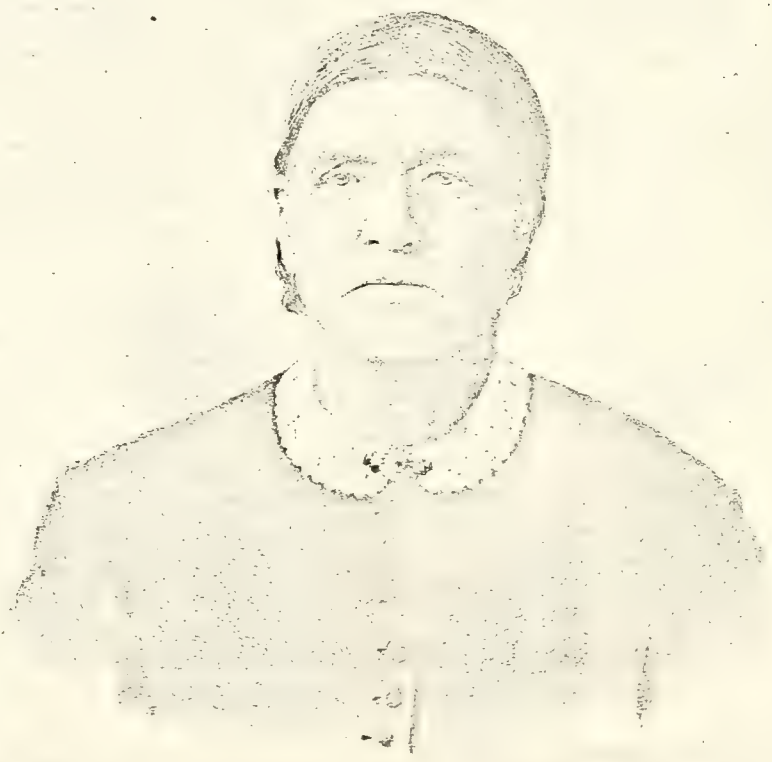
They had a family of ten children—Mary, Jane, Hannah, Elizabeth, John C., Alfred T., Ellis W., Allen, Rachel, and Cyrus; the last three are deceased. Ellis W. Jessup was reared in Hamilton County. He was married June 11, 1846, to Millie Hinshaw, a native of North Carolina, born Oct. 15, 1827, daughter of Stephen and Elma (Hoover) Hinshaw, early settlers of Hamilton County. To Mr. and Mrs. Jessup have been born thirteen children—Zelinda J., John T., Hannah E., Alcinda H., Mary E. (deceased), Addie M., George W., Rosa A., Charles W., Sylvester M., Frank (deceased), Maud A. and Minnie B. In the fall of 1868 Mr. Jessup moved from Hamilton to Boone County, and a year later to Marion County, where he remained till 1876, when he came to Hendricks County and settled on his present farm in the southern part of Washington Township. He is a successful agriculturist and owns 120 acres of well-cultivated land, with all modern improvements, making it one of the finest farms in the township. He and his wife are members of the Christian church.

Cornelius Loy, a pioneer of Washington Township, was born in Montgomery County, Ohio, Aug. 4, 1808, a son of John and Catherine (Isley) Loy. In 1823 his parents moved to Putnam County, Ind., and settled near Greencastle, and seven years later moved to Tippecanoe County, where his father died. Three of a family of five children are living—Betsey, Sarah and Cornelius. Cornelius Loy was reared a farmer and has always followed that vocation. In 1831 he settled in Hendricks County, where he has since lived. He owns a fine farm of 240 acres, all under cultivation. He is a self-made man, having made all he has by his industry and perseverance, and is one of the representative citizens of Hendricks County. He was married Nov. 30, 1831, to Rachel Compton, a native of Warren County, Ohio, born Oct. 1, 1815, daughter of Mathew and Rachel Compton. They have had four children—John, born Sept. 30, 1832; Obadiah C., born June 24, 1837, died Oct. 26, 1849; Amos D., born April 20, 1844, and Mary A., born Feb. 20, 1849. In politics Mr. Loy is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

David F. McCalmert, farmer and stock-raiser, Washington Township, was born in Marion County, Ind., Jan. 9, 1830, a son of Wilson and Lydia (Faucett) McCalmert, natives of Ohio, who settled in Marion County in 1826. Their family consisted of five children—Amy, Mary, Cynthia A., David F. and Jane (deceased). David F. McCalmert was reared on a farm, receiving a common-



Cornelius Loy.



Rachel Loy.

school education. He has made agriculture his life work and now owns 160 acres of fine land, and has one of the best farms in Washington Township. He was married April 8, 1858, to Savannah I. Pettycrew, daughter of Samuel Pettycrew, of Wayne County, Ind. Eight children were born to them—Deborah, Albert S., Lydia, Frank, Charity A., Fletcher P., Horace and Irena M. Mrs. McCalmert died in July, 1877. March 1, 1883, Mr. McCalmert married Nancy Kenney, daughter of Thomas Kenney. Mr. McCalmert has served his township as School Director. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Bascom S. McClain, a prominent farmer of Washington Township, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born July 1, 1840, a son of Michael and Jane McClain. He was reared on his father's farm, remaining at home till after the breaking out of the war of the Rebellion, when he was one of the many brave boys of Hendricks to enlist in defense of the Union. He was a member of Company K, Seventy-ninth Indiana Infantry, Army of the Cumberland, and participated in many of the most important battles of the war, serving till May, 1865. After his discharge he returned to his native county, where he has since engaged in agricultural pursuits. He owns a valuable farm of 160 acres and is surrounded with all the comforts of life. He was married Sept. 7, 1865, to Rhoda J. Ritter, daughter of James and Rachel Ritter, both of whom are deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. McClain have been born four children—Ethel, Hoyt, Glen and Mary O., the latter deceased. Mr. McClain is a member of Plainfield Post, G. A. R. In politics he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he has served as Steward many years.

Gilbert D. McClain is a native of Washington Township, born April 14, 1838, a son of Michael and Jane McClain, his father a native of Kentucky and his mother of Virginia. In 1832 his parents came to Hendricks County, Ind., making the journey on horseback through the dense forests and almost impassable roads. They settled in Washington Township, where the father died in 1856, his wife surviving till 1882. Of their family of ten children, nine are living—Mary A., James H., Niantia F., Susan J., Sarah A., Gilbert D., Bascom S., John W. and Jeretta B. Gilbert D. McClain was reared and educated in his native county. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the defense of the Union in Company K, Seventy-ninth Indiana Infantry, Army of the Cumberland, and

served till June, 1865. He participated in the engagements at Murfreesboro, Perryville, Chickamauga, Chattanooga, siege of Atlanta, Franklin and siege of Nashville. After his return home he engaged in agricultural pursuits, at which he has been successful, and now owns 248 acres of valuable land. He was married Jan. 14, 1866, to Amanda Walker, daughter of Joseph and Sarah Walker. They have had a family of six children, two of whom are living—Bascom W. and Adrian R. Mr. McClain in politics is a Republican. He has served his township as Superintendent a year, and six years as School Director. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

George W. Merritt, one of the prominent pioneers of Washington Township, was born in Highland County, Ohio, April 20, 1821, a son of George S. and Jane (Carden) Merritt. His parents came to Hendricks County in the fall of 1825 and settled in Washington Township, where his father died in 1854 and his mother in 1863. Of their family of eight children, five are living—William J., Elvira, Sarah, Mary and George W. Our subject was reared in Hendricks County, remaining with his parents till manhood. His early life was spent in assisting his father on the farm, and since leaving home he has devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits, at which he has been very successful and now owns a fine farm of 340 acres. He was married Dec. 28, 1844, to Melvina Johnson, who was born in September, 1823, a daughter of Thomas Johnson, one of the pioneers of Hendricks County. To them have been born nine children—George T., John E., James H., William, Melinda J., Mary I., Sylvester N., Simeon (deceased) and Reuben A. In politics Mr. Merritt is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church.

De Forest Miller is a native of South Carolina, born June 7, 1839, a son of Isaac and Mary Miller. He was reared in his native State, where he received a fair English education. In 1865 he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and located in Washington Township, where he now has a good farm of eighty-six acres. He was married March 7, 1861, to Melvina F. Walker, daughter of Hogan and Mary Walker. Their only child, Mary G., is deceased. Mrs. Miller died April 5, 1874. April 21, 1875, Mr. Miller married Frances M., daughter of John Gladden. They have one child—Paul D. Mr. Miller is a member of Brownsburg Lodge, No. 188, I. O. O. F. In politics he is a Republican.

James S. Miller is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born

Aug. 24, 1841, a son of John D. and Ann Miller, natives of Kentucky, and early settlers of Hendricks County. He was reared and educated in his native county, remaining with his parents till after the breaking out of the Rebellion. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the Sixty-third Indiana Infantry and participated in the engagements at Resaca, siege of Atlanta, Franklin, Nashville, Fort Fisher, Wilmington, and others of less note. He was honorably discharged in July, 1865, and upon his return home turned his attention to agriculture, at which he has been successful. He now owns a valuable farm of eighty-four acres, and his improvements are among the best in the township. Mr. Miller was married Feb. 12, 1882, to Mary E. Jones, daughter of James Jones, of Brownsburg.

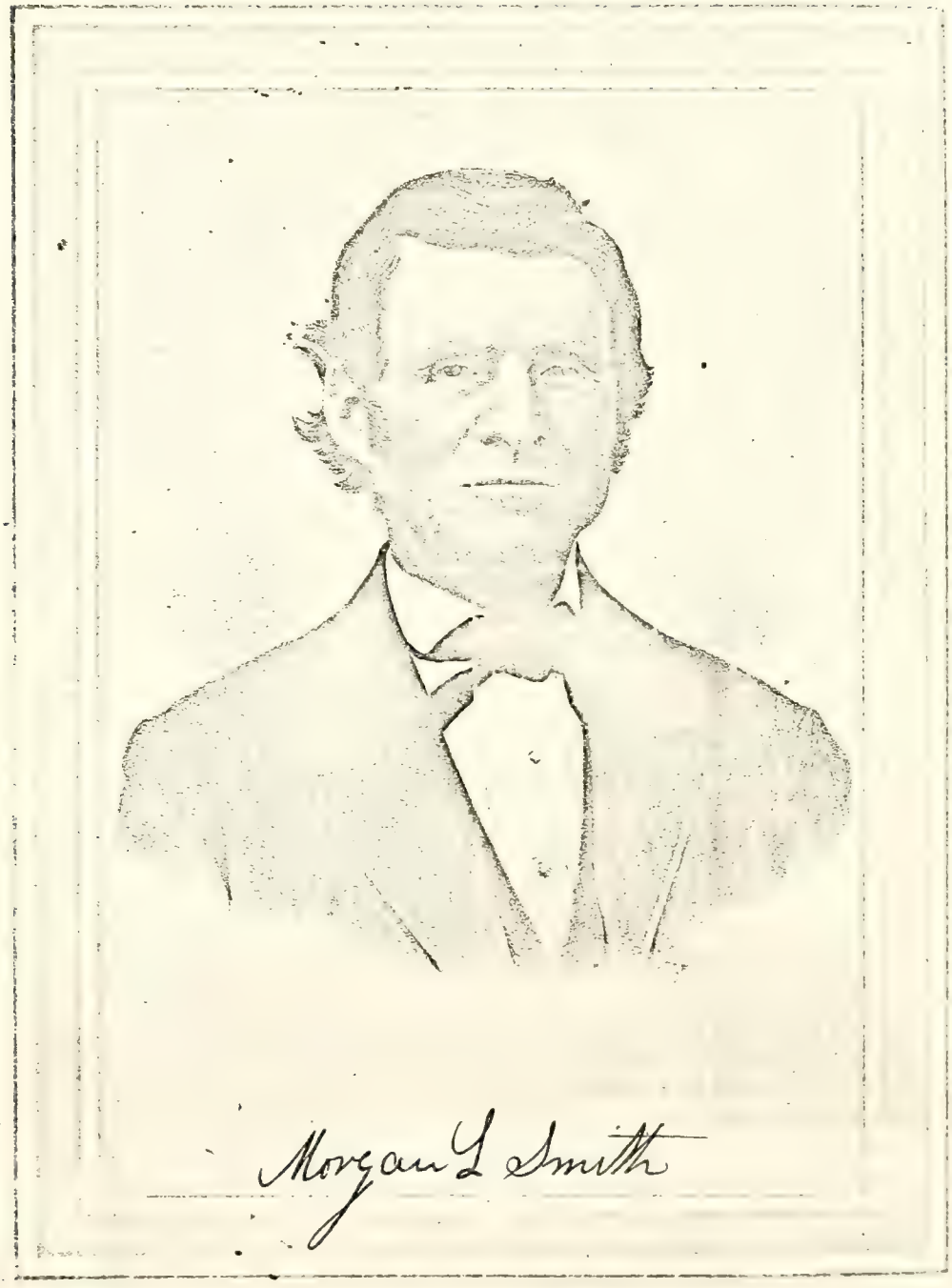
William Pike, one of the most prominent pioneers of Hendricks County, is a native of North Carolina, born Dec. 25, 1818, a son of Samuel and Susannah (Davidson) Pike. Of a family of seven children, four are living, our subject being the second—Joel, William, Mary and Jemima. In 1838, in company with Thomas and Caleb Dickson, he came to Hendricks County, Ind., and located in Liberty Township. They built a saw-mill, and after its completion Mr. Pike bought the interests of his partners and carried on the business about three years. He then worked as a millwright a short time, and in 1843 made his first purchase of land, buying eighty acres of land in Washington Township. To this he has added till he now owns 374 acres of valuable land. Mr. Pike was married Jan. 15, 1843, to Priscilla A. Hornaday, who died Jan. 14, 1859, leaving three children—Oliver Howard, born Jan. 1, 1844; Isaiah Marion, born April 29, 1848; Daniel Day, born Dec. 15, 1852. Jan. 19, 1860, he married Nancy J. Moon, and to them were born two children—Jesse Cassius, born May 14, 1861, and Laura Belle, born June 23, 1869. Mrs. Pike died Dec. 28, 1873, and Oct. 20, 1874, Mr. Pike married Mary J. McDaniel. They have two children—Sarah Minnie, born Feb. 21, 1876, and Margaret Susanna, born Oct. 16, 1878. In politics Mr. Pike is a Republican. He is a member of the Baptist church.

Eli H. Ross, farmer, Washington Township, is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born March 13, 1848, a son of Alexander and Bethiah Ross, his father a native of Pennsylvania and his mother of Warren County, Ohio. In 1832 his parents moved to Hendricks County and settled on the farm now owned by our subject. They were among the first pioneers of the township, and

when they settled on their land it was an uncultivated, heavily-timbered tract. They were industrious and energetic and made for themselves and family a good home. The father died in 1858 and the mother in 1884. Of their children three are living—Eli H., Walter T. and Jennie. One son, Arthur E., gave his life for his country. He enlisted in the Fifty-third Indiana Infantry, and participated in many important battles. He was wounded and captured at Kenesaw Mountain; was taken to Atlanta, where he died in July, 1864. Eli H. Ross was reared and educated in his native township. He has always given his attention to agricultural pursuits, and since his majority has had charge of the homestead farm, sixty acres of which he now owns. In politics he is a Republican.

Benjamin Sanders, deceased, was a native of Ohio, born May 11, 1815, a son of Isaac and Mariam Sanders, early settlers of Hendricks County. His youth was passed on a farm, and after attaining manhood he followed agricultural pursuits. He located in Washington Township, where his widow still lives, the farm containing eighty acres of good land, with a pleasant residence and substantial farm buildings. He was a prominent member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and served as Class-Leader several years. He was married March 1, 1837, to Lucinda McCreery, daughter of Daniel and Sarah McCreery. To them were born eleven children—Mariam, born July 3, 1838, died April 2, 1872; Daniel, born Aug. 3, 1840; Amanda J., born Nov. 3, 1842; Sarah, born June 2, 1845, died July 29, 1876; John, born Aug. 9, 1847, died Nov. 12, 1871; Isaac, born Nov. 17, 1851, died Aug. 9, 1852; Martha A., born Nov. 24, 1853; Hannah, born Sept. 16, 1856, died Oct. 15, 1883; and Rachel, born March 29, 1859, died Aug. 11, 1884. Mr. Sanders died March 8, 1860. Mrs. Sanders lives on the old homestead, loved and esteemed by all who know her. She is an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Her parents had a family of eleven children, five of whom are living—Melinda, Andrew, John, James and Mrs. Sanders.

Henry Sanders, a prominent farmer of Washington Township, was born in Fayette County, Ohio, July 25, 1826, a son of John and Elizabeth (Goodhart) Sanders, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Virginia. About 1832 his parents moved to Hendricks County, Ind., where they both died. Four of their family of ten children are living—Mary, Sarah, Henry and John. Henry Sanders was about six years of age when his parents moved



Morgan L. Smith

to Hendricks County and was here reared and educated, amid the scenes of pioneer life. He was married Oct. 7, 1847, to Julia A. Gossett, daughter of Samuel and Isabella Gossett. To them were born eight children, seven of whom are living—Alva W., Mary A., Emma E., Albert P., Willie E., Frank E. and Harry E. In 1852 Mr. Sanders located in Washington Township, where he now has a fine farm of 200 acres. He also owns eighty-two acres of valuable land in Guilford Township. He is an enterprising citizen and a liberal contributor to all interests of public benefit. In politics he is a Republican.

Alpheus F. Smith is a native of Hendricks County, Ind., born June 6, 1848, a son of Morgan L. and Margaret Smith, the former a native of New York and the latter of New Jersey. His father came to Hendricks County in 1832 and his mother in 1834, and were here married. Four of their eight children are living—Mary J., Charles W., Alpheus F. and John Fletcher. The deceased are —James I., Alfred, Theodore and Anu E. Alpheus F. Smith was reared in his native county and received his primary instruction in the public schools. In the fall of 1863 he entered Asbury, now De Pauw, University, at Greencastle, Ind., and in June, 1867, graduated from the scientific department. In the early part of 1868 he, in partnership with D. H. Miller, engaged in the drug business at Franklin, Johnson Co., Ind. Three months later, on account of ill-health, he sold his interest to his partner and has since been engaged in agricultural pursuits, at which he has been successful, and now owns a pleasant home, his farm containing 322 acres of valuable land. Mr. Smith was married Sept. 12, 1871, to Ellen Hardin, daughter of James T. and Fannie Hardin, of Marion County, Ind. They have one child—Lillian, born March 31, 1872. Mr. Smith is a member of the Odd Fellows lodge, at Clermont, Marion County. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Morgan L. Smith, the subject of this sketch, was born in Orange County, N. Y., on the 21st of August, 1806. When he was six years old his father died, leaving a widow and a family of six children with limited means. By the force of circumstances, from an early age, he was thrown upon his own resources and laid the foundation of a character always well sustained for energy, industry, perseverance and integrity. He learned the trade of a ship-carpenter in the city of New York, but disliking the habit of drinking which he everywhere observed about him among the

young mechanics, he left the city, and followed his business as a house-carpenter throughout Orange and the adjacent counties in the States of New York and New Jersey. While so doing he became acquainted with and affianced to the lady who afterward became his wife—Margaret, daughter of James Iliff, Esq., many years a magistrate of Sussex County, N. J.

On the 16th of October, 1832, having accumulated some means by his trade, he left Orange County for the West, for the purpose of investing them in lands. A journal of his travels shows that he came by the Hudson River, by railroad (for a short distance), by canal and stage, wherever any such conveyance afforded him means of progress, and making connecting gaps on foot. His route was to Buffalo substantially by the line now run by the New York Central Railroad, and thence by steamboat to the mouth of the Huron River, thence to Dayton, Ohio, and thence to Indianapolis over the line of the National Road, finally arriving at Hulse's tavern in Washington Township, Hendricks Co., Ind., on the 15th day of November. He remained in that vicinity until the 12th of August, 1833, when he started to return to New York on horseback. He traveled north, passing through Hamilton, Howard, Tipton, Cass, La Porte, Marshall, St. Joseph, Elkhart and other counties to the Ohio line and thence through Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York to his native place. He was much pleased with the lands in the northern part of the State and purchased several tracts intending to make his home in that part of the State. In February of 1834 he married the lady above named and on the 10th of June following they started West, in a neatly covered spring wagon, to make his home in the State of Indiana. Their route was south and west to Cumberland, Md., and thence to Indianapolis by the Cumberland (National) road. The travelers finally reached Hulse's on the 8th of July, 1834. Finding his brother-in-law financially embarrassed, and his lands already sold by the sheriff, the subject of this sketch changed his plans, and bought his brother-in-law's lands, and at once settled on the farm which he thenceforth occupied until his death.

He was a valuable acquisition to the locality in which he settled, and the community felt his influence from that time until his death. He was full of energy and perseverance, and never seemed to tire in pressing his undertakings to accomplishment. He erected a saw-mill on what was known as Little White Lick, a creek running through his farm. During the season when the stream furnished

a sufficient supply of water, the mill knew no rest on the days devoted to labor. Throughout the night the sound of its operations and the gleam of the fire on the open square of clay under the roof of the mill were familiar objects to the neighborhood, and told of the spirit of the man. By his energy, activity and prudence he was enabled to accumulate what, in those days, was a considerable fortune. But he never engaged in any manner of speculation. What he had, he had earned and could count every cent as honestly and fairly obtained.

For many years prior to his death he was one of the heaviest tax-payers and probably the largest land-owner of the township. He was public spirited and gave liberally of his means for the support of schools and the church. In religion he was a Methodist, and for very many years prior to his death he served as Steward in the Methodist church at Shiloh. For a number of years he served as Trustee for the Academy at Danville, while it was under the direction of the Methodist church. His house was always open and a welcome home for the itinerant Methodist preacher. In politics he was an Anti-Slavery Democrat until the formation of the Republican party, with which he always acted from that date. He never had any inclination for political life, and never sought office. The only political office he ever filled was Trustee of his township, to which place he was elected for a number of terms and was President of the Board of Trustees. In the midst of his labor he remembered the friends and associations of his youth, and made frequent visits to his native place. Thrice he with his wife and the children then born of their marriage returned to his old home by private conveyances, before railroad routes were completed; and after railroad travel rendered the journey easy they made it frequently. He was an observing traveler and an intelligent reader of books and periodicals, so that he was a man of wide experience and good judgment, whose advice was often sought by those who knew him.

On the 20th of August, 1869, the day he completed his sixty-third year, he died, loved and respected in the community in which he had so long resided, and was buried in Crown Hill Cemetery, north of the city of Indianapolis. His resting place is marked by a suitable monument of blue Scotch granite.

There were born of the marriage above named eight children, four of whom died in infancy and four of whom yet survive. The oldest, a daughter, married Colonel O. A. Bartholomew, and re-

sides at Chariton, Iowa. There were three sons—Charles W., who resides in the city of Indianapolis and is engaged in the practice of law; Alpheus F. owns a large portion of the old farm and resides upon it; J. Fletcher is proprietor of a hotel at Leon, Iowa. His widow yet survives and enjoys a green old age dividing her time among her children.

John Thornbrugh is a native of Virginia, born Jan. 17, 1809. His parents, William and Elizabeth Thornbrugh, moved to what is now Wayne County, Ind., in 1810, and there he was reared and educated. In 1847 he moved to Hendricks County and settled in the eastern part of Washington Township, where he now has a fine farm of sixty-six acres. He was at one time one of the most extensive stock-dealers of Hendricks County, and during the war of the Rebellion was employed by the Government as Quartermaster for broken down stock, with headquarters at Louisville, Ky. He has been one of the most enterprising citizens of the township and has assisted materially all objects of public benefit. He was married Jan. 29, 1829, to Eleanor Nordyke, and to them have been born eleven children—Clark, Luther (deceased), Didama (deceased), Esau, Henry, Celia A., Nancy J., Sarah E., Isaac, George and Mary E.

Ellis Wood was born in Greene County, Pa., Feb. 23, 1827, a son of Isaac and Mary E. Wood, natives of Pennsylvania, his paternal ancestors being of English origin. His parents settled in Shelby County, Ind., in an early day, remaining there till their death. Ellis is the only one living of a family of ten children. He was reared in Shelby County, receiving his education in the district schools. His early life was spent on his father's farm, and since attaining manhood he has followed agricultural pursuits. He came to Hendricks County in 1862 and settled in Washington Township, where he now has a fine farm of 160 acres, substantial farm buildings and a pleasant residence. Mr. Wood was married in November, 1849, to Martha Lee, daughter of James N. and Mary Lee, early settlers of Shelby County. To them have been born seven children, five of whom are living—Isaac J., James M., Mary E., Amanda N. and Joseph N. In politics Mr. Wood is a Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church.

Joseph Winings is a native of Hamilton County, Ohio, born July 11, 1842, a son of Samuel and Harriet Winings, his father a native of Pennsylvania and his mother of Ohio. In 1854 his parents moved to Marion County, Ind., where his father died in

1884 and his mother in 1885. Their family consisted of twelve children, six of whom are living—Joseph, Archibald, Daniel, Deborah, Frank and Jesse. Joseph Winings remained with his parents till after the breaking out of the war of the Rebellion, and in August, 1862, enlisted in the Sixty-third Indiana Infantry. He participated in many of the most noted battles of the war, among them being Buzzard's Roost, Resaca, Cassville, Kenesaw Mountain, siege of Atlanta, Jonesboro, Franklin, Nashville, Fort Fisher, Goldsboro, and was present at the surrender of Johnston's army. He was discharged in July, 1865. In September, 1865, he married Eliza J. Fausset, daughter of Jesse Fausset, a prominent citizen of Washington Township. To them have been born eight children —Margaret H., Glendora, Rhoda M., Samuel O., Jesse E., Joseph H., Frances E. and William R. Mr. Winings settled on the farm where he now lives in 1869. He has eighty acres of valuable land, with a pleasant residence and good farm buildings. He is an influential citizen; has served his township as Assessor and is at present serving his second term as Trustee. He is a member of Bridgeport, Marion County, Lodge, F. & A. M., and Plainfield Post, G. A. R. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.



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